## American Funds® IS Blue Chip Income and Growth

Available through Pacific Life Variable Annuity Products Benchmark: S&P 500 TR USD

Investment Strategy from underlying investment's prospectus The investment seeks to produce income exceeding the average yield on U.S. stocks generally and to provide an opportunity for growth of principal consistent with sound common stock investing.

Normally, the fund invests at least 80% of its assets in dividend-paying common stocks of larger, more established companies domiciled in the United States with market capitalizations greater than \$4.0 billion. Its investment adviser considers these types of investments to be "blue chip" stocks. The fund also ordinarily invests at least 90% of its equity assets in the stock of companies whose debt securities are rated at least investment grade.

#### Category Description: Large Value

Large-value portfolios invest primarily in big U.S. companies that are less expensive or growing more slowly than other large-cap stocks. Stocks in the top 70% of the capitalization of the U.S. equity market are defined as large cap. Value is defined based on low valuations (low price ratios and high dividend yields) and slow growth (low growth rates for earnings, sales, book value, and cash flow).

#### Morningstar Proprietary Statistics as of 03-31-21

Fund Rank	Morningstar	out of # of
Percentile	Rating	Investments
66	_	8232
49	_	7818
37	***	7457
46	***	6571
20	****	4326
	Percentile 66 49 37 46	Percentile         Rating           66         —           49         —           37         ★★★           46         ★★★

Operations

 Subaccount Incp Date
 10-30-15

 Management Company
 Capital Research and Management Company

 Subadvisor
 —

 Portfolio Manager(s)
 James Lovelace. Since 2007. Christopher Buchbinder. Since 2007. James Terrile. Since 2012. Alex Sheynkman. Since 2018. Lawrence Solomon. Since 2018.

#### Morningstar Sustainability

Morningstar Sustainability Rating as of 01-31-21

 Global Category
 Historical Sustainability Score as of 12-31-20

 Out of 1,476 US Equity Large Cap Value investments analyzed
 25 based on 100% of AUM

 Historical % Rank in Global Category
 Sustainability Mandate

The Morningstar Sustainability Score is based on company-level analysis from Sustainalytics. See disclosure for details.

% Assets

89.8

73

0.0

1.9

1.0

74

#### **Portfolio Analysis**



Morni	ngstar	Equity S	tyle B	ox™ as of 12-31-20	% Mkt Cap
			Large	Giant	43.51
			le Mid	Large	36.32
			lid.	Medium	20.04
			Small	Small	0.13
Value	Blend	Growth	=	Micro	0.00

Morningstar Sectors as of 12-31-20	% Fund
✤ Cyclical	21.26
🚨 Basic Materials	2.66
🗢 Consumer Cyclical	7.25
😝 Financial Services	9.55
🔂 Real Estate	1.80
v Sensitive	48.95
Communication Services	10.09
Energy	9.32
🔅 Industrials	13.65
Technology	15.89
→ Defensive	29.80
🔚 Consumer Defensive	8.41
+ Healthcare	17.86
💡 Utilities	3.53

Top Holdings as of 12-31-20			% Assets
Microsoft Corp			6.03
Broadcom Inc			4.60
Abbott Laboratories			3.84
Comcast Corp Class A			3.17
CSX Corp			3.08
Amgen Inc			3.02
Raytheon Technologies Co	rp		2.94
Facebook Inc A			2.76
Philip Morris International	Inc		2.67
EOG Resources Inc			2.39
Mastercard Inc A			2.29
Baker Hughes Co Class A			2.27
Apple Inc			2.22
UnitedHealth Group Inc			2.17
Linde PLC			2.15
Total Number of Stock Hol	dings		
Total Number of Bond Hole	dings		0
Annual Turnover Ratio %			40.00
Tax Cost Ratio 3 Yr			2.16
Total Fund Assets (\$mil)			9,840.55
Statistics as of 12-31-20	Port Avg	Rel S&P 500	Rel Cat
P/E Ratio	17.05	0.77	1.05
P/B Ratio	2.70	0.71	1.24
P/C Ratio	11.19	0.69	0.98
GeoAvgCap (\$mil)	120,200.0 9	0.68	1.65

No

Overall Morningstar Rating™

Morningstar Risl

PACIFIC LIFE

★★★★ Above Average Average Out of 7457 Large Value VA subaccounts. An investment's overall Morningstar Rating, based on its riskadjusted return, is a weighted average of its applicable 3-, 5-, and 10-year Ratings. See disclosure for details.

