

PIMCO VARIABLE INSURANCE TRUST

Semiannual Report

June 30, 2022

PIMCO Income Portfolio





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Dear Shareholder,

We hope that you and your family are remaining safe and healthy during these challenging times. We continue to work tirelessly to navigate markets and manage the assets that you have entrusted with us. Following this letter is the PIMCO Variable Insurance Trust Semiannual Report, which covers the six-month reporting period ended June 30, 2022. On the subsequent pages, you will find specific details regarding investment results and a discussion of the factors that most affected performance during the reporting period.

For the six-month reporting period ended June 30, 2022

The global economy continued to be affected by the COVID-19 pandemic ("COVID-19") and its variants. Looking back, fourth quarter 2021 U.S. annualized gross domestic product ("GDP") grew 6.9%. The economy then experienced a setback, as first quarter 2022 GDP growth was -1.6%. Finally, the Commerce Department's initial estimate for second quarter 2022 GDP growth — released after the reporting period ended — was -0.9%.

In the U.S., the Federal Reserve Board (the "Fed") took several steps to tighten monetary policy to combat elevated inflation. The Fed reduced the monthly pace of its net asset purchases of Treasury securities and agency mortgage-backed securities in November 2021 and again in December. The Fed ended its monthly asset purchases in mid-March 2022. The Fed then raised the federal funds rate 0.25% to a range between 0.25% and 0.50% in March 2022, its first rate hike since 2018. The central bank then raised rates 0.50% in its May 2022 meeting and 0.75% in its June meeting. Finally, on 27 July 2022 — after the reporting period ended — the Fed raised rates 0.75%, to a range between 2.25% and 2.50%.

Economies outside the U.S. also continued to be impacted by the pandemic. The war in Ukraine and its repercussions also led to increased uncertainties around the world. In its April 2022 World Economic Outlook Update, the International Monetary Fund ("IMF") said it expects U.S. gross domestic product ("GDP") growth to be 3.7% in 2022, compared to 5.7% in 2021. Elsewhere, the IMF expects 2022 GDP to grow 2.8% in the eurozone (from 5.3% in 2021), 3.7% in the U.K. (from 7.4% in 2021) and 2.4% in Japan (from 1.6% in 2021).

Several other central banks began tightening monetary policy during the period. In December 2021, the Bank of England (the "BoE") surprised the market and raised rates for the first time since COVID-19 began. The BoE again raised rates at its meetings in February, March, May and June 2022. The European Central Bank (the "ECB") indicated that it intended to raise rates at its July and September 2022 meetings. Elsewhere, the Bank of Japan (the "BoJ") maintained its loose monetary policy and appears likely to remain accommodative in the near future given the headwinds facing its economy.

During the reporting period, short- and long-term U.S. Treasury yields moved sharply higher. The yield on the benchmark 10-year U.S. Treasury note was 2.98% on June 30, 2022, versus 1.52% on December 31, 2021. The Bloomberg Global Treasury Index (USD Hedged), which tracks fixed-rate, local currency government debt of investment grade countries, including developed and emerging markets, returned -8.07%. Meanwhile, the Bloomberg Global Aggregate Credit Index (USD Hedged), a widely used index of global investment grade credit bonds, returned -12.83%. Riskier fixed income asset classes, including high yield corporate bonds and emerging market debt, were also weak. The ICE BofAML Developed Markets High Yield Constrained Index (USD Hedged), a widely used index of below-investment-grade bonds, returned -13.85%, whereas emerging market external debt, as represented by the JPMorgan Emerging Markets Bond Index (EMBI) Global (USD Hedged), returned -18.83%. Emerging market local bonds, as represented by the JPMorgan Government Bond Index-Emerging Markets Global Diversified Index (Unhedged), returned -14.53%.

Amid periods of volatility, global equities generally posted weak results during the reporting period as economic and geopolitical concerns weighed on investor sentiment. U.S. equities, as represented by the S&P 500 Index, returned -19.96%. Global equities, as represented by the MSCI World Index, returned -20.51%, while emerging market

equities, as measured by the MSCI Emerging Markets Index, returned -17.63%. Meanwhile, Japanese equities, as represented by the Nikkei 225 Index (in JPY), returned -8.33% and European equities, as represented by the MSCI Europe Index (in EUR), returned -13.84%.

Commodity prices were volatile and generated mixed returns. Brent crude oil, which was approximately \$78 a barrel at the start of the reporting period, rose to roughly \$112 a barrel at the end of June 2022. We believe the oil-price increase was driven by supply shortages and stronger demand due to economic re-openings as COVID-19 restrictions eased. Repercussions from the war in Ukraine also contributed to higher oil prices. Prices of other commodities, such as copper and gold, declined during the period.

Finally, there were also periods of volatility in the foreign exchange markets. We believe this was due to several factors, including economic growth expectations and changing central bank monetary policies, as well as rising inflation, COVID-19 variants and geopolitical events. The U.S. dollar strengthened against several major currencies. For example, during the reporting period, the U.S. dollar returned 7.79%, 10.01% and 15.21% versus the euro, the British pound and the Japanese yen, respectively.

Thank you for the assets you have placed with us. We deeply value your trust, and we will continue to work diligently to meet your broad investment needs.

Sincerely,

Peter G. Strelow

Chairman of the Board

PIMCO Variable Insurance Trust

Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Unless otherwise noted, index returns reflect the reinvestment of income distributions and capital gains, if any, but do not reflect fees, brokerage commissions or other expenses of investing. It is not possible to invest directly in an unmanaged index.

Important Information About the PIMCO Income Portfolio

PIMCO Variable Insurance Trust (the "Trust") is an open-end management investment company that includes the PIMCO Income Portfolio (the "Portfolio"). The Portfolio is only available as a funding vehicle under variable life insurance policies or variable annuity contracts issued by insurance companies ("Variable Contracts"). Individuals may not purchase shares of the Portfolio directly. Shares of the Portfolio also may be sold to qualified pension and retirement plans outside of the separate account context.

We believe that bond funds have an important role to play in a well-diversified investment portfolio. It is important to note, however, that in an environment where interest rates may trend upward, rising rates would negatively impact the performance of most bond funds, and fixed income securities and other instruments held by the Portfolio are likely to decrease in value. A wide variety of factors can cause interest rates or yields of U.S. Treasury securities (or yields of other types of bonds) to rise (e.g., central bank monetary policies, inflation rates, general economic conditions, etc.). In addition, changes in interest rates can be sudden and unpredictable, and there is no guarantee that management will anticipate such movement accurately. The Portfolio may lose money as a result of movements in interest rates.

As of the date of this report, interest rates in the United States and many parts of the world, including certain European countries, are at or near historically low levels. Thus, the Portfolio currently faces a heightened level of risk associated with rising interest rates and/or bond yields. This could be driven by a variety of factors, including but not limited to central bank monetary policies, changing inflation or real growth rates, general economic conditions, increasing bond issuances or reduced market demand for low yielding investments. Further, while bond markets have steadily grown over the past three decades, dealer inventories of corporate bonds are near historic lows in relation to market size. As a result, there has been a significant reduction in the ability of dealers to "make markets."

Bond funds and individual bonds with a longer duration (a measure used to determine the sensitivity of a security's price to changes in interest rates) tend to be more sensitive to changes in interest rates, usually making them more volatile than securities or funds with shorter durations. All of the factors mentioned above, individually or collectively, could lead to increased volatility and/or lower liquidity in the fixed income markets or negatively impact the Portfolio's performance or cause the Portfolio to incur losses. As a result, the Portfolio may experience increased shareholder redemptions, which, among other things, could further reduce the net assets of the Portfolio.

The Portfolio may be subject to various risks as described in the Portfolio's prospectus and in the Principal and Other Risks in the Notes to Financial Statements.

Classifications of the Portfolio's portfolio holdings in this report are made according to financial reporting standards. The classification of a particular portfolio holding as shown in the Allocation Breakdown and Schedule of Investments sections of this report may differ from the classification used for the Portfolio's compliance calculations, including those used in the Portfolio's prospectus, investment objectives, regulatory, and other investment limitations and policies, which may be based on different asset class, sector or geographical classifications. The Portfolio is separately monitored for compliance with respect to prospectus and regulatory requirements.

The geographical classification of foreign (non-U.S.) securities in this report, if any, are classified by the country of incorporation of a holding. In certain instances, a security's country of incorporation may be different from its country of economic exposure.

Beginning in January 2020, global financial markets have experienced and may continue to experience significant volatility resulting from the spread of a novel coronavirus known as COVID-19. The outbreak of COVID-19 has resulted in travel and border restrictions, quarantines, supply chain disruptions, lower consumer demand and general market uncertainty. The effects of COVID-19 have and may continue to adversely affect the global economy, the economies of certain nations and individual issuers, all of which may negatively impact the Portfolio's performance. In addition, COVID-19 and governmental responses to COVID-19 may negatively impact the capabilities of the Portfolio's service providers and disrupt the Portfolio's operations.

The United States' enforcement of restrictions on U.S. investments in certain issuers and tariffs on goods from other countries, each with a focus on China, has contributed to international trade tensions and may impact portfolio securities.

The United Kingdom's withdrawal from the European Union may impact Portfolio returns. The withdrawal may cause substantial volatility in foreign exchange markets, lead to weakness in the exchange rate of the British pound, result in a sustained period of market uncertainty, and destabilize some or all of the other European Union member countries and/or the Eurozone.

The Portfolio may invest in certain instruments that rely in some fashion upon the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR"). LIBOR is an average interest rate, determined by the ICE Benchmark Administration, that banks charge one another for the use of short-term money. The United Kingdom's Financial Conduct Authority, which regulates LIBOR, has announced plans to ultimately phase out the use of LIBOR. There remains uncertainty regarding future utilization of LIBOR and the nature of any replacement rate (e.g., the Secured Overnight Financing Rate, which is intended to replace U.S. dollar

LIBOR and measures the cost of overnight borrowings through repurchase agreement transactions collateralized with U.S. Treasury securities). Any potential effects of the transition away from LIBOR on the Portfolio or on certain instruments in which the Portfolio invests can be difficult to ascertain, and they may vary depending on a variety of factors. The transition may also result in a reduction in the value of certain instruments held by the Portfolio or a reduction in the effectiveness of related Portfolio transactions such as hedges. Any such effects of the transition away from LIBOR, as well as other unforeseen effects, could result in losses to the Portfolio.

On the Portfolio Summary page in this Shareholder Report, the Average Annual Total Return table and Cumulative Returns chart measure performance assuming that any dividend and capital gain distributions were reinvested. The Cumulative Returns chart reflects only Administrative Class performance. Performance may vary by share class based on each class's expense ratios. The Portfolio measures its performance against at least one broad-based securities market index

("benchmark index"). The benchmark index does not take into account fees, expenses, or taxes. The Portfolio's past performance, before and after taxes, is not necessarily an indication of how the Portfolio will perform in the future. There is no assurance that the Portfolio, even if the Portfolio has experienced high or unusual performance for one or more periods, will experience similar levels of performance in the future. High performance is defined as a significant increase in either 1) the Portfolio's total return in excess of that of the Portfolio's benchmark between reporting periods or 2) the Portfolio's total return in excess of the Portfolio's historical returns between reporting periods. Unusual performance is defined as a significant change in the Portfolio's performance as compared to one or more previous reporting periods. Historical performance for the Portfolio or a share class thereof may have been positively impacted by fee waivers or expense limitations in place during some or all of the periods shown, if applicable. Future performance (including total return or yield) and distributions may be negatively impacted by the expiration or reduction of any such fee waivers or expense limitations.

The following table discloses the inception dates of the Portfolio and its share classes along with the Portfolio's diversification status as of period end:

Portfolio Name	Portfolio Inception	Institutional Class	Class M	Administrative Class	Advisor Class	Diversification Status
PIMCO Income Portfolio	04/29/16	04/29/16	_	04/29/16	04/29/16	Diversified

An investment in the Portfolio is not a bank deposit and is not guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. It is possible to lose money on investments in the Portfolio.

The Trustees are responsible generally for overseeing the management of the Trust. The Trustees authorize the Trust to enter into service agreements with the Adviser, the Distributor, the Administrator and other service providers in order to provide, and in some cases authorize service providers to procure through other parties, necessary or desirable services on behalf of the Trust and the Portfolio. Shareholders are not parties to or third-party beneficiaries of such service agreements. Neither this Portfolio's prospectus nor summary prospectus, the Trust's Statement of Additional Information ("SAI"), any contracts filed as exhibits to the Trust's registration statement, nor any other communications, disclosure documents or regulatory filings (including this report) from or on behalf of the Trust or the Portfolio creates a contract between or among any shareholder of the Portfolio, on the one hand, and the Trust, the Portfolio, a service provider to the Trust or the Portfolio, and/or the Trustees or officers of the Trust, on the other hand. The Trustees (or the Trust and its officers, service providers or other delegates acting under authority of the Trustees) may amend the most recent prospectus or use a new prospectus, summary prospectus or SAI with respect to the Portfolio or the Trust, and/or amend, file and/or issue any other communications, disclosure

documents or regulatory filings, and may amend or enter into any contracts to which the Trust or the Portfolio is a party, and interpret the investment objective(s), policies, restrictions and contractual provisions applicable to the Portfolio, without shareholder input or approval, except in circumstances in which shareholder approval is specifically required by law (such as changes to fundamental investment policies) or where a shareholder approval requirement is specifically disclosed in the Trust's then-current prospectus or SAI.

PIMCO has adopted written proxy voting policies and procedures ("Proxy Policy") as required by Rule 206(4)-6 under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended. The Proxy Policy has been adopted by the Trust as the policies and procedures that PIMCO will use when voting proxies on behalf of the Portfolio. A description of the policies and procedures that PIMCO uses to vote proxies relating to portfolio securities of the Portfolio, and information about how the Portfolio voted proxies relating to portfolio securities held during the most recent twelve-month period ended June 30, are available without charge, upon request, by calling the Trust at (888) 87-PIMCO, on the Portfolio's website at www.pimco.com/pvit, and on the Securities and Exchange Commission's ("SEC") website at www.sec.gov.

The Portfolio files portfolio holdings information with the SEC on Form N-PORT within 60 days of the end of each fiscal quarter. The Portfolio's complete schedule of securities holdings as of the end of each

Important Information About the PIMCO Income Portfolio (Cont.)

fiscal quarter will be made available to the public on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov and on PIMCO's website at www.pimco.com/pvit, and will be made available, upon request, by calling PIMCO at (888) 87-PIMCO.

SEC rules allow shareholder reports to be delivered to investors by providing access to such reports online free of charge and by mailing a notice that the report is electronically available. Investors may elect to receive all future reports in paper free of charge by contacting their insurance company. Any election to receive reports in paper will apply to all portfolio companies available under the investor's contract at the insurance company.

In August 2020, the SEC proposed changes to the mutual fund and ETF shareholder report and registration statement disclosure requirements and the registered fund advertising rules, which, if adopted, will change the disclosures provided to shareholders.

In October 2020, the SEC adopted a rule related to the use of derivatives, short sales, reverse repurchase agreements and certain other transactions by registered investment companies that rescinds and withdraws the guidance of the SEC and its staff regarding asset segregation and cover transactions. Subject to certain exceptions, the rule requires portfolios to trade derivatives and other transactions that create future payment or delivery obligations (except reverse repurchase agreements and similar financing transactions) subject to a value-at-risk leverage limit, certain derivatives risk management program and reporting requirements. These requirements may limit the ability of the Portfolio to use derivatives and reverse repurchase agreements and similar financing transactions as part of its investment strategies and may increase the cost of the Portfolio's investments and cost of doing business, which could adversely affect investors. The rule went into effect on February 19, 2021. The compliance date for the new rule and related reporting requirements is August 19, 2022.

In October 2020, the SEC adopted a rule regarding the ability of a fund to invest in other funds. The rule allows a fund to acquire shares of another fund in excess of certain limitations currently imposed by the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "Act") without obtaining individual exemptive relief from the SEC, subject to certain conditions. The rule also includes the rescission of certain exemptive relief from the SEC and guidance from the SEC staff for funds to invest in other funds. The effective date for the rule was January 19, 2021, and the compliance date for the rule was January 19, 2022.

In December 2020, the SEC adopted a rule addressing fair valuation of fund investments. The new rule sets forth requirements for good faith determinations of fair value as well as for the performance of fair value determinations, including related oversight and reporting obligations. The new rule also defines "readily available market quotations" for purposes

of the definition of "value" under the Act, and the SEC noted that this definition will apply in all contexts under the Act. The effective date for the rule was March 8, 2021. The compliance date for the new rule and the associated recordkeeping requirements is September 8, 2022.

In May 2022, the SEC proposed amendments to a current rule governing portfolio naming conventions. In general, the current rule requires portfolios with certain types of names to adopt a policy to invest at least 80% of their assets in the type of investment suggested by the name. The proposed amendments would expand the scope of the current rule in a number of ways that would result in an expansion of the types of portfolio names that would require the portfolio to adopt an 80% investment policy under the rule. Additionally, the proposed amendments would modify the circumstances under which a portfolio may deviate from its 80% investment policy and address the use and valuation of derivatives instruments for purposes of the rule. The proposal's impact on the Portfolio will not be known unless and until any final rulemaking is adopted.

In May 2022, the SEC proposed a framework that would require certain registered portfolios (such as the Portfolio) to disclose their environmental, social, and governance ("ESG") investing practices. Among other things, the proposed requirements would mandate that portfolios meeting three pre-defined classifications (i.e., integrated, ESG focused and/or impact funds) provide prospectus and shareholder report disclosure related to the ESG factors, criteria and processes used in managing the portfolio. The proposal's impact on the Portfolio will not be known unless and until any final rulemaking is adopted.

\$15.0 (in thousands) 10.0 ADMINISTRATIVE CLASS \$12,214 INDEX \$10,603

\$10,000 invested at the end of the month when the Portfolio's Administrative Class commenced operations.

Allocation Breakdown as of June 30, 2022†§

Asset-Backed Securities	22.4%
Corporate Bonds & Notes	20.5%
U.S. Government Agencies	18.9%
U.S. Treasury Obligations	15.0%
Non-Agency Mortgage- Backed Securities	10.2%
Loan Participations and Assignments	4.8%
Short-Term Instruments [‡]	4.4%
Sovereign Issues	2.4%
Other	1.4%

- † % of Investments, at value.
- § Allocation Breakdown and % of investments exclude securities sold short and financial derivative instruments, if any.
- Includes Central Funds Used for Cash Management Purposes.

Portfolio Insights

The following affected performance (on a gross basis) during the reporting period:

Investment Objective and Strategy Overview

Instruments" include bonds, debt securities and other similar instruments issued by various U.S. and non-U.S. public-or private-sector entities. The Portfolio will seek to maintain a high and

consistent level of dividend income by investing

in a broad array of fixed income sectors and

portfolio income (i.e., strategies that prioritize

current income over total return). The capital

appreciation sought by the Portfolio generally

improving credit fundamentals for a particular sector or security. Portfolio strategies may

change from time to time. Please refer to the

utilizing strategies that seek to optimize

arises from decreases in interest rates or

Portfolio's current prospectus for more information regarding the Portfolio's strategy.

PIMCO Income Portfolio seeks to maximize

current income, with long-term capital appreciation as a secondary objective, by investing under normal circumstances at least 65% of its total assets in a multi-sector portfolio of Fixed Income Instruments of varying maturities, which may be represented by forwards or derivatives such as options, futures contracts or swap agreements. "Fixed Income

- (1) Exposure to select emerging market currencies contributed to performance, as these currencies appreciated versus the U.S. dollar.
- (2) Short exposure to U.K. duration contributed to performance, as U.K. interest rates rose across the yield curve.
- (3) Short exposure to Japanese duration contributed to performance, as Japanese interest rates rose, specifically in the 5-10 year portion of the yield curve.
- (4) Exposure to U.S. duration detracted from performance, as U.S. interest rates rose across the yield curve.
- (5) Exposure to investment grade and high yield corporate credit detracted from performance, as spreads on these securities widened.
- (6) Exposure to select emerging market debt detracted from performance, as these securities posted negative returns.

Avera	ige Annual Total Return for the period ended June 3	0, 2022			
		6 Months*	1 Year	5 Years	Inception≈
	PIMCO Income Portfolio Institutional Class	(9.73)%	(9.17)%	2.02%	3.45%
_	PIMCO Income Portfolio Administrative Class	(9.80)%	(9.30)%	1.87%	3.29%
	PIMCO Income Portfolio Advisor Class	(9.84)%	(9.39)%	1.76%	3.19%
	Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Index±	(10.35)%	(10.29)%	0.88%	0.95%

All Portfolio returns are net of fees and expenses and include applicable fee waivers and/or expense limitations. Absent any applicable fee waivers and/or expense limitations, performance would have been lower and there can be no assurance that any such waivers or limitations will continue in the future.

- * Cumulative return.
- \approx For class inception dates please refer to the Important Information.

Average annual total return since 4/29/2016

± Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Index represents securities that are SEC-registered, taxable, and dollar denominated. The index covers the U.S. investment grade fixed rate bond market, with index components for government and corporate securities, mortgage pass-through securities, and asset-backed securities. These major sectors are subdivided into more specific indices that are calculated and reported on a regular basis.

It is not possible to invest directly in an unmanaged index.

Performance quoted represents past performance. Past performance is not a guarantee or a reliable indicator of future results. Current performance may be lower or higher than performance shown. Investment return and the principal value of an investment will fluctuate. Shares may be worth more or less than original cost when redeemed. The Portfolio's performance does not reflect the deduction of additional charges and expenses imposed in connection with investing in Variable Contracts, which will reduce returns. Differences in the Portfolio's performance versus the index and related attribution information with respect to particular categories of securities or individual positions may be attributable, in part, to differences in the prices of individual positions (which may be sourced from different pricing vendors or other sources) used by the Portfolio and the index. For performance current to the most recent month-end, visit www.pimco.com/pvit or via (888) 87-PIMCO.

The Portfolio's total annual operating expense ratio in effect as of period end was 0.67% for Institutional Class shares, 0.82% for Administrative Class shares, and 0.92% for Advisor Class shares. Details regarding any changes to the Portfolio's operating expenses, subsequent to period end, can be found in the Portfolio's current prospectus, as supplemented.

Expense Example PIMCO Income Portfolio

Example

As a shareholder of the Portfolio, you incur two types of costs: (1) transaction costs and (2) ongoing costs, including investment advisory fees, supervisory and administrative fees, distribution and/or service (12b-1) fees (if applicable), and other Portfolio expenses. The Example is intended to help you understand your ongoing costs (in dollars) of investing in the Portfolio and to compare these costs with the ongoing costs of investing in other mutual funds.

The Expense Example does not reflect any fees or other expenses imposed by the Variable Contracts. If it did, the expenses reflected in the Expense Example would be higher. The Example is based on an investment of \$1,000 invested at the beginning of the period and held from January 1, 2022 to June 30, 2022 unless noted otherwise in the table and footnotes below.

Actual Expenses

The information in the table under the heading "Actual" provides information about actual account values and actual expenses. You may use this information, together with the amount you invested, to estimate the expenses that you paid over the period. Simply divide your account value by 1,000 (for example, an 8,600 account value divided by 1,000 = 8.60), then multiply the result by the number in the appropriate row for your share class, in the column titled "Expenses Paid During Period" to estimate the expenses you paid on your account during this period.

Hypothetical Example for Comparison Purposes

The information in the table under the heading "Hypothetical (5% return before expenses)" provides information about hypothetical account values and hypothetical expenses based on the Portfolio's actual expense ratio and an assumed rate of return of 5% per year before expenses, which is not the Portfolio's actual return. The hypothetical account values and expenses may not be used to estimate the actual ending account balance or expenses you paid for the period. You may use this information to compare the ongoing costs of investing in the Portfolio and other portfolios. To do so, compare this 5% hypothetical example with the 5% hypothetical examples that appear in the shareholder reports of the other portfolios.

Please note that the expenses shown in the table are meant to highlight your ongoing costs only and do not reflect any transactional costs. Therefore, the information under the heading "Hypothetical (5% return before expenses)" is useful in comparing ongoing costs only, and will not help you determine the relative total costs of owning different portfolios. In addition, if these transactional costs were included, your costs would have been higher.

Expense ratios may vary period to period because of various factors, such as an increase in expenses that are not covered by the investment advisory fees and supervisory and administrative fees, such as fees and expenses of the independent trustees and their counsel, extraordinary expenses and interest expense.

		Actual			Hypothetical (5% return before expenses)		
	Beginning Account Value (01/01/22)	Ending Account Value (06/30/22)	Expenses Paid During Period*	Beginning Account Value (01/01/22)	Ending Account Value (06/30/22)	Expenses Paid During Period*	Net Annualized Expense Ratio**
Institutional Class	\$ 1,000.00	\$ 902.70	\$ 3.08	\$ 1,000.00	\$ 1,021.28	\$ 3.27	0.66%
Administrative Class	1,000.00	902.00	3.78	1,000.00	1,020.55	4.01	0.81
Advisor Class	1,000.00	901.60	4.24	1,000.00	1,020.06	4.51	0.91

^{*} Expenses Paid During Period are equal to the net annualized expense ratio for the class, multiplied by the average account value over the period, multiplied by 179/365 (to reflect the one-half year period). Overall fees and expenses of investing in the Portfolio will be higher because the example does not reflect variable contract fees and expenses.

^{**} Net Annualized Expense Ratio is reflective of any applicable contractual fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements or voluntary fee waivers. Details regarding fee waivers, if any, can be found in Note 9, Fees and Expenses, in the Notes to Financial Statements.

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Financial Highlights PIMCO Income Portfolio

Selected Per Share Data for the Year Ended^:	Net Asset Value Beginning of Year or Period ^(a)	Net Investment Income (Loss) ^(b)	Net Realized/ Unrealized Gain (Loss)	Total	From Net Investment Income	From Net Realized Capital Gain	Total
Institutional Class 01/01/2022 - 06/30/2022+	\$ 10.90	\$ 0.16	\$ (1.21)	\$ (1.05)	\$ (0.16)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.16)
12/31/2021	11.01	0.38	(0.16)	0.22	(0.33)	0.00	(0.33)
12/31/2020	10.87	0.38	0.30	0.68	(0.51)	(0.03)	(0.54)
12/31/2019	10.37	0.44	0.45	0.89	(0.39)	0.00	(0.39)
12/31/2018	10.74	0.45	(0.40)	0.05	(0.35)	(0.07)	(0.42)
12/31/2017	10.19	0.36	0.47	0.83	(0.28)	0.00	(0.28)
Administrative Class 01/01/2022 - 06/30/2022+	10.90	0.15	(1.20)	(1.05)	(0.16)	(0.00)	(0.16)
12/31/2021	11.01	0.33	(0.12)	0.21	(0.32)	0.00	(0.32)
12/31/2020	10.87	0.36	0.31	0.67	(0.50)	(0.03)	(0.53)
12/31/2019	10.37	0.43	0.45	0.88	(0.38)	0.00	(0.38)
12/31/2018	10.74	0.40	(0.37)	0.03	(0.33)	(0.07)	(0.40)
12/31/2017	10.19	0.35	0.47	0.82	(0.27)	0.00	(0.27)
Advisor Class 01/01/2022 - 06/30/2022+	10.90	0.15	(1.21)	(1.06)	(0.15)	(0.00)	(0.15)
12/31/2021	11.01	0.32	(0.12)	0.20	(0.31)	0.00	(0.31)
12/31/2020	10.87	0.35	0.31	0.66	(0.49)	(0.03)	(0.52)
12/31/2019	10.37	0.42	0.45	0.87	(0.37)	0.00	(0.37)
12/31/2018	10.74	0.39	(0.37)	0.02	(0.32)	(0.07)	(0.39)
12/31/2017	10.19	0.33	0.48	0.81	(0.26)	0.00	(0.26)

Investment Operations

Less Distributions(c)

- ^ A zero balance may reflect actual amounts rounding to less than \$0.01 or 0.01%.
- Unaudited
- Annualized, except for organizational expense, if any.
- (a) Includes adjustments required by U.S. GAAP and may differ from net asset values and performance reported elsewhere by the Portfolio.
- (b) Per share amounts based on average number of shares outstanding during the year or period.
- (c) The tax characterization of distributions is determined in accordance with Federal income tax regulations. The actual tax characterization of distributions paid is determined at the end of the fiscal year. See Note 2, Distributions to Shareholders, in the Notes to Financial Statements for more information.
- (d) Includes adjustments required by U.S. GAAP and may differ from net asset values and performance reported elsewhere by the Portfolio. Additionally, excludes initial sales charges and contingent deferred sales charges.

10 PIMCO VARIABLE INSURANCE TRUST

					tios/Supplemental Da os to Average Net As:			
Net Asset Value End of Year or Period ^(a) To	Total Return ^(d)	Net Assets End of Year or Period (000s)	Expenses	Expenses Excluding Waivers	Expenses Excluding Interest Expense	Expenses Excluding Interest Expense and Waivers	Net Investment Income (Loss)	Portfolio Turnover Rate
\$ 9.69	(9.65)%	\$ 30,245	0.66%*	0.66%*	0.65%*	0.65%*	3.14%*	146%
10.90	2.05	46,699	0.67	0.67	0.66	0.66	3.45	329
11.01	6.67	4,454	0.69	0.69	0.66	0.66	3.59	390
10.87	8.73	1,503	0.82	0.82	0.65	0.65	4.14	267
10.37	0.54	1,382	0.89	0.89	0.65	0.65	4.29	188
10.74	8.24	29	0.67	0.67	0.65	0.65	3.38	206
9.69	(9.72)	172,953	0.81*	0.81*	0.80*	0.80*	3.04*	146
10.90	1.90	194,511	0.82	0.82	0.81	0.81	2.99	329
11.01	6.51	159,538	0.84	0.84	0.81	0.81	3.40	390
10.87	8.57	141,089	0.97	0.97	0.80	0.80	4.00	267
10.37	0.39	96,244	1.04	1.04	0.80	0.80	3.83	188
10.74	8.08	85,702	0.82	0.82	0.80	0.80	3.27	206
9.69	(9.76)	278,304	0.91*	0.91*	0.90*	0.90*	2.94*	146
10.90	1.80	321,456	0.92	0.92	0.91	0.91	2.90	329
11.01	6.41	217,730	0.94	0.94	0.91	0.91	3.30	390
10.87	8.46	207,647	1.07	1.07	0.90	0.90	3.89	267
10.37	0.29	181,869	1.14	1.14	0.90	0.90	3.73	188
10.74	7 97	170 758	0.92	0.92	0.90	0.90	3 13	206

See Accompanying Notes SEMIANNUAL REPORT | JUNE 30, 2022 11

(Amounts in thousands⁺, except per share amounts)

(Amounts in thousands [†] , except per share amounts)	
Assets:	
Investments, at value	
Investments in securities*	\$ 552,501
Investments in Affiliates	24,402
Financial Derivative Instruments	21,102
Exchange-traded or centrally cleared	1,191
Over the counter	2,244
Cash	10
Deposits with counterparty	7,023
Foreign currency, at value	2,250
Receivable for investments sold	291
Receivable for investments sold on a delayed-delivery basis	96
Receivable for TBA investments sold	102,410
Receivable for Portfolio shares sold	77
Interest and/or dividends receivable	2,856
Dividends receivable from Affiliates	23
Total Assets	695,374
	033,314
Liabilities:	
Borrowings & Other Financing Transactions	
Payable for short sales	\$ 4,178
Financial Derivative Instruments	
Exchange-traded or centrally cleared	1,757
Over the counter	5,817
Payable for investments purchased	217
Payable for investments in Affiliates purchased	23
Payable for TBA investments purchased	200,079
Payable for unfunded loan commitments	61
Deposits from counterparty	881
Payable for Portfolio shares redeemed	519
Accrued investment advisory fees	100
Accrued supervisory and administrative fees	161
Accrued distribution fees	58
Accrued servicing fees	21
Total Liabilities	213,872
Net Assets	\$ 481,502
Net Assets Consist of:	\$ 101,552
Paid in capital	\$ 524,969
Distributable earnings (accumulated loss)	(43,467)
2 Istributable carrings (accumulated 1939)	(15)167)
Net Assets	\$ 481,502
	\$ 101,502
Net Assets:	
Institutional Class	\$ 30,245
Administrative Class	172,953
Advisor Class	278,304
Shares Issued and Outstanding:	
Institutional Class	3,123
Administrative Class	17,858
Advisor Class	28,735
Net Asset Value Per Share Outstanding ^(a) :	
Institutional Class	\$ 9.69
Administrative Class	9.69
Advisor Class	9.69
Cost of investments in securities	\$ 595,919
Cost of investments in Affiliates	\$ 333,313
Cost of foreign currency held	\$ 2,264
Proceeds received on short sales	\$ 4,179
Cost or premiums of financial derivative instruments, net	\$ (5,810)
Cost of premiums of financial activative institutions, field	ş (J,O10)
* Includes repurchase agreements of:	\$ 402
metades reparentase agreements on.	\$ 402

[†] A zero balance may reflect actual amounts rounding to less than one thousand.
^(a) Includes adjustments required by U.S. GAAP and may differ from net asset values and performance reported elsewhere by the Portfolio.

