# Supplement dated October 10, 2023 to the Statutory Prospectus dated May 1, 2023 for the MVP VUL Admiral, Pacific Admiral VUL, and Pacific Protector VUL flexible premium variable universal life insurance policies issued by Pacific Life Insurance Company

The purpose of this supplement is to announce various underlying Fund changes and service center changes. This supplement must be preceded or accompanied by the Statutory Prospectus (the "Prospectus") for your Contract, as supplemented. Capitalized terms used in this supplement are defined in your Prospectus unless otherwise defined herein. "We", "us", or "our" refer to Pacific Life Insurance Company or Pacific Life & Annuity Company, as applicable; "you" or "your" refer to the Policy Owner. You can obtain a copy of the current Prospectus by contacting us at (800) 347-7787 or online at <a href="http://www.PacificLife.com/Prospectuses">http://www.PacificLife.com/Prospectuses</a>. Please retain this supplement for future reference.

Effective November 1, 2023, the underlying fund information related to the Current Expenses in the APPENDIX: FUNDS AVAILABLE UNDER THE POLICY section will be deleted and replaced with the following:

Fund; Advisor (Subadvisor)	Current Expenses
Pacific Select Fund ESG Diversified Portfolio Class P; Pacific Life Fund Advisors LLC	0.62%1
Pacific Select Fund ESG Diversified Growth Portfolio Class P; Pacific Life Fund Advisors LLC	0.59%1

Effective November 1, 2023, the service center business hours in the Timing of Payments, Forms and Requests section are deleted and replaced with the following:

You may reach our service representatives on any Business Day at (800) 347-7787 between the hours of 6 a.m. through 5 p.m. Pacific time.





Receive This Document **Electronically** (See Inside)

This brochure contains:

Prospectus dated May 1, 2023 for

Pacific Protector VUL flexible premium variable universal life insurance policy

and the

**Privacy Notice** 

(Inside back cover)



# Receive Future Regulatory Materials Electronically via eDelivery

As part of its eDelivery program, Pacific Life is pleased to offer policy owners the option to receive their Variable Life Insurance Product and underlying Fund Prospectuses, Annual and Semi-Annual Reports via electronic delivery (email) instead of in print (sent by US mail