Morningstar Return

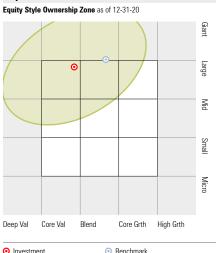
See Page 2 for important disclosure information

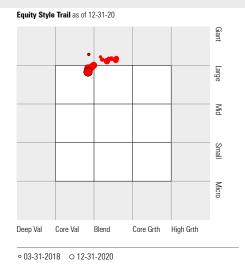
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## American Funds<sup>®</sup> IS Blue Chip Income and Growth

Available through Pacific Life Variable Annuity Products Benchmark: S&P 500 TR USD

#### **Style Orientation**

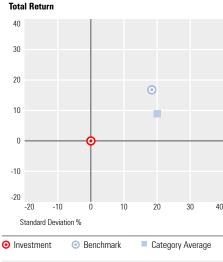




#### Value Measures as of 12-31-20 Equities Cat Avg Price/Prospective Earnings Ratio 17.05 16.28 Price/Prospective Book Ratio 2 70 2 18 Price/Prospective Sales Ratio 2.39 1.75 Price/Prospective Cash Flow Ratio 11.19 11.42 Avg Mkt Cap (\$mil) 120200.09 72792.49

Growth Measures as of 12-31-20	Equities	Cat Avg
Long-Term Earnings %	8.09	9.43
Book Value %	6.86	4.18
Sales %	3.69	3.27
Cash Flow %	9.33	3.98
Historical Earnings %	4.06	5.30

#### Risk Evaluation as of 03-31-21



#### 19.29 15.78 13.84 Standard Deviation Sharpe Ratio 0.49 0.62 0.72 Information Ratio -1.69 -1.43 -1.09 R-squared 95.05 92.76 93.52 Beta 1.02 1.02 0.99 -6.72 Alpha -5.64-3.26

Risk Measures as of 03-31-21

3-Year

5-Year

10-Year

## **Volatility Analysis**

		Investment
Low	Moderate	High
	•	Category

In the past, this investment has shown a wide range of price fluctuations relative to other investments. This investment may experience significant price increases in favorable markets or undergo large price declines in adverse markets. Some of this risk may be offset by owning other investments that follow different investment strategies.

Best 3 Month Return	Worst 3 Month Return
19.29%	-23.74%
(Apr '20 - Jun '20)	(Jan '20 - Mar '20)

### Notes

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Pacific Life is a product provider. It is not a fiduciary and therefore does not give advice or make recommendations regarding insurance or investment products. Variable annuities are long-term investments designed for retirement. The value of the variable investment options will fluctuate so that shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than the original cost. Annuity withdrawals and other distributions of taxable amounts, including death benefit payouts, will be subject to ordinary income tax. For nongualified contracts, an additional tax of 3.8% may apply on net investment income. If withdrawals and other distributions are taken prior to age 59 1/2, an additional 10% federal tax may apply. A withdrawal charge also may apply. Withdrawals will reduce the contract value and the value of the death benefits, and also may reduce the value of any optional benefits

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This page must be accompanied by all disclosure pages.

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Morningstar Ris

Average

Above Average Out of 7457 Large Value VA subaccounts. An investment's overall Morningstar Rating, based on its riskadjusted return, is a weighted average of its applicable 3-, 5-, and 10-year Ratings. See disclosure for details

Morningstar Return

Overall Morningstar Rating™

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## Disclosure

Pacific Life Insurance Company contracts Morningstar Inc., for a fee, as a third-party advisor to produce this fact sheet. In this capacity, Morningstar independently provides analysis on the underlying investment options for Pacific Life. Pacific Life and its affiliates have not independently verified this information.