Statement of Operations PIMCO Income Portfolio

Six Months Ended June 30, 2022 (Unaudited) (Amounts in thousands†)

Investment Income:	
nterest	\$ 9,702
Dividends	2
Dividends from Investments in Affiliates	50
Total Income	9,754
Expenses:	
Investment advisory fees	634
Supervisory and administrative fees	1,015
Distribution and/or servicing fees - Administrative Class	134
Distribution and/or servicing fees - Advisor Class	369
Trustee fees	8
Interest expense	15
Miscellaneous expense	1
Total Expenses	2,176
Net Investment Income (Loss)	7,578
Net Realized Gain (Loss):	
Investments in securities	(11,694)
Investments in Affiliates	(580)
Exchange-traded or centrally cleared financial derivative instruments	1,547
Over the counter financial derivative instruments	4,150
Foreign currency	(169)
Net Realized Gain (Loss)	(6,746)
Net Channelin Hannelined Association (Pages detical)	
Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation): Investments in securities	(EA 162)
Investments in securities Investments in Affiliates	(54,162)
Exchange-traded or centrally cleared financial derivative instruments Over the counter financial derivative instruments	2,287
	(2,706)
Foreign currency assets and liabilities	3
Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	(54,027)

[†] A zero balance may reflect actual amounts rounding to less than one thousand.

Statements of Changes in Net Assets PIMCO Income Portfolio

(Amounts in thousands†)	Six Months Ended June 30, 2022 (Unaudited)	Year Ended December 31, 2021
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets from:		
Operations:		
Net investment income (loss)	\$ 7,578	\$ 13,435
Net realized gain (loss)	(6,746)	6,150
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	(54,027)	(11,303)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	(53,195)	8,282
Distributions to Shareholders:		
From net investment income and/or net realized capital gains Institutional Class	(533)	(428)
Administrative Class	(2,791)	(5,042)
Advisor Class	(4,451)	(7,536)
Total Distributions ^(a)	(7,775)	(13,006)
Portfolio Share Transactions:		
Net increase (decrease) resulting from Portfolio share transactions*	(20,194)	185,668
Total Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	(81,164)	180,944
Net Assets:		
Beginning of period	562,666	381,722
End of period	\$ 481,502	\$ 562,666

A zero balance may reflect actual amounts rounding to less than one thousand.
 See Note 13, Shares of Beneficial Interest, in the Notes to Financial Statements.
 (a) The tax characterization of distributions is determined in accordance with Federal income tax regulations. The actual tax characterization of distributions paid is determined at the end of the fiscal year. See Note 2, Distributions to Shareholders, in the Notes to Financial Statements for more information.

			1. 1	
nounts in thousands	* except number o	t shares contracts	units and ounces	it anv)

(Amounts in thousands*, exc	ept number PRINCIPAL	of shares,	contracts, units and ounces, it any) PRINCIPAL
	AMOUNT (000S)	VALUE (000S)		AMOUNT (000S)
INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES 11	4.7%		SS&C Technologies, Inc.	
LOAN PARTICIPATIONS AND ASS	SIGNMENTS 5.	7%		\$ 77
AmSurg Corp. 13.000% due 04/30/2028 «	\$ 754	\$ 701	Syniverse Holdings, Inc. 8.286% due 05/13/2027	940
Avantor Funding, Inc. 3.666% (LIBOR01M + 2.000%) due 11/21/2024 ~	4	4	TransDigm, Inc. 3.916% (LIBOR01M + 2.250%) due 08/22/2024 ~	750
Avolon TLB Borrower 1 (U.S.) LL 3.095% (LIBOR01M + 1.500%) due 02/12/2027 ~	C 29	28	3.916% (LIBOR01M + 2.250%) due 05/30/2025 ~ 3.916% (LIBOR01M + 2.250%)	2,831
3.345% (LIBOR01M + 1.750%) due 01/15/2025 ~	63	60	due 12/09/2025 ~ Uber Technologies, Inc.	750
Axalta Coating Systems US Hold 4.000% (LIBOR03M + 1.750%)	lings Inc.		5.075% (LIBOR03M + 3.500%) due 02/25/2027 ~	3,970
due 06/01/2024 ~ Caesars Resort Collection LLC	8	8	Univision Communications, Inc. 4.416% (LIBOR01M + 2.750%) due 03/15/2024 ~	65
4.416% (LIBOR01M + 2.750%) due 12/23/2024 ~ 5.166% (LIBOR01M + 3.500%)	3,458	3,339	Westmoreland Mining Holdings LL 15.000% due 03/15/2029 (a)	C (15.000 %
due 07/21/2025 ~ Carnival Corp.	1,086	1,050	Windstream Services LLC 7.916% (LIBOR01M + 6.250%) due 09/21/2027 ~	14
5.877% (LIBOR06M + 3.000%) due 06/30/2025 ~ 6.127% (LIBOR06M + 3.250%)	980	915	Total Loan Participations and Assig (Cost \$29,190)	
due 10/18/2028 «~	369	332	(2032 \$23,130)	
Cengage Learning, Inc. 5.750% (LIBOR03M + 4.750%) due 07/14/2026 ~	1.118	1,012	CORPORATE BONDS & NOTES 24.5 BANKING & FINANCE 9.5%	%
Envision Healthcare Corp.	1,110	1,012	Ally Financial, Inc.	
TBD% due 04/30/2027 μ 8.875% due 04/30/2027	62 338	61 334	8.000% due 11/01/2031 Avolon Holdings Funding Ltd.	1
Galderma 6.000% (LIBOR03M + 3.750%) due 10/01/2026 ~	122	113	2.528% due 11/18/2027 Banca Monte dei Paschi di Siena S 1.875% due 01/09/2026 EUI	
Hilton Worldwide Finance LLC 3.374% (LIBOR01M + 1.750%)			Banco de Credito del Peru SA 4.650% due 09/17/2024 PEI	R 1,515
due 06/22/2026 ~ Ineos Finance PLC	1,104	1,060	Barclays PLC	t 4.000
2.500% (EUR003M + 2.000%) due 04/01/2024 ~	EUR 1,882	1,888	6.125% due 12/15/2025 •(g)(h) 6.375% due 12/15/2025 •(g)(h) GBI 7.125% due 06/15/2025 •(g)(h)	\$ 1,000 P 800 200
Intelsat Jackson Holdings SA 4.920% due 02/01/2029	\$ 595	546	7.250% due 03/15/2023 •(g)(h) 7.750% due 09/15/2023 •(g)(h) 7.875% due 09/15/2022 •(g)(h) GBI	400 \$ 1,600 P 300
Lealand Finance Co. BV 4.666% (LIBOR01M + 3.000%) due 06/28/2024 «~	6	4	Country Garden Holdings Co. Ltd.	\$ 560
Lealand Finance Co. BV (2.666% 5.666% (LIBOR01M + 1.000%)			5.125% due 01/17/2025 Credit Suisse Group AG	600
due 06/30/2025 ~(a) Petco Health & Wellness Co., Inc	14	7	7.500% due 07/17/2023 •(g)(h) 7.500% due 12/11/2023 •(g)(h)	1,500 1,345
5.500% (LIBOR03M + 3.250%) due 03/03/2028 ~	1,975	1,864	EPR Properties 4.750% due 12/15/2026 4.950% due 04/15/2028	5 10
Press Ganey (Azalea Topco) 4.739% - 5.166% (LIBOR03M + 3.500%) due 07/24/2026 ~	16	15	.9	R 2,000
PUG LLC 5.166% (LIBOR01M + 3.500%)			Ford Motor Credit Co. LLC 1.744% due 07/19/2024 2.700% due 08/10/2026	100 \$ 3,500
due 02/12/2027 ~ Sequa Mezzanine Holdings LLC	20	18	3.350% due 11/01/2022 3.550% due 10/07/2022	2,959 200
8.303% (LIBOR03M + 6.750%) due 11/28/2023 ~	642	639	5.584% due 03/18/2024 GLP Capital LP	1,327
SkyMiles IP Ltd. 4.813% (LIBOR03M + 3.750%) due 10/20/2027 ~	2,064	2,050	4.000% due 01/15/2031 5.250% due 06/01/2025 5.300% due 01/15/2029	1,685 15 66
Softbank Vision Fund 5.000% due 12/21/2025 «	2,360	2,359	HSBC Holdings PLC 2.848% due 06/04/2031 •	1,640
Sotera Health Holdings LLC 4.416% (LIBOR01M + 2.750%)			3.973% due 05/22/2030 ◆ Huarong Finance Co. Ltd.	200
due 12/11/2026 ~ SS&C European Holdings SARL	76	73	3.375% due 02/24/2030 4.500% due 05/29/2029	600 578
3.416% (LIBOR01M + 1.750%) due 04/16/2025 ~	58	56	ING Groep NV 4.875% due 05/16/2029 •(g)(h)	3,750

come i ortiono					
acts, units and ounces, if a	iny)	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT		MARKET VALUE	
SS&C Technologies, Inc. 3.416% (LIBOR01M + 1.750%)		(000S)		(000S)	
due 04/16/2025 ~	\$	77	\$	74	
73.286% due 05/13/2027 TransDigm, Inc.		940		830	
8.916% (LIBOR01M + 2.250%) due 08/22/2024 ~		750		724	
3.916% (LIBOR01M + 2.250%) due 05/30/2025 ~		2,831		2,697	
3.916% (LIBOR01M + 2.250%) due 12/09/2025 ~		750		714	
Jber Technologies, Inc. 6.075% (LIBOR03M + 3.500%) due 02/25/2027 ~		3,970		3,814	
Jnivision Communications, Inc. 1.416% (LIBOR01M + 2.750%) due 03/15/2024 ~		65		64	
Vestmoreland Mining Holdings 5.000% due 03/15/2029 (a)	LLC	(15.000 9	% P I	IK) 13	
Vindstream Services LLC 7.916% (LIBOR01M + 6.250%) due 09/21/2027 ~		14		13	
otal Loan Participations and A (Cost \$29,190)	ssigr			27,479	
CORPORATE BONDS & NOTES 2	4 F0/				
	4.5%	0		_	
BANKING & FINANCE 9.5%					
Ally Financial, Inc. 3.000% due 11/01/2031		1		1	
Avolon Holdings Funding Ltd. 2.528% due 11/18/2027		2,028		1,655	
Banca Monte dei Paschi di Sien .875% due 01/09/2026	a Sp EUR			1,330	
Banco de Credito del Peru SA 1.650% due 09/17/2024	PEN	400		97	
Sarclays PLC 5.125% due 12/15/2025 •(g)(h) 5.375% due 12/15/2025 •(g)(h)	\$ GBP	1,000 800		930 899	
7.125% due 06/15/2025 •(g)(h) 7.250% due 03/15/2023 •(g)(h)	GDI	200 400		234 480	
7.750% due 09/15/2023 •(g)(h)	\$ GBP	1,600 300		1,576 364	
Country Garden Holdings Co. Lt 2.700% due 07/12/2026	td. §	560		263	
5.125% due 01/17/2025 Credit Suisse Group AG	,	600		329	
7.500% due 07/17/2023 •(g)(h) 7.500% due 12/11/2023 •(g)(h)		1,500 1,345		1,387 1,285	
EPR Properties 1.750% due 12/15/2026 1.950% due 04/15/2028		5 10		5 9	
	EUR	2,000		2,045	
744% due 07/19/2024	¢	100		97	
2.700% due 08/10/2026 3.350% due 11/01/2022 3.550% due 10/07/2022	\$	3,500 2,959		2,987 2,943	
5.584% due 03/18/2024		200 1,327		199 1,323	
GLP Capital LP 1.000% due 01/15/2031 5.250% due 06/01/2025		1,685 15		1,456 15	
5.300% due 00/01/2029 HSBC Holdings PLC		66		63	
2.848% due 06/04/2031 • 3.973% due 05/22/2030 •		1,640 200		1,387 184	
Huarong Finance Co. Ltd. 3.375% due 02/24/2030 4.500% due 05/29/2029		600 578		452 482	
NG Groen NV					

		PRINCIPAL AMOUNT (000S)	MARKET VALUE (000S)
Lloyds Banking Group PLC			
4.947% due 06/27/2025 •(q)(h)	EUR	849	\$ 838
7.500% due 06/27/2024 •(g)(h)	\$	200	194
7.625% due 06/27/2023 •(g)(h)	GBP	600	731
	GDF		
7.875% due 06/27/2029 •(g)(h)		750	904
Morgan Stanley 0.000% due 04/02/2032 þ(i)	\$	300	187
MPT Operating Partnership LP			
0.993% due 10/15/2026	EUR	2,400	2,076
Natwest Group PLC		-,	_,
4.445% due 05/08/2030 •	\$	400	277
	Þ	400	377
4.892% due 05/18/2029 •		200	194
5.076% due 01/27/2030 •		200	196
8.000% due 08/10/2025 •(g)(h)		1,800	1,786
Navient Corp.			
5.500% due 01/25/2023		800	794
Newmark Group, Inc.			
6.125% due 11/15/2023		44	44
Nissan Motor Acceptance Co. L	ıc		
2.000% due 03/09/2026		1,500	1,300
Omega Healthcare Investors, Ir	IC.		
3.625% due 10/01/2029		42	36
OneMain Finance Corp.			
5.625% due 03/15/2023		1,994	1,971
		1,557	1,571
Park Aerospace Holdings Ltd.			
4.500% due 03/15/2023		83	83
5.500% due 02/15/2024		6	6
Sitka Holdings LLC			
6.750% due 07/06/2026 •		305	295
Societe Generale SA			
7.375% due 10/04/2023 •(g)(h)		300	289
		300	203
UBS AG		2 == :	
7.625% due 08/17/2022 (h)		3,271	3,281
UniCredit SpA			
7.830% due 12/04/2023		1,490	1,543
Uniti Group LP		,	,
7.875% due 02/15/2025		1.415	1,370
7.873 /6 due 02/13/2023		1,413	
			46,045
INDUSTRIALS 10.2%			
Air Canada			
4.625% due 08/15/2029	CAD	1,500	993
			555
American Airlines Pass-Through			4.4
3.350% due 04/15/2031	\$	16	14
4.000% due 01/15/2027		455	419
American Airlines, Inc.			
5.500% due 04/20/2026		1,987	1,833
Boeing Co.		.,	.,5
		F27	F03
5.705% due 05/01/2040		537	502
5.805% due 05/01/2050		440	405
5.930% due 05/01/2060		573	523
6.125% due 02/15/2033		800	806

INDUSTRIALS 10.2%		
Air Canada 4.625% due 08/15/2029	CAD 1,500	993
American Airlines Pass-Through	Trust	
3.350% due 04/15/2031	\$ 16	14
4.000% due 01/15/2027	455	419
American Airlines, Inc.		
5.500% due 04/20/2026	1,987	1,833
Boeing Co.	1,307	1,033
5.705% due 05/01/2040	537	502
5.805% due 05/01/2050	44(
5.930% due 05/01/2060	573	
6.125% due 02/15/2033	800	
Bombardier, Inc.		
7.500% due 03/15/2025	1,076	975
British Airways Pass-Through Ti	rust	
4.625% due 12/20/2025	131	129
Broadcom, Inc.		
3.137% due 11/15/2035	55	42
3.187% due 11/15/2036	11	8
3.419% due 04/15/2033	1,500	1,242
3.469% due 04/15/2034	1,947	1,587
3.500% due 02/15/2041	1,913	
4.150% due 11/15/2030	54	
4.300% due 11/15/2032	202	
4.926% due 05/15/2037	84	75
Carvana Co.		
5.500% due 04/15/2027	663	
10.250% due 05/01/2030	2,320	1,910
Cellnex Finance Co. SA		
3.875% due 07/07/2041	2,230	1,535
Charter Communications Opera		
3.900% due 06/01/2052	1,100	
4.800% due 03/01/2050	90	71

3,073

		PRINCIPAL AMOUNT (000S)	MARKET VALUE (000S)	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT (0005)	MARKET VALUE (000S)	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT (000S)	MARKET VALUE (000S)
Citrix Systems, Inc.					\$ 44	PUERTO RICO 0.0%	
3.300% due 03/01/2030	\$	16 \$	16	U.S. Renal Care, Inc. 10.625% due 07/15/2027 38	1.4	Commonwealth of Puerto Rico Bonds, Serie	s 2022
Community Health Systems, Inc. 5.625% due 03/15/2027		1,401	1,190	10.625% due 07/15/2027 38 United Airlines Pass-Through Trust	14	0.000% due 11/01/2043 (d) \$ 43	•
8.000% due 03/15/2026		246	225	4.150% due 10/11/2025 3	3	Commonwealth of Puerto Rico General Obli Bonds, Series 2021	gation
Coty, Inc.				5.875% due 04/15/2029 2,937	2,891	0.000% due 07/01/2033 (d) 11	6
3.875% due 04/15/2026	EUR	2,094	1,947	Valaris Ltd. (8.250% Cash or 12.000% PIK) 8.250% due 04/30/2028 (a) 8	8	4.000% due 07/01/2033 9	8
CVS Pass-Through Trust 5.789% due 01/10/2026	\$	146	150	8.250% due 04/30/2028 (a) 8 Viking Cruises Ltd.	٥	4.000% due 07/01/2035 8 4.000% due 07/01/2037 7	7 6
DISH DBS Corp.	Þ	140	130	13.000% due 05/15/2025 2,536	2,602	4.000% due 07/01/2041 7	6
5.750% due 12/01/2028		2,630	1,952	Western Midstream Operating LP		Commonwealth of Puerto Rico General Obli	gation
Energy Transfer LP				2.621% (US0003M + 1.850%)	2.4	Notes, Series 2021 0.000% due 07/01/2024 (d) 4	4
4.950% due 05/15/2028		9	9	due 01/13/2023 ~ 24 Wynn Macau Ltd.	24	5.250% due 07/01/2023 10	10
Exela Intermediate LLC 11.500% due 07/15/2026		32	11	5.125% due 12/15/2029 760	473		69
Gazprom PJSC Via Gaz Capital SA	Α	32		5.500% due 01/15/2026 2,000	1,388	Total Municipal Bonds & Notes	
2.949% due 01/24/2024	EUR	640	218		49,061	(Cost \$271)	274
4.950% due 07/19/2022	\$	800	620				
Hilton Domestic Operating Co., I 3.750% due 05/01/2029	nc.	2,500	2,124	UTILITIES 4.8%		U.S. GOVERNMENT AGENCIES 22.6%	
Intelsat Jackson Holdings SA		2,500	2,124	Gazprom PJSC via Gaz Finance PLC		Freddie Mac	
6.500% due 03/15/2030		2,104	1,741	2.950% due 01/27/2029 1,500	450	3.000% due 06/01/2046 - 01/01/2049 2,460	2,317
Las Vegas Sands Corp.				Jersey Central Power & Light Co. 4.700% due 04/01/2024 3,640	3,665	Ginnie Mae	2,5 . ,
3.500% due 08/18/2026		1,826	1,589	Odebrecht Offshore Drilling Finance Ltd.	3,003	2.500% due 04/20/2052 496	455
Magallanes, Inc. 4.279% due 03/15/2032		1,030	922	6.720% due 12/01/2022 ^ 2	1	3.096% due 09/20/2066 ~ 224	232
Market Bidco Finco PLC		1,050	322	Pacific Gas & Electric Co.		Ginnie Mae, TBA 3.500% due 07/01/2052 3,200	3,110
4.750% due 11/04/2027	EUR	900	752	2.950% due 03/01/2026 221 3.000% due 06/15/2028 1,000	201 863	4.000% due 07/01/2052 800	797
Marriott International, Inc.				3.150% due 06/13/2028 1,000 3.150% due 01/01/2026 2,072	1,900	4.500% due 08/01/2052 1,400	1,416
4.625% due 06/15/2030	\$	12	11	3.250% due 06/15/2023 829	817	Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security 3.000% due 08/01/2027 -	
Mitchells & Butlers Finance PLC 6.013% due 12/15/2030	GBP	10	13	3.250% due 06/01/2031 3,895 3.300% due 03/15/2027 90	3,150 81	05/01/2036 659	650
Netflix, Inc.				3.400% due 08/15/2024 159	153	3.500% due 06/01/2052 500	482
3.625% due 06/15/2030	EUR	100	91	3.750% due 07/01/2028 415	367	4.000% due 07/01/2048 - 07/01/2050 2,180	2,178
3.875% due 11/15/2029 4.625% due 05/15/2029		192 100	182 99	3.750% due 08/15/2042 8 4.000% due 12/01/2046 3	5 2	4.500% due 10/01/2050 1,893	1,908
4.875% due 06/15/2030	\$	100	92	4.200% due 03/01/2029 1,100	983	Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security, TBA	7.000
5.375% due 11/15/2029		28	26	4.250% due 03/15/2046 8	1 476	2.500% due 08/01/2052 7,900 3.000% due 08/01/2052 13,600	7,099 12,657
Noble Corp. PLC (11.000% Cash	or 15.			4.300% due 03/15/2045 2,026 4.450% due 04/15/2042 5	1,476 4	3.500% due 08/01/2052 15,000 3.500% due 08/01/2052 39,350	37,810
11.000% due 02/15/2028 (a) Oracle Corp.		29	32	4.500% due 07/01/2040 575	446	4.000% due 04/01/2052 -	27.714
3.850% due 04/01/2060		26	18	4.500% due 12/15/2041 11 4.550% due 07/01/2030 1,259	8 1,120	07/01/2052 38,300	37,714
3.950% due 03/25/2051 (i)		4,028	2,965	4.950% due 07/01/2050 1,259 4.950% due 07/01/2050 656	525	Total U.S. Government Agencies (Cost \$108,287)	108,825
4.000% due 07/15/2046		27	20	PG&E Wildfire Recovery Funding LLC		, ,	
Petroleos de Venezuela SA 5.375% due 04/12/2027 ^(b)		385	23	4.451% due 12/01/2049 1,250	1,262	U.S. TREASURY OBLIGATIONS 18.0%	
5.500% due 04/12/2037 ^(b)		382	23	Southern California Edison Co. 4.875% due 03/01/2049 5	5	U.S. Treasury Bonds	
6.000% due 05/16/2024 ^(b) 6.000% due 11/15/2026 ^(b)		141 63	9 4	4.875% due 05/01/2049 Sprint Corp.	J	2.875% due 11/15/2046 1,400	1,278
9.750% due 05/17/2035 ^(b)		100	5	7.625% due 02/15/2025 1,000	1,044	3.000% due 08/15/2048 10 3.000% due 02/15/2049 500	9 477
Petroleos Mexicanos				7.625% due 03/01/2026 18	19	U.S. Treasury Inflation Protected Securities	
6.700% due 02/16/2032 6.950% due 01/28/2060		3,167	2,421	7.875% due 09/15/2023 4,319 Transocean Phoenix 2 Ltd.	4,466	0.125% due 07/15/2030 1,691	1,614
7.690% due 01/23/2050		337 60	208 41	7.750% due 10/15/2024 6	6	0.125% due 07/15/2031 2,750 0.125% due 02/15/2051 1,776	2,617 1,371
Prosus NV				Transocean Proteus Ltd.		0.250% due 07/15/2029 1,776 0.250% due 07/15/2029 3,528	3,423
2.778% due 01/19/2034	EUR	2,456	1,798	6.250% due 12/01/2024 1	1	0.250% due 02/15/2050 675	534
2.776% due 01/19/2054					23,026	0.375% due 01/15/2027 202 0.375% due 07/15/2027 59	201 59
Rolls-Royce PLC	CDD	1 000		Total Corporate Bonds & Notes		0.750% due 07/15/2028 819	825
Rolls-Royce PLC 3.375% due 06/18/2026	GBP FUR	1,000 810	1,058 799		440 433		
Rolls-Royce PLC 3.375% due 06/18/2026 4.625% due 02/16/2026	GBP EUR	1,000 810	1,058 799	(Cost \$139,823)	118,132	0.750% due 02/15/2042 128	117
Rolls-Royce PLC 3.375% due 06/18/2026 4.625% due 02/16/2026 Royal Caribbean Cruises Ltd. 10.875% due 06/01/2023		810 189	799 190	(Cost \$139,823)	118,132	0.750% due 02/15/2042 128 0.750% due 02/15/2045 737	661
Rolls-Royce PLC 3.375% due 06/18/2026 4.625% due 02/16/2026 Royal Caribbean Cruises Ltd. 10.875% due 06/01/2023 11.500% due 06/01/2025	EUR	810	799	(Cost \$139,823) MUNICIPAL BONDS & NOTES 0.1%	118,132	0.750% due 02/15/2042 128 0.750% due 02/15/2045 737 0.875% due 01/15/2029 2,160 0.875% due 02/15/2047 838	661 2,182 776
Rolls-Royce PLC 3.375% due 06/18/2026 4.625% due 02/16/2026 Royal Caribbean Cruises Ltd. 10.875% due 06/01/2023 11.500% due 06/01/2025 Sands China Ltd.	EUR	189 174	799 190 179	(Cost \$139,823)	118,132	0.750% due 02/15/2042 128 0.750% due 02/15/2045 737 0.875% due 01/15/2029 2,160 0.875% due 02/15/2047 838 1.000% due 02/15/2046 244	661 2,182 776 232
Rolls-Royce PLC 3.375% due 06/18/2026 4.625% due 02/16/2026 Royal Caribbean Cruises Ltd. 10.875% due 06/01/2023 11.500% due 06/01/2025 Sands China Ltd. 2.550% due 03/08/2027 5.125% due 08/08/2025	EUR	810 189 174 300 1,412	799 190	(Cost \$139,823) MUNICIPAL BONDS & NOTES 0.1% ILLINOIS 0.1% Illinois State General Obligation Bonds, (BAI		0.750% due 02/15/2042 128 0.750% due 02/15/2045 737 0.875% due 01/15/2029 2,160 0.875% due 02/15/2047 838	661 2,182 776
Rolls-Royce PLC 3.375% due 06/18/2026 4.625% due 02/16/2026 Royal Caribbean Cruises Ltd. 10.875% due 06/01/2023 11.500% due 06/01/2025 Sands China Ltd. 2.550% due 03/08/2027 5.125% due 08/08/2025 5.400% due 08/08/2028	EUR	189 174 300	799 190 179 219	(Cost \$139,823) MUNICIPAL BONDS & NOTES 0.1% ILLINOIS 0.1% Illinois State General Obligation Bonds, (BAI Series 2010	3s),	0.750% due 02/15/2042 128 0.750% due 02/15/2045 737 0.875% due 01/15/2029 2,160 0.875% due 02/15/2047 838 1.000% due 02/15/2046 244 1.000% due 02/15/2048 821 1.000% due 02/15/2049 1,953 1.375% due 02/15/2044 124	661 2,182 776 232 785
Rolls-Royce PLC 3.375% due 06/18/2026 4.625% due 02/16/2026 Royal Caribbean Cruises Ltd. 10.875% due 06/01/2023 11.500% due 06/01/2025 Sands China Ltd. 2.550% due 03/08/2027 5.125% due 08/08/2025 5.400% due 08/08/2028 Seagate HDD Cayman	EUR	810 189 174 300 1,412 200	799 190 179 219 1,187 155	(Cost \$139,823) MUNICIPAL BONDS & NOTES 0.1% ILLINOIS 0.1% Illinois State General Obligation Bonds, (BAI Series 2010 6.630% due 02/01/2035 40 6.725% due 04/01/2035 10		0.750% due 02/15/2042 128 0.750% due 02/15/2045 737 0.875% due 01/15/2029 2,160 0.875% due 02/15/2047 838 1.000% due 02/15/2046 244 1.000% due 02/15/2048 821 1.000% due 02/15/2049 1,953 1.375% due 02/15/2044 124 U.S. Treasury Notes	661 2,182 776 232 785 1,883
Rolls-Royce PLC 3.375% due 06/18/2026 4.625% due 02/16/2026 Royal Caribbean Cruises Ltd. 10.875% due 06/01/2023 11.500% due 06/01/2025 Sands China Ltd. 2.550% due 03/08/2027 5.125% due 08/08/2025 5.400% due 08/08/2028 Seagate HDD Cayman 4.125% due 01/15/2031	EUR	810 189 174 300 1,412	799 190 179 219 1,187	(Cost \$139,823) MUNICIPAL BONDS & NOTES 0.1% ILLINOIS 0.1% Illinois State General Obligation Bonds, (BAI Series 2010 6.630% due 02/01/2035 40 6.725% due 04/01/2035 10 7.350% due 07/01/2035 10	43 10 11	0.750% due 02/15/2042 128 0.750% due 02/15/2045 737 0.875% due 01/15/2029 2,160 0.875% due 02/15/2047 838 1.000% due 02/15/2046 244 1.000% due 02/15/2048 821 1.000% due 02/15/2049 1,953 1.375% due 02/15/2044 124 U.S. Treasury Notes 1.750% due 09/30/2022 1,400	661 2,182 776 232 785 1,883 127
Rolls-Royce PLC 3.375% due 06/18/2026 4.625% due 02/16/2026 Royal Caribbean Cruises Ltd. 10.875% due 06/01/2023 11.500% due 06/01/2025 Sands China Ltd. 2.550% due 03/08/2027 5.125% due 08/08/2025 5.400% due 08/08/2028 Seagate HDD Cayman	EUR	810 189 174 300 1,412 200	799 190 179 219 1,187 155	(Cost \$139,823) MUNICIPAL BONDS & NOTES 0.1% ILLINOIS 0.1% Illinois State General Obligation Bonds, (BAI Series 2010 6.630% due 02/01/2035 40 6.725% due 04/01/2035 10 7.350% due 07/01/2035 10 Illinois State General Obligation Bonds, Series	43 10 11 es 2003	0.750% due 02/15/2042 128 0.750% due 02/15/2045 737 0.875% due 01/15/2029 2,160 0.875% due 02/15/2047 838 1.000% due 02/15/2048 224 1.000% due 02/15/2048 821 1.000% due 02/15/2049 1,953 1.375% due 02/15/2044 124 U.S. Treasury Notes 1.750% due 09/30/2022 1,400 1.750% due 08/31/2022 1,400 1.875% due 08/31/2022 1,400	661 2,182 776 232 785 1,883 127 1,400 1,386 1,401
Rolls-Royce PLC 3.375% due 06/18/2026 4.625% due 02/16/2026 Royal Caribbean Cruises Ltd. 10.875% due 06/01/2023 11.500% due 06/01/2025 Sands China Ltd. 2.550% due 03/08/2027 5.125% due 08/08/2025 5.400% due 08/08/2028 Seagate HDD Cayman 4.125% due 01/15/2031 Topaz Solar Farms LLC	EUR	810 189 174 300 1,412 200 27	799 190 179 219 1,187 155	(Cost \$139,823) MUNICIPAL BONDS & NOTES 0.1% ILLINOIS 0.1% Illinois State General Obligation Bonds, (BAI Series 2010 6.630% due 02/01/2035 40 6.725% due 04/01/2035 10 7.350% due 07/01/2035 10	43 10 11 es 2003	0.750% due 02/15/2042 128 0.750% due 02/15/2045 737 0.875% due 01/15/2029 2,160 0.875% due 02/15/2047 838 1.000% due 02/15/2046 244 1.000% due 02/15/2048 821 1.000% due 02/15/2049 1,953 1.375% due 02/15/2044 124 U.S. Treasury Notes 1.750% due 09/30/2022 1,400 1.875% due 08/31/2022 1,400 1.875% due 08/31/2022 1,400 1.875% due 08/31/2024 (n) 1,100	661 2,182 776 232 785 1,883 127 1,400 1,386 1,401 1,074
Rolls-Royce PLC 3.375% due 06/18/2026 4.625% due 02/16/2026 Royal Caribbean Cruises Ltd. 10.875% due 06/01/2023 11.500% due 06/01/2025 Sands China Ltd. 2.550% due 03/08/2027 5.125% due 08/08/2025 5.400% due 08/08/2028 Seagate HDD Cayman 4.125% due 01/15/2031 Topaz Solar Farms LLC 4.875% due 09/30/2039	EUR	810 189 174 300 1,412 200 27 30	799 190 179 219 1,187 155 22 26	(Cost \$139,823) MUNICIPAL BONDS & NOTES 0.1% ILLINOIS 0.1% Illinois State General Obligation Bonds, (BAI Series 2010 6.630% due 02/01/2035 40 6.725% due 04/01/2035 10 7.350% due 07/01/2035 10 Illinois State General Obligation Bonds, Series	43 10 11 es 2003	0.750% due 02/15/2042 128 0.750% due 02/15/2045 737 0.875% due 01/15/2029 2,160 0.875% due 02/15/2047 838 1.000% due 02/15/2048 224 1.000% due 02/15/2048 821 1.000% due 02/15/2049 1,953 1.375% due 02/15/2044 124 U.S. Treasury Notes 1.750% due 09/30/2022 1,400 1.750% due 08/31/2022 1,400 1.875% due 08/31/2022 1,400	661 2,182 776 232 785 1,883 127 1,400 1,386 1,401