The Morningstar Fact Sheet is provided to help you further evaluate the investment options available within Pacific Life variable annuities. This information (including Morningstar Rating) does not reflect expenses and charges that are, or may be, imposed under your variable annuity contract. For information on these charges, please refer to the applicable variable annuity contract or variable annuity prospectus. Morningstar chooses the applicable benchmark for each portfolio. This index may differ from the benchmark index or the indices in the underlying prospectuses. The index is an unmanaged portfolio of specified securities and the index does not reflect any initial or ongoing expenses. Indexes cannot be invested in directly. See the underlying prospectuses for more information on benchmarks and definitions.

Pacific Life Fund Advisors LLC (PLFA), a wholly owned subsidiary of Pacific Life Insurance Company, is the investment adviser to the Pacific Select Fund (PSF). PLFA directly manages certain PSF funds-of-funds. For PSF investment options, the information presented is about sub-accounts funded by corresponding Pacific Select Fund portfolios. Pacific Select Fund is an underlying investment vehicle to Pacific Life variable products.

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# Morningstar Portfolio Analysis and Morningstar Sector Weightings

For individual sub-accounts, the purpose of these sections is to provide an analysis of the individual sub-account. Morningstar prepares this information based on publicly available holdings information. Generally, each underlying subaccount's holdings are for the prior month end; however, certain underlying sub-account's holdings are for the month ended one or two months prior.

#### **Benchmark Definition**

S&P 500 TR USD: The index measures the performance of 500 widely held stocks in US equity market. Standard and Poor's chooses member companies for the index based on market size, liquidity and industry group representation. Included are the stocks of industrial, financial, utility, and transportation companies. Since mid 1989, this composition has been more flexible and the number of issues in each sector has varied. It is market capitalization-weighted.

#### Morningstar Rating<sup>TM</sup>

The Morningstar Rating<sup>TM</sup> for funds, or "star rating", is calculated for funds and separate accounts with at least a three-year history. Exchange-traded funds and open-ended mutual funds are considered a single population for comparative purposes. It is calculated based on a Morningstar Risk-Adjusted Return measure that accounts for variation in a managed product's monthly excess performance, placing more emphasis on downward variations and rewarding consistent performance. The Morningstar Rating does not include any adjustment for sales loads. The top 10% of products in each product category receive 5 stars, the next 22.5% receive 4 stars, the next 35% receive 3 stars, the next 22.5% receive 2 stars, and the bottom 10% receive 1 star. The Overall Morningstar Rating for a managed product is derived from a weighted average of the performance figures associated with its three-, five-, and 10-year (if applicable) Morningstar Rating metrics.

#### Morningstar Return

The Morningstar Return rates a fund's performance relative to other managed products in its Morningstar Category. It is an assessment of a product's excess return over a risk-free rate (the return of the 90-day Treasury Bill) in comparison with the products in its Morningstar category. In each Morningstar category, the top 10% of products earn a High Morningstar Return (High), the next 22.5% Above Average (+Avg), the middle 35% Average (Avg), the next 22.5% Below Average (-Ave), and the bottom 10% Low (Low). Morningstar Return is measured for up to three time periods (three, five, and 10 years). These separate measures are then weighted and averaged to produce an overall measure for the product. Products with less than three years of performance history are not rated.

#### Morningstar Risk

holdings database. Morningstar Sustainability Rating™ The Morningstar Sustainability RatingTM is intended to

Morningstar Risk evaluates a fund's downside volatility

relative to that of other products in its Morningstar Category.

It is an assessment of the variations in monthly returns, with

an emphasis on downside variations, in comparison with the

category, the 10% of products with the lowest measured risk

22.5% Above Average (+Avg), and the top 10% High (High).

(three, five, and 10 years). These separate measures are then

weighted and averaged to produce an overall measure for the

product. Products with less than three years of performance

The Morningstar Style Box reveals a portfolio's investment

style. For equity portfolios, the vertical axis shows the market capitalization of the stocks owned. The horizontal axis shows

Sustainalytics is an independent environmental, social, and

governance and corporate governance research, ratings, and

analysis firm and is not an affiliated company of Morningstar,

Inc. Sustainalytics provides ESG scores on companies, which

are evaluated within global industry peer groups, and tracks

company-level ESG analytics for use in calculating ratings for

managed products and indexes using Morningstar's portfolio

and categorizes ESG-related controversial incidents on

companies. Morningstar has licensed Sustainalytics'

history are not rated.