		PRINCIPAL AMOUNT (000S)	MARKET VALUE (000S)		PRINCIPAL AMOUNT (000S)	MARKET VALUE (000S)	PRINCIP. AMOUN (000S)	IT VALUE
2.125% due 03/31/2024	\$	84	\$ 83	Stratton Mortgage Funding PLC	/		LendingClub Receivables Trust	, ,
2.125% due 07/31/2024 (n) 2.125% due 09/30/2024 (l)		1,100 3,200	1,081 3,141	3.252% due 03/12/2052 • G	BP 1,200 \$	1,430	3.750% due 12/15/2045 \$ 2,42	5 \$ 2,417
2.125% due 11/30/2024		300	294	WaMu Mortgage Pass-Through Co 2.368% due 03/25/2033 ~	ertificates Tru: \$ 37	s t 36	Long Beach Mortgage Loan Trust 1.774% due 11/25/2036 ● 48	5 355
2.250% due 12/31/2023 2.250% due 01/31/2024		7,630 370	7,550 366	Washington Mutual Mortgage Pa		30	MASTR Asset-Backed Securities Trust	, 333
2.250% due 10/31/2024		6,600	6,491	Certificates Trust	3		1.794% due 10/25/2036 • 8	8 88
2.250% due 11/15/2024 2.375% due 02/29/2024		3,347 100	3,291 99	1.326% (12MTA + 0.850%) due 10/25/2046 ~	2,242	2,043	Merrill Lynch Mortgage Investors Trust 1.764% due 04/25/2047 ● 5.11	2 2 207
2.375% due 08/15/2024 2.375% due 08/15/2024		100	99	Total Non-Agency Mortgage-Back		270.13	1.764% due 04/25/2047 • 5,11 Morgan Stanley ABS Capital, Inc. Trust	3 2,397
2.375% due 03/31/2029		14,300	13,691	Securities (Cost \$62,642)		58,585	1.694% (US0001M + 0.070%)	
2.500% due 05/15/2024 2.500% due 01/31/2025 (n)		4,000 13,800	3,965 13,622				due 10/25/2036 ~ 2,13 1.704% due 11/25/2036 • 4,44	
2.625% due 01/31/2026		3,500	3,450	ASSET-BACKED SECURITIES 26.9%	6		2.164% due 12/25/2034 • 51	
2.625% due 02/15/2029 (n)		450	438	Aegis Asset-Backed Securities Tru	ıst		2.164% due 03/25/2036 • 99 2.224% due 12/25/2034 • 75	
Total U.S. Treasury Obligations (Cost \$90,984)			86,731	1.794% due 01/25/2037 •	3,740	3,013	2.224% due 12/25/2034 • 75 Nomura Home Equity Loan, Inc. Home Eq	
				ALESCO Preferred Funding Ltd. 2.634% due 12/23/2034 •	192	190	Loan Trust	
NON-AGENCY MORTGAGE-BAC	KED S	ECURIT	IES 12.2%	Ameriquest Mortgage Securities		150	1.774% due 07/25/2036 • 58	3 536
American Home Mortgage Inve	stmen	nt Trust		2.134% due 04/25/2036 •	641	638	NovaStar Mortgage Funding Trust 2.164% due 05/25/2036 • 4,20	0 3,942
7.100% due 06/25/2036 þ		6,155	1,223	Ameriquest Mortgage Securities,	Inc. Asset-Bac	ked	Option One Mortgage Loan Trust	5 5/5 .2
Bear Stearns ALT-A Trust 1.944% (US0001M + 0.320%)				Pass-Through Certificates 2.719% (US0001M + 1.095%)			1.844% due 04/25/2037 • 1,30	
due 06/25/2046 ^~		3,972	3,493	due 09/25/2034 ~	1,815	1,730	2.164% due 01/25/2036 • 5,00 Park Place Securities, Inc. Asset-Backed F	
BX Trust		2 2 6 5	2 205	Argent Securities Trust 2.104% due 07/25/2036 •	14,561	4,389	Through Certificates	d55-
3.094% due 05/15/2030 •		3,365	3,205	Asset-Backed Funding Certificate		4,303	2.674% due 09/25/2034 • 1,25	6 1,241
Chase Mortgage Finance Trust 2.894% due 12/25/2035 ^~		385	358	1.904% (US0001M + 0.280%)			PRET LLC 1.868% due 07/25/2051 þ 4,58	7 4,142
CitiMortgage Alternative Loan	Trust			due 11/25/2036 ~	4,137	2,645	RAAC Trust	4,142
6.000% due 03/25/2037 •		1,609	1,491	Asset-Backed Securities Corp. Ho 2.599% due 06/25/2035 •	me Equity Loa 11,000	n Trust 10,015	2.314% due 11/25/2036 • 12	9 128
Countrywide Alternative Loan 1 1.944% (US0001M + 0.320%)	Irust			Bear Stearns Asset-Backed Securi		10/015	Renaissance Home Equity Loan Trust	1 000
due 11/25/2036 ~		5,288	4,575	2.359% (US0001M + 0.735%)	610	617	5.285% due 01/25/2037 þ 4,64 Residential Asset Mortgage Products Tru	
Credit Suisse Mortgage Capital	Certif		7.051	due 09/25/2035 ~ 3.499% due 12/25/2034 •	619 7,838	617 7,502	2.749% due 06/25/2035 • 2,60	
1.506% due 11/30/2037 ~ Eurosail PLC		7,740	7,051	Citigroup Mortgage Loan Trust			Residential Asset Securities Corp. Trust	
2.540% (BP0003M + 0.950%)				1.784% due 12/25/2036 • 2.144% due 03/25/2036 •	1,432	825 2,092	1.964% due 05/25/2037 • 30 2.224% due 02/25/2036 • 49	
due 06/13/2045 ~ 2.540% due 06/13/2045 ●	GBP	572 528	691 638	Citigroup Mortgage Loan Trust, II	2,233 ac.	2,092	2.329% due 10/25/2035 • 1,00	
Extended Stay America Trust		320	050	1.884% due 03/25/2037 •	20	18	Saxon Asset Securities Trust	0 504
2.405% (US0001M + 1.080%)				2.314% due 10/25/2035 ^• 2.359% (US0001M + 0.735%)	500	470	2.599% due 12/26/2034 • 62 3.374% (US0001M + 1.750%)	9 591
due 07/15/2038 ~	\$	4,969	4,852	due 09/25/2035 ^~	1,470	1,458	due 12/25/2037 ~ 99	5 977
Finsbury Square PLC 1.775% (SONIO/N + 1.010%)				Countrywide Asset-Backed Certif			SLM Private Credit Student Loan Trust 2.159% due 06/15/2039 • 2.81	0 2.696
due 12/16/2069 ~	GBP	1,661	2,013	1.764% due 05/25/2037 ^• 1.764% due 04/25/2047 •	1,194 1,350	1,092 1,295	2.159% due 06/15/2039 • 2,81 SMB Private Education Loan Trust	8 2,686
Grifonas Finance PLC 0.000% (EUR006M + 0.280%)				1.764% due 06/25/2047 •	1,020	947	1.830% due 02/16/2055 • 5,00	0 4,982
due 08/28/2039 ~	EUR	828	822	1.844% (US0001M + 0.220%) due 05/25/2037 ~	1,728	1,666	Soundview Home Loan Trust	
HarborView Mortgage Loan Tru				1.844% (US0001M + 0.220%)	1,720	1,000	2.029% due 12/25/2036 • 1,90 2.374% due 01/25/2035 • 5,41	
2.075% due 03/19/2036 ^•	\$	44	42	due 06/25/2037 ~	1,119	1,079	2.599% due 11/25/2035 • 1,98	
Hawksmoor Mortgages 1.703% due 05/25/2053 ◆	GBP	1,300	1,579	1.844% (US0001M + 0.220%) due 06/25/2047 ~	653	627	Structured Asset Securities Corp.	
Hilton Orlando Trust		.,	.,	2.059% due 01/25/2045 ^•	1,023	921	2.329% (US0001M + 0.705%) due 02/25/2035 ~ 1,17	1 1,137
2.774% due 12/15/2034 •	\$	1,400	1,343	2.419% due 05/25/2036 •	9,800	9,293	Structured Asset Securities Corp. Mortga	
LUXE Commercial Mortgage Tru 3.074% due 10/15/2038 •	ust	5,081	4,815	EFS Volunteer LLC 2.034% due 10/25/2035 •	444	441	1.759% due 07/25/2036 • 35	5 350
3.375% (US0001M + 2.050%)		3,001	4,015	First Franklin Mortgage Loan Trus	st		2.149% due 07/25/2036 • 1,19 2.624% due 04/25/2031 • 4,11	,
due 11/15/2038 ~	_	2,600	2,445	1.744% (US0001M + 0.120%) due 12/25/2036 ~	494	461	Symphony CLO Ltd.	
MASTR Adjustable Rate Mortga 2.724% (US0001M + 1.100%)	ages T	rust		GSAMP Trust	494	401	1.988% (US0003M + 0.950%)	226
due 09/25/2037 ~		11,500	5,492	2.524% due 11/25/2035 •	1,827	1,753	due 07/14/2026 ~ 22 Towd Point Mortgage Trust	6 226
Morgan Stanley Capital Trust				Home Equity Mortgage Loan Asse	et-Backed Trus	st	2.900% due 10/25/2059 ~ 3,46	9 3,369
3.702% (US0001M + 2.378%) due 12/15/2023 ~		2,645	2,540	2.224% (US0001M + 0.600%) due 03/25/2036 ~	4,650	4,248	Total Asset-Backed Securities	
4.401% due 12/15/2023 •		1,682	1,584	HSI Asset Securitization Corp. Tru		.,2 .0	(Cost \$130,422)	129,368
OBX Trust				1.764% (US0001M + 0.140%)		2 100	COVEREION ISSUES 2.00/	
2.474% (US0001M + 0.850%) due 04/25/2048 ~		140	140	due 01/25/2037 ~ 1.844% due 12/25/2036 •	2,738 1,009	2,189 326	SOVEREIGN ISSUES 2.9%	
Precise Mortgage Funding PLC				IXIS Real Estate Capital Trust	.,		Argentina Government International Bon 0.500% due 07/09/2030 b 1,43	
	GBP	1,673	2,029	1.924% due 01/25/2037 •	3,582	1,451	1.000% due 07/09/2030 p 1,43 1.000% due 07/09/2029 12	
RBSSP Resecuritization Trust 3.196% due 12/26/2036 ~	\$	430	418	LCCM Trust 2.774% due 11/15/2038 •	4,000	3,891	1.125% due 07/09/2035 b 1,60	
SFO Commercial Mortgage Trus		450	410	Legacy Mortgage Asset Trust	4,000	3,031	1.400% due 03/25/2023 ARS 89,32 2.000% due 01/09/2038 b \$ 8	
4.224% due 05/15/2038 •		2,400	2,237	3.383% due 01/28/2070 •	933	933	2.500% due 07/09/2041 þ 5,07	

See Accompanying Notes SEMIANNUAL REPORT | JUNE 30, 2022 17

		RINCIPAL AMOUNT (000S)	MARKET VALUE (000S)		SHARES	MARKET VALUE (000S)	MARKET VALUE SHARES (0005)	
	ARS	9,026		FINANCIALS 0.1%	JIIARES	(0003)	REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUSTS 0.0%	
47.331% (BADLARPP) due 10/04/2022 ~		26	0	Intelsat SA «(c)(i)	28,493 \$	798	REAL ESTATE 0.0%	
Autonomous City of Buenos Aire 52.234% (BADLARPP + 3.750%)	es			INDUSTRIALS 0.2%	_		CBL & Associates Properties, Inc. 176 \$	4
due 02/22/2028 ~		6,357	23	Neiman Marcus Group Ltd.			•	13
53.715% (BADLARPP + 3.250%) due 03/29/2024 ~		12,737	47	LLC «(c)(i)	5,701	985	Total Real Estate Investment Trusts	
Peru Government International			5.0	Westmoreland Mining Holdings «(c)(i)	239	0	(Cost \$11)1	7
5.350% due 08/12/2040 I 5.400% due 08/12/2034	PEN	286 640	56 135	notunigs «(c)(i)	233	985	PRINCIPAL	
5.940% due 02/12/2029 6.150% due 08/12/2032		1,329 939	317 217	Total Common Stocks (Cost \$4,077	")	2,683	AMOUNT (000S)	
6.350% due 08/12/2028		1,558	384				SHORT-TERM INSTRUMENTS 0.2%	
6.950% due 08/12/2031 8.200% due 08/12/2026		475 1,289	118 352	RIGHTS 0.0%	_		REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS (j) 0.1%	
Provincia de Buenos Aires	A D.C	1 700	6	FINANCIALS 0.0%			40)2
49.102% due 04/12/2025 Romania Government Internation	ARS onal B	1,788 Sond	6	Intelsat Jackson Holdings SA «(c)	3,126	15	ARGENTINA TREASURY BILLS 0.1%	
3.750% due 02/07/2034	EUR	2,460	1,938	Total Rights (Cost \$0)		15	51.049% due 09/30/2022 (d)(e) ARS 147,300 49)4
Russia Government Internationa 0.000% due 04/24/2024 ^(b)		n d 80,100	131	WARRANTS 0.0%			Total Short-Term Instruments (Cost \$1,082) 89	16
4.750% due 05/27/2026	\$	200	55 106	FINANCIALS 0.0%				0
5.100% due 03/28/2035 ^(b) 5.250% due 06/23/2047 ^(b)		200	53	Intelsat Emergence SA -			Total Investments in Securities (Cost \$595,919) 552,50	1
5.625% due 04/04/2042 ^(b) 7.150% due 11/12/2025 ^(b)	RUB	1,600 88,624	472 145	Exp. 02/17/2027 «	398	1		
7.500% due 03/31/2030 ^(b)	\$	53	15	Intelsat Jackson Holdings SA - Exp. 12/05/2025 «	2,969	15	SHARES INVESTMENTS IN AFFILIATES 5.1%	
12.750% due 10/07/2026 ^(b)	\$	34,532 192	56 53			16	SHORT-TERM INSTRUMENTS 5.1%	
South Africa Government Intern 8.000% due 01/31/2030	nation ZAR	2,100	112	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY 0.0%	_			
8.250% due 03/31/2032	ZAIN	2,400	124	Windstream Holdings LLC -			CENTRAL FUNDS USED FOR CASH MANAGEMENT PURPOSES 5.1%	
8.750% due 02/28/2048 8.875% due 02/28/2035		1,200 1,700	57 88	Exp. 9/21/2055 «	1,684	36	PIMCO Short-Term	
10.500% due 12/21/2026		75,100	4,889	Total Warrants (Cost \$138)		52	Floating NAV Portfolio III 2,514,631 24,40)2
Turkey Government International 4.250% due 03/13/2025	al Bor \$	nd 800	689	PREFERRED SECURITIES 1.1%			Total Short-Term Instruments (Cost \$24,410) 24,40	2
5.250% due 03/13/2030 7.625% due 04/26/2029		600 700	430 592	BANKING & FINANCE 1.0%	_		Total Investments in Affiliates	
Venezuela Government Internat	ional			Nationwide Building Society			(Cost \$24,410) 24,40	12
6.000% due 12/09/2049 7.000% due 03/31/2038 ^(b)		122 43	9	10.250% ~	250	44	Total Investments 119.8% (Cost \$620,329) \$ 576,90	12
7.650% due 04/21/2025 ^(b)		105 157	9	Stichting AK Rabobank Certificaten				3
8.250% due 10/13/2024 ^(b) 9.000% due 05/07/2023 ^(b)		46	4	6.500% due 12/29/2049 þ(g)	1,669,650	1,704	Financial Derivative Instruments (k)(m) (0.9)%	
9.250% due 09/15/2027 ^(b) 9.250% due 05/07/2028 ^(b)		143 83	13 7	Wells Fargo & Co. 3.900% due 03/15/2026 •(q)	3,670,000	3,163	(Cost or Premiums, net \$(5,810)) (4,13	9)
11.750% due 10/21/2026 ^(b)		10 300	1 26	.5,		4,911	Other Assets and Liabilities, net (18.9)% (91,26	2)
11.950% due 08/05/2031 ^(b) Total Sovereign Issues (Cost \$22	2.309)		14,098	INDUSTRIALS 0.40/			Net Assets 100.0% \$ 481,50	2
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				INDUSTRIALS 0.1%				
COMMON STOCKS 0.5%		SHARES		General Electric Co. 5.159% (US0003M + 3.330%) due 09/15/2022 ~(q)	494,000	435		
COMMUNICATION SERVICES 0.1	%			Total Preferred Securities	7,000	455		
Clear Channel Outdoor				(Cost \$6,683)		5,346		
Holdings, Inc. (c)		33,771	143					
iHeartMedia, Inc. 'A' (c) iHeartMedia, Inc. 'B' «(c)		31,404 24,427	248 173					
		•	564					
ENERGY 0.49/								
ENERGY 0.1%								
Noble Corp. (c)(i) Valaris Ltd. (c)		12,136 665	308 28					
			336					

18 PIMCO VARIABLE INSURANCE TRUSTSee Accompanying Notes

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS:

- * A zero balance may reflect actual amounts rounding to less than one thousand.
- ^ Security is in default.
- « Security valued using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3).
- μ All or a portion of this amount represents unfunded loan commitments. The interest rate for the unfunded portion will be determined at the time of funding.
- Variable or Floating rate security. Rate shown is the rate in effect as of period end. Certain variable rate securities are not based on a published reference rate and spread, rather are determined by the issuer or agent and are based on current market conditions. Reference rate is as of reset date, which may vary by security. These securities may not indicate a reference rate and/or spread in their description.
- Rate shown is the rate in effect as of period end. The rate may be based on a fixed rate, a capped rate or a floor rate and may convert to a variable or floating rate in the future. These securities do not indicate a reference rate and spread in their description.
- b Coupon represents a rate which changes periodically based on a predetermined schedule or event. Rate shown is the rate in effect as of period end.
- (a) Payment in-kind security.
- (b) Security is not accruing income as of the date of this report.
- (c) Security did not produce income within the last twelve months.
- (d) Zero coupon security.
- (e) Coupon represents a yield to maturity.
- (f) Principal amount of security is adjusted for inflation.
- (g) Perpetual maturity; date shown, if applicable, represents next contractual call date.
- (h) Contingent convertible security.

(i) RESTRICTED SECURITIES:

Issuer Description	Acquisition Date	Cost	Market Value	Market Value as Percentage of Net Assets
Intelsat SA	06/19/2017 - 02/23/2022	\$ 2,094	\$ 798	0.17%
Morgan Stanley 0.000% due 04/02/2032	02/11/2020	260	187	0.04
Neiman Marcus Group Ltd. LLC	09/25/2020	183	985	0.20
Noble Corp.	02/05/2021 - 02/25/2021	148	308	0.06
Oracle Corp. 3.950% due 03/25/2051	03/22/2021	4,021	2,965	0.62
Westmoreland Mining Holdings	03/26/2019	1	0	0.00
		\$ 6,707	\$ 5,243	1.09%

BORROWINGS AND OTHER FINANCING TRANSACTIONS

(j) REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS:

Counterparty	Lending Rate	Settlement Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Collateralized By	Collateral (Received)	Repurchase Agreements, at Value	Repurchase Agreement Proceeds to be Received(1)
FICC	0.400%	06/30/2022	07/01/2022	\$ 402	U.S. Treasury Notes 3.000% due 06/30/2024	\$ (410)	\$ 402	\$ 402
Total Repurch	nase Agree	ments				\$ (410)	\$ 402	\$ 402

SHORT SALES:					
Description	Coupon	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Proceeds	Payable for Short Sales
U.S. Government Agencies (0.9)% Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security, TBA Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security, TBA	2.000% 4.500	08/01/2052 08/01/2052	\$ 3,200 1,400	\$ (2,775) (1,404)	\$ (2,775) (1,403)
Total Short Sales (0.9)%				\$ (4,179)	\$ (4,178)

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BORROWINGS AND OTHER FINANCING TRANSACTIONS SUMMARY

The following is a summary by counterparty of the market value of Borrowings and Other Financing Transactions and collateral pledged/(received) as of June 30, 2022:

Counterparty	Repurchase Agreement Proceeds to be Received ⁽¹⁾	Payable for Reverse Repurchase Agreements	Payable for Sale- Buyback Transactions	Total Borrowings and Other Financing Transactions	Collateral Pledged/(Received)	Net Exposure ⁽²⁾
Global/Master Repurchase Agreement FICC Total Borrowings and Other Financing Transactions	\$ 402 \$ 402	\$ 0 \$ 0	\$ 0 \$ 0	\$ 402	\$ (410)	\$ (8)

⁽¹⁾ Includes accrued interest.

(k) FINANCIAL DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS: EXCHANGE-TRADED OR CENTRALLY CLEARED

WRITTEN OPTIONS:

OPTIONS ON EXCHANGE-TRADED FUTURES CONTRACTS

Description	Strike Price	Expiration Date	# of Contracts	Notional Amount	Premiums (Received)	Market Value
Put - CME 3-Month SOFR Active Contract December						
2023 Futures	\$ 96.500	12/15/2023	10	\$ 25	\$ (9)	\$ (12)
Call - CME 3-Month SOFR Active Contract December						
2023 Futures	98.000	12/15/2023	10	25	(8)	(8)
Put - CME 90-Day Eurodollar December 2022 Futures	97.500	12/19/2022	20	50	(15)	(64)
Call - CME 90-Day Eurodollar December 2022 Futures	98.500	12/19/2022	20	50	(9)	(1)
Total Written Options					\$ (41)	\$ (85)

FUTURES CONTRACTS:

LONG FUTURES CONTRACTS

	Expiration	# of	Notional	Unrealized Appreciation/	Variatio	on Margin
Description	Month	Contracts	Amount	(Depreciation)	Asset	Liability
Euro-BTP Italy Government Bond September Futures	09/2022	46	\$ 5,935	\$ (138)	\$ 141	\$ 0
U.S. Treasury 5-Year Note September Futures	09/2022	17	1,908	(5)	12	0
U.S. Treasury 10-Year Note September Futures	09/2022	408	48,361	(603)	415	0
				\$ (746)	\$ 568	\$ 0

SHORT FUTURES CONTRACTS

	Expiration	# of	Notional	Unrealized Appreciation/	Variat	ion Margin
Description	Month	Contracts	Amount	(Depreciation)	Asset	Liability
Australia Government 10-Year Bond September Futures	09/2022	34	\$ (2,790)	\$ 18	\$ 0	\$ (18)
Japan Government 10-Year Bond September Futures	09/2022	1	(1,095)	4	0	(1)
U.S. Treasury 2-Year Note September Futures	09/2022	9	(1,890)	6	0	(5)
U.S. Treasury 10-Year Ultra September Futures	09/2022	29	(3,694)	27	0	(39)
U.S. Treasury 30-Year Bond September Futures	09/2022	55	(7,624)	55	0	(93)
U.S. Treasury Ultra Long-Term Bond September Futures	09/2022	51	(7,872)	83	0	(120)
United Kingdom Long Gilt September Futures	09/2022	2	(277)	10	0	(4)
				\$ 203	\$ 0	\$ (280)
Total Futures Contracts				\$ (543)	\$ 568	\$ (280)

20 PIMCO VARIABLE INSURANCE TRUST See Accompanying Notes

⁽²⁾ Net Exposure represents the net receivable/(payable) that would be due from/to the counterparty in the event of default. Exposure from borrowings and other financing transactions can only be netted across transactions governed under the same master agreement with the same legal entity. See Note 8, Master Netting Arrangements, in the Notes to Financial Statements for more information.

SWAP AGREEMENTS:

CREDIT DEFAULT SWAPS ON CORPORATE ISSUES - SELL PROTECTION(1)

			Implied				Unrealized			
Fixed	Payment	Maturity	Credit Spread at	Not	ional	Premiums	Appreciation/	Market	Variati	on Margin
Receive Rate	Frequency	Date	June 30, 2022 ⁽²⁾	Amo	ount ⁽³⁾	Paid/(Received)	(Depreciation)	Value ⁽⁴⁾	Asset	Liability
1.000%	Quarterly	06/20/2026	1.093%	EUR	1,800	\$ 50	\$ (56)	\$ (6)	\$ 0	\$ (10)
1.000	Quarterly	12/20/2025	1.108	\$	900	11	(14)	(3)	0	(1)
1.000	Quarterly	06/20/2026	1.142		1,800	27	(36)	(9)	0	(1)
1.000	Quarterly	12/20/2026	2.445		1,000	(6)	(51)	(57)	0	(1)
5.000	Quarterly	06/20/2026	3.931		200	9	(1)	8	0	0
5.000	Quarterly	06/20/2027	4.319		400	21	(9)	12	0	(1)
1.000	Quarterly	06/20/2026	1.530		2,600	10	(60)	(50)	0	(2)
5.000	Quarterly	12/20/2026	2.634		900	167	(82)	85	0	(1)
1.000	Quarterly	06/20/2027	4.406	EUR	200	(15)	(15)	(30)	0	(2)
1.000	Quarterly	12/20/2025	3.940		300	(32)	3	(29)	0	(3)
1.000	Quarterly	06/20/2026	4.096		100	(8)	(3)	(11)	0	(1)
1.000	Quarterly	12/20/2026	4.270		300	(16)	(24)	(40)	0	(3)
						\$ 218	\$ (348)	\$ (130)	\$ 0	\$ (26)
	1.000% 1.000 1.000 1.000 5.000 5.000 1.000 5.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000	Receive Rate Fréquency 1.000% Quarterly 1.000 Quarterly 1.000 Quarterly 1.000 Quarterly 5.000 Quarterly 1.000 Quarterly 5.000 Quarterly 1.000 Quarterly 1.000 Quarterly 1.000 Quarterly 1.000 Quarterly 1.000 Quarterly 1.000 Quarterly	Receive Rate Fréquency Date 1.000% Quarterly 06/20/2026 1.000 Quarterly 12/20/2025 1.000 Quarterly 06/20/2026 1.000 Quarterly 12/20/2026 5.000 Quarterly 06/20/2026 5.000 Quarterly 06/20/2027 1.000 Quarterly 06/20/2026 5.000 Quarterly 12/20/2026 1.000 Quarterly 12/20/2026 1.000 Quarterly 12/20/2025 1.000 Quarterly 06/20/2026	Fixed Receive Rate Payment Frequency Maturity Date Credit Spread at June 30, 2022(2) 1.000% Quarterly 06/20/2026 1.093% 1.000 Quarterly 12/20/2025 1.108 1.000 Quarterly 06/20/2026 1.142 1.000 Quarterly 12/20/2026 2.445 5.000 Quarterly 06/20/2026 3.931 5.000 Quarterly 06/20/2027 4.319 1.000 Quarterly 06/20/2026 1.530 5.000 Quarterly 12/20/2026 2.634 1.000 Quarterly 06/20/2027 4.406 1.000 Quarterly 12/20/2025 3.940 1.000 Quarterly 06/20/2026 4.096	Fixed Receive Rate Payment Frequency Maturity Date Credit Spread at June 30, 2022 ⁽²⁾ Not Amount Am	Fixed Receive Rate Payment Frequency Maturity Date Credit Spread at June 30, 2022(2) Notional Amount(3) 1.000% Quarterly 06/20/2026 1.093% EUR 1,800 1.000 Quarterly 12/20/2025 1.108 \$ 900 1.000 Quarterly 06/20/2026 1.142 1,800 1.000 Quarterly 12/20/2026 2.445 1,000 5.000 Quarterly 06/20/2026 3.931 200 5.000 Quarterly 06/20/2027 4.319 400 1.000 Quarterly 06/20/2026 1.530 2,600 5.000 Quarterly 12/20/2026 2.634 900 1.000 Quarterly 06/20/2027 4.406 EUR 200 1.000 Quarterly 12/20/2025 3.940 300 1.000 Quarterly 06/20/2026 4.096 100	Fixed Receive Rate Payment Frequency Maturity Date Credit Spread at June 30, 2022 ⁽²⁾ Notional Amount ⁽³⁾ Premiums Paid/(Received) 1.000% Quarterly 06/20/2026 1.093% EUR 1,800 \$ 50 1.000 Quarterly 12/20/2025 1.108 \$ 900 11 1.000 Quarterly 06/20/2026 1.142 1,800 27 1.000 Quarterly 12/20/2026 2.445 1,000 (6) 5.000 Quarterly 06/20/2026 3.931 200 9 5.000 Quarterly 06/20/2027 4.319 400 21 1.000 Quarterly 06/20/2026 1.530 2,600 10 5.000 Quarterly 12/20/2026 2.634 900 167 1.000 Quarterly 12/20/2026 2.634 900 167 1.000 Quarterly 12/20/2025 3.940 300 (32) 1.000 Quarterly 12/20/2025 3.940 300 (32) <	Fixed Receive Rate Payment Frequency Maturity Date Credit Spread at June 30, 2022 ⁽²⁾ Notional Amount ⁽³⁾ Premiums Paid/(Received) Appreciation/(Depreciation) 1.000% Quarterly 06/20/2026 1.093% EUR 1,800 \$ 50 \$ (56) 1.000 Quarterly 12/20/2025 1.108 \$ 900 11 (14) 1.000 Quarterly 06/20/2026 1.142 1,800 27 (36) 1.000 Quarterly 12/20/2026 2.445 1,000 (6) (51) 5.000 Quarterly 06/20/2026 3.931 200 9 (1) 5.000 Quarterly 06/20/2026 1.530 2,600 10 (60) 5.000 Quarterly 06/20/2026 1.530 2,600 10 (60) 5.000 Quarterly 12/20/2026 2.634 900 167 (82) 1.000 Quarterly 06/20/2027 4.406 EUR 200 (15) (15) 1.000 Quarterly	Fixed Receive Rate Payment Frequency Maturity Date Credit Spread at June 30, 2022(2) Notional Amount (3) Premiums Paid/(Received) Appreciation/ (Depreciation) Market Value (4) 1.000% Quarterly 06/20/2026 1.093% EUR 1,800 \$ 50 \$ (56) \$ (6) 1.000 Quarterly 12/20/2025 1.108 \$ 900 11 (14) (3) 1.000 Quarterly 06/20/2026 1.142 1,800 27 (36) (9) 1.000 Quarterly 12/20/2026 2.445 1,000 (6) (51) (57) 5.000 Quarterly 06/20/2026 3.931 200 9 (1) 8 5.000 Quarterly 06/20/2026 3.931 200 9 (1) 8 5.000 Quarterly 06/20/2027 4.319 400 21 (9) 12 1.000 Quarterly 06/20/2026 1.530 2,600 10 (60) (50) 5.000 Quarterly	Fixed Receive Rate Payment Frequency Maturity Date Credit Spread at June 30, 2022(2) Notional Amount(3) Premiums Paid/(Received) Appreciation/ (Depreciation) Market Value(4) Variation Asset 1.000% Quarterly 06/20/2026 1.093% EUR 1,800 \$ 50 \$ (56) \$ (6) \$ 0 1.000 Quarterly 12/20/2025 1.108 \$ 900 11 (14) (3) 0 1.000 Quarterly 06/20/2026 1.142 1,800 27 (36) (9) 0 1.000 Quarterly 12/20/2026 2.445 1,000 (6) (51) (57) 0 5.000 Quarterly 06/20/2026 3.931 200 9 (1) 8 0 5.000 Quarterly 06/20/2027 4.319 400 21 (9) 12 0 1.000 Quarterly 06/20/2026 1.530 2,600 10 (60) (50) 0 5.000 Quarterly 06/20/2026 2

CREDIT DEFAULT SWAPS ON CREDIT INDICES - SELL PROTECTION(1)

							Un	realized					
	Fixed	Payment	Maturity	No	tional	Premiums	App	reciation/	IV	/larket	/ariati	on M	largin
Index/Tranches	Receive Rate	Frequency	Date	Am	ount ⁽³⁾	Paid/(Received)	(Dep	reciation)	V	alue ⁽⁴⁾	Asset	Lial	bility
CDX.EM-28 5-Year Index	1.000%	Quarterly	12/20/2022	\$	752	\$ (9)	\$	(48)	\$	(57)	\$ 1	\$	0
CDX.EM-30 5-Year Index	1.000	Quarterly	12/20/2023		1,598	(38)		(106)		(144)	0		0
CDX.EM-31 5-Year Index	1.000	Quarterly	06/20/2024		470	(12)		(27)		(39)	0		0
CDX.EM-32 5-Year Index	1.000	Quarterly	12/20/2024		372	(11)		(23)		(34)	0		0
CDX.EM-34 5-Year Index	1.000	Quarterly	12/20/2025		900	(29)		(92)		(121)	0		0
CDX.EM-36 5-Year Index	1.000	Quarterly	12/20/2026		9,300	(386)		(822)		(1,208)	0		(9)
CDX.HY-36 5-Year Index	5.000	Quarterly	06/20/2026		3,069	260		(284)		(24)	0		(5)
CDX.HY-37 5-Year Index	5.000	Quarterly	12/20/2026		1,089	59		(73)		(14)	0		(1)
CDX.HY-38 5-Year Index	5.000	Quarterly	06/20/2027		43,065	1,105		(2,302)		(1,197)	0		(56)
CDX.IG-38 5-Year Index	1.000	Quarterly	06/20/2027		4,700	67		(67)		0	0		(1)
iTraxx Asia Ex-Japan 37 5-Year Index	1.000	Quarterly	06/20/2027		400	(2)		(5)		(7)	0		(1)
iTraxx Crossover 37 5-Year Index	5.000	Quarterly	06/20/2027	EUR	1,000	23		(54)		(31)	0		(10)
iTraxx Europe Main 34 5-Year Index	1.000	Quarterly	12/20/2025		10,100	260		(240)		20	0		(20)
iTraxx Europe Main 37 5-Year Index	1.000	Quarterly	06/20/2027		10,900	88		(186)		(98)	0		(29)
						\$ 1,375	\$	(4,329)	\$	(2,954)	\$ 1	\$	(132)