Sustainalytics

Morningstar Style Box™

investment style (value, blend, or growth).

products in its Morningstar category. In each Morningstar

are described as Low Risk (Low), the next 22.5% Below

Average (-Avg), the middle 35% Average (Avg), the next

Morningstar Risk is measured for up to three time periods

measure how well the issuing companies of the securities within a fund's portfolio holdings are managing their financially material environmental, social and governance, or ESG, risks relative to the fund's Morningstar Global Category peers. The Morningstar Sustainability Rating calculation is a five - step process. First, each fund with at least 67% of assets covered by a company-level ESG Risk Score from Sustainalytics receives a Morningstar Portfolio Sustainability Score. The Morningstar Portfolio Sustainability Score is an assetweighted average of company-level ESG Risk Scores. The Portfolio Sustainability Score ranges between 0 to 100, with a higher score indicating that a fund has, on average, more of its assets invested in companies with high ESG Risk. Second, the Historical Sustainability Score is an exponential weighted moving average of the Portfolio Sustainability Scores over the past 12 months. The process rescales the current Portfolio Sustainability Score to reflect the consistency of the scores. The Historical Sustainability Score ranges between 0 to 100, with a higher score indicating that a fund has, on average, more of its assets invested in companies with high ESG Risk, on a consistent historical basis. Third, the Morningstar Sustainability Rating is then assigned to all scored funds within Morningstar Global Categories in which at least thirty (30) funds receive a Historical Sustainability Score and is

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determined by each fund's Morningstar Sustainability Rating Score rank within the following distribution: • High (highest 10%) • Above Average (next 22.5%) • Average (next 35%) • Below Average (next 22.5%) and • Low (lowest 10%) Fourth, we apply a 1% rating buffer from the previous month to increase rating stability. This means a fund must move 1% beyond the rating breakpoint to change ratings. Fifth, we adjust downward positive Sustainability Ratings to funds with a with high ESG Risk scores. The logic is as follows: • If Portfolio Sustainability score is above 40, then the fund receives a Low Sustainability Rating . If Portfolio Sustainability score is above 35 and preliminary rating is Average or better, then the fund is downgraded to Below Average • If Portfolio Sustainability score is above 30 and preliminary rating is Above Average, then the fund is downgraded to Average • If Portfolio Sustainability score is below 30, then no adjustment is made. The Morningstar Sustainability Rating is depicted by globe icons where High equals 5 globes and Low equals 1 globe. Since a Sustainability Rating is assigned to all funds that meet the above criteria, the rating it is not limited to funds with explicit sustainable or responsible investment mandates. Morningstar updates its Sustainability Ratings monthly. The Portfolio Sustainability Score is calculated when Morningstar receives a new portfolio. Then, the Historical Sustainability Score and the Sustainability Rating is calculated one month and six business days after the reported as-of date of the most recent portfolio. As part of the evaluation process, Morningstar uses Sustainalytics' ESG scores from the same month as the portfolio as-of date. Please click on http:// corporate1.morningstar.com/ SustainableInvesting/ for more detailed information about the Morningstar Sustainability Rating methodology and calculation frequency.

#### Definitions

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**Alpha** is a measure of the difference between a portfolio's actual returns and its expected performance, given its level of risk as measured by beta.

*Beta* is a measure of a portfolio's sensitivity to market movements.

Credit Analysis on bond portfolios is based on Moody's ratings.

**Duration** is a time measure of a bond's interest-rate sensitivity. Average effective duration is a weighted average of the duration of the underlying fixed-income securities within the portfolio.

*Equity Style Ownership Zone* The Morningstar Ownership ZoneSM provides a graphic and intuitive representation of the size and investment style of stocks in an equity portfolio. The Ownership Zone is derived by plotting each stock in the portfolio within the Morningstar Style Box. The Ownership Zone is the shaded area that represents 75% of the assets in the portfolio and indicates the level of concentration in the holdings. The "centroid" in the middle of the Ownership Zone represents the weighted average of all the holdings. The Ownership Zone helps investors differentiate between portfolios that may otherwise look similar. Investors can also use the Ownership Zone to construct diversified portfolios and model how multiple funds complement one other in a portfolio.