INTEREST RATE SWAPS

Pay/Receive Floating Rate	Floating Rate Index	Fixed Rate	Payment Frequency	Maturity Date		lotional Amount		miums Received)	Appr	ealized eciation/ eciation)		rket .	Va Ass		on Margin Liability
Receive ⁽⁵⁾	1-Day GBP-SONIO Compounded-OIS	0.750%	Annual	09/21/2032	GBP	4,300	\$	416	\$	341	\$	757	\$	0	\$ (78)
Receive	1-Day GBP-SONIO Compounded-OIS	0.500	Annual	03/16/2042		500	-	19	-	154	-	173	•	0	(12)
Pav	1-Day GBP-SONIO Compounded-OIS	1.060	Annual	02/21/2052		100		(1)		(29)		(30)		3	0
Pay	1-Day GBP-SONIO Compounded-OIS	1.101	Annual	02/21/2052		100		(1)		(28)		(29)		3	0
Receive ⁽⁵⁾	1-Day GBP-SONIO Compounded-OIS	0.750	Annual	09/21/2052		5,900		36		2,234	2	,270		0	(176)
Pay	1-Day JPY-MUTKCALM Compounded-OIS	0.176	Annual	04/27/2027	JPY	180,000		0		(2)		(2)		1	0
Receive	1-Day JPY-MUTKCALM Compounded-OIS	0.020	Semi-Annual	09/20/2028		430,000		9		65		74		0	(4)
Receive	1-Day JPY-MUTKCALM Compounded-OIS	0.000	Semi-Annual	03/15/2029		4,351,000		210		618		828		0	(48)
Receive	1-Day JPY-MUTKCALM Compounded-OIS	0.400	Annual	06/15/2032		790,000		9		47		56		0	(11)
Receive	1-Day JPY-MUTKCALM Compounded-OIS	0.500	Annual	03/15/2042		420,000		123		87		210		0	(11)
Receive	1-Day JPY-MUTKCALM Compounded-OIS	0.711	Annual	04/27/2042		50,000		0		11		11		0	(1)
Pay	1-Day USD-SOFR Compounded-OIS	1.573	Annual	02/28/2027	\$	700		(1)		(34)		(35)		4	0
Pay	1-Day USD-SOFR Compounded-OIS	1.928	Annual	03/25/2027		1,200		(2)		(39)		(41)		7	0
Receive	1-Day USD-SOFR Compounded-OIS	1.000	Annual	06/15/2027		2,630		88		129		217		0	(14)
Receive(5)	1-Day USD-SOFR Compounded-OIS	2.450	Annual	10/04/2027		1,790		0		31		31		0	(10)
Receive	1-Day USD-SOFR Compounded-OIS	1.000	Annual	06/15/2029		3,290		143		226		369		0	(21)
Receive	1-Day USD-SOFR Compounded-OIS	1.000	Annual	06/15/2029		1,400		88		69		157		0	(9)
Pay	1-Day USD-SOFR Compounded-OIS	1.730	Annual	02/24/2032		700		(3)		(56)		(59)		6	0
Pay	1-Day USD-SOFR Compounded-OIS	1.817	Annual	04/05/2032		2,400		(12)		(181)		(193)		19	0
Pay	1-Day USD-SOFR Compounded-OIS	1.872	Annual	04/06/2032		1,200		(6)		(85)		(91)		10	0
Receive	1-Day USD-SOFR Compounded-OIS	2.385	Annual	06/08/2032		300		3		7		10		0	(3)
Receive	1-Day USD-SOFR Compounded-OIS	1.250	Annual	06/15/2032		1,980		75		191		266		0	(16)
Pay	1-Day USD-SOFR Compounded-OIS	1.250	Annual	06/15/2032		2,170		(188)		(105)		(293)		17	0
Pay	1-Day USD-SOFR Compounded-OIS	1.750	Annual	06/15/2032		4,530		(196)		(214)		(410)		37	0

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Pay/Receive Floating Rate	Floating Rate Index	Fixed Rate	Payment Frequency	Maturity Date	Notional Amount	Premiums Paid/(Received)	Unrealized Appreciation/ (Depreciation)	Market Value	Variatio	on Margin Liability
	1-Year BRL-CDI		Maturity	01/02/2023	BRL 3,800	\$ 37	\$ (50)	\$ (13)	\$ 0	\$ 0
Pay Pay	1-Year BRL-CDI	5.836	Maturity	01/02/2023	3,400	33	(44)	(11)	ş 0	ş 0 0
Pay	1-Year BRL-CDI	5.855	Maturity	01/02/2023	1,100	11	(15)	(4)	0	0
Pay	1-Year BRL-CDI	6.170	Maturity	01/02/2023	43,200	(8)	(389)	(397)	2	0
Receive	1-Year BRL-CDI	12.670	Maturity	01/02/2023	2,000	0	1	1	0	0
Receive	1-Year BRL-CDI	12.690	Maturity	01/02/2023	1,300	0	1	1	0	0
Receive	1-Year BRL-CDI	12.740	Maturity	01/02/2023	3,500	0	2	2	0	0
Receive	1-Year BRL-CDI	12.750	Maturity	01/02/2023	1,700	0	1	1	0	0
Receive	1-Year BRL-CDI	12.760	Maturity	01/02/2023	3,400	0	2	2	0	0
Receive	1-Year BRL-CDI	12.900	Maturity	01/02/2023	7,100	0	3	3	0	0
Receive	1-Year BRL-CDI	12.930	Maturity	01/02/2023	900	0	0	0	0	0
Receive	1-Year BRL-CDI	12.939	Maturity	01/02/2023	3,500	0	1	1	0	0
Receive	1-Year BRL-CDI	12.946	Maturity	01/02/2023	8,900	0	3	3	0	0
Receive	1-Year BRL-CDI	12.960	Maturity	01/02/2023	7,100	0	2	2	0	0
Receive	1-Year BRL-CDI	12.970	Maturity	01/02/2023	11,700 700	0	(4)	4 (4)	0	0
Pay	1-Year BRL-CDI 1-Year BRL-CDI	11.140 11.160	Maturity	01/02/2025 01/02/2025	400	0	(2)	(2)	0	0
Pay Pay	1-Year BRL-CDI	11.350	Maturity Maturity	01/02/2025	600	0	(3)	(3)	0	0
Pay	1-Year BRL-CDI	12.000	Maturity	01/02/2025	1,500	0	(3)	(3)	1	0
Pay	1-Year BRL-CDI	12.080	Maturity	01/02/2025	2,500	0	(5)	(5)	1	0
Pay	1-Year BRL-CDI	12.140	Maturity	01/02/2025	1,200	0	(2)	(2)	1	0
Pay	1-Year BRL-CDI	12.145	Maturity	01/02/2025	1,200	0	(2)	(2)	1	0
Pay	1-Year BRL-CDI	12.160	Maturity	01/02/2025	2,500	0	(4)	(4)	1	0
Pay	1-Year BRL-CDI	11.220	Maturity	01/04/2027	800	0	(5)	(5)	0	0
Pay	1-Year BRL-CDI	11.245	Maturity	01/04/2027	400	0	(3)	(3)	0	0
Pay	1-Year BRL-CDI	11.260	Maturity	01/04/2027	400	0	(3)	(3)	0	0
Pay	1-Year BRL-CDI	11.700	Maturity	01/04/2027	200	0	(1)	(1)	0	0
Pay	1-Year BRL-CDI	11.715	Maturity	01/04/2027	900	0	(4)	(4)	1	0
Pay	1-Year BRL-CDI	11.870	Maturity	01/04/2027	2,200	0	(7)	(7)	1	0
Pay ⁽⁵⁾	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.270	Semi-Annual		\$ 18,000	(334)	(77)	(411)	24	0
Pay	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.088	Semi-Annual		1,700	(3)	(51)	(54)	3	0
Pay ⁽⁵⁾	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.700	Semi-Annual		2,500	(3)	(40)	(43)	4	(20)
Receive	3-Month USD-LIBOR	3.000	Semi-Annual		17,500	(1,817)	1,903	86	0	(38)
Receive Receive	3-Month USD-LIBOR	2.500 1.300	Semi-Annual Semi-Annual		2,400 1,700	(227)	266 152	39 77	0	(7)
Receive	3-Month USD-LIBOR 3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.300	Semi-Annual		1,700	(75) (75)	152	77	0	(5) (5)
Receive	3-Month USD-LIBOR	0.940	Semi-Annual		1,700	0	87	87	0	(5)
Receive	3-Month USD-LIBOR	0.500	Semi-Annual		8,200	126	665	791	0	(36)
Receive	3-Month USD-LIBOR	3.000	Semi-Annual		11,200	(1,680)	1,712	32	0	(56)
Pay	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.250	Semi-Annual		12,400	151	(1,087)	(936)	67	0
Receive	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.740	Semi-Annual		400	(32)	54	22	0	(2)
Pay	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.570	Semi-Annual	01/11/2027	900	(2)	(50)	(52)	5	0
Pay	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.425	Semi-Annual	01/18/2027	1,000	(3)	(62)	(65)	6	0
Receive	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.350	Semi-Annual	01/20/2027	3,500	0	241	241	0	(20)
Pay	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.418	Semi-Annual	01/20/2027	500	(1)	(32)	(33)	3	0
Pay	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.550		01/20/2027	15,500	(54)	(867)	(921)	88	0
Pay	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.580		02/16/2027	1,100	(3)	(62)	(65)	6	0
Receive	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.450		02/17/2027	2,600	0	171	171	0	(15)
Pay	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.700		02/17/2027	10,200	(38)	(512)	(550)	59	0
Receive	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.235		05/12/2028	400	(1)	(272)	(440)	0	(3)
Pay	3-Month USD-LIBOR	0.500 2.250		06/16/2028	3,213	(177)	(272)	(449)	19 0	0
Receive	3-Month USD-LIBOR 3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.265		06/20/2028 09/28/2028	1,300 800	(170)	227 (77)	57 (79)	5	(8) 0
Pay Pay	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.500		12/15/2028	3,066	(2) 73	(352)	(279)	20	0
Receive	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.500		01/12/2029	578	0	51	51	0	(4)
Pay	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.700		01/12/2029	2,100	(8)	(149)	(157)	14	0
Pay	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.518		01/20/2029	300	(1)	(25)	(26)	2	0
Pay	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.630		01/26/2029	500	(1)	(39)	(40)	3	0
Receive	3-Month USD-LIBOR	2.000		12/10/2029	800	(98)	154	56	0	(6)
Receive	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.500		12/18/2029	800	(62)	146	84	0	(5)
Receive	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.750		01/15/2030	2,800	(282)	513	231	0	(20)
Receive	3-Month USD-LIBOR	2.000		02/12/2030	1,600	(199)	304	105	0	(12)
Receive	3-Month USD-LIBOR	2.000	Semi-Annual	03/10/2030	800	(100)	153	53	0	(6)
Receive	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.430		03/17/2030	800	(57)	143	86	0	(5)
Receive	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.250	Semi-Annual	06/17/2030	24,800	(1,343)	4,481	3,138	0	(224)
Receive	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.000		12/16/2030	719	5	106	111	0	(5)
Receive	3-Month USD-LIBOR	0.750		06/16/2031	4,400	334	468	802	0	(29)
Pay	3-Month USD-LIBOR	0.750		06/16/2031	6,495	(603)	(586)	(1,189)	48	0
Receive	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.450		07/16/2031	800	(4)	103	99	0	(6)
Receive	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.405	Semi-Annual		900	(4)	121	117	0	(7)
Pay	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.500	Semi-Annual	10/05/2031	600	(2)	(74)	(76)	5	0

Pay/Receive		Fixed	Payment	Maturity	No	otional	Premiums	Unrealized Appreciation/	Market	Variatio	n Margin
Floating Rate	Floating Rate Index	Rate	Frequency	Date		nount	Paid/(Received)	(Depreciation)	Value	Asset	Liability
Pay	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.535%	Semi-Annual	10/15/2031	\$	600	\$ (1)	\$ (73)	\$ (74)	\$ 5	\$ 0
Pay	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.545	Semi-Annual	10/26/2031		400	(1)	(49)	(50)	3	0
Receive	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.750 1.735	Semi-Annual Semi-Annual	12/15/2031		7,000 400	(163)	921	758 (42)	0 3	(51) 0
Pay Pay	3-Month USD-LIBOR 3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.655		01/12/2032		500	(1) (2)	(41) (55)	(42) (57)	4	0
Pay	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.768	Semi-Annual	02/02/2032		400	(1)	(40)	(41)	3	0
Pay	3-Month USD-LIBOR	2.000	Semi-Annual	02/18/2032		900	(6)	(70)	(76)	7	0
Receive	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.910		10/17/2049		300	(70)	131	61	0	(3)
Receive	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.895	Semi-Annual	10/18/2049		300	(69)	131	62	0	(3)
Receive Receive	3-Month USD-LIBOR 3-Month USD-LIBOR	2.250 1.625	Semi-Annual Semi-Annual	12/11/2049 02/03/2050		2,200 3,000	(715) (480)	1,022 1,244	307 764	0	(19) (24)
Receive	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.875		02/03/2050		1,200	(272)	519	247	0	(10)
Receive	3-Month USD-LIBOR	2.250	Semi-Annual	03/12/2050		900	(295)	415	120	0	(8)
Pay	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.491		01/21/2051		400	(5)	(108)	(113)	3	0
Receive	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.250	Semi-Annual	06/16/2051		2,000	392	279	671	0	(12)
Receive	3-Month USD-LIBOR 3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.785 2.000	Semi-Annual Semi-Annual	08/12/2051 12/15/2051		500 4,000	(7) 78	120 (827)	113 (749)	0 29	(4) 0
Pay Pay	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.815	Semi-Annual	01/24/2052		100	(1)	(21)	(22)	1	0
Pay	3-Month USD-LIBOR	1.867		01/26/2052		100	(1)	(20)	(21)	1	0
Receive	3-Month ZAR-JIBAR	7.250	Quarterly	09/19/2023	ZAR	22,200	(117)	108	(9)	0	0
Receive	3-Month ZAR-JIBAR	8.000	Quarterly	03/15/2024		1,300	(9)	8	(1)	0	0
Receive	3-Month ZAR-JIBAR	8.250	Quarterly	03/15/2024		4,800	(36)	30	(6)	0	0
Pay	3-Month ZAR-JIBAR 3-Month ZAR-JIBAR	4.850 4.848	Quarterly Quarterly	01/07/2026 01/11/2026		1,700 5,100	0 (1)	(9) (27)	(9) (28)	0	0
Pay Pay	3-Month ZAR-JIBAR	4.915	Quarterly	02/01/2026		4,000	(1)	(21)	(22)	0	0
Receive	3-Month ZAR-JIBAR	5.970	Quarterly	03/10/2026		200	0	1	1	0	0
Pay	3-Month ZAR-JIBAR	7.750	Quarterly	09/19/2028		21,600	111	(155)	(44)	0	(4)
Pay	6-Month AUD-BBR-BBSW	2.750	Semi-Annual	06/17/2026	AUD	13,870	1,320	(1,735)	(415)	23	0
Pay	6-Month AUD-BBR-BBSW 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR	3.000 0.453	Semi-Annual Annual	03/21/2027 12/29/2023	EUR	1,090 100	126 0	(149) 3	(23)	2	0
Receive Receive	6-Month EUR-EURIBOR	0.433	Annual	06/28/2024	EUN	100	0	4	4	0	(1)
Receive	6-Month EUR-EURIBOR	0.395	Annual	12/30/2024		100	0	5	5	0	(1)
Receive	6-Month EUR-EURIBOR	0.363	Annual	06/30/2025		100	0	6	6	0	(1)
Receive	6-Month EUR-EURIBOR	0.329	Annual	12/30/2025		100	0	7	7	0	(1)
Receive	6-Month EUR-EURIBOR	0.150	Annual	03/18/2030		1,800	(4)	300	296	0	(28)
Receive Receive ⁽⁵⁾	6-Month EUR-EURIBOR 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR	0.150 0.250	Annual Annual	06/17/2030 09/21/2032		700 4,300	(25) 404	129 424	104 828	0	(12) (74)
Receive	6-Month EUR-EURIBOR	0.250	Annual	03/18/2050		200	(13)	93	80	0	(5)
Receive	6-Month EUR-EURIBOR	0.500	Annual	06/17/2050		400	(63)	202	139	0	(10)
Pay	28-Day MXN-TIIE	7.875	Lunar	12/16/2022	MXN	1,800	6	(6)	0	0	0
Pay	28-Day MXN-TIIE	7.865	Lunar	12/27/2022		3,400	12	(13)	(1)	0	0
Pay	28-Day MXN-TIIE	7.880 7.640	Lunar Lunar	12/27/2022 01/03/2023		42,200 1,000	146 3	(156) (3)	(10) 0	0	0
Pay Pay	28-Day MXN-TIIE 28-Day MXN-TIIE	7.745	Lunar	01/05/2023		1,700	6	(7)	(1)	0	0
Pay	28-Day MXN-TIIE	7.610	Lunar	01/23/2023		9,500	31	(35)	(4)	0	0
Pay	28-Day MXN-TIIE	7.805	Lunar	02/06/2023		3,800	13	(15)	(2)	0	0
Pay	28-Day MXN-TIIE		Lunar	02/06/2023		3,900	14	(16)	(2)	0	0
Pay	28-Day MXN-TIIE	4.470	Lunar	02/27/2023		9,100	0	(14)	(14)	0	0
Pay Pay	28-Day MXN-TIIE 28-Day MXN-TIIE	4.520 4.550	Lunar Lunar	02/27/2023 02/27/2023		18,300 57,300	0 2	(29) (91)	(29) (89)	0	0
Pay	28-Day MXN-TIIE	4.560	Lunar	02/27/2023		9,000	0	(14)	(14)	0	0
Pay	28-Day MXN-TIIE	4.565	Lunar	02/27/2023		9,100	0	(14)	(14)	0	0
Pay	28-Day MXN-TIIE	4.500	Lunar	03/03/2023		26,200	0	(42)	(42)	0	0
Receive	28-Day MXN-TIIE	8.320	Lunar	03/30/2023		214,050	0	77	77	0	(2)
Pay	28-Day MXN-TIIE 28-Day MXN-TIIE	7.700 5.795	Lunar Lunar	05/02/2023 06/02/2023		2,500 2,900	9 4	(11) (9)	(2) (5)	0	0
Pay Pay	28-Day MXN-TIIE	6.350	Lunar	09/01/2023		900	2	(4)	(2)	0	0
Receive	28-Day MXN-TIIE	8.675	Lunar	04/03/2024		21,700	0	15	15	0	(2)
Receive	28-Day MXN-TIIE	8.660	Lunar	04/04/2024		9,100	0	7	7	0	(1)
Receive	28-Day MXN-TIIE	8.750	Lunar	04/05/2024		7,700	0	4	4	0	(1)
Pay	28-Day MXN-TIIE	5.160	Lunar	06/06/2025		6,100	3	(36)	(33)	1	0
Pay Pay	28-Day MXN-TIIE 28-Day MXN-TIIE	5.950 6.080	Lunar Lunar	01/30/2026 03/10/2026		3,000 12,400	6 28	(21) (88)	(15) (60)	0 2	0
Pay Pay	28-Day MXN-TIIE	6.490	Lunar	09/08/2026		3,800	12	(29)	(17)	1	0
Pay	28-Day MXN-TIIE	7.380	Lunar	11/04/2026		200	1	(2)	(1)	0	0
Pay	28-Day MXN-TIIE	7.865	Lunar	02/02/2027		9,000	61	(81)	(20)	2	0
Pay	28-Day MXN-TIIE	8.010	Lunar	02/04/2027		2,900	21	(27)	(6)	1	0
Pay	28-Day MXN-TIIE	7.818	Lunar	02/17/2027		5,200	35	(47)	(12)	1	(1)
Receive Receive	28-Day MXN-TIIE 28-Day MXN-TIIE	8.410 8.730	Lunar Lunar	03/31/2027 04/06/2027		2,600 3,200	0	3 2	3 2	0	(1) (1)
Pay	28-Day MXN-TIIE	5.535	Lunar	05/04/2027		12,100	9	(92)	(83)	2	0
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Pay/Receive		Fixed	Payment	Unreali Maturity Notional Premiums Apprecia		realized	ı.	/larket		Variati	on M	argin			
Floating Rate	Floating Rate Index	Rate	Frequency	Date		nount	(Received)		reciation)		Value	A	sset	L	iability
Pay	28-Day MXN-TIIE	7.150%	Lunar	06/11/2027	MXN	26,500	\$ 134	\$	(231)	\$	(97)	\$	5	\$	0
Pay	28-Day MXN-TIIE	7.200	Lunar	06/11/2027		2,900	15		(25)		(10)		1		0
Pay	28-Day MXN-TIIE	7.370	Lunar	10/11/2027		7,300	41		(66)		(25)		2		0
Receive	28-Day MXN-TIIE	7.984	Lunar	12/10/2027		3,300	(25)		32		7		0		(1)
Receive	28-Day MXN-TIIE	7.990	Lunar	12/21/2027		100	(1)		1		0		0		0
Receive	28-Day MXN-TIIE	8.005	Lunar	12/21/2027		18,900	(142)		181		39		0		(4)
Receive	28-Day MXN-TIIE	8.030	Lunar	01/31/2028		300	(2)		3		1		0		0
Receive	28-Day MXN-TIIE	8.050	Lunar	01/31/2028		2,100	(16)		20		4		0		(1)
Receive	28-Day MXN-TIIE	7.495	Lunar	01/14/2032		1,600	7		0		7		0		(1)
Receive	28-Day MXN-TIIE	7.498	Lunar	01/15/2032		6,700	27		3		30		0		(2)
Receive	28-Day MXN-TIIE	8.732	Lunar	03/30/2032		1,600	0		1		1		0		(1)
Receive	28-Day MXN-TIIE	8.701	Lunar	03/31/2032		3,900	0		2		2		0		(1)
Pay	28-Day MXN-TIIE	7.480	Lunar	06/18/2037		1,500	10		(19)		(9)		1		0
Receive	28-Day MXN-TIIE	7.380	Lunar	08/14/2037		400	(2)		5		3		0		0
Pay	28-Day MXN-TIIE	7.360	Lunar	08/21/2037		1,500	9		(19)		(10)		1		0
Receive	28-Day MXN-TIIE	8.103	Lunar	01/04/2038		3,100	(31)		43		12		0		(1)
Pay	UKRPI	4.000	Maturity	09/15/2031	GBP	300	0		(28)		(28)		1		0
Pay	UKRPI	4.055	Maturity	09/15/2031		400	2		(37)		(35)		2		0
Pay	UKRPI	4.066	Maturity	09/15/2031		700	(9)		(50)		(59)		3		0
Pay	UKRPI	4.020	Maturity	10/15/2031		400	(2)		(34)		(36)		2		0
Pay	UKRPI	4.140	Maturity	10/15/2031		1,000	(3)		(70)		(73)		5		0
Pay	UKRPI	4.400	Maturity	10/15/2031		500	4		(22)		(18)		3		0
Pay	UKRPI	4.250	Maturity	11/15/2031		900	(8)		(40)		(48)		5		0
							\$ (5,386)	\$	12,468	\$	7,082	\$	622	\$	(1,234)
Total Swap A	Agreements						\$ (3,793)	\$	7,791	\$	3,998	\$	623	\$	(1,392)

FINANCIAL DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS: EXCHANGE-TRADED OR CENTRALLY CLEARED SUMMARY

The following is a summary of the market value and variation margin of Exchange-Traded or Centrally Cleared Financial Derivative Instruments as of June 30, 2022:

	F	inancial Der	ivative Assets		Fi			
		Variati	on Margin				on Margin	
	Market Value		Asset		Market Value	Lia	bility	
	Purchased		Swap		Written		Swap	
	Options	Futures	Agreements	Total	Options	Futures	Agreements	Total
Total Exchange-Traded or Centrally Cleared	\$ 0	\$ 568	\$ 623	\$ 1,191	\$ (85)	\$ (280)	\$ (1,392)	\$ (1,757)

- (I) Securities with an aggregate market value of \$4,808 and cash of \$7,023 have been pledged as collateral for exchange-traded and centrally cleared financial derivative instruments as of June 30, 2022. See Note 8, Master Netting Arrangements, in the Notes to Financial Statements for more information.
- (1) If the Portfolio is a seller of protection and a credit event occurs, as defined under the terms of that particular swap agreement, the Portfolio will either (i) pay to the buyer of protection an amount equal to the notional amount of the swap and take delivery of the referenced obligation or underlying securities comprising the referenced index or (ii) pay a net settlement amount in the form of cash, securities or other deliverable obligations equal to the notional amount of the swap less the recovery value of the referenced obligation or underlying securities comprising the referenced index.
- (2) Implied credit spreads, represented in absolute terms, utilized in determining the market value of credit default swap agreements on sovereign issues as of period end serve as indicators of the current status of the payment/performance risk and represent the likelihood or risk of default for the credit derivative. The implied credit spread of a particular referenced entity reflects the cost of buying/selling protection and may include upfront payments required to be made to enter into the agreement. Wider credit spreads represent a deterioration of the referenced entity's credit soundness and a greater likelihood or risk of default or other credit event occurring as defined under the terms of the agreement.
- (3) The maximum potential amount the Portfolio could be required to pay as a seller of credit protection or receive as a buyer of credit protection if a credit event occurs as defined under the terms of that particular swap agreement.
- (4) The prices and resulting values for credit default swap agreements serve as indicators of the current status of the payment/performance risk and represent the likelihood of an expected liability (or profit) for the credit derivative should the notional amount of the swap agreement be closed/sold as of the period end. Increasing market values, in absolute terms when compared to the notional amount of the swap, represent a deterioration of the underlying referenced instrument's credit soundness and a greater likelihood or risk of default or other credit event occurring as defined under the terms of the agreement.
- (5) This instrument has a forward starting effective date. See Note 2, Securities Transactions and Investment Income, in the Notes to Financial Statements for further information.

24 PIMCO VARIABLE INSURANCE TRUST See Accompanying Notes

(m) FINANCIAL DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS: OVER THE COUNTER

FORWARD FOREIGN CURRENCY CONTRACTS:

	Settlement	Curi	ency to	C.	irrency to		Appreciation/ eciation)
Counterparty	Month		elivered		Received	Asset	Liability
BOA	07/2022 07/2022 07/2022 07/2022 07/2022 07/2022 08/2022 08/2022 08/2022 08/2022 08/2022	AUD GBP PEN \$ ZAR MXN PEN \$	165 14,164 2,273 689 231 1,816 2,403 1,312 1,693 629 71 6,360	PEN ZAR \$ IDR NOK RUB \$	119 17,909 564 2,606 3,718 118 118 333 24,927,575 5,985 11,065 401	\$ 5 667 0 0 0 7 0 0 0 0 0	\$ 0 0 (29) (9) (3) 0 0 (9) (27) (20) 0
BPS	07/2022 07/2022 07/2022 07/2022 07/2022 07/2022 07/2022 07/2022 07/2022 08/2022 08/2022 08/2022 08/2022 08/2022 08/2022 08/2022 08/2022 08/2022 10/2022 11/2022	BRL EUR JPY MXN \$ EUR GBP \$ ZAR \$ PEN ZAR	36,261 283 134,800 96,650 6,923 21,111 1,295 589 4,747 18,716 10,814 6,978 475 242 15,286 4,738 2,422 7,529	BRL EUR GBP JPY MXN \$ BRL CAD IDR \$ MXN	7,033 296 1,020 4,809 36,262 20,062 1,044 79,100 99,301 19,721 13,139 36,261 614 3,567,980 957 96,650 593 469	104 0 27 3 6 0 3 0 191 72 0 0 2 2 5 0	0 0 0 0 0 (87) (27) (6) 0 0 (31) (108) 0 (4) 0 0 0 (33)
BRC	07/2022 08/2022 08/2022 11/2022	\$ ZAR	3,581 265 1,101 2,992	GBP IDR NOK \$	2,935 3,925,570 10,770 186	3 0 0 5	(12) (3) (6) 0
СВК	07/2022 07/2022 07/2022 08/2022 08/2022 11/2022 12/2022 02/2023 04/2023	GBP PEN \$ PEN \$ PEN ZAR PEN	629 27 311 742 384 167 1,042 6,930 61	PEN \$ PEN	790 7 1,220 196 1,449 664 269 419	24 0 10 3 0 4 1 2	0 0 (3) 0 (7) 0 0
GLM	07/2022 07/2022 07/2022 07/2022 08/2022 10/2022 11/2022 12/2022 05/2023	BRL MXN \$ MXN \$ ZAR \$ ZAR	36,261 2,650 7,299 92 160 512 533 3,274 3,068 4,131	BRL PEN \$ RUB \$ MXN	6,923 128 36,261 345 603 25 50,933 204 62,497 247	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 281 5 0	(6) (4) (370) (2) (4) 0 0 0 (58)
HUS	07/2022 07/2022 07/2022 07/2022 08/2022 08/2022 08/2022 08/2022 08/2022 05/2023	AUD EUR \$ CNH MXN \$	3,776 19,493 2,742 4,386 448 7,214 2,298 920 751 313	AUD JPY \$ AUD CLP IDR \$	2,615 21,021 3,941 582,400 67 352 3,336 770,608 11,004,769 47	14 594 0 0 0 0 0 5 0	(5) 0 (22) (94) 0 (4) 0 (86) (15)
MYI	08/2022 08/2022	TWD \$	16,114 867	IDR	547 12,793,280	4 0	0 (13)

	Settlement	Curr	ency to	Curre	ency to	Uı	nrealized <i>l</i> Depre)	Apprecia ciation)	
Counterparty	Month		elivered		eceived	A	sset	Li	ability
	08/2022	\$	16	INR	1,269	\$	0	\$	0
RBC	08/2022		1,678	CAD	2,171		9		0
	09/2022		114	MXN	2,348		1		0
SCX	07/2022	PEN	27	\$	7		0		0
	07/2022	\$	64	PEN	239		0		(1)
	08/2022	CNH	552	\$	82		0		0
	08/2022	TWD	20,823		703		1		0
	09/2022	ZAR	2,284		148		8		0
Total Forward Foreign	Currency Contracts					\$	2,240	\$	(1,108)

WRITTEN OPTIONS:

CREDIT	BEEALILE	CIALAD		LOBEBIE	
4.420100	DEFAULT	SWAR	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I		

Counterparty	Description	Buy/Sell Protection	Exercise Rate	Expiration Date	Notional Amount ⁽¹⁾	Premiums (Received)	Market Value
ВОА	Put - OTC CDX.IG-38 5-Year Index Put - OTC iTraxx Europe 37 5-Year Index	Sell Sell	1.200% 1.400	07/20/2022 08/17/2022	800 3,200	\$ (1) (9)	\$ (1) (11)
BPS	Put - OTC CDX.IG-37 5-Year Index	Sell	1.200	07/20/2022	900	(1)	0
BRC	Put - OTC iTraxx Europe 36 5-Year Index Put - OTC iTraxx Europe 37 5-Year Index	Sell Sell	1.200 1.600	07/20/2022 08/17/2022	400 400	(2) (1)	(1) (1)
CBK	Put - OTC CDX.IG-38 5-Year Index	Sell	1.200	07/20/2022	400	(1)	0
GST	Put - OTC CDX.IG-38 5-Year Index	Sell	1.300	08/17/2022	800	(2)	(1)
MYC	Put - OTC CDX.IG-38 5-Year Index Put - OTC CDX.IG-38 5-Year Index	Sell Sell	1.250 1.350	07/20/2022 08/17/2022	400 800	(1) (2)	0 (1)
						\$ (20)	\$ (16)

INTEREST RATE SWAPTIONS

Counterparty	Description	Floating Rate Index	Pay/Receive Floating Rate	Exercise Rate	Expiration Date	Notional Amount ⁽¹⁾	Premiums (Received)	Market Value
ВОА	Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap	3-Month USD-LIBOR	Receive	2.150%	12/01/2023	1,300	\$ (4)	\$ (5)
	Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap	3-Month USD-LIBOR	Pay	3.650	12/01/2023	1,300	(4)	(4)
BPS	Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap	6-Month EUR-EURIBOR	Receive	0.550	04/11/2023	600	(1)	0
	Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap	6-Month EUR-EURIBOR	Pay	2.100	04/11/2023	600	(2)	(2)
	Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap	6-Month EUR-EURIBOR	Receive	0.700	04/28/2023	1,500	(3)	(1)
	Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap	6-Month EUR-EURIBOR	Pay	2.250	04/28/2023	1,500	(3)	(5)
CBK	Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap	3-Month USD-LIBOR	Receive	2.690	04/02/2024	300	(2)	(2)
	Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap	3-Month USD-LIBOR	Pay	2.690	04/02/2024	300	(2)	(2)
	Call - OTC 5-Year Interest Rate Swap	3-Month USD-LIBOR	Receive	1.755	09/30/2022	1,100	(7)	(1)
	Put - OTC 5-Year Interest Rate Swap	3-Month USD-LIBOR	Pay	2.955	09/30/2022	1,100	(8)	(11)
FAR	Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap	3-Month USD-LIBOR	Receive	2.688	04/02/2024	700	(5)	(5)
	Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap	3-Month USD-LIBOR	Pay	2.688	04/02/2024	700	(5)	(5)
	Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap	3-Month USD-LIBOR	Receive	2.781	04/05/2024	1,100	(8)	(8)
	Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap	3-Month USD-LIBOR	Pay	2.781	04/05/2024	1,100	(8)	(7)
GLM	Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap	3-Month USD-LIBOR	Receive Receive Pay Receive	0.870 1.270 1.270 2.920 2.920 3.018 3.018 3.140 3.140 3.190 3.225 3.225 2.973 2.973 2.841 2.841 3.088 3.088 2.910	11/02/2022 11/02/2022 11/02/2022 10/13/2023 10/13/2023 10/20/2023 10/23/2023 10/23/2023 10/23/2023 10/23/2023 10/23/2023 10/23/2023 10/25/2023 10/25/2023 10/27/2023 11/03/2023 11/03/2023	46,400 7,800 38,600 800 800 600 600 600 600 600 600 600	(94) 0 (78) (5) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4	(1) 0 (885) (6) (5) (3) (5) (3) (5) (3) (4) (4) (4) (5) (3) (4)

Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.150 11/17/2023 1,300 (5) (6) (7) (8) (8) (8) (9) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1	Counterparty	Description	Floating Rate Index	Pay/Receive Floating Rate	Exercise Rate	Expiration Date	Notional Amount ⁽¹⁾	Premiums (Received)	Market Value
Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 3.750 11/17/2023 1,300 (5) (5) (6) (6) (7) (6) (7) (7) (7) (8) (7) (8) (7) (8) (7) (8) (T (' ')	
Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.550 12/07/2023 1,300 (4) (6) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.550 12/07/2023 1,300 (4) (6) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.697 04/02/2024 1,300 (10) (6) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.697 04/02/2024 1,300 (10) (6) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.697 04/02/2024 1,300 (10) (6) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.697 04/02/2024 1,300 (10) (6) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.697 04/02/2024 1,300 (10) (6) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.721 04/08/2024 600 (5) (6) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 0.550 04/05/2023 1,600 (3) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 04/05/2023 1,600 (3) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 04/05/2023 1,600 (3) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 04/11/2023 2,700 (5) (6) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.250 04/24/2033 1,600 (2) (5) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.250 04/24/2033 1,600 (5) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.250 04/26/2033 1,500 (3) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.250 04/26/2033 1,500 (3) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.250 04/26/2033 1,500 (3) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.293 10/11/2033 1,500 (3) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.293 10/11/2033 1,500 (3) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.293 10/11/2033 1,000 (6) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.293 10/11/2033 1,000 (6) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.295 10/				Receive				(5)	(5)
Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap S-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.590 12/07/2023 1,300 (4) (6) (6) (7) (8) (8) (8) (8) (9) (9) (9) (9) (1-1) (1-									(4)
Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.50 12/07/2023 1,300 (4) (6) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.697 0.4/02/2024 1,300 (10) (6) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.697 0.4/02/2024 1,300 (10) (6) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.697 0.4/02/2024 1,300 (10) (6) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.771 0.4/08/2024 600 (5) (6) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 0.771 0.4/08/2024 600 (5) (6) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 0.550 0.4/08/2023 1,600 (3) (6) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 0.4/08/2023 1,600 (3) (6) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 0.4/11/2023 2,700 (5) (1) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 0.4/11/2023 2,700 (5) (1) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.250 0.4/24/2023 1,600 (2) (6) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.250 0.4/24/2023 1,600 (5) (6) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.250 0.4/24/2023 1,500 (3) (6) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.250 0.4/24/2023 1,500 (3) (6) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.250 0.4/26/2023 1,500 (3) (6) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.250 0.4/26/2023 1,500 (3) (6) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.250 0.4/26/2023 1,500 (3) (6) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.993 10/11/2023 700 (5) (6) NGF Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.100 0.5/15/2023 1,500 (3) (6) (7) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 3.000 11/06/2023 1,000 (6) (7) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 3.000 11/06/2023 1,000 (6) (6) (7) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap A-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 3.000 11/06/2023 1,000 ((5)	(5)
Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.697 04/02/2024 1,300 (10) (10) (10) (11)									(4)
Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.697 04/02/2024 1,300 (10) (10) (10) (11)									(6)
Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.697 04/02/2024 1,300 (10) (10) (10) (11)									(4)
Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.721 04/08/2024 600 (5) (6) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.721 04/08/2024 600 (5) (6) (7) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 04/05/2023 1,600 (3) (1) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 04/05/2023 1,600 (3) (1) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 04/11/2023 2,700 (5) (1) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 04/11/2023 2,700 (5) (1) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.250 04/24/2023 1,600 (2) (2) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.250 04/24/2023 1,600 (5) (6) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.250 04/26/2023 1,500 (3) (6) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.250 04/26/2023 1,500 (3) (6) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.250 04/26/2023 1,500 (3) (6) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.250 04/26/2023 1,500 (3) (6) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.250 04/26/2023 1,500 (3) (6) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.293 10/11/2023 700 (5) (6) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.293 10/11/2023 700 (5) (6) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.293 11/06/2023 1,000 (6) (6) (7) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.285 11/13/2023 1,000 (6) (7) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.285 04/08/2024 800 (6) (7) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.285 04/08/2024 800 (6) (6)									(9)
Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.721 04/08/2024 600 (5) (6) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 04/05/2023 1,600 (3) (1) (3) (3) (3) (4) (4) (4) (5) (4)									(9)
Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 04/05/2023 1,600 (3) (1) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 04/11/2023 2,700 (5) (1) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 04/11/2023 2,700 (5) (1) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.700 04/24/2023 1,600 (2) (2) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.250 04/24/2023 1,600 (2) (2) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.250 04/24/2023 1,500 (3) (3) (3) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.250 04/26/2023 1,500 (3) (3) (3) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.250 04/26/2023 1,500 (3) (3) (3) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 05/15/2023 1,500 (3) (3) (3) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 05/15/2023 1,500 (3) (3) (4) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.100 05/15/2023 1,500 (3) (4) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.993 10/11/2023 700 (5) (6) (6) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.993 10/11/2023 700 (5) (6) (6) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 3.020 11/06/2023 1,000 (6) (6) (7) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 3.020 11/06/2023 1,000 (6) (7) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.845 11/13/2023 1,000 (6) (7) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.845 11/13/2023 1,000 (6) (7) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.845 11/13/2023 1,000 (6) (7) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.845 11/13/2023 1,000 (6) (7) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.835 04/08/2024								(5)	(4)
Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 04/05/2023 1,600 (3) (1) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 04/11/2023 2,700 (5) (1) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 04/11/2023 2,700 (5) (1) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.700 04/24/2023 1,600 (2) (2) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.250 04/24/2023 1,600 (2) (2) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.250 04/24/2023 1,500 (3) (3) (3) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.250 04/26/2023 1,500 (3) (3) (3) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.250 04/26/2023 1,500 (3) (3) (3) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 05/15/2023 1,500 (3) (3) (3) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 05/15/2023 1,500 (3) (3) (4) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.100 05/15/2023 1,500 (3) (4) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.993 10/11/2023 700 (5) (6) (6) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.993 10/11/2023 700 (5) (6) (6) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 3.020 11/06/2023 1,000 (6) (6) (7) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 3.020 11/06/2023 1,000 (6) (7) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.845 11/13/2023 1,000 (6) (7) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.845 11/13/2023 1,000 (6) (7) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.845 11/13/2023 1,000 (6) (7) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.845 11/13/2023 1,000 (6) (7) OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.835 04/08/2024									(4)
Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap									(1)
Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap G-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 04/11/2023 2,700 (5) (10 Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap G-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.700 04/24/2023 1,600 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (3) (3) (4) ((6)
Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap								(5)	(2)
Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.250 04/24/2023 1,600 (5) (1)									(10)
Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.700 04/26/2023 1,500 (3) (3) (2) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.250 04/26/2023 1,500 (3) (3) (4) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.250 04/26/2023 1,500 (3) (4) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 05/15/2023 1,500 (3) (6) (6) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.993 10/11/2023 700 (5) (6) (6) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.993 10/11/2023 700 (5) (6) (6) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.993 10/11/2023 700 (5) (6) (6) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 3.020 11/06/2023 1,000 (6) (6) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 3.020 11/06/2023 1,000 (6) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 3.020 11/06/2023 1,000 (6) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.845 11/13/2023 1,000 (6) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.845 11/13/2023 1,000 (6) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.845 11/13/2023 1,000 (6) (6) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.845 11/13/2023 1,000 (6) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.845 11/13/2023 1,000 (6) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.855 04/08/2024 800 (6) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.855 04/08/2024 800 (6) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.835 04/08/2024 800 (6) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 04/03/2023 4,800 (9) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 04/03/2023 4,800 (10) (10) (11) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 04/03/2023 2,400 (5) (5) (10) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 04/04/2023 2,200 (5) (5) (5) (5) (6) Put - OTC 1								(2)	(1)
Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.250 04/26/2023 1,500 (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (4)									(5)
Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 05/15/2023 1,500 (3) (6) (7) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1									(1)
MYC Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.993 10/11/2023 700 (5) (6) NGF Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 3.020 11/06/2023 1,000 (6) (6) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 3.020 11/06/2023 1,000 (6) (7) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 3.020 11/06/2023 1,000 (6) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.845 11/13/2023 1,000 (6) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.845 11/13/2023 1,000 (6) (6) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.785 04/08/2024 800 (6) (6) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.785 04/08/2024 800 (6) (6) Call - OTC 1-Y									(5)
MYC Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.993 10/11/2023 700 (5) (6) NGF Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 3.020 11/06/2023 1,000 (6) (6) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 3.020 11/06/2023 1,000 (6) (7) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 3.020 11/06/2023 1,000 (6) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.845 11/13/2023 1,000 (6) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.845 11/13/2023 1,000 (6) (6) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.785 04/08/2024 800 (6) (6) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.785 04/08/2024 800 (6) (6) Call - OTC 1-Y									(1)
Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.993 10/11/2023 700 (5) (6) (7) (6) (7) (7) (7) (7) (8) (8) (8) (8) (9) (9) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1		Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap	6-Month EUR-EURIBOR	Pay	2.100		1,500	(3)	
NGF Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 3.020 11/06/2023 1,000 (6) (6) (7) (6) (7	MYC			Receive					(5)
Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.845 11/13/2023 1,000 (6) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.845 11/13/2023 1,000 (6) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.845 11/13/2023 1,000 (6) (7) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.785 04/08/2024 800 (6) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.785 04/08/2024 800 (6) (7) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.835 04/08/2024 800 (6) (7) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.835 04/08/2024 800 (6) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.835 04/08/2024 800 (6) (7) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 04/03/2023 4,800 (9) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 04/03/2023 4,800 (10) (13) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 04/04/2023 2,400 (5) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 05/12/2023 2,200 (5) (5) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 05/12/2023 2,200 (5) (5)		Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap	3-Month USD-LIBOR	Pay	2.993	10/11/2023	700		(4)
Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.845 11/13/2023 1,000 (6) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.845 11/13/2023 1,000 (6) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.845 11/13/2023 1,000 (6) (7) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.785 04/08/2024 800 (6) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.785 04/08/2024 800 (6) (7) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.835 04/08/2024 800 (6) (7) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.835 04/08/2024 800 (6) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.835 04/08/2024 800 (6) (7) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 04/03/2023 4,800 (9) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 04/03/2023 4,800 (10) (13) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 04/04/2023 2,400 (5) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 05/12/2023 2,200 (5) (5) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 05/12/2023 2,200 (5) (5)	NGF	Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap	3-Month USD-LIBOR	Receive	3.020	11/06/2023	1,000	(6)	(8)
Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.845 11/13/2023 1,000 (6) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.845 11/13/2023 1,000 (6) (6) (6) (7) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.785 04/08/2024 800 (6) (7) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.835 04/08/2024 800 (6) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.835 04/08/2024 800 (6) (7) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.835 04/08/2024 800 (6) (7) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 04/08/2024 800 (6) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 04/03/2023 4,800 (9) (7) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 04/		Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap	3-Month USD-LIBOR	Pay	3.020	11/06/2023	1,000	(6)	(5)
Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.785 04/08/2024 800 (6) (6) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.785 04/08/2024 800 (6) (7) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.835 04/08/2024 800 (6) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.835 04/08/2024 800 (6) (7) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 04/08/2024 800 (6) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 04/03/2023 4,800 (9) (7) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 04/04/2023 2,400 (5) (6) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 04/04/2023 2,400 (5) (5) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 05/12/2023 2,200		Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap	3-Month USD-LIBOR	Receive	2.845	11/13/2023	1,000	(6)	(7)
Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.785 04/08/2024 800 (6) (6) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.785 04/08/2024 800 (6) (7) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.835 04/08/2024 800 (6) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.835 04/08/2024 800 (6) (7) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 04/08/2024 800 (6) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 04/03/2023 4,800 (9) (7) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 04/04/2023 2,400 (5) (6) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 04/04/2023 2,400 (5) (5) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 05/12/2023 2,200		Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap	3-Month USD-LIBOR	Pay	2.845	11/13/2023	1,000	(6)	(6)
Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.835 04/08/2024 800 (6) (6) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.835 04/08/2024 800 (6) (9) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 04/03/2023 4,800 (9) (2) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 04/03/2023 4,800 (10) (18) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 04/04/2023 2,400 (5) (9) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 04/04/2023 2,400 (5) (9) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 05/12/2023 2,200 (3) (9) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 05/12/2023 2,200 (5) (9)		Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap	3-Month USD-LIBOR	Receive	2.785	04/08/2024	800		(6)
Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Receive 2.835 04/08/2024 800 (6) (6) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.835 04/08/2024 800 (6) (9) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 04/03/2023 4,800 (9) (2) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 04/03/2023 4,800 (10) (18) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 04/04/2023 2,400 (5) (9) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 04/04/2023 2,400 (5) (9) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 05/12/2023 2,200 (3) (9) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 05/12/2023 2,200 (5) (9)		Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap	3-Month USD-LIBOR	Pay	2.785		800	(6)	(5)
Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 3-Month USD-LIBOR Pay 2.835 04/08/2024 800 (6) (1) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 04/03/2023 4,800 (9) (2) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 04/03/2023 4,800 (10) (13) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 04/04/2023 2,400 (5) (5) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 05/12/2023 2,200 (3) (5) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 05/12/2023 2,200 (5) (5)		Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap	3-Month USD-LIBOR	Receive	2.835	04/08/2024	800	(6)	(6)
Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 04/03/2023 4,800 (10) (18 Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 04/04/2023 2,400 (5) (7 Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 04/04/2023 2,400 (5) (5) (5) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 05/12/2023 2,200 (3) (6) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 05/12/2023 2,200 (5) (5)		Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap	3-Month USD-LIBOR	Pay	2.835	04/08/2024	800		(5)
Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 04/04/2023 2,400 (5) (Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 04/04/2023 2,400 (5) (5) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 05/12/2023 2,200 (3) (Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 05/12/2023 2,200 (5) (5)		Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap		Receive	0.550			(9)	(3)
Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 04/04/2023 2,400 (5) (5) Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 05/12/2023 2,200 (3) (7) Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 05/12/2023 2,200 (5) (5)			6-Month EUR-EURIBOR	Pay	2.100	04/03/2023	4,800	(10)	(18)
Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 05/12/2023 2,200 (3) (Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 05/12/2023 2,200 (5) (5)				Receive					(1)
Call - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Receive 0.550 05/12/2023 2,200 (3) (Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap 6-Month EUR-EURIBOR Pay 2.100 05/12/2023 2,200 (5) (5)									(9)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									(1)
\$ (496) \$ (1,20)		Put - OTC 1-Year Interest Rate Swap	6-Month EUR-EURIBOR	Pay	2.100	05/12/2023	2,200	(5)	(9)
								\$ (496)	\$ (1,207)

Counterparty	Description		rike rice	Expiration Date	Notional Amount ⁽¹⁾	emiums ceived)	-	Market Value
ВОА	Call - OTC Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security, TBA 3.000% due 09/01/2052 Call - OTC Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security, TBA 3.000% due 09/01/2052 Call - OTC Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security, TBA 3.000% due 09/01/2052 Put - OTC Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security, TBA 4.000% due 07/01/2052 Put - OTC Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security, TBA 4.000% due 07/01/2052	9. 9. 9.	93.563 94.438 94.703 98.297 99.141	09/07/2022 09/07/2022 09/07/2022 07/07/2022 07/07/2022	500 500 400 500 700	\$ (4) (3) (2) (3) (5)	\$	(5) (3) (2) (1) (4)
SAL	Put - OTC Fannie Mae, TBA 4.500% due 09/01/2052 Put - OTC Fannie Mae, TBA 4.500% due 09/01/2052 Call - OTC Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security, TBA 3.000% due 09/01/2052 Put - OTC Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security, TBA 4.500% due 07/01/2052	9	99.406 99.656 94.688 99.563	09/07/2022 09/07/2022 09/07/2022 07/07/2022	500 500 300 500	(2) (2) (2) (2)		(4) (4) (2) 0
						\$ (25)	\$	(25)
Total Written	Options					\$ (541)	\$	(1,248)

SWAP AGREEMENTS:

CREDIT DEFAULT SWAPS ON SOVEREIGN ISSUES - SELL PROTECTION⁽²⁾

		Fixed	Implied Fixed Payment Maturity Credit Spread at Notional Premiums							greements, /alue ⁽⁵⁾
Counterparty	Reference Entity	Receive Rate	Frequency	Date	June 30, 2022 ⁽³⁾	Amount(4)	Paid/(Received)	Appreciation/ (Depreciation)	Asset	Liability
BPS	Brazil Government International Bond Colombia Government International Bond	1.000% 1.000	Quarterly Quarterly	12/20/2022 06/20/2027	0.877% 2.912	\$ 900 300	\$ (40) (14)	\$ 41 (11)	\$ 1 0	\$ 0 (25)
BRC	Colombia Government International Bond Turkey Government International Bond Turkey Government International Bond Turkey Government International Bond	1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000	Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly	12/20/2026 12/20/2023 06/21/2024 12/20/2024	2.726 9.159 9.231 9.043	200 400 400 540	(9) (28) (36) (70)	(5) (15) (21) (20)	0 0 0	(14) (43) (57) (90)

See Accompanying Notes SEMIANNUAL REPORT | JUNE 30, 2022 27

		Fixed	Payment	Maturity	Implied Credit Spread at	Notional	Premiums	Unrealized Appreciation/		.greements, Value ⁽⁵⁾
Counterparty	Reference Entity	Receive Rate	Frequency	Date	June 30, 2022 ⁽³⁾	Amount ⁽⁴⁾	Paid/(Received)	(Depreciation)	Asset	Liability
СВК	Brazil Government International Bond Brazil Government International Bond Colombia Government International Bond Colombia Government International Bond	1.000% 1.000 1.000 1.000	Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly	12/20/2022 12/20/2024 12/20/2024 06/20/2027	0.877% 1.870 1.952 2.912	\$ 3,000 600 100 400	\$ (116) (10) 0 (14)	\$ 118 (2) (2) (19)	\$ 2 0 0 0	\$ 0 (12) (2) (33)
GST	Brazil Government International Bond Colombia Government International Bond Mexico Government International Bond Russia Government International Bond South Africa Government	1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000	Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly	12/20/2024 06/20/2027 12/20/2023 12/20/2022	1.870 2.912 0.965 N/A	400 600 300 2,930	(6) (25) (5) (64)	(2) (25) 5 (2,130)	0 0 0	(8) (50) 0 (2,194)
	International Bond Turkey Government International Bond Turkey Government International Bond	1.000 1.000 1.000	Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly	12/20/2026 06/21/2024 12/20/2024	3.013 9.231 9.043	100 200 300	(5) (19) (34)	(3) (9) (16)	0 0 0	(8) (28) (50)
MYC	Colombia Government International Bond Mexico Government International Bond South Africa Government International Bond	1.000 1.000 1.000	Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly	06/20/2027 06/20/2027 12/20/2026	2.912 1.751 3.013	700 200 700	(31) (1) (31)	(27) (6) (24)	0 0	(58) (7) (55)
NGF	South Africa Government International Bond		Quarterly	12/20/2023	2.075	300	(15)	10	0 \$ 3	(5)

CREDIT DEFAULT SWAPS ON CREDIT INDICES - SELL PROTECTION(2)

	Fixed Payment Maturity Notional	Premiums	Unrealized Appreciation/		Agreements, Value ⁽⁵⁾					
Counterparty	Index/Tranches	Receive Rate	Frequency	Date	Amount ⁽⁴⁾ Paid/(Received		(Depreciation)	Asset	et Liability	
FBF	CMBX.NA.AAA.12 Index	0.500%	Monthly	08/17/2061	\$ 155	\$ (1)	\$ (1)	\$ 0	\$ (2)	
GST	CMBX.NA.AAA.10 Index CMBX.NA.AAA.13 Index CMBX.NA.AAA.9 Index	0.500 0.500 0.500	Monthly Monthly Monthly	11/17/2059 12/16/2072 09/17/2058	11,700 15,100 11,457	(255) 23 (592)	213 (292) 582	0 0 0	(42) (269) (10)	
SAL	CMBX.NA.AAA.10 Index CMBX.NA.AAA.11 Index CMBX.NA.AAA.12 Index CMBX.NA.AAA.13 Index	0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500	0.500 Monthly 11/17/20 0.500 Monthly 11/18/20 0.500 Monthly 08/17/20		1,625 200 9,620 11,200	1 1 (39) 0	(7) (2) (66) (199)	0 0 0	(6) (1) (105) (199)	
						\$ (862)	\$ 228	\$ 0	\$ (634)	

INTEREST RATE SWAPS

Pay/Receive				Payment	Maturity	Notional	Premiums	Unrealized Appreciation/	Swap Agreements, at Value		
Counterparty	Floating Rate	Floating Rate Index	Fixed Rate	Frequency	Date	Amount	Paid/(Received)	(Depreciation)	Asset	Liability	
MYC	Pay	3-Month USD-LIBOR	2.900%	Annual	10/04/2027	\$ 5,100	\$ 0	\$ (46)	\$ 0	\$ (46)	

TOTAL RETURN SWAPS ON INTEREST RATE INDICES

					Pavment	Maturity	Notional	Premiums	Unrealized Appreciation/		greemer Value	nts,
Counterparty	Pay/Receive(6)	Underlying Reference	# of Units	Financing Rate	Frequency	Date	Amount	Paid/(Received)	(Depreciation)	Asset	Liabili	ity
BPS	Receive	iBoxx USD Liquid	N/A	1.044%								
		High Yield Index			Maturity	09/20/2022	\$ 100	\$ 0	\$ (4)	\$ 0	\$ ((4)
MYC	Receive	iBoxx USD Liquid	N/A	1.044%								
		High Yield Index			Maturity	09/20/2022	100	0	1	1		0
								\$ 0	\$ (3)	\$ 1	\$ ((4)

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TOTAL RETURN SWAPS ON SECURITIES

					Payment	Maturity	Notional	Pr	emiums		realized reciation/	on/at Valu		
Counterparty	Pay/Receive(6)	Underlying Reference	# of Shares	Financing Rate	Frequency	Date	Amount	Paid/	(Received)	(Dep	oreciation)	As	set	Liability
ВОА	Receive	iBoxx USD Investment Grade Corporate Bond ETF	6,454	(0.220)% (1-Month USD-LIBOR less a specified spread)	Monthly	10/17/2022	\$ 476	\$	0	\$	(1)	\$	0 \$	(1)
	Receive	iBoxx USD Investment Grade Corporate Bond ETF	3,226	(0.520)% (1-Month USD-LIBOR less a specified spread)	Monthly	10/17/2022	250		0		(13)		0	(13)
	Receive	iBoxx USD Investment Grade Corporate	3,666	0.280% (1-Month USD-LIBOR less a specified spread)	,				Ü		, ,			, ,
	Receive	Bond ETF iBoxx USD Investment Grade Corporate	3,667	(0.420)% (1-Month USD-LIBOR less a specified spread)	Monthly	12/01/2022	290		0		(19)		0	(19)
		Bond ETF			Monthly	12/15/2022	275		0		(5)		0	(5)
								\$	0	\$	(38)	\$	0 \$	(38)
Total Swap A	greements							\$	(1,435)	\$	(2,022)	\$	4 \$	(3,461)

FINANCIAL DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS: OVER THE COUNTER SUMMARY

The following is a summary by counterparty of the market value of OTC financial derivative instruments and collateral pledged/(received) as of June 30, 2022:

Financial Derivative Assets						inancial Deri	vative Liabilitie	s			
Counterparty	Forward Foreign Currency Contracts	Purchased Options	Swap Agreements	Total Over the Counter	Forward Foreign Currency Contracts	Written Options	Swap Agreements	Total Over the Counter	Net Market Value of OTC Derivatives	Collateral Pledged/ (Received)	Net Exposure ⁽⁷⁾
BOA	\$ 818	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 818	\$ (97)	\$ (36)	\$ (38)	\$ (171)	\$ 647	\$ (590)	\$ 57
BPS	447	0	1	448	(296)	(8)	(29)	(333)	115	0	115
BRC	8	0	0	8	(21)	(2)	(204)	(227)	(219)	0	(219)
CBK	44	0	2	46	(10)	(16)	(47)	(73)	(27)	0	(27)
FAR	0	0	0	0	0	(25)	0	(25)	(25)	0	(25)
FBF	0	0	0	0	0	0	(2)	(2)	(2)	0	(2)
GLM	287	0	0	287	(444)	(1,051)	0	(1,495)	(1,208)	1,381	(173)
GST	0	0	0	0	0	(1)	(2,659)	(2,660)	(2,660)	3,022	362
HUS	613	0	0	613	(226)	0	0	(226)	(387)	0	(387)
MBC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(290)	(290)
MYC	0	0	1	1	0	(10)	(166)	(176)	(175)	0	(175)
MYI	4	0	0	4	(13)	0	0	(13)	(9)	0	(9)
NGF	0	0	0	0	0	(89)	(5)	(94)	(94)	0	(94)
RBC	10	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	10	0	10
SAL	0	0	0	0	0	(10)	(311)	(321)	(321)	0	(321)
SCX	9	0	0	9	(1)	0	0	(1)	8	0	8
Total Over the Counter	\$ 2,240	\$ 0	\$ 4	\$ 2,244	\$ (1,108)	\$ (1,248)	\$ (3,461)	\$ (5,817)			

- (n) Securities with an aggregate market value of \$4,403 have been pledged as collateral under the terms of the above master agreements as of June 30, 2022.
- (1) Notional Amount represents the number of contracts.
- (2) If the Portfolio is a seller of protection and a credit event occurs, as defined under the terms of that particular swap agreement, the Portfolio will either (i) pay to the buyer of protection an amount equal to the notional amount of the swap and take delivery of the referenced obligation or underlying securities comprising the referenced index or (ii) pay a net settlement amount in the form of cash, securities or other deliverable obligations equal to the notional amount of the swap less the recovery value of the referenced obligation or underlying securities comprising the referenced index.
- (3) Implied credit spreads, represented in absolute terms, utilized in determining the market value of credit default swap agreements on sovereign issues as of period end serve as indicators of the current status of the payment/performance risk and represent the likelihood or risk of default for the credit derivative. The implied credit spread of a particular referenced entity reflects the cost of buying/selling protection and may include upfront payments required to be made to enter into the agreement. Wider credit spreads represent a deterioration of the referenced entity's credit soundness and a greater likelihood or risk of default or other credit event occurring as defined under the terms of the agreement. Under certain circumstances, implied credit spreads may not be applicable when the reference obligation or underlying security is distressed or in default (identified as "N/A") and, as such, the market value would serve as the indicator of the current status of the payment/performance risk and represent the likelihood or risk of default for the credit derivative.
- (4) The maximum potential amount the Portfolio could be required to pay as a seller of credit protection or receive as a buyer of credit protection if a credit event occurs as defined under the terms of that particular swap agreement.
- (5) The prices and resulting values for credit default swap agreements serve as indicators of the current status of the payment/performance risk and represent the likelihood of an expected liability (or profit) for the credit derivative should the notional amount of the swap agreement be closed/sold as of the period end. Increasing market values, in absolute terms when compared to the notional amount of the swap, represent a deterioration of the underlying referenced instrument's credit soundness and a greater likelihood or risk of default or other credit event occurring as defined under the terms of the agreement.

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- (6) Receive represents that the Portfolio receives payments for any positive net return on the underlying reference. The Portfolio makes payments for any negative net return on such underlying reference. Pay represents that the Portfolio receives payments for any negative net return on the underlying reference. The Portfolio makes payments for any positive net return on such underlying reference.
- (7) Net Exposure represents the net receivable/(payable) that would be due from/to the counterparty in the event of default. Exposure from OTC financial derivative instruments can only be netted across transactions governed under the same master agreement with the same legal entity. See Note 8, Master Netting Arrangements, in the Notes to Financial Statements for more information.

FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

The following is a summary of the fair valuation of the Portfolio's derivative instruments categorized by risk exposure. See Note 7, Principal and Other Risks, in the Notes to Financial Statements on risks of the Portfolio.

Fair Values of Financial Derivative Instruments on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of June 30, 2022:

	Derivatives not accounted for as hedging instruments											
	Commodity Contracts					Foreign Equity Exchange Contracts Contracts				nterest Contracts		Total
Financial Derivative Instruments - Assets Exchange-traded or centrally cleared												
Futures Swap Agreements	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	568 622	\$	568 623
	\$	0	\$	1	\$	0	\$	0	\$	1,190	\$	1,191
Over the counter												
Forward Foreign Currency Contracts Swap Agreements	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	2,240 0	\$	0	\$	2,240 4
	\$	0	\$	3	\$	0	\$	2,240	\$	1	\$	2,244
	\$	0	\$	4	\$	0	\$	2,240	\$	1,191	\$	3,435
Financial Derivative Instruments - Liabilities Exchange-traded or centrally cleared												
Written Options	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	85	\$	85
Futures		0		0		0		0		280		280
Swap Agreements		0		158		0		0		1,234		1,392
	\$	0	\$	158	\$	0	\$	0	\$	1,599	\$	1,757
Over the counter												
Forward Foreign Currency Contracts Written Options	\$	0	\$	0 16	\$	0	\$	1,108 0	\$	0 1,232	\$	1,108 1,248
Swap Agreements		0		3,373		38		0		50		3,461
	\$	0	\$	3,389	\$	38	\$	1,108	\$	1,282	\$	5,817
	\$	0	\$	3,547	\$	38	\$	1,108	\$	2,881	\$	7,574

The effect of Financial Derivative Instruments on the Statement of Operations for the period ended June 30, 2022:

	Derivatives not accounted for as hedging instruments												
	Foreign												
		Commodity Contracts		Credit Contracts		Equity Contracts		Exchange Contracts		Interest Rate Contracts		Total	
Net Realized Gain (Loss) on Financial Derivative In Exchange-traded or centrally cleared	struments												
Futures	\$ 0		\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	2,352	\$	2,352	
Swap Agreements	0			(759)		0		0		(46)		(805)	
	\$ 0		\$	(759)	\$	0	\$	0	\$	2,306	\$	1,547	
Over the counter													
Forward Foreign Currency Contracts	\$ 0		\$	0	\$	0	\$	5,063	\$	0	\$	5,063	
Purchased Options	0			0		0		0		4		4	
Written Options	0			119		0		0		(85)		34	
Swap Agreements	0			(804)		(143)		0		(4)		(951)	
	\$ 0		\$	(685)	\$	(143)	\$	5,063	\$	(85)	\$	4,150	
	\$ 0		\$ (1,444)	\$	(143)	\$	5,063	\$	2,221	\$	5,697	

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Derivatives not accounted for as hedging instruments											
Foreign											
Commodity Contracts		•		Equity Contracts		Exchange Contracts		Interest Rate Contracts			Total
n) on Fir	nancial De	rivativ	e Instrumen	ts							
\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	(45)	\$	(45)
	0		0		0		0		(432)		(432)
	0		(4,990)		0		0		7,792		2,802
\$	0	\$	(4,990)	\$	0	\$	0	\$	7,315	\$	2,325
\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	1,805	\$	0	\$	1,805
	0		0		0		0		2		2
	0		(26)		0		(2)		(806)		(834)
	0		(3,519)		(47)		0		(151)		(3,717)
\$	0	\$	(3,545)	\$	(47)	\$	1,803	\$	(955)	\$	(2,744)
\$	0	\$	(8,535)	\$	(47)	\$	1,803	\$	6,360	\$	(419)
	Cont	Contracts Cont	Contracts	Commodity Contracts	Commodity Credit Economic	Commodity Contracts Credit Contracts Equity Contracts n) on Financial Derivative Instruments \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0	Commodity Credit Equity Exemple	Commodity Contracts Credit Contracts Equity Contracts Foreign Exchange Contracts n) on Financial Derivative Instruments \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 (4,990) 0 \$ 0 \$ (4,990) \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ (4,990) \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 (26) 0 0 (3,519) (47) \$ 0 \$ (3,545) \$ (47) \$ 1,803	Commodity Contracts Credit Contracts Equity Contracts Foreign Exchange Contracts In Exchange Contracts A) on Financial Derivative Instruments \$ 0 <t< td=""><td>Commodity Contracts Credit Contracts Equity Contracts Foreign Exchange Contracts Interest Rate Contracts A) on Financial Derivative Instruments \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ (45) 0 0 0 0 (432) 0 0 0 0 7,792 \$ 0 \$ (4,990) \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 7,315 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 2 (806) 0 (26) 0 (2) (806) 0 (3,519) (47) 0 (151) \$ 0 \$ (3,545) \$ (47) \$ 1,803 \$ (955)</td><td>Commodity Contracts Credit Contracts Equity Contracts Foreign Exchange Contracts Interest Rate Contracts A) on Financial Derivative Instruments \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ (45) \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ (432) \$ 0 \$ (432) \$ 0 \$ (432) \$ 0 \$ (432) \$ 0 \$ 7,792 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 7,792 \$ 0 \$ 7,315 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 7,315 \$ 0</td></t<>	Commodity Contracts Credit Contracts Equity Contracts Foreign Exchange Contracts Interest Rate Contracts A) on Financial Derivative Instruments \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ (45) 0 0 0 0 (432) 0 0 0 0 7,792 \$ 0 \$ (4,990) \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 7,315 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 2 (806) 0 (26) 0 (2) (806) 0 (3,519) (47) 0 (151) \$ 0 \$ (3,545) \$ (47) \$ 1,803 \$ (955)	Commodity Contracts Credit Contracts Equity Contracts Foreign Exchange Contracts Interest Rate Contracts A) on Financial Derivative Instruments \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ (45) \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ (432) \$ 0 \$ (432) \$ 0 \$ (432) \$ 0 \$ (432) \$ 0 \$ 7,792 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 7,792 \$ 0 \$ 7,315 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 7,315 \$ 0

FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The following is a summary of the fair valuations according to the inputs used as of June 30, 2022 in valuing the Portfolio's assets and liabilities:

Category and Subcategory	Level 1		Level 2	Ιe	vel 3		/alue at /30/2022
Investments in Securities, at Value			LCTC1 Z			30	,30,2022
Loan Participations and Assignments	\$ 0	\$	24,083	\$	3,396	\$	27,479
Corporate Bonds & Notes	y 0	Ψ	24,003	Ψ	5,550	¥	21,413
Banking & Finance	0		46,045		0		46,045
Industrials	0		49,061		0		49,061
Utilities	0		23,026		0		23,026
Municipal Bonds & Notes							
Illinois	0		205		0		205
Puerto Rico	0		69		0		69
U.S. Government Agencies	0		108,825		0		108,825
U.S. Treasury Obligations	0		86,731		0		86,731
Non-Agency Mortgage-							
Backed Securities	0		58,585		0		58,585
Asset-Backed Securities	0		129,368		0		129,368
Sovereign Issues	0		14,098		0		14,098
Common Stocks							
Communication Services	391		0		173		564
Energy	336		0		0		336
Financials	0		0		798		798
Industrials	0		0		985		985
Rights	0		0		4 -		1.5
Financials	0		0		15		15
Warrants	0		0		16		1.0
Financials	0		0		36		16 36
Information Technology Preferred Securities	U		U		30		30
Banking & Finance	0		4,911		0		4,911
Industrials	0		435		0		4,911
Real Estate Investment Trusts	U		433		U		433
Real Estate	17		0		0		17
Short-Term Instruments	17		0		U		17
Repurchase Agreements	0		402		0		402
Argentina Treasury Bills	0		494		0		494
	\$ 744	\$	546,338	\$	5,419	\$	552,501

Category and Subcategory		Level 1	Level 2	evel 3		Fair Value at 5/30/2022
Investments in Affiliates, at Value Short-Term Instruments Central Funds Used for Cash		Level I	Level 2	 evel 5	U	3/30/2022
Management Purposes	\$	24,402	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	24,402
Total Investments	\$	25,146	\$ 546,338	\$ 5,419	\$	576,903
Short Sales, at Value - Liabilities U.S. Government Agencies	\$	0	\$ (4,178)	\$ 0	\$	(4,178)
Financial Derivative Instruments - As Exchange-traded or centrally cleared Over the counter	set	141 0	1,050 2,244	0		1,191 2,244
	\$	141	\$ 3,294	\$ 0	\$	3,435
Financial Derivative Instruments - Lia Exchange-traded or centrally cleared Over the counter	bil	ities (23) 0	(1,734) (5,817)	0		(1,757) (5,817)
	\$	(23)	\$ (7,551)	\$ 0	\$	(7,574)
Total Financial Derivative Instruments	\$	118	\$ (4,257)	\$ 0	\$	(4,139)
Totals	\$	25,264	\$ 537,903	\$ 5,419	\$	568,586

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The following is a reconciliation of the fair valuations using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the Portfolio during the period ended June 30, 2022:

Category and Subcategory	Beginning Balance at 12/31/2021	Net Purchases	Net Sales/ Settlements	Accrued Discounts/ (Premiums)	Realized Gain/(Loss)	Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation/ (Depreciation) ⁽¹⁾	Transfers into Level 3	Transfers out of Level 3	Ending Balance at 06/30/2022	Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation/ (Depreciation) on Investments Held at 06/30/2022(1)
Investments in Securities, at Va	lue									
Loan Participations and Assignments	\$ 2,692	\$ 1,484	\$ (170)	\$ (7)	\$ 0	\$ (390)	\$ 332	\$ (546)	\$ 3,395	\$ (347)
Corporate Bonds & Notes Industrials	2,102	0	(2,104)	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
Asset-Backed Securities Common Stocks	86	0	(87)	0	(1)	2	0	0	0	0
Communication Services	462	0	0	0	0	(289)	0	0	173	(289)
Financials	0	2,094	0	0	0	(1,296)	0	0	798	(1,296)
Industrials Rights	834	0	0	0	0	151	0	0	985	151
Financials	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	15	15
Warrants Financials	0	182	0	0	(56)	(109)	0	0	17	(109)
Information Technology	42	0	0	0	0	(6)	0	0	36	(6)
Totals	\$ 6,218	\$ 3,760	\$ (2,361)	\$ (7)	\$ (57)	\$ (1,920)	\$ 332	\$ (546)	\$ 5,419	\$ (1,881)

The following is a summary of significant unobservable inputs used in the fair valuations of assets and liabilities categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy:

	F	inding				(% Unless Noted	Otherwise)
Ba		alance 5/30/2022	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Inputs		Input Value(s)	Weighted Average
Investments in Securities	, at Va	alue					
Loan Participations							
and Assignments	\$	2,359	Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate		5.136	_
-		1,036	Third Party Vendor	Broker Quote		62.500-93.000	91.933
Common Stocks							
Communication Services		173	Reference Instrument	Liquidity Discount		10.000	_
Financials		798	Indicative Market Quotation	EBITDA Multiple	Χ	7.000	_
Industrials		985	Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate		9.500-17.100	9.500
Rights							
Financials		15	Other Valuation Techniques(2)	_		_	_
Warrants							
Financials		2	Indicative Market Quotation	EBITDA Multiple	Χ	7.000	_
		15	Other Valuation Techniques(2)	_		_	_
			Comparable Companies /				
Information Technology		36	Discounted Cash Flow	EBITDA Multiple	Χ	3.875	_
Total	\$	5,419					

⁽¹⁾ Any difference between Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation/(Depreciation) and Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation/
(Depreciation) on Investments Held at June 30, 2022 may be due to an investment no longer held or categorized as Level 3 at period end.

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⁽²⁾ Includes valuation techniques not defined in the Notes to Financial Statements as securities valued using such techniques are not considered significant to the Portfolio.

1. ORGANIZATION

PIMCO Variable Insurance Trust (the "Trust") is a Delaware statutory trust established under a trust instrument dated October 3, 1997. The Trust is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "Act"), as an open-end management investment company. The Trust is designed to be used as an investment vehicle by separate accounts of insurance companies that fund variable annuity contracts and variable life insurance policies and by qualified pension and retirement plans. Information presented in these financial statements pertains to the Institutional Class, Administrative Class and Advisor Class shares of the PIMCO Income Portfolio (the "Portfolio") offered by the Trust. Pacific Investment Management Company LLC ("PIMCO") serves as the investment adviser (the "Adviser") for the Portfolio.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of significant accounting policies consistently followed by the Portfolio in the preparation of its financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). The Portfolio is treated as an investment company under the reporting requirements of U.S. GAAP. The functional and reporting currency for the Portfolio is the U.S. dollar. The preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of increases and decreases in net assets from operations during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(a) Securities Transactions and Investment Income Securities transactions are recorded as of the trade date for financial reporting purposes. Securities purchased or sold on a when-issued or delayeddelivery basis may be settled beyond a standard settlement period for the security after the trade date. Realized gains (losses) from securities sold are recorded on the identified cost basis. Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date, except certain dividends from foreign securities where the ex-dividend date may have passed, which are recorded as soon as the Portfolio is informed of the ex-dividend date. Interest income, adjusted for the accretion of discounts and amortization of premiums, is recorded on the accrual basis from settlement date, with the exception of securities with a forward starting effective date, where interest income is recorded on the accrual basis from effective date. For convertible securities, premiums attributable to the conversion feature are not amortized. Estimated tax liabilities on certain foreign securities are recorded on an accrual basis and are reflected as components of interest income or net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments on the Statement of Operations, as appropriate. Tax liabilities realized as a result of such

security sales are reflected as a component of net realized gain (loss) on investments on the Statement of Operations. Paydown gains (losses) on mortgage-related and other asset-backed securities, if any, are recorded as components of interest income on the Statement of Operations. Income or short-term capital gain distributions received from registered investment companies, if any, are recorded as dividend income. Long-term capital gain distributions received from registered investment companies, if any, are recorded as realized gains.

Debt obligations may be placed on non-accrual status and related interest income may be reduced by ceasing current accruals and writing off interest receivable when the collection of all or a portion of interest has become doubtful based on consistently applied procedures. A debt obligation is removed from non-accrual status when the issuer resumes interest payments or when collectability of interest is probable.

- (b) Foreign Currency Translation The market values of foreign securities, currency holdings and other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars based on the current exchange rates each business day. Purchases and sales of securities and income and expense items denominated in foreign currencies, if any, are translated into U.S. dollars at the exchange rate in effect on the transaction date. The Portfolio does not separately report the effects of changes in foreign exchange rates from changes in market prices on securities held. Such changes are included in net realized gain (loss) and net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) from investments on the Statement of Operations. The Portfolio may invest in foreign currency-denominated securities and may engage in foreign currency transactions either on a spot (cash) basis at the rate prevailing in the currency exchange market at the time or through a forward foreign currency contract. Realized foreign exchange gains (losses) arising from sales of spot foreign currencies, currency gains (losses) realized between the trade and settlement dates on securities transactions and the difference between the recorded amounts of dividends, interest, and foreign withholding taxes and the U.S. dollar equivalent of the amounts actually received or paid are included in net realized gain (loss) on foreign currency transactions on the Statement of Operations. Net unrealized foreign exchange gains (losses) arising from changes in foreign exchange rates on foreign denominated assets and liabilities other than investments in securities held at the end of the reporting period are included in net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on foreign currency assets and liabilities on the Statement of Operations.
- (c) Multi-Class Operations Each class offered by the Trust has equal rights as to assets and voting privileges (except that shareholders of a class have exclusive voting rights regarding any matter relating solely to that class of shares). Income and non-class specific expenses are allocated daily to each class on the basis of the relative net assets.

Notes to Financial Statements (Cont.)

Realized and unrealized capital gains (losses) are allocated daily based on the relative net assets of each class of the Portfolio. Class specific expenses, where applicable, currently include supervisory and administrative and distribution and servicing fees. Under certain circumstances, the per share net asset value ("NAV") of a class of the Portfolio's shares may be different from the per share NAV of another class of shares as a result of the different daily expense accruals applicable to each class of shares.

(d) Distributions to Shareholders Distributions from net investment income, if any, are declared daily and distributed to shareholders monthly. In addition, the Portfolio distributes any net capital gains it earns from the sale of portfolio securities to shareholders no less frequently than annually.

Income distributions and capital gain distributions are determined in accordance with income tax regulations which may differ from U.S. GAAP. Differences between tax regulations and U.S. GAAP may cause timing differences between income and capital gain recognition. Further, the character of investment income and capital gains may be different for certain transactions under the two methods of accounting. As a result, income distributions and capital gain distributions declared during a fiscal period may differ significantly from the net investment income (loss) and realized gains (losses) reported on the Portfolio's annual financial statements presented under U.S. GAAP.

Separately, if the Portfolio determines or estimates, as applicable, that a portion of a distribution may be comprised of amounts from sources other than net investment income in accordance with its policies, accounting records (if applicable), and accounting practices, the Portfolio will notify shareholders of the estimated composition of such distribution through a Section 19 Notice. For these purposes, the Portfolio determines or estimates, as applicable, the source or sources from which a distribution is paid, to the close of the period as of which it is paid, in reference to its internal accounting records and related accounting practices. If, based on such accounting records and practices, it is determined or estimated, as applicable, that a particular distribution does not include capital gains or paid-in surplus or other capital sources, a Section 19 Notice generally would not be issued. It is important to note that differences exist between the Portfolio's daily internal accounting records and practices, the Portfolio's financial statements presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP, and recordkeeping practices under income tax regulations. For instance, the Portfolio's internal accounting records and practices may take into account, among other factors, tax-related characteristics of certain sources of distributions that differ from treatment under U.S. GAAP. Examples of such differences may include but are not limited to, for certain Portfolios, the treatment of periodic payments under interest

rate swap contracts. Accordingly, among other consequences, it is possible that the Portfolio may not issue a Section 19 Notice in situations where the Portfolio's financial statements prepared later and in accordance with U.S. GAAP and/or the final tax character of those distributions might later report that the sources of those distributions included capital gains and/or a return of capital. Please visit www.pimco.com for the most recent Section 19 Notice, if applicable, for additional information regarding the estimated composition of distributions. Final determination of a distribution's tax character will be provided to shareholders when such information is available.

Distributions classified as a tax basis return of capital at the Portfolio's fiscal year end, if any, are reflected on the Statements of Changes in Net Assets and have been recorded to paid in capital on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. In addition, other amounts have been reclassified between distributable earnings (accumulated loss) and paid in capital on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities to more appropriately conform U.S. GAAP to tax characterizations of distributions.

(e) New Accounting Pronouncements and Regulatory Updates In March 2020, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued an Accounting Standards Update ("ASU"), ASU 2020-04, which provides optional guidance to ease the potential accounting burden associated with transitioning away from the London Interbank Offered Rate and other reference rates that are expected to be discontinued. ASU 2020-04 is effective for certain reference rate-related contract modifications that occur during the period March 12, 2020 through December 31, 2022. In March 2021, the administrator for LIBOR announced the extension of the publication of a majority of the USD LIBOR settings to June 30, 2023. Management is continuously evaluating the potential effect a discontinuation of LIBOR could have on the Portfolio's investments and has determined that it is unlikely the ASU's adoption will have a material impact on the Portfolio's financial statements.

In October 2020, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") adopted a rule related to the use of derivatives, short sales, reverse repurchase agreements and certain other transactions by registered investment companies that rescinds and withdraws the guidance of the SEC and its staff regarding asset segregation and cover transactions. Subject to certain exceptions, the rule requires funds to trade derivatives and other transactions that create future payment or delivery obligations (except reverse repurchase agreements and similar financing transactions) subject to a value-at-risk leverage limit, certain derivatives risk management program and reporting requirements. The rule went into effect on February 19, 2021. The compliance date for the new rule and the related reporting requirements is August 19, 2022. At this time, management is evaluating the implications of these changes on the financial statements.

In October 2020, the SEC adopted a rule regarding the ability of a fund to invest in other funds. The rule allows a fund to acquire shares of another fund in excess of certain limitations currently imposed by the Act without obtaining individual exemptive relief from the SEC, subject to certain conditions. The rule also includes the rescission of certain exemptive relief from the SEC and guidance from the SEC staff for funds to invest in other funds. The effective date for the rule was January 19, 2021, and the compliance date for the rule was January 19, 2022. Management has implemented changes in connection with the rule and has determined that there is no material impact to the Portfolio's financial statements.

In December 2020, the SEC adopted a rule addressing fair valuation of fund investments. The new rule sets forth requirements for good faith determinations of fair value as well as for the performance of fair value determinations, including related oversight and reporting obligations. The new rule also defines "readily available market quotations" for purposes of the definition of "value" under the Act, and the SEC noted that this definition would apply in all contexts under the Act. The effective date for the rule was March 8, 2021. The compliance date for the new rule and the associated recordkeeping requirements is September 8, 2022. At this time, management is evaluating the implications of these changes on the financial statements.

3. INVESTMENT VALUATION AND FAIR VALUE **MEASUREMENTS**

(a) Investment Valuation Policies The price of the Portfolio's shares is based on the Portfolio's NAV. The NAV of the Portfolio, or each of its share classes, as applicable, is determined by dividing the total value of portfolio investments and other assets, less any liabilities attributable to the Portfolio or class, by the total number of shares outstanding of the Portfolio or class.

On each day that the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") is open, Portfolio shares are ordinarily valued as of the close of regular trading (normally 4:00 p.m., Eastern time) ("NYSE Close"). Information that becomes known to the Portfolio or its agents after the time as of which NAV has been calculated on a particular day will not generally be used to retroactively adjust the price of a security or the NAV determined earlier that day. If regular trading on the NYSE closes earlier than scheduled, the Portfolio reserves the right to either (i) calculate its NAV as of the earlier closing time or (ii) calculate its NAV as of the normally scheduled close of regular trading on the NYSE for that day. The Portfolio generally does not calculate its NAV on days during which the NYSE is closed. However, if the NYSE is closed on a day it would normally be open for business, the Portfolio reserves the right to calculate its NAV as of the normally scheduled close of regular trading on the NYSE for that day or such other time that the Portfolio may determine.

For purposes of calculating NAV, portfolio securities and other assets for which market quotes are readily available are valued at market value. Market value is generally determined on the basis of official closing prices or the last reported sales prices, or if no sales are reported, based on quotes obtained from established market makers or prices (including evaluated prices) supplied by the Portfolio's approved pricing services, quotation reporting systems and other third-party sources (together, "Pricing Services"). The Portfolio will normally use pricing data for domestic equity securities received shortly after the NYSE Close and does not normally take into account trading, clearances or settlements that take place after the NYSE Close. If market value pricing is used, a foreign (non-U.S.) equity security traded on a foreign exchange or on more than one exchange is typically valued using pricing information from the exchange considered by PIMCO to be the primary exchange. A foreign (non-U.S.) equity security will be valued as of the close of trading on the foreign exchange, or the NYSE Close, if the NYSE Close occurs before the end of trading on the foreign exchange. Domestic and foreign (non-U.S.) fixed income securities, non-exchange traded derivatives, and equity options are normally valued on the basis of quotes obtained from brokers and dealers or Pricing Services using such data reflecting the principal markets for those securities. Prices obtained from Pricing Services may be based on, among other things, information provided by market makers or estimates of market values obtained from yield data relating to investments or securities with similar characteristics. Certain fixed income securities purchased on a delayed-delivery basis are marked to market daily until settlement at the forward settlement date. Exchangetraded options, except equity options, futures and options on futures are valued at the settlement price determined by the relevant exchange, quotes obtained from a quotation reporting system, established market makers or pricing services. Swap agreements are valued on the basis of market-based prices supplied by Pricing Services or guotes obtained from brokers and dealers. The Portfolio's investments in open-end management investment companies, other than exchange-traded funds ("ETFs"), are valued at the NAVs of such investments. Open-end management investment companies may include affiliated funds.

If a foreign (non-U.S.) equity security's value has materially changed after the close of the security's primary exchange or principal market but before the NYSE Close, the security may be valued at fair value based on procedures established and approved by the Board of Trustees of the Trust (the "Board"). Foreign (non-U.S.) equity securities that do not trade when the NYSE is open are also valued at fair value. With respect to foreign (non-U.S.) equity securities, the Portfolio may determine the fair value of investments based on information provided by Pricing Services and other third-party vendors, which may recommend fair value or adjustments with reference to other securities,

indices or assets. In considering whether fair valuation is required and in determining fair values, the Portfolio may, among other things, consider significant events (which may be considered to include changes in the value of U.S. securities or securities indices) that occur after the close of the relevant market and before the NYSE Close. The Portfolio may utilize modeling tools provided by third-party vendors to determine fair values of foreign (non-U.S.) securities. For these purposes, any movement in the applicable reference index or instrument ("zero trigger") between the earlier close of the applicable foreign market and the NYSE Close may be deemed to be a significant event, prompting the application of the pricing model (effectively resulting in daily fair valuations). Foreign exchanges may permit trading in foreign (non-U.S.) equity securities on days when the Trust is not open for business, which may result in the Portfolio's portfolio investments being affected when shareholders are unable to buy or sell shares.

Senior secured floating rate loans for which an active secondary market exists to a reliable degree are valued at the mean of the last available bid/ask prices in the market for such loans, as provided by a Pricing Service. Senior secured floating rate loans for which an active secondary market does not exist to a reliable degree are valued at fair value, which is intended to approximate market value. In valuing a senior secured floating rate loan at fair value, the factors considered may include, but are not limited to, the following: (a) the creditworthiness of the borrower and any intermediate participants, (b) the terms of the loan, (c) recent prices in the market for similar loans, if any, and (d) recent prices in the market for instruments of similar quality, rate, period until next interest rate reset and maturity.

Investments valued in currencies other than the U.S. dollar are converted to the U.S. dollar using exchange rates obtained from Pricing Services. As a result, the value of such investments and, in turn, the NAV of the Portfolio's shares may be affected by changes in the value of currencies in relation to the U.S. dollar. The value of investments traded in markets outside the United States or denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar may be affected significantly on a day that the Trust is not open for business. As a result, to the extent that the Portfolio holds foreign (non-U.S.) investments, the value of those investments may change at times when shareholders are unable to buy or sell shares and the value of such investments will be reflected in the Portfolio's next calculated NAV.

Investments for which market quotes or market based valuations are not readily available are valued at fair value as determined in good faith by the Board or persons acting at their direction. The Board has adopted methods for valuing securities and other assets in circumstances where market quotes are not readily available, and has delegated to the Adviser the responsibility for applying the fair valuation methods. In the event that market guotes or market based

valuations are not readily available, and the security or asset cannot be valued pursuant to a Board approved valuation method, the value of the security or asset will be determined in good faith by the Board. Market quotes are considered not readily available in circumstances where there is an absence of current or reliable market-based data (e.g., trade information, bid/ask information, indicative market quotations ("Broker Quotes"), Pricing Services' prices), including where events occur after the close of the relevant market, but prior to the NYSE Close, that materially affect the values of the Portfolio's securities or assets. In addition, market quotes are considered not readily available when, due to extraordinary circumstances, the exchanges or markets on which the securities trade do not open for trading for the entire day and no other market prices are available. The Board has delegated, to the Adviser, the responsibility for monitoring significant events that may materially affect the values of the Portfolio's securities or assets and for determining whether the value of the applicable securities or assets should be reevaluated in light of such significant events.

When the Portfolio uses fair valuation to determine the value of a portfolio security or other asset for purposes of calculating its NAV, such investments will not be priced on the basis of quotes from the primary market in which they are traded, but rather may be priced by another method that the Board or persons acting at their direction believe reflects fair value. Fair valuation may require subjective determinations about the value of a security. While the Trust's policy is intended to result in a calculation of the Portfolio's NAV that fairly reflects security values as of the time of pricing, the Trust cannot ensure that fair values determined by the Board or persons acting at their direction would accurately reflect the price that the Portfolio could obtain for a security if it were to dispose of that security as of the time of pricing (for instance, in a forced or distressed sale). The prices used by the Portfolio may differ from the value that would be realized if the securities were sold. The Portfolio's use of fair valuation may also help to deter "stale price arbitrage" as discussed under the "Frequent or Excessive Purchases, Exchanges and Redemptions" section in the Portfolio's prospectus.

- (b) Fair Value Hierarchy U.S. GAAP describes fair value as the price that the Portfolio would receive to sell an asset or pay to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. It establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes inputs to valuation methods and requires disclosure of the fair value hierarchy, separately for each major category of assets and liabilities, that segregates fair value measurements into levels (Level 1, 2, or 3). The inputs or methodology used for valuing securities are not necessarily an indication of the risks associated with investing in those securities. Levels 1, 2, and 3 of the fair value hierarchy are defined as follows:
- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets or exchanges for identical assets and liabilities.

- Level 2 Significant other observable inputs, which may include, but are not limited to, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are active, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities (such as interest rates, yield curves, volatilities, prepayment speeds, loss severities, credit risks and default rates) or other market corroborated inputs.
- Level 3 Significant unobservable inputs based on the best information available in the circumstances, to the extent observable inputs are not available, which may include assumptions made by the Board or persons acting at their direction that are used in determining the fair value of investments.

Assets or liabilities categorized as Level 2 or 3 as of period end have been transferred between Levels 2 and 3 since the prior period due to changes in the method utilized in valuing the investments. Transfers from Level 2 to Level 3 are a result of a change, in the normal course of business, from the use of methods used by pricing services (Level 2) to the use of a broker quote or valuation technique which utilizes significant unobservable inputs due to an absence of current or reliable marketbased data (Level 3). Transfers from Level 3 to Level 2 are a result of the availability of current and reliable market-based data provided by Pricing Services or other valuation techniques which utilize significant observable inputs. In accordance with the requirements of U.S. GAAP, the amounts of transfers into and out of Level 3, if material, are disclosed in the Notes to Schedule of Investments for the Portfolio.

For fair valuations using significant unobservable inputs, U.S. GAAP requires a reconciliation of the beginning to ending balances for reported fair values that presents changes attributable to realized gain (loss), unrealized appreciation (depreciation), purchases and sales, accrued discounts (premiums), and transfers into and out of the Level 3 category during the period. The end of period value is used for the transfers between Levels of the Portfolio's assets and liabilities. Additionally, U.S. GAAP requires quantitative information regarding the significant unobservable inputs used in the determination of fair value of assets or liabilities categorized as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy. In accordance with the requirements of U.S. GAAP, a fair value hierarchy, and if material, a Level 3 reconciliation and details of significant unobservable inputs, have been included in the Notes to Schedule of Investments for the Portfolio.

(c) Valuation Techniques and the Fair Value Hierarchy Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 trading assets and trading liabilities, at fair value The valuation methods (or "techniques") and significant inputs used in determining the fair values of portfolio securities or other assets and liabilities categorized as Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

Fixed income securities including corporate, convertible and municipal bonds and notes, U.S. government agencies, U.S. treasury obligations, sovereign issues, bank loans, convertible preferred securities and non-U.S. bonds are normally valued on the basis of quotes obtained from brokers and dealers or Pricing Services that use broker-dealer quotations, reported trades or valuation estimates from their internal pricing models. The Pricing Services' internal models use inputs that are observable such as issuer details, interest rates, yield curves, prepayment speeds, credit risks/spreads, default rates and quoted prices for similar assets. Securities that use similar valuation techniques and inputs as described above are categorized as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Mortgage-related and asset-backed securities are usually issued as separate tranches, or classes, of securities within each deal. These securities are also normally valued by Pricing Services that use brokerdealer quotations, reported trades or valuation estimates from their internal pricing models. The pricing models for these securities usually consider tranche-level attributes, current market data, estimated cash flows and market-based yield spreads for each tranche, and incorporate deal collateral performance, as available. Mortgage-related and assetbacked securities that use similar valuation techniques and inputs as described above are categorized as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Common stocks, ETFs, exchange-traded notes and financial derivative instruments, such as futures contracts, rights and warrants, or options on futures that are traded on a national securities exchange, are stated at the last reported sale or settlement price on the day of valuation. To the extent these securities are actively traded and valuation adjustments are not applied, they are categorized as Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

Valuation adjustments may be applied to certain securities that are solely traded on a foreign exchange to account for the market movement between the close of the foreign market and the NYSE Close. These securities are valued using Pricing Services that consider the correlation of the trading patterns of the foreign security to the intraday trading in the U.S. markets for investments. Securities using these valuation adjustments are categorized as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. Preferred securities and other equities traded on inactive markets or valued by reference to similar instruments are also categorized as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Valuation adjustments may be applied to certain exchange traded futures and options to account for market movement between the exchange settlement and the NYSE close. These securities are valued using quotes obtained from a quotation reporting system, established market makers or pricing services. Financial derivatives using these valuation adjustments are categorized as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Investments in registered open-end investment companies (other than ETFs) will be valued based upon the NAVs of such investments and are categorized as Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. Investments in unregistered open-end investment companies will be calculated based upon the NAVs of such investments and are considered Level 1 provided that the NAVs are observable, calculated daily and are the value at which both purchases and sales will be conducted.

Equity exchange-traded options and over the counter financial derivative instruments, such as forward foreign currency contracts and options contracts derive their value from underlying asset prices, indices, reference rates, and other inputs or a combination of these factors. These contracts are normally valued on the basis of quotes obtained from a quotation reporting system, established market makers or Pricing Services (normally determined as of the NYSE Close). Depending on the product and the terms of the transaction, financial derivative instruments can be valued by Pricing Services using a series of techniques, including simulation pricing models. The pricing models use inputs that are observed from actively quoted markets such as quoted prices, issuer details, indices, bid/ask spreads, interest rates, implied volatilities, yield curves, dividends and exchange rates. Financial derivative instruments that use similar valuation techniques and inputs as described above are categorized as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Centrally cleared swaps and over the counter swaps derive their value from underlying asset prices, indices, reference rates, and other inputs or a combination of these factors. They are valued using a broker-dealer bid quotation or on market-based prices provided by Pricing Services (normally determined as of the NYSE Close). Centrally cleared swaps and over the counter swaps can be valued by Pricing Services using a series of techniques, including simulation pricing models. The pricing models may use inputs that are observed from actively quoted markets such as the overnight index swap rate, LIBOR forward rate, interest rates, yield curves and credit spreads. These securities are categorized as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

When a fair valuation method is applied by the Adviser that uses significant unobservable inputs, investments will be priced by a method that the Board or persons acting at their direction believe reflects fair value and are categorized as Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

If third-party evaluated vendor pricing is not available or not deemed to be indicative of fair value, the Adviser may elect to obtain Broker Quotes directly from the broker-dealer or passed through from a third-party vendor. In the event that fair value is based upon a single sourced Broker Quote, these securities are categorized as Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. Broker Quotes are typically received from established market participants. Although independently received, the Adviser does

not have the transparency to view the underlying inputs which support the market quotation. Significant changes in the Broker Quote would have direct and proportional changes in the fair value of the security.

Reference instrument valuation estimates fair value by utilizing the correlation of the security to one or more broad-based securities, market indices, and/or other financial instruments, whose pricing information is readily available. Unobservable inputs may include those used in algorithms based on percentage change in the reference instruments and/or weights of each reference instrument. Significant changes in the unobservable inputs would result in direct and proportional changes in the fair value of the security. These securities are categorized as Level 2 or Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy depending on the source or input of the reference instrument.

The Discounted Cash Flow model is based on future cash flows generated by the investment and may be normalized based on expected investment performance. Future cash flows are discounted to present value using an appropriate rate of return, typically calibrated to the initial transaction date and adjusted based on Capital Asset Pricing Model and/or other market-based inputs. Significant changes in the unobservable inputs would result in direct and proportional changes in the fair value of the security. These securities are categorized as Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

The Comparable Companies model is based on application of valuation multiples from publicly traded comparable companies to the financials of the subject company. Adjustments may be made to the market-derived valuation multiples based on differences between the comparable companies and the subject company. Significant changes in the unobservable inputs would result in direct and proportional changes in the fair value of the security. These securities are categorized as Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

Short-term debt instruments (such as commercial paper) having a remaining maturity of 60 days or less may be valued at amortized cost, so long as the amortized cost value of such short-term debt instruments is approximately the same as the fair value of the instrument as determined without the use of amortized cost valuation. These securities are categorized as Level 2 or Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy depending on the source of the base price.

4. SECURITIES AND OTHER INVESTMENTS

(a) Investments in Affiliates

The Portfolio may invest in the PIMCO Short Asset Portfolio and the PIMCO Short-Term Floating NAV Portfolio III ("Central Funds") to the extent permitted by the Act and rules thereunder. The Central Funds are registered investment companies created for use solely by the series of the Trust and other series of registered investment companies

advised by the Adviser, in connection with their cash management activities. The main investments of the Central Funds are money market and short maturity fixed income instruments. The Central Funds may incur expenses related to their investment activities, but do not pay Investment Advisory Fees or Supervisory and Administrative Fees to the Adviser. The Central Funds are considered to be affiliated with the Portfolio. A complete schedule of portfolio holdings for each affiliate fund is filed with the SEC for the first and third quarters of each fiscal year on Form N-PORT and is available at the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. A copy of each affiliate fund's shareholder report is also available at the SEC's website at www.sec.gov, on the Portfolio's website at www.pimco.com, or upon request, as applicable. The table below shows the Portfolio's transactions in and earnings from investments in the affiliated Funds for the period ended June 30, 2022 (amounts in thousands†):

Investment in PIMCO Short-Term Floating NAV Portfolio III

				Net	ınge ın ealized			Realiz	ed Net
 ket Value /31/2021	_	urchases at Cost	Proceeds om Sales			ket Value /30/2022			
\$ 43,981	\$	107,650	\$ (127,200)	\$ (580)	\$ 551	\$ 24,402	\$ 50	\$	0

- A zero balance may reflect actual amounts rounding to less than one thousand.
- The tax characterization of distributions is determined in accordance with Federal income tax regulations and may contain a return of capital. The actual tax characterization of distributions received is determined at the end of the fiscal year of the affiliated fund. See Note 2, Distributions to Shareholders, in the Notes to Financial Statements for more information.