# *Equity Style Trail* gives you a historical view of the movement of a portfolio over time in terms of equity style based on historical holding changes. Each dot represents a holding change provided by the Fund's management generally monthly, but no less than quarterly. This helps to clearly define the management of a portfolio over time and determine the consistency of that management.

Information Ratio is a risk-adjusted performance measure. The information ratio is a special version of the *Sharpe Ratio* in that the benchmark doesn't have to be the risk-free rate. Income Ratio reveals the percentage of current income earned per share. The income ratio can be used as a gauge of how much of the total return comes from income. Price/Book (P/B) Ratio is the weighted average of the price/book ratios of all the stocks in a portfolio.

Price/Cash (P/C) Ratio represents the weighted average of the price/cash-flow ratios of the stocks in a portfolio.
Price/Earnings (P/E) Ratio is a stock's current price divided by the company's trailing 12-month earnings per share.
Geometric Average Cap is the geometric mean of the market capitalization for all of the stocks the portfolio owned.
Maturity is the average effective maturity, which is a weighted average of all the maturities of the bonds in a portfolio, computed by weighting each maturity date by the market value of the security.

*R***-squared** reflects the percentage of a portfolio's movements that can be explained by movements in its benchmark.

Sharpe Ratio is a risk-adjusted measure calculated by using standard deviation and excess return to determine reward per unit of risk.

**Standard Deviation** is a statistical measure of the volatility of the portfolio's returns.

*Subaccount Inception (Incp)* Date is when the investment option became part of the separate account.

Volatility is a statistical measure of the dispersion,

the uncertainty of risk, of returns for a given security or market index. In most cases, the higher the volatility, the riskier the security. The lower the volatility, the more steady the security.

*Weighted (Wtd) Coupon* is the average weighted coupon, which is generated from the portfolio by weighting the coupon of each bond by its relative size in the portfolio. Coupons are fixed percentages paid out on a fixed-income security on an annual basis.

Weighted (Wtd) Price is the average weighted price, which is generated from the portfolio by weighting the price of each bond by its relative size in the portfolio. This number reveals if the portfolio favors bonds selling at prices above or below face value (premium or discount securities, respectively). A higher number indicates a bias toward premiums. This statistic is expressed as a percentage of par (face) value.

#### Investment Risk

Every variable investment option has some degree of risk

depending on its investments and strategies. While all variable investment options are subject to market risk, some investment options may be subject to greater volatility than others. The variable investment options are not FDIC insured or guaranteed. The risks disclosed below are intended only to illustrate certain principal risks of the variable investment options and are not intended to be complete or exhaustive. Before investing you should carefully read the applicable fund prospectuses.

Active Management The investment is actively managed and subject to the risk that the advisor's usage of investment techniques and risk analyses to make investment decisions fails to perform as expected, which may cause the portfolio to lose value or under perform investments with similar objectives and strategies or the market in general.

**Conflict of interest** A conflict of interest may arise if the advisor makes an investment in certain underlying funds based on the fact that those funds are also managed by the advisor or an affiliate or because certain underlying funds may pay higher fees to the advisor do than others. In addition, an advisor's participation in the primary or secondary market for loans may be deemed a conflict of interest and limit the ability of the investment to acquire those assets.

**Convertible Securities** Investments in convertible securities may be subject to increased interest rate risks, rising in value as interest rates decline and falling in value when interest rates rise.

**Derivatives** The use of forwards and future contracts, options and swaps agreements (each a type of derivative instrument) as a principal investment strategy subjects an investor to a number of risks, including: counter party risk, leverage risk, price volatility risk, regulatory risk, liquidity and valuation risk, correlation risk, premium risk and segregation risk. Derivatives may be riskier than other types of investments and may increase an investment's volatility and risk of loss.

Equity Securities The value of equity securities, which include common, preferred, and convertible preferred stocks, will fluctuate based on changes in their issuers' financial conditions, as well as overall market and economic conditions, and can decline in the event of deteriorating issuer, market, or economic conditions.