(b) Investments in Securities

The Portfolio may utilize the investments and strategies described below to the extent permitted by the Portfolio's investment policies.

Delayed-Delivery Transactions involve a commitment by the Portfolio to purchase or sell securities for a predetermined price or yield, with payment and delivery taking place beyond the customary settlement period. When delayed-delivery transactions are outstanding, the Portfolio will designate or receive as collateral liquid assets in an amount sufficient to meet the purchase price or respective obligations. When purchasing a security on a delayed-delivery basis, the Portfolio assumes the rights and risks of ownership of the security, including the risk of price and yield fluctuations, and takes such fluctuations into account when determining its NAV. The Portfolio may dispose of or renegotiate a delayed-delivery transaction after it is entered into, which may result in a realized gain (loss). When the Portfolio has sold a security on a delayed-delivery basis, the Portfolio does not participate in future gains (losses) with respect to the security.

Inflation-Indexed Bonds are fixed income securities whose principal value is periodically adjusted by the rate of inflation. The interest rate on these bonds is generally fixed at issuance at a rate lower than typical bonds. Over the life of an inflation-indexed bond, however, interest will be paid based on a principal value which is adjusted for inflation. Any increase or decrease in the principal amount of an inflation-indexed bond will be included as interest income on the Statement of Operations, even though investors do not receive their principal until maturity. Repayment of the original bond principal upon maturity (as adjusted for inflation) is guaranteed in the case of U.S. Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities. For bonds that do not provide a similar guarantee, the adjusted principal value of the bond repaid at maturity may be less than the original principal.

Loans and Other Indebtedness, Loan Participations and **Assignments** are direct debt instruments which are interests in amounts owed to lenders or lending syndicates by corporate, governmental, or other borrowers. The Portfolio's investments in loans may be in the form of participations in loans or assignments of all or a portion of loans from third parties or investments in or originations of loans by the Portfolio. A loan is often administered by a bank or other financial institution (the "agent") that acts as agent for all holders. The agent administers the terms of the loan, as specified in the loan agreement. The Portfolio may invest in multiple series or tranches of a loan, which may have varying terms and carry different associated risks. When the Portfolio purchases assignments from agents it acquires direct rights against the borrowers of the loans. These loans may include participations in bridge loans, which are loans taken out by borrowers for a short period (typically less than one year) pending arrangement of more permanent financing through, for example, the issuance of bonds, frequently high yield bonds issued for the purpose of acquisitions.

The types of loans and related investments in which the Portfolio may invest include, among others, senior loans, subordinated loans (including second lien loans, B-Notes and mezzanine loans), whole loans, commercial real estate and other commercial loans and structured loans. The Portfolio may originate loans or acquire direct interests in loans through primary loan distributions and/or in private transactions. In the case of subordinated loans, there may be significant indebtedness ranking ahead of the borrower's obligation to the holder of such a loan, including in the event of the borrower's insolvency. Mezzanine loans are typically secured by a pledge of an equity interest in the mortgage borrower that owns the real estate rather than an interest in a mortgage.

Investments in loans may include unfunded loan commitments, which are contractual obligations for funding. Unfunded loan commitments may include revolving credit facilities, which may obligate the Portfolio to supply additional cash to the borrower on demand. Unfunded loan commitments represent a future obligation in full, even though a percentage of the committed amount may not be utilized by the borrower. When investing in a loan participation, the Portfolio has the right to receive payments of principal, interest and any fees to which it is entitled only from the agent selling the loan agreement and only upon receipt of payments by the agent from the borrower. The Portfolio may receive a commitment fee based on the undrawn portion of the underlying line of credit portion of a loan. In certain circumstances, the Portfolio may receive a penalty fee upon the prepayment of a loan by a borrower. Fees earned or paid are recorded as a component of interest income or interest expense, respectively, on the Statement of Operations. Unfunded loan commitments are reflected as a liability on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

Mortgage-Related and Other Asset-Backed Securities directly or indirectly represent a participation in, or are secured by and payable from, loans on real property. Mortgage-related securities are created from pools of residential or commercial mortgage loans, including mortgage loans made by savings and loan institutions, mortgage bankers, commercial banks and others. These securities provide a monthly payment which consists of both interest and principal. Interest may be determined by fixed or adjustable rates. The rate of prepayments on underlying mortgages will affect the price and volatility of a mortgage-related security, and may have the effect of shortening or extending the effective duration of the security relative to what was anticipated at the time of purchase. The timely payment of principal and interest of certain mortgage-related securities is guaranteed with the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government. Pools created and guaranteed by non-governmental issuers, including government-sponsored corporations, may be supported by various forms of insurance or quarantees, but there can be no assurance that private insurers or quarantors can meet their obligations under the insurance policies or guarantee arrangements. Many of the risks of investing in mortgage-related securities secured by commercial mortgage loans reflect the effects of local and other economic conditions on real estate markets, the ability of tenants to make lease payments, and the ability of a property to attract and retain tenants. These securities may be less liquid and may exhibit greater price volatility than other types of mortgage-related or other asset-backed securities. Other asset-backed securities are created from many types of assets, including, but not limited to, auto loans, accounts receivable, such as credit card receivables and hospital account receivables, home equity loans, student loans, boat loans, mobile home loans, recreational vehicle loans, manufactured housing loans, aircraft leases, computer leases and syndicated bank loans.

Collateralized Debt Obligations ("CDOs") include Collateralized Bond Obligations ("CBOs"), Collateralized Loan Obligations ("CLOs") and other similarly structured securities. CBOs and CLOs are types of assetbacked securities. A CBO is a trust which is backed by a diversified pool of high risk, below investment grade fixed income securities. A CLO is a trust typically collateralized by a pool of loans, which may include, among others, domestic and foreign senior secured loans, senior unsecured loans, and subordinate corporate loans, including loans that may be rated below investment grade or equivalent unrated loans. The risks of an investment in a CDO depend largely on the type of the collateral securities and the class of the CDO in which the Portfolio invests. In addition to the normal risks associated with fixed income securities discussed elsewhere in this report and the Portfolio's prospectus and statement of additional information (e.g., prepayment risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk, structural risk, legal risk and interest rate risk (which may be exacerbated if the interest rate payable on a structured financing changes based on multiples of changes in interest rates or inversely to changes in interest rates)), CBOs, CLOs and other CDOs carry additional risks including, but not limited to, (i) the possibility that distributions from collateral securities will not be adequate to make interest or other payments, (ii) the quality of the collateral may decline in value or default, (iii) the risk that the Portfolio may invest in CBOs, CLOs, or other CDOs that are subordinate to other classes, and (iv) the complex structure of the security may not be fully understood at the time of investment and may produce disputes with the issuer or unexpected investment results.

Collateralized Mortgage Obligations ("CMOs") are debt obligations of a legal entity that are collateralized by whole mortgage loans or private mortgage bonds and divided into classes. CMOs are structured into multiple classes, often referred to as "tranches", with each class bearing a different stated maturity and entitled to a different schedule for payments of principal and interest, including prepayments. CMOs may be less liquid and may exhibit greater price volatility than other types of mortgage-related or asset-backed securities.

Payment In-Kind Securities may give the issuer the option at each interest payment date of making interest payments in either cash and/ or additional debt securities. Those additional debt securities usually have the same terms, including maturity dates and interest rates, and associated risks as the original bonds. The daily market quotations of the original bonds may include the accrued interest (referred to as a dirty price) and require a pro rata adjustment from the unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments to interest receivable on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

Perpetual Bonds are fixed income securities with no maturity date but pay a coupon in perpetuity (with no specified ending or maturity date). Unlike typical fixed income securities, there is no obligation for

perpetual bonds to repay principal. The coupon payments, however, are mandatory. While perpetual bonds have no maturity date, they may have a callable date in which the perpetuity is eliminated and the issuer may return the principal received on the specified call date. Additionally, a perpetual bond may have additional features, such as interest rate increases at periodic dates or an increase as of a predetermined point in the future.

Real Estate Investment Trusts ("REITs") are pooled investment vehicles that own, and typically operate, income-producing real estate. If a REIT meets certain requirements, including distributing to shareholders substantially all of its taxable income (other than net capital gains), then it is not taxed on the income distributed to shareholders. Distributions received from REITs may be characterized as income, capital gain or a return of capital. A return of capital is recorded by the Portfolio as a reduction to the cost basis of its investment in the REIT. REITs are subject to management fees and other expenses, and so the Portfolio that invests in REITs will bear its proportionate share of the costs of the REITs' operations.

Restricted Investments are subject to legal or contractual restrictions on resale and may generally be sold privately, but may be required to be registered or exempted from such registration before being sold to the public. Private placement securities are generally considered to be restricted except for those securities traded between qualified institutional investors under the provisions of Rule 144A of the Securities Act of 1933. Disposal of restricted investments may involve time-consuming negotiations and expenses, and prompt sale at an acceptable price may be difficult to achieve. Restricted investments held by the Portfolio as of June 30, 2022, as applicable, are disclosed in the Notes to Schedule of Investments.

Securities Issued by U.S. Government Agencies or Government-Sponsored Enterprises are obligations of and, in certain cases, guaranteed by, the U.S. Government, its agencies or instrumentalities. Some U.S. Government securities, such as Treasury bills, notes and bonds, and securities guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association, are supported by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government; others, such as those of the Federal Home Loan Banks, are supported by the right of the issuer to borrow from the U.S. Department of the Treasury (the "U.S. Treasury"); and others, such as those of the Federal National Mortgage Association ("FNMA" or "Fannie Mae"), are supported by the discretionary authority of the U.S. Government to purchase the agency's obligations. U.S. Government securities may include zero coupon securities which do not distribute interest on a current basis and tend to be subject to a greater risk than interest-paying securities of similar maturities.

Government-related guarantors (i.e., not backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government) include FNMA and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("FHLMC" or "Freddie Mac"). FNMA is a government-sponsored corporation. FNMA purchases conventional (i.e., not insured or guaranteed by any government agency) residential mortgages from a list of approved seller/servicers which include state and federally chartered savings and loan associations, mutual savings banks, commercial banks and credit unions and mortgage bankers. Pass-through securities issued by FNMA are guaranteed as to timely payment of principal and interest by FNMA, but are not backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government. FHLMC issues Participation Certificates ("PCs"), which are pass-through securities, each representing an undivided interest in a pool of residential mortgages. FHLMC guarantees the timely payment of interest and ultimate collection of principal, but PCs are not backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government.

In June 2019, FNMA and FHLMC started issuing Uniform Mortgage Backed Securities in place of their current offerings of TBA-eligible securities (the "Single Security Initiative"). The Single Security Initiative seeks to support the overall liquidity of the TBA market and aligns the characteristics of FNMA and FHLMC certificates. The effects that the Single Security Initiative may have on the market for TBA and other mortgage-backed securities are uncertain.

Roll-timing strategies can be used where the Portfolio seeks to extend the expiration or maturity of a position, such as a TBA security on an underlying asset, by closing out the position before expiration and opening a new position with respect to substantially the same underlying asset with a later expiration date. TBA securities purchased or sold are reflected on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities as an asset or liability, respectively. Recently finalized FINRA rules include mandatory margin requirements for the TBA market that requires the Portfolio to post collateral in connection with its TBA transactions. There is no similar requirement applicable to the Portfolio's TBA counterparties. The required collateralization of TBA trades could increase the cost of TBA transactions to the Portfolio and impose added operational complexity.

Warrants are securities that are usually issued together with a debt security or preferred security and that give the holder the right to buy a proportionate amount of common stock at a specified price. Warrants normally have a life that is measured in years and entitle the holder to buy common stock of a company at a price that is usually higher than the market price at the time the warrant is issued. Warrants may entail greater risks than certain other types of investments. Generally, warrants do not carry the right to receive dividends or exercise voting rights with respect to the underlying securities, and they do not

represent any rights in the assets of the issuer. In addition, their value does not necessarily change with the value of the underlying securities, and they cease to have value if they are not exercised on or before their expiration date. If the market price of the underlying stock does not exceed the exercise price during the life of the warrant, the warrant will expire worthless. Warrants may increase the potential profit or loss to be realized from the investment as compared with investing the same amount in the underlying securities. Similarly, the percentage increase or decrease in the value of an equity security warrant may be greater than the percentage increase or decrease in the value of the underlying common stock. Warrants may relate to the purchase of equity or debt securities. Debt obligations with warrants attached to purchase equity securities have many characteristics of convertible securities and their prices may, to some degree, reflect the performance of the underlying stock. Debt obligations also may be issued with warrants attached to purchase additional debt securities at the same coupon rate. A decline in interest rates would permit the Portfolio to sell such warrants at a profit. If interest rates rise, these warrants would generally expire with no value.

5. BORROWINGS AND OTHER FINANCING TRANSACTIONS

The Portfolio may enter into the borrowings and other financing transactions described below to the extent permitted by the Portfolio's investment policies.

The following disclosures contain information on the Portfolio's ability to lend or borrow cash or securities to the extent permitted under the Act, which may be viewed as borrowing or financing transactions by the Portfolio. The location of these instruments in the Portfolio's financial statements is described below.

(a) Repurchase Agreements Under the terms of a typical repurchase agreement, the Portfolio purchases an underlying debt obligation (collateral) subject to an obligation of the seller to repurchase, and the Portfolio to resell, the obligation at an agreed-upon price and time. In an open maturity repurchase agreement, there is no pre-determined repurchase date and the agreement can be terminated by the Portfolio or counterparty at any time. The underlying securities for all repurchase agreements are held by the Portfolio's custodian or designated subcustodians under tri-party repurchase agreements and in certain instances will remain in custody with the counterparty. The market value of the collateral must be equal to or exceed the total amount of the repurchase obligations, including interest. Repurchase agreements, if any, including accrued interest, are included on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Interest earned is recorded as a component of interest income on the Statement of Operations. In periods of increased demand for collateral, the Portfolio may pay a fee for the receipt of collateral, which may result in interest expense to the Portfolio.

- (b) Short Sales Short sales are transactions in which the Portfolio sells a security that it may not own. The Portfolio may make short sales of securities to (i) offset potential declines in long positions in similar securities, (ii) to increase the flexibility of the Portfolio, (iii) for investment return, (iv) as part of a risk arbitrage strategy, and (v) as part of its overall portfolio management strategies involving the use of derivative instruments. When the Portfolio engages in a short sale, it may borrow the security sold short and deliver it to the counterparty. The Portfolio will ordinarily have to pay a fee or premium to borrow a security and be obligated to repay the lender of the security any dividend or interest that accrues on the security during the period of the loan. Securities sold in short sale transactions and the dividend or interest payable on such securities, if any, are reflected as payable for short sales on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Short sales expose the Portfolio to the risk that it will be required to cover its short position at a time when the security or other asset has appreciated in value, thus resulting in losses to the Portfolio. A short sale is "against the box" if the Portfolio holds in its portfolio or has the right to acquire the security sold short, or securities identical to the security sold short, at no additional cost. The Portfolio will be subject to additional risks to the extent that it engages in short sales that are not "against the box." The Portfolio's loss on a short sale could theoretically be unlimited in cases where the Portfolio is unable, for whatever reason, to close out its short position.
- (c) Interfund Lending In accordance with an exemptive order (the "Order") from the SEC, each Portfolio of the Trust may participate in a joint lending and borrowing facility for temporary purposes (the "Interfund Lending Program"), subject to compliance with the terms and conditions of the Order, and to the extent permitted by each Portfolio's investment policies and restrictions. Each Portfolio is currently permitted to borrow under the Interfund Lending Program. A lending portfolio may lend in aggregate up to 15% of its current net assets at the time of the interfund loan, but may not lend more than 5% of its net assets to any one borrowing portfolio through the Interfund Lending Program. A borrowing portfolio may not borrow through the Interfund Lending Program or from any other source if its total outstanding borrowings immediately after the borrowing would be more than 33 1/3% of its total assets (or any lower threshold provided for by the portfolio's investment restrictions). If a borrowing portfolio's total outstanding borrowings exceed 10% of its total assets, each of its outstanding interfund loans will be subject to collateralization of at least 102% of the outstanding principal value of the loan. All interfund loans are for temporary or emergency purposes and the interfund loan rate to be charged will be the average of the highest current overnight repurchase agreement rate available to a lending portfolio and the bank loan rate, as calculated according to a formula established by the Board.

During the period ended June 30, 2022, the Portfolio did not participate in the Interfund Lending Program.

6. FINANCIAL DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

The Portfolio may enter into the financial derivative instruments described below to the extent permitted by the Portfolio's investment policies.

The following disclosures contain information on how and why the Portfolio uses financial derivative instruments, and how financial derivative instruments affect the Portfolio's financial position, results of operations and cash flows. The location and fair value amounts of these instruments on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities and the net realized gain (loss) and net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on the Statement of Operations, each categorized by type of financial derivative contract and related risk exposure, are included in a table in the Notes to Schedule of Investments. The financial derivative instruments outstanding as of period end and the amounts of net realized gain (loss) and net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on financial derivative instruments during the period, as disclosed in the Notes to Schedule of Investments, serve as indicators of the volume of financial derivative activity for the Portfolio.

- (a) Forward Foreign Currency Contracts may be engaged, in connection with settling planned purchases or sales of securities, to hedge the currency exposure associated with some or all of the Portfolio's securities or as part of an investment strategy. A forward foreign currency contract is an agreement between two parties to buy and sell a currency at a set price on a future date. The market value of a forward foreign currency contract fluctuates with changes in foreign currency exchange rates. Forward foreign currency contracts are marked to market daily, and the change in value is recorded by the Portfolio as an unrealized gain (loss). Realized gains (losses) are equal to the difference between the value of the contract at the time it was opened and the value at the time it was closed and are recorded upon delivery or receipt of the currency. These contracts may involve market risk in excess of the unrealized gain (loss) reflected on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. In addition, the Portfolio could be exposed to risk if the counterparties are unable to meet the terms of the contracts or if the value of the currency changes unfavorably to the U.S. dollar. To mitigate such risk, cash or securities may be exchanged as collateral pursuant to the terms of the underlying contracts.
- (b) Futures Contracts are agreements to buy or sell a security or other asset for a set price on a future date and are traded on an exchange. The Portfolio may use futures contracts to manage its exposure to the securities markets or to movements in interest rates and currency values. The primary risks associated with the use of futures contracts are the imperfect correlation between the change in market value of

the securities held by the Portfolio and the prices of futures contracts and the possibility of an illiquid market. Futures contracts are valued based upon their quoted daily settlement prices. Upon entering into a futures contract, the Portfolio is required to deposit with its futures broker an amount of cash, U.S. Government and Agency Obligations, or select sovereign debt, in accordance with the initial margin requirements of the broker or exchange. Futures contracts are marked to market daily and based on such movements in the price of the contracts, an appropriate payable or receivable for the change in value may be posted or collected by the Portfolio ("Futures Variation Margin"). Futures Variation Margins, if any, are disclosed within centrally cleared financial derivative instruments on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Gains (losses) are recognized but not considered realized until the contracts expire or close. Futures contracts involve, to varying degrees, risk of loss in excess of the Futures Variation Margin included within exchange traded or centrally cleared financial derivative instruments on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities

(c) Options Contracts may be written or purchased to enhance returns or to hedge an existing position or future investment. The Portfolio may write call and put options on securities and financial derivative instruments it owns or in which it may invest. Writing put options tends to increase the Portfolio's exposure to the underlying instrument. Writing call options tends to decrease the Portfolio's exposure to the underlying instrument. When the Portfolio writes a call or put, an amount equal to the premium received is recorded and subsequently marked to market to reflect the current value of the option written. These amounts are included on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Premiums received from writing options which expire are treated as realized gains. Premiums received from writing options which are exercised or closed are added to the proceeds or offset against amounts paid on the underlying futures, swap, security or currency transaction to determine the realized gain (loss). Certain options may be written with premiums to be determined on a future date. The premiums for these options are based upon implied volatility parameters at specified terms. The Portfolio as a writer of an option has no control over whether the underlying instrument may be sold ("call") or purchased ("put") and as a result bears the market risk of an unfavorable change in the price of the instrument underlying the written option. There is the risk the Portfolio may not be able to enter into a closing transaction because of an illiquid market.

Purchasing call options tends to increase the Portfolio's exposure to the underlying instrument. Purchasing put options tends to decrease the Portfolio's exposure to the underlying instrument. The Portfolio pays a premium which is included as an asset on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities and subsequently marked to market to reflect the current value of the option. Premiums paid for purchasing options which expire

are treated as realized losses. Certain options may be purchased with premiums to be determined on a future date. The premiums for these options are based upon implied volatility parameters at specified terms. The risk associated with purchasing put and call options is limited to the premium paid. Premiums paid for purchasing options which are exercised or closed are added to the amounts paid or offset against the proceeds on the underlying investment transaction to determine the realized gain (loss) when the underlying transaction is executed.

Credit Default Swaptions may be written or purchased to hedge exposure to the credit risk of an investment without making a commitment to the underlying instrument. A credit default swaption is an option to sell or buy credit protection on a specific reference by entering into a pre-defined swap agreement by some specified date in the future.

Foreign Currency Options may be written or purchased to be used as a short or long hedge against possible variations in foreign exchange rates or to gain exposure to foreign currencies.

Interest Rate Swaptions may be written or purchased to enter into a pre-defined swap agreement or to shorten, extend, cancel or otherwise modify an existing swap agreement, by some specified date in the future. The writer of the swaption becomes the counterparty to the swap if the buyer exercises. The interest rate swaption agreement will specify whether the buyer of the swaption will be a fixed-rate receiver or a fixed-rate payer upon exercise.

Options on Exchange-Traded Futures Contracts ("Futures Option") may be written or purchased to hedge an existing position or future investment, for speculative purposes or to manage exposure to market movements. A Futures Option is an option contract in which the underlying instrument is a single futures contract.

Options on Securities may be written or purchased to enhance returns or to hedge an existing position or future investment. An option on a security uses a specified security as the underlying instrument for the option contract.

(d) Swap Agreements are bilaterally negotiated agreements between the Portfolio and a counterparty to exchange or swap investment cash flows, assets, foreign currencies or market-linked returns at specified, future intervals. Swap agreements may be privately negotiated in the over the counter market ("OTC swaps") or may be cleared through a third party, known as a central counterparty or derivatives clearing organization ("Centrally Cleared Swaps"). The Portfolio may enter into asset, credit default, cross-currency, interest rate, total return, variance and other forms of swap agreements to manage its exposure to credit, currency, interest rate, commodity, equity and inflation risk. In connection with these agreements, securities or cash may be identified

as collateral or margin in accordance with the terms of the respective swap agreements to provide assets of value and recourse in the event of default or bankruptcy/insolvency.

Centrally Cleared Swaps are marked to market daily based upon valuations as determined from the underlying contract or in accordance with the requirements of the central counterparty or derivatives clearing organization. Changes in market value, if any, are reflected as a component of net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on the Statement of Operations. Daily changes in valuation of centrally cleared swaps ("Swap Variation Margin"), if any, are disclosed within centrally cleared financial derivative instruments on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Centrally Cleared and OTC swap payments received or paid at the beginning of the measurement period are included on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities and represent premiums paid or received upon entering into the swap agreement to compensate for differences between the stated terms of the swap agreement and prevailing market conditions (credit spreads, currency exchange rates, interest rates, and other relevant factors). Upfront premiums received (paid) are initially recorded as liabilities (assets) and subsequently marked to market to reflect the current value of the swap. These upfront premiums are recorded as realized gain (loss) on the Statement of Operations upon termination or maturity of the swap. A liquidation payment received or made at the termination of the swap is recorded as realized gain (loss) on the Statement of Operations. Net periodic payments received or paid by the Portfolio are included as part of realized gain (loss) on the Statement of Operations.

For purposes of applying certain of the Portfolio's investment policies and restrictions, swap agreements, like other derivative instruments, may be valued by the Portfolio at market value, notional value or full exposure value. In the case of a credit default swap, in applying certain of the Portfolio's investment policies and restrictions, the Portfolio will value the credit default swap at its notional value or its full exposure value (i.e., the sum of the notional amount for the contract plus the market value), but may value the credit default swap at market value for purposes of applying certain of the Portfolio's other investment policies and restrictions. For example, the Portfolio may value credit default swaps at full exposure value for purposes of the Portfolio's credit quality guidelines (if any) because such value in general better reflects the Portfolio's actual economic exposure during the term of the credit default swap agreement. As a result, the Portfolio may, at times, have notional exposure to an asset class (before netting) that is greater or lesser than the stated limit or restriction noted in the Portfolio's prospectus. In this context, both the notional amount and the market value may be positive or negative depending on whether the Portfolio is selling or buying protection through the credit default swap. The manner in which certain securities or other instruments are valued by

the Portfolio for purposes of applying investment policies and restrictions may differ from the manner in which those investments are valued by other types of investors.

Entering into swap agreements involves, to varying degrees, elements of interest, credit, market and documentation risk in excess of the amounts recognized on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Such risks involve the possibility that there will be no liquid market for these agreements, that the counterparty to the agreements may default on its obligation to perform or disagree as to the meaning of contractual terms in the agreements and that there may be unfavorable changes in interest rates or the values of the asset upon which the swap is based.

The Portfolio's maximum risk of loss from counterparty credit risk is the discounted net value of the cash flows to be received from the counterparty over the contract's remaining life, to the extent that amount is positive. The risk may be mitigated by having a master netting arrangement between the Portfolio and the counterparty and by the posting of collateral to the Portfolio to cover the Portfolio's exposure to the counterparty.

To the extent the Portfolio has a policy to limit the net amount owed to or to be received from a single counterparty under existing swap agreements, such limitation only applies to counterparties to OTC swaps and does not apply to centrally cleared swaps where the counterparty is a central counterparty or derivatives clearing organization.

Credit Default Swap Agreements on corporate, loan, sovereign, U.S. municipal or U.S. Treasury issues are entered into to provide a measure of protection against defaults of the issuers (i.e., to reduce risk where the Portfolio owns or has exposure to the referenced obligation) or to take an active long or short position with respect to the likelihood of a particular issuer's default. Credit default swap agreements involve one party making a stream of payments (referred to as the buyer of protection) to another party (the seller of protection) in exchange for the right to receive a specified return in the event that the referenced entity, obligation or index, as specified in the swap agreement, undergoes a certain credit event. As a seller of protection on credit default swap agreements, the Portfolio will generally receive from the buyer of protection a fixed rate of income throughout the term of the swap provided that there is no credit event. As the seller, the Portfolio would effectively add leverage to its portfolio because, in addition to its total net assets, the Portfolio would be subject to investment exposure on the notional amount of the swap.

If the Portfolio is a seller of protection and a credit event occurs, as defined under the terms of that particular swap agreement, the Portfolio will either (i) pay to the buyer of protection an amount equal to the notional amount of the swap and take delivery of the referenced obligation or underlying securities comprising the

referenced index or (ii) pay a net settlement amount in the form of cash, securities or other deliverable obligations equal to the notional amount of the swap less the recovery value of the referenced obligation or underlying securities comprising the referenced index. If the Portfolio is a buyer of protection and a credit event occurs, as defined under the terms of that particular swap agreement, the Portfolio will either (i) receive from the seller of protection an amount equal to the notional amount of the swap and deliver the referenced obligation, other deliverable obligations or underlying securities comprising the referenced index or (ii) receive a net settlement amount in the form of cash or securities equal to the notional amount of the swap less the recovery value of the referenced obligation or underlying securities comprising the referenced index. Recovery values are estimated by market makers considering either industry standard recovery rates or entity specific factors and considerations until a credit event occurs. If a credit event has occurred, the recovery value is determined by a facilitated auction whereby a minimum number of allowable broker bids, together with a specified valuation method, are used to calculate the settlement value. The ability to deliver other obligations may result in a cheapest-to-deliver option (the buyer of protection's right to choose the deliverable obligation with the lowest value following a credit event).

Credit default swap agreements on credit indices involve one party making a stream of payments to another party in exchange for the right to receive a specified return in the event of a write-down, principal shortfall, interest shortfall or default of all or part of the referenced entities comprising the credit index. A credit index is a basket of credit instruments or exposures designed to be representative of some part of the credit market as a whole. These indices are made up of reference credits that are judged by a poll of dealers to be the most liquid entities in the credit default swap market based on the sector of the index. Components of the indices may include, but are not limited to, investment grade securities, high yield securities, asset-backed securities, emerging markets, and/or various credit ratings within each sector. Credit indices are traded using credit default swaps with standardized terms including a fixed spread and standard maturity dates. An index credit default swap references all the names in the index, and if there is a default, the credit event is settled based on that name's weight in the index. The composition of the indices changes periodically, usually every six months, and for most indices, each name has an equal weight in the index. Credit default swaps on credit indices may be used to hedge a portfolio of credit default swaps or bonds, which is less expensive than it would be to buy many credit default swaps to achieve a similar effect. Credit default swaps on indices are instruments for protecting investors owning bonds against default, and traders use them to speculate on changes in credit quality.

Implied credit spreads, represented in absolute terms, utilized in determining the market value of credit default swap agreements on corporate, loan, sovereign, U.S. municipal or U.S. Treasury issues as of period end, if any, are disclosed in the Notes to Schedule of Investments. They serve as an indicator of the current status of payment/performance risk and represent the likelihood or risk of default for the reference entity. The implied credit spread of a particular referenced entity reflects the cost of buying/selling protection and may include upfront payments required to be made to enter into the agreement. Wider credit spreads represent a deterioration of the referenced entity's credit soundness and a greater likelihood or risk of default or other credit event occurring as defined under the terms of the agreement. For credit default swap agreements on asset-backed securities and credit indices, the quoted market prices and resulting values serve as the indicator of the current status of the payment/ performance risk. Increasing market values, in absolute terms when compared to the notional amount of the swap, represent a deterioration of the referenced entity's credit soundness and a greater likelihood or risk of default or other credit event occurring as defined under the terms of the agreement.

The maximum potential amount of future payments (undiscounted) that the Portfolio as a seller of protection could be required to make under a credit default swap agreement equals the notional amount of the agreement. Notional amounts of each individual credit default swap agreement outstanding as of period end for which the Portfolio is the seller of protection are disclosed in the Notes to Schedule of Investments. These potential amounts would be partially offset by any recovery values of the respective referenced obligations, upfront payments received upon entering into the agreement, or net amounts received from the settlement of buy protection credit default swap agreements entered into by the Portfolio for the same referenced entity or entities.

Interest Rate Swap Agreements may be entered into to help hedge against interest rate risk exposure and to maintain the Portfolio's ability to generate income at prevailing market rates. The value of the fixed rate bonds that the Portfolio holds may decrease if interest rates rise. To help hedge against this risk and to maintain its ability to generate income at prevailing market rates, the Portfolio may enter into interest rate swap agreements. Interest rate swap agreements involve the exchange by the Portfolio with another party for their respective commitment to pay or receive interest on the notional amount of principal. Certain forms of interest rate swap agreements may include: (i) interest rate caps, under which, in return for a premium, one party agrees to make payments to the other to the extent that interest rates exceed a specified rate, or "cap", (ii) interest rate floors, under which, in return for a premium, one party agrees to make payments to the other to the extent that interest rates fall below a specified rate, or "floor", (iii) interest rate collars, under which a party sells a cap and

purchases a floor or vice versa in an attempt to protect itself against interest rate movements exceeding given minimum or maximum levels, (iv) callable interest rate swaps, under which the buyer pays an upfront fee in consideration for the right to early terminate the swap transaction in whole, at zero cost and at a predetermined date and time prior to the maturity date, (v) spreadlocks, which allow the interest rate swap users to lock in the forward differential (or spread) between the interest rate swap rate and a specified benchmark, or (vi) basis swaps, under which two parties can exchange variable interest rates based on different segments of money markets.

Total Return Swap Agreements are entered into to gain or mitigate exposure to the underlying reference asset. Total return swap agreements involve commitments where single or multiple cash flows are exchanged based on the price of an underlying reference asset and on a fixed or variable interest rate. Total return swap agreements may involve commitments to pay interest in exchange for a market-linked return. One counterparty pays out the total return of a specific underlying reference asset, which may include a single security, a basket of securities, or an index, and in return receives a fixed or variable rate. At the maturity date, a net cash flow is exchanged where the total return is equivalent to the return of the underlying reference asset less a financing rate, if any. As a receiver, the Portfolio would receive payments based on any net positive total return and would owe payments in the event of a net negative total return. As the payer, the Portfolio would owe payments on any net positive total return, and would receive payments in the event of a net negative total return.

7. PRINCIPAL AND OTHER RISKS

(a) Principal Risks

The principal risks of investing in the Portfolio, which could adversely affect its net asset value, yield and total return, are listed below. Please see "Description of Principal Risks" in the Portfolio's prospectus for a more detailed description of the risks of investing in the Portfolio.

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that fixed income securities will decline in value because of an increase in interest rates; a portfolio with a longer average portfolio duration will be more sensitive to changes in interest rates than a portfolio with a shorter average portfolio duration.

Call Risk is the risk that an issuer may exercise its right to redeem a fixed income security earlier than expected (a call). Issuers may call outstanding securities prior to their maturity for a number of reasons (e.g., declining interest rates, changes in credit spreads and improvements in the issuer's credit quality). If an issuer calls a security that the Portfolio has invested in, the Portfolio may not recoup the full amount of its initial investment and may be forced to reinvest in lower-yielding securities, securities with greater credit risks or securities with other, less favorable features.

Credit Risk is the risk that the Portfolio could lose money if the issuer or guarantor of a fixed income security, or the counterparty to a derivative contract, is unable or unwilling, or is perceived (whether by market participants, rating agencies, pricing services or otherwise) as unable or unwilling, to meet its financial obligations

High Yield Risk is the risk that high yield securities and unrated securities of similar credit quality (commonly known as "junk bonds") are subject to greater levels of credit, call and liquidity risks. High yield securities are considered primarily speculative with respect to the issuer's continuing ability to make principal and interest payments, and may be more volatile than higher-rated securities of similar maturity.

Market Risk is the risk that the value of securities owned by the Portfolio may go up or down, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably, due to factors affecting securities markets generally or particular industries.

Issuer Risk is the risk that the value of a security may decline for a reason directly related to the issuer, such as management performance, financial leverage and reduced demand for the issuer's goods or services.

Liquidity Risk is the risk that a particular investment may be difficult to purchase or sell and that the Portfolio may be unable to sell illiquid investments at an advantageous time or price or achieve its desired level of exposure to a certain sector. Liquidity risk may result from the lack of an active market, reduced number and capacity of traditional market participants to make a market in fixed income securities, and may be magnified in a rising interest rate environment or other circumstances where investor redemptions from fixed income funds may be higher than normal, causing increased supply in the market due to selling activity.

Derivatives Risk is the risk of investing in derivative instruments (such as futures, swaps and structured securities), including leverage, liquidity, interest rate, market, credit and management risks, and valuation complexity. Changes in the value of a derivative may not correlate perfectly with, and may be more sensitive to market events than, the underlying asset, rate or index, and the Portfolio could lose more than the initial amount invested. The Portfolio's use of derivatives may result in losses to the Portfolio, a reduction in the Portfolio's returns and/or increased volatility. Over-the-counter ("OTC") derivatives are also subject to the risk that a counterparty to the transaction will not fulfill its contractual obligations to the other party, as many of the protections afforded to centrally-cleared derivative transactions might not be available for OTC derivatives. The primary credit risk on derivatives that are exchange-traded or traded through a central clearing counterparty, resides with the Portfolio's clearing broker, or the clearinghouse. Changes in regulation relating to a mutual fund's use of derivatives and related instruments could

potentially limit or impact the Portfolio's ability to invest in derivatives, limit the Portfolio's ability to employ certain strategies that use derivatives and/or adversely affect the value of derivatives and the Portfolio's performance.

Equity Risk is the risk that the value of equity securities, such as common stocks and preferred securities, may decline due to general market conditions which are not specifically related to a particular company or to factors affecting a particular industry or industries. Equity securities generally have greater price volatility than fixed income securities.

Mortgage-Related and Other Asset-Backed Securities Risk is the risk of investing in mortgage-related and other asset-backed securities, including interest rate risk, extension risk, prepayment risk and credit risk.

Foreign (Non-U.S.) Investment Risk is the risk that investing in foreign (non-U.S.) securities may result in the Portfolio experiencing more rapid and extreme changes in value than a portfolio that invests exclusively in securities of U.S. companies, due to smaller markets, differing reporting, accounting and auditing standards, increased risk of delayed settlement of portfolio transactions or loss of certificates of portfolio securities, and the risk of unfavorable foreign government actions, including nationalization, expropriation or confiscatory taxation, currency blockage, or political changes, diplomatic developments or the imposition of sanctions and other similar measures. Foreign securities may also be less liquid and more difficult to value than securities of U.S. issuers.

Emerging Markets Risk is the risk of investing in emerging market securities, primarily increased foreign (non-U.S.) investment risk.

Sovereign Debt Risk is the risk that investments in fixed income instruments issued by sovereign entities may decline in value as a result of default or other adverse credit event resulting from an issuer's inability or unwillingness to make principal or interest payments in a timely fashion.

Currency Risk is the risk that foreign (non-U.S.) currencies will change in value relative to the U.S. dollar and affect the Portfolio's investments in foreign (non-U.S.) currencies or in securities that trade in, and receive revenues in, or in derivatives that provide exposure to, foreign (non-U.S.) currencies.

Leveraging Risk is the risk that certain transactions of the Portfolio, such as reverse repurchase agreements, loans of portfolio securities, and the use of when-issued, delayed delivery or forward commitment transactions, or derivative instruments, may give rise to leverage, magnifying gains and losses and causing the Portfolio to be more volatile than if it had not been leveraged. This means that leverage entails a heightened risk of loss.

Management Risk is the risk that the investment techniques and risk analyses applied by PIMCO will not produce the desired results and that actual or potential conflicts of interest, legislative, regulatory, or tax restrictions, policies or developments may affect the investment techniques available to PIMCO and the individual portfolio manager in connection with managing the Portfolio and may cause PIMCO to restrict or prohibit participation in certain investments. There is no guarantee that the investment objective of the Portfolio will be achieved.

Short Exposure Risk is the risk of entering into short sales, including the potential loss of more money than the actual cost of the investment, and the risk that the third party to the short sale will not fulfill its contractual obligations, causing a loss to the Portfolio.

Distribution Rate Risk is the risk that the Portfolio's distribution rate may change unexpectedly as a result of numerous factors, including changes in realized and projected market returns, fluctuations in market interest rates, Portfolio performance and other factors.

Contingent Convertible Securities Risk is the risk of investing in contingent convertible securities, including the risk that interest payments will be cancelled by the issuer or a regulatory authority, the risk of ranking junior to other creditors in the event of a liquidation or other bankruptcy-related event as a result of holding subordinated debt, the risk of the Portfolio's investment becoming further subordinated as a result of conversion from debt to equity, the risk that principal amount due can be written down to a lesser amount, and the general risks applicable to fixed income investments, including interest rate risk, credit risk, market risk and liquidity risk, any of which could result in losses to the Portfolio.

(b) Other Risks

In general, the Portfolio may be subject to additional risks, including, but not limited to, risks related to government regulation and intervention in financial markets, operational risks, risks associated with financial, economic and global market disruptions, and cybersecurity risks. Please see the Portfolio's prospectus and Statement of Additional Information for a more detailed description of the risks of investing in the Portfolio. Please see the Important Information section of this report for additional discussion of certain regulatory and market developments that may impact the Portfolio's performance.

Market Disruption Risk The Portfolio is subject to investment and operational risks associated with financial, economic and other global market developments and disruptions, including those arising from war, terrorism, market manipulation, government interventions, defaults and shutdowns, political changes or diplomatic developments, public health emergencies (such as the spread of infectious diseases, pandemics and epidemics) and natural/environmental disasters, which

can all negatively impact the securities markets and cause the Portfolio to lose value. These events can also impair the technology and other operational systems upon which the Portfolio's service providers, including PIMCO as the Portfolio's investment adviser, rely, and could otherwise disrupt the Portfolio's service providers' ability to fulfill their obligations to the Portfolio. For example, the recent spread of an infectious respiratory illness caused by a novel strain of coronavirus (known as COVID-19) has caused volatility, severe market dislocations and liquidity constraints in many markets, including markets for the securities the Portfolio holds, and may adversely affect the Portfolio's investments and operations. Please see the Important Information section for additional discussion of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Government Intervention in Financial Markets Federal, state, and other governments, their regulatory agencies, or self-regulatory organizations may take actions that affect the regulation of the instruments in which the Portfolio invests, or the issuers of such instruments, in ways that are unforeseeable. Legislation or regulation may also change the way in which the Portfolio itself is regulated. Such legislation or regulation could limit or preclude the Portfolio's ability to achieve its investment objective. Furthermore, volatile financial markets can expose the Portfolio to greater market and liquidity risk and potential difficulty in valuing portfolio instruments held by the Portfolio. The value of the Portfolio's holdings is also generally subject to the risk of future local, national, or global economic disturbances based on unknown weaknesses in the markets in which the Portfolio invests. In addition, it is not certain that the U.S. Government will intervene in response to a future market disturbance and the effect of any such future intervention cannot be predicted. It is difficult for issuers to prepare for the impact of future financial downturns, although companies can seek to identify and manage future uncertainties through risk management programs.

Regulatory Risk Financial entities, such as investment companies and investment advisers, are generally subject to extensive government regulation and intervention. Government regulation and/or intervention may change the way the Portfolio is regulated, affect the expenses incurred directly by the Portfolio and the value of its investments, and limit and/or preclude the Portfolio's ability to achieve its investment objective. Government regulation may change frequently and may have significant adverse consequences. Moreover, government regulation may have unpredictable and unintended effects.

Operational Risk An investment in the Portfolio, like any fund, can involve operational risks arising from factors such as processing errors, human errors, inadequate or failed internal or external processes, failures in systems and technology, changes in personnel and errors caused by third-party service providers. The occurrence of any of these failures, errors or breaches could result in a loss of information,

regulatory scrutiny, reputational damage or other events, any of which could have a material adverse effect on the Portfolio. While the Portfolio seeks to minimize such events through controls and oversight, there may still be failures that could cause losses to the Portfolio.

Cyber Security Risk As the use of technology has become more prevalent in the course of business, the Portfolio has become potentially more susceptible to operational and information security risks resulting from breaches in cyber security. A breach in cyber security refers to both intentional and unintentional cyber events that may, among other things, cause the Portfolio to lose proprietary information, suffer data corruption and/or destruction or lose operational capacity, result in the unauthorized release or other misuse of confidential information, or otherwise disrupt normal business operations. Cyber security failures or breaches may result in financial losses to the Portfolio and its shareholders. These failures or breaches may also result in disruptions to business operations, potentially resulting in financial losses; interference with the Portfolio's ability to calculate its net asset value, process shareholder transactions or otherwise transact business with shareholders; impediments to trading; violations of applicable privacy and other laws; regulatory fines; penalties; reputational damage; reimbursement or other compensation costs; additional compliance and cyber security risk management costs and other adverse consequences. In addition, substantial costs may be incurred in order to prevent any cyber incidents in the future.

8. MASTER NETTING ARRANGEMENTS

The Portfolio may be subject to various netting arrangements ("Master Agreements") with select counterparties. Master Agreements govern the terms of certain transactions, and are intended to reduce the counterparty risk associated with relevant transactions by specifying credit protection mechanisms and providing standardization that is intended to improve legal certainty. Each type of Master Agreement governs certain types of transactions. Different types of transactions may be traded out of different legal entities or affiliates of a particular organization, resulting in the need for multiple agreements with a single counterparty. As the Master Agreements are specific to unique operations of different asset types, they allow the Portfolio to close out and net its total exposure to a counterparty in the event of a default with respect to all the transactions governed under a single Master Agreement with a counterparty. For financial reporting purposes the Statement of Assets and Liabilities generally presents derivative assets and liabilities on a gross basis, which reflects the full risks and exposures prior to netting.

Master Agreements can also help limit counterparty risk by specifying collateral posting arrangements at pre-arranged exposure levels. Under most Master Agreements, collateral is routinely transferred if the total net exposure to certain transactions (net of existing collateral already in place) governed under the relevant Master Agreement with a

counterparty in a given account exceeds a specified threshold, which typically ranges from zero to \$250,000 depending on the counterparty and the type of Master Agreement. United States Treasury Bills and U.S. dollar cash are generally the preferred forms of collateral, although other securities may be used depending on the terms outlined in the applicable Master Agreement. Securities and cash pledged as collateral are reflected as assets on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities as either a component of Investments at value (securities) or Deposits with counterparty. Cash collateral received is not typically held in a segregated account and as such is reflected as a liability on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities as Deposits from counterparty. The market value of any securities received as collateral is not reflected as a component of NAV. The Portfolio's overall exposure to counterparty risk can change substantially within a short period, as it is affected by each transaction subject to the relevant Master Agreement.

Master Repurchase Agreements and Global Master Repurchase Agreements (individually and collectively "Master Repo Agreements") govern repurchase, reverse repurchase, and certain sale-buyback transactions between the Portfolio and select counterparties. Master Repo Agreements maintain provisions for, among other things, initiation, income payments, events of default, and maintenance of collateral. The market value of transactions under the Master Repo Agreement, collateral pledged or received, and the net exposure by counterparty as of period end are disclosed in the Notes to Schedule of Investments.

Master Securities Forward Transaction Agreements ("Master Forward Agreements") govern certain forward settling transactions, such as TBA securities, delayed-delivery or certain sale-buyback transactions by and between the Portfolio and select counterparties. The Master Forward Agreements maintain provisions for, among other things, transaction initiation and confirmation, payment and transfer, events of default, termination, and maintenance of collateral. The market value of forward settling transactions, collateral pledged or received, and the net exposure by counterparty as of period end is disclosed in the Notes to Schedule of Investments.

Customer Account Agreements and related addenda govern cleared derivatives transactions such as futures, options on futures, and cleared OTC derivatives. Such transactions require posting of initial margin as determined by each relevant clearing agency which is segregated in an account at a futures commission merchant ("FCM") registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission. In the United States, counterparty risk may be reduced as creditors of an FCM cannot have a claim to Portfolio assets in the segregated account. Portability of exposure reduces risk to the Portfolio. Variation margin, which reflects changes in market value, is generally exchanged daily, but may not be netted between futures and cleared OTC derivatives unless the parties

have agreed to a separate arrangement in respect of portfolio margining. The market value or accumulated unrealized appreciation (depreciation), initial margin posted, and any unsettled variation margin as of period end are disclosed in the Notes to Schedule of Investments.

International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc. Master Agreements and Credit Support Annexes ("ISDA Master Agreements") govern bilateral OTC derivative transactions entered into by the Portfolio with select counterparties. ISDA Master Agreements maintain provisions for general obligations, representations, agreements, collateral posting and events of default or termination. Events of termination include conditions that may entitle counterparties to elect to terminate early and cause settlement of all outstanding transactions under the applicable ISDA Master Agreement. Any election to terminate early could be material to the financial statements. The ISDA Master Agreement may contain additional provisions that add counterparty protection beyond coverage of existing daily exposure if the counterparty has a decline in credit quality below a predefined level or as required by regulation. Similarly, if required by regulation, the Portfolio may be required to post additional collateral beyond coverage of daily exposure. These amounts, if any, may (or if required by law, will) be segregated with a third-party custodian. To the extent the Portfolio is required by regulation to post additional collateral beyond coverage of daily exposure, it could potentially incur costs, including in procuring eligible assets to meet collateral requirements, associated with such posting. The market value of OTC financial derivative instruments, collateral received or pledged, and net exposure by counterparty as of period end are disclosed in the Notes to Schedule of Investments.

9. FEES AND EXPENSES

- (a) Investment Advisory Fee PIMCO is a majority-owned subsidiary of Allianz Asset Management of America L.P. ("Allianz Asset Management") and serves as the Adviser to the Trust, pursuant to an investment advisory contract. The Adviser receives a monthly fee from the Portfolio at an annual rate based on average daily net assets (the "Investment Advisory Fee"). The Investment Advisory Fee for all classes is charged at an annual rate as noted in the table in note (b) below.
- (b) Supervisory and Administrative Fee PIMCO serves as administrator (the "Administrator") and provides supervisory and administrative services to the Trust for which it receives a monthly supervisory and administrative fee based on each share class's average daily net assets (the "Supervisory and Administrative Fee"). As the Administrator, PIMCO bears the costs of various third-party services, including audit, custodial, portfolio accounting, legal, transfer agency and printing costs.

The Investment Advisory Fee and Supervisory and Administrative Fees for all classes, as applicable, are charged at the annual rate as noted in the following table (calculated as a percentage of the Portfolio's average daily net assets attributable to each class):

	Investment Advisory Fee	Supervisory and Administrative Fee					
All Classes		Institutional Class	Class M	Administrative Class	Advisor Class		
	0.25%	0.40%	0.40%*	0.40%	0.40%		

- * This particular share class has been registered with the SEC, but has not yet launched.
- (c) Distribution and Servicing Fees PIMCO Investments LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of PIMCO, serves as the distributor ("Distributor") of the Trust's shares.

The Trust has adopted an Administrative Services Plan with respect to the Administrative Class shares of the Portfolio pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the Act (the "Administrative Plan"). Under the terms of the Administrative Plan, the Trust is permitted to compensate the Distributor, out of the Administrative Class assets of the Portfolio, in an amount up to 0.15% on an annual basis of the average daily net assets of that class, for providing or procuring through financial intermediaries administrative, recordkeeping and investor services for Administrative Class shareholders of the Portfolio.

The Trust has adopted a separate Distribution and Servicing Plan for the Advisor Class shares of the Portfolio (the "Distribution and Servicing Plan"). The Distribution and Servicing Plan has been adopted pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the Act. The Distribution and Servicing Plan permits the Portfolio to compensate the Distributor for providing or procuring through financial intermediaries, distribution, administrative, recordkeeping, shareholder and/or related services with respect to Advisor Class shares. The Distribution and Servicing Plan permits the Portfolio to make total payments at an annual rate of up to 0.25% of its average daily net assets attributable to its Advisor Class and Class M shares. The Distribution and Servicing Plan for Class M shares also permits the Portfolio to compensate the Distributor for providing or procuring administrative, recordkeeping, and other investor services at an annual rate of up to 0.20% of its average daily net assets attributable to its Class M shares.

	Distribution Fee	Servicing Fee
Class M*	0.25%	0.20%
Administrative Class	_	0.15%
Advisor Class	0.25%	_

- This particular share class has been registered with the SEC, but has not yet launched.
- (d) Portfolio Expenses PIMCO provides or procures supervisory and administrative services for shareholders and also bears the costs of various third-party services required by the Portfolio, including audit, custodial, portfolio accounting, legal, transfer agency and printing

costs. The Trust is responsible for the following expenses: (i) salaries and other compensation of any of the Trust's executive officers and employees who are not officers, directors, stockholders, or employees of PIMCO or its subsidiaries or affiliates; (ii) taxes and governmental fees; (iii) brokerage fees and commissions and other portfolio transaction expenses; (iv) the costs of borrowing money, including interest expenses; (v) fees and expenses of the Trustees who are not "interested persons" of PIMCO or the Trust, and any counsel retained exclusively for their benefit; (vi) extraordinary expenses, including costs of litigation and indemnification expenses; (vii) organizational expenses; and (viii) any expenses allocated or allocable to a specific class of shares, which include service fees payable with respect to the Administrative Class Shares, and may include certain other expenses as permitted by the Trust's Multi-Class Plan adopted pursuant to Rule 18f-3 under the Act and subject to review and approval by the Trustees. The ratio of expenses to average net assets per share class, as disclosed on the Financial Highlights, may differ from the annual portfolio operating expenses per share class.

The Trust pays no compensation directly to any Trustee or any other officer who is affiliated with the Administrator, all of whom receive remuneration for their services to the Trust from the Administrator or its affiliates.

(e) Expense Limitation Pursuant to the Expense Limitation Agreement, PIMCO has agreed, through May 1, 2023, to waive a portion of the Portfolio's Supervisory and Administrative Fee, or reimburse the Portfolio, to the extent that the Portfolio's organizational expenses, pro rata share of expenses related to obtaining or maintaining a Legal Entity Identifier and pro rata share of Trustee Fees exceed 0.0049%, the "Expense Limit" (calculated as a percentage of the Portfolio's average daily net assets attributable to each class). The Expense Limitation Agreement will automatically renew for one-year terms unless PIMCO provides written notice to the Trust at least 30 days prior to the end of the then current term. The waiver, if any, is reflected on the Statement of Operations as a component of Waiver and/or Reimbursement by PIMCO.

In any month in which the supervision and administration agreement is in effect, PIMCO is entitled to reimbursement by the Portfolio of any portion of the supervisory and administrative fee waived or reimbursed as set forth above (the "Reimbursement Amount") within thirty-six months of the time of the waiver, provided that such amount paid to PIMCO will not: i) together with any organizational expenses, pro rata share of expenses related to obtaining or maintaining a Legal Entity Identifier and pro rata Trustee fees, exceed, for such month, the Expense Limit (or the amount of the expense limit in place at the time the amount being recouped was originally waived if lower than the Expense Limit); ii) exceed the total Reimbursement Amount; or iii)

include any amounts previously reimbursed to PIMCO. At June 30, 2022, there were no recoverable amounts.

10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Adviser, Administrator, and Distributor are related parties. Fees paid to these parties are disclosed in Note 9, Fees and Expenses, and the accrued related party fee amounts are disclosed on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

The Portfolio is permitted to purchase or sell securities from or to certain related affiliated portfolios under specified conditions outlined in procedures adopted by the Board. The procedures have been designed to ensure that any purchase or sale of securities by the Portfolio from or to another fund or portfolio that are, or could be, considered an affiliate, or an affiliate of an affiliate, by virtue of having a common investment adviser (or affiliated investment advisers), common Trustees and/or common officers complies with Rule 17a-7 under the Act. Further, as defined under the procedures, each transaction is effected at the current market price. Purchases and sales of securities pursuant to Rule 17a-7 under the Act for the period ended June 30, 2022, were as follows (amounts in thousands†):

Purcha	ses	Sales			
\$ ()	\$	2,555		

A zero balance may reflect actual amounts rounding to less than one thousand.

11. GUARANTEES AND INDEMNIFICATIONS

Under the Trust's organizational documents, each Trustee, officer, employee or other agent of the Trust (including the Trust's investment manager) is indemnified, to the extent permitted by the Act, against certain liabilities that may arise out of performance of their duties to the Portfolio. Additionally, in the normal course of business, the Portfolio enters into contracts that contain a variety of indemnification clauses. The Portfolio's maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown as this would involve future claims that may be made against the Portfolio that have not yet occurred. However, the Portfolio has not had prior claims or losses pursuant to these contracts.

12. PURCHASES AND SALES OF SECURITIES

The length of time the Portfolio has held a particular security is not generally a consideration in investment decisions. A change in the securities held by the Portfolio is known as "portfolio turnover." The Portfolio may engage in frequent and active trading of portfolio securities to achieve its investment objective, particularly during periods of volatile market movements. High portfolio turnover may involve correspondingly greater transaction costs, including brokerage commissions or dealer mark-ups and other transaction costs on the sale of securities and reinvestments in other securities, which are borne by the Portfolio. Such sales may also result in realization of taxable capital

gains, including short-term capital gains (which are generally taxed at ordinary income tax rates when distributed to shareholders). The transaction costs associated with portfolio turnover may adversely affect the Portfolio's performance. The portfolio turnover rates are reported in the Financial Highlights.

Purchases and sales of securities (excluding short-term investments) for the period ended June 30, 2022, were as follows (amounts in thousands†):

U.S. Governn	nent/Agency	All Other			
Purchases	Sales	Purchases	Sales		
\$ 862,041	\$ 835,776	\$ 65,372	\$ 47,154		

A zero balance may reflect actual amounts rounding to less than one thousand.

13. SHARES OF BENEFICIAL INTEREST

The Trust may issue an unlimited number of shares of beneficial interest with a \$0.001 par value. Changes in shares of beneficial interest were as follows (shares and amounts in thousands†):

	Six Months Ended 06/30/2022 (Unaudited)		Year Ended 12/31/2021			
	Shares	An	nount	Shares		Amount
Receipts for shares sold Institutional Class	271	\$	2,805	4,192	\$	45,835
Administrative Class	1,921		19,822	4,499		49,364
Advisor Class	1,894		19,641	10,386		113,992
Issued as reinvestment of distributions Institutional Class	52		533	39		428
Administrative Class	274		2,791	460		5,042
Advisor Class	437		4,451	688		7,536
Cost of shares redeemed Institutional Class	(1,483)	((15,907)	(353)		(3,869)
Administrative Class	(2,176)	((22,607)	(1,611)		(17,665)
Advisor Class	(3,077)	((31,723)	(1,368)		(14,995)
Net increase (decrease) resulting from Portfolio share transactions	(1,887)	\$ ((20,194)	16,932	\$	185,668

A zero balance may reflect actual amounts rounding to less than one thousand.

As of June 30, 2022, three shareholders each owned 10% or more of the Portfolio's total outstanding shares comprising 60% of the Portfolio.

14. REGULATORY AND LITIGATION MATTERS

The Portfolio is not named as a defendant in any material litigation or arbitration proceedings and is not aware of any material litigation or claim pending or threatened against it.

On May 17, 2022, Allianz Global Investors U.S. LLC ("AGI U.S.") pleaded guilty in connection with the proceeding United States of America v. Allianz Global Investors U.S. LLC. AGI U.S. is an indirect subsidiary of Allianz SE. The conduct resulting in the matter described above occurred entirely within AGI U.S. and did not involve PIMCO or the Distributor, or any personnel of PIMCO or the Distributor. Nevertheless, because of the disqualifying conduct of AGI U.S., their affiliate, PIMCO would have been disqualified from serving as the investment adviser, and the Distributor would have been disqualified from serving as the principal underwriter, to the Portfolio in the absence of SEC exemptive relief. PIMCO and the Distributor have received exemptive relief from the SEC to permit them to continue

serving as investment adviser and principal underwriter for U.S.registered investment companies, including the Portfolio.

The foregoing speaks only as of the date of this report.

15. FEDERAL INCOME TAX MATTERS

The Portfolio intends to qualify as a regulated investment company under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code") and distribute all of its taxable income and net realized gains, if applicable, to shareholders. Accordingly, no provision for Federal income taxes has been made.

The Portfolio may be subject to local withholding taxes, including those imposed on realized capital gains. Any applicable foreign capital gains tax is accrued daily based upon net unrealized gains, and may be payable following the sale of any applicable investments.

In accordance with U.S. GAAP, the Adviser has reviewed the Portfolio's tax positions for all open tax years. As of June 30, 2022, the Portfolio has recorded no liability for net unrecognized tax benefits relating to uncertain income tax positions it has taken or expects to take in future tax returns.

The Portfolio files U.S. federal, state, and local tax returns as required. The Portfolio's tax returns are subject to examination by relevant tax authorities until expiration of the applicable statute of limitations, which is generally three years after the filing of the tax return but which can be extended to six years in certain circumstances. Tax returns for open years have incorporated no uncertain tax positions that require a provision for income taxes.

Shares of the Portfolio currently are sold to segregated asset accounts ("Separate Accounts") of insurance companies that fund variable annuity contracts and variable life insurance policies ("Variable Contracts"). Please refer to the prospectus for the Separate Account and Variable Contract for information regarding Federal income tax treatment of distributions to the Separate Account.

Under the Regulated Investment Company Modernization Act of 2010, a portfolio is permitted to carry forward any new capital losses for an unlimited period. Additionally, such capital losses that are carried forward will retain their character as either short-term or long-term capital losses rather than being considered all short-term under previous law.

As of its last fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, the Portfolio had the following post-effective capital losses with no expiration (amounts in thousands†):

Short	-Term	Long-Term				
\$	0	\$	0			

A zero balance may reflect actual amounts rounding to less than one thousand.

As of June 30, 2022, the aggregate cost and the net unrealized appreciation/(depreciation) of investments for federal income tax purposes are as follows (amounts in thousands†):

Federal Tax Cost	Unrealized Appreciation	Unrealized (Depreciation)	Net Unrealized Appreciation/ (Depreciation) ⁽¹⁾
\$ 611,418	\$ 34,522	\$ (73,418)	\$ (38,896)

A zero balance may reflect actual amounts rounding to less than one thousand.

⁽¹⁾ Primary differences, if any, between book and tax net unrealized appreciation/(depreciation) are attributable to wash sale loss deferrals for federal income tax purposes.

Counterpa	rty Abbreviations:				
BOA BPS BRC CBK FAR FBF	Bank of America N.A. BNP Paribas S.A. Barclays Bank PLC Citibank N.A. Wells Fargo Bank National Association Credit Suisse International	FICC GLM GST HUS MBC MYC	Fixed Income Clearing Corporation Goldman Sachs Bank USA Goldman Sachs International HSBC Bank USA N.A. HSBC Bank Plc Morgan Stanley Capital Services LLC	MYI NGF RBC SAL SCX	Morgan Stanley & Co. International PLC Nomura Global Financial Products, Inc. Royal Bank of Canada Citigroup Global Markets, Inc. Standard Chartered Bank, London
Currency A	bbreviations:				
ARS AUD BRL CAD CLP CNH	Argentine Peso Australian Dollar Brazilian Real Canadian Dollar Chilean Peso Chinese Renminbi (Offshore)	EUR GBP IDR INR JPY MXN	Euro British Pound Indonesian Rupiah Indian Rupee Japanese Yen Mexican Peso	NOK PEN RUB TWD USD(or \$) ZAR	Norwegian Krone Peruvian New Sol Russian Ruble Taiwanese Dollar United States Dollar South African Rand
Exchange /	Abbreviations:				
CME	Chicago Mercantile Exchange	ОТС	Over the Counter		
Index/Spre	ad Abbreviations:				
12MTA BADLARPP BP0003M CDX.EM CDX.HY	12 Month Treasury Average Argentina Badlar Floating Rate Notes 3 Month GBP-LIBOR Credit Derivatives Index - Emerging Markets Credit Derivatives Index - High Yield	CDX.IG CMBX EUR003M EUR006M LIBOR03M	Credit Derivatives Index - Investment Grade Commercial Mortgage-Backed Index 3 Month EUR Swap Rate 6 Month EUR Swap Rate 3 Month USD-LIBOR	MUTKCALM SONIO UKRPI US0001M US0003M	Tokyo Overnight Average Rate Sterling Overnight Interbank Average Rate United Kingdom Retail Prices Index ICE 1-Month USD LIBOR ICE 3-Month USD LIBOR
Other Abb	reviations:				
ABS	Asset-Backed Security	CDI	Brazil Interbank Deposit Rate	Lunar	Monthly payment based on 28-day periods. One year consists of 13 periods.
ALT BABs	Alternate Loan Trust Build America Bonds	CLO EBITDA	Collateralized Loan Obligation Earnings before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amoritization	OIS PIK	Overnight Index Swap Payment-in-Kind
BBR BBSW	Bank Bill Rate Bank Bill Swap Reference Rate	EURIBOR JIBAR	Euro Interbank Offered Rate Johannesburg Interbank Agreed Rate	TBA TBD%	To-Be-Announced Interest rate to be determined when loan settles or at the time of funding
ВТР	Buoni del Tesoro Poliennali "Long-term Treasury Bond"	LIBOR	London Interbank Offered Rate	TIIE	Tasa de Interés Interbancaria de Equilibrio "Equilibrium Interbank Interest Rate"

In compliance with Rule 22e-4 (the "Liquidity Rule") under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended ("1940 Act"), PIMCO Variable Insurance Trust (the "Trust") has adopted and implemented a liquidity risk management program (the "Program") for each series of the Trust (each a "Portfolio" and collectively, the "Portfolios") not regulated as a money market fund under 1940 Act Rule 2a-7, which is reasonably designed to assess and manage the Portfolios' liquidity risk. The Trust's Board of Trustees (the "Board") previously approved the designation of the PIMCO Liquidity Risk Committee (the "Administrator") as Program administrator. The PIMCO Liquidity Risk Committee consists of senior members from certain PIMCO business areas, such as Portfolio Risk Management, Americas Operations, Compliance, Account Management and Portfolio Management, and is advised by members of PIMCO Legal.

A Portfolio's "liquidity risk" is the risk that the Portfolio could not meet requests to redeem shares issued by the Portfolio without significant dilution of the remaining investors' interests in the Portfolio. In accordance with the Program, each Portfolio's liquidity risk is assessed no less frequently than annually taking into consideration a variety of factors, including, as applicable, the Portfolio's investment strategy and liquidity of portfolio investments, cash flow projections, and holdings of cash and cash equivalents, as well as borrowing arrangements and other funding sources. Certain factors are considered under both normal and reasonably foreseeable stressed conditions. Each Portfolio portfolio investment is classified into one of four liquidity categories (including "highly liquid investments" and "illiquid investments," discussed below) based on a determination of the number of days it is reasonably expected to take to convert the investment to cash, or sell or dispose of the investment, in current market conditions without significantly changing the investment's market value. Each Portfolio has adopted a "Highly Liquid Investment Minimum" (or "HLIM"), which is a minimum amount of Portfolio net assets to be invested in highly liquid investments that are assets. As required under the Liquidity Rule, each Portfolio's HLIM is periodically reviewed, no less frequently than annually, and the Portfolios have adopted policies and procedures for responding to a shortfall of a Portfolio's highly liquid investments below its HLIM. The Liquidity Rule also limits the Portfolios' investments in illiquid investments by prohibiting a Portfolio from acquiring any illiquid investment if, immediately after the acquisition, the Portfolio would have invested more than 15% of its net assets in illiquid investments that are assets. Certain non-public reporting is generally required if a Portfolio's holdings of illiquid investments that are assets were to exceed 15% of Portfolio net assets.

At a meeting of the Board held on February 15-16, 2022, the Board received a report (the "Report") from the Administrator addressing the Program's operation and assessing the adequacy and effectiveness of its implementation for the 12-month period ended December 31, 2021. The Report reviewed the operation of the Program's components during such period and stated that the Program is operating effectively to assess and manage each Portfolio's liquidity risk and that the Program has been and continues to be adequately and effectively implemented to monitor and, as applicable, respond to the Portfolios' liquidity developments. This has remained true for the 12-month period ended June 30, 2022.



General Information

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Custodian

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This report is submitted for the general information of the shareholders of the PIMCO Variable Insurance Trust.