**Growth Investing** Growth securities may be subject to increased volatility as the value of these securities is highly sensitive to market fluctuations and future earnings expectations. These securities typically trade at higher multiples of current earnings than do other securities and may lose value if it appears their earnings expectations may not be met.

**Index Sampling** Because index sampling relies on the securities selected to have economic characteristics similar to securities in the target index, it may not result in the

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## Disclosure

aggregate in investment performance matching that of a fund's target index or of other funds that purchased all of the securities in the same index in approximately the same proportions as their weightings in the index.

**Industry and Sector Investing** Concentrating assets in a particular industry, sector of the economy, or markets may increase volatility because the investment will be more susceptible to the impact of market, economic, regulatory, and other factors affecting that industry or sector compared with a more broadly diversified asset allocation.

Large Capitalization Companies Concentrating assets in large-capitalization stocks may subject the portfolio to the risk that those stocks under perform other capitalizations or the market as a whole. Large-cap companies may be unable to respond as quickly as small- and mid cap companies can to new competitive pressures and may lack the growth potential of those securities. Historically, large-cap companies do not recover as quickly as smaller companies do from market declines.

Leverage Leverage transactions may increase volatility and result in a significant loss of value if a transaction fails. Because leverage usually involves investment exposure that exceeds the initial investment, the resulting gain or loss from a relatively small change in an underlying indicator will be disproportionately magnified.

Liquidity Risk Certain holdings may be difficult to purchase, sell and value, particularly during adverse market conditions, because there is a limited market for the investment or there are restrictions on resale. A fund may not be able to sell a holding quickly at the price it has valued the holding, may be unable to take advantage of market opportunities or may be forced to sell other more desirable, more liquid securities or sell less liquid or illiquid securities at a loss if needed to raise cash to conduct operations, including to meet redemption requests.

**Market Volatility** The market value of the portfolio's securities may fall rapidly or unpredictably because of changing economic, political, or market conditions, which may reduce the value of the portfolio.

Mid-Capitalization Companies Mid-cap companies may be subject to increased liquidity risk compared with large-cap companies and may experience greater price volatility than do those securities because of more-limited product lines or financial resources, among other factors.

**Non-diversification** A non-diversified investment, as defined under the Investment Act of 1940, may have an increased potential for loss because its portfolio includes a relatively small number of investments.

**Passive Management** A passively managed (or index) fund attempts to track the performance of an unmanaged index of securities. This differs from an actively managed fund, which generally seeks to outperform a benchmark index. As a result, an index fund generally holds constituent securities of its benchmark index regardless of the current or projected performance of the applicable security, industry or market sector, which could cause the index fund's return to be lower than if the fund were actively managed.

**Restricted/Illiquid Securities** Restricted and illiquid securities may fall in price because of an inability to sell the securities when desired. Investing in restricted securities may subject the portfolio to higher costs and liquidity risk.

Short Sale Selling securities short may be subject to the risk that an advisor does not correctly predict the movement of the security, resulting in a loss if a security must be purchased on the market above its initial borrowing price to return to the lender.

Small-Capitalization Companies Concentrating assets in small-capitalization stocks may subject the portfolio to the risk that those stocks under perform other capitalizations or the market as a whole. Smaller, less-seasoned companies may be subject to increased liquidity risk compared with mid- and large-cap companies and may experience greater price volatility than do those securities because of limited product lines, management experience, market share, or financial resources, among other factors.

Tracking error Performance of a investment may vary, sometimes, substantially, from the performance of its benchmark index due to imperfect correlation between an investment and the index.

Underlying Funds Because the Fund may serve as an underlying fund of one or more "fund of funds" and thus have a significant percentage of its outstanding shares held by such fund of funds, a change in asset allocation by the fund of funds could result in a large redemption out of the Fund, causing potential increases in expenses to the Fund and sale of securities in a short time-frame, both of which could negatively impact performance.

Value Companies Risk Value securities may be subject to the risk that these securities cannot overcome the adverse factors the advisor believes are responsible for their low price or that the market may not recognize their fundamental value as the advisor predicted. Value securities are not expected to experience significant earnings growth and may under perform growth stocks in certain markets.

Mailing addresses: Pacific Life Insurance Company P.O. Box 2378 • Omaha, NE 68103-2378 • (800) 722-4448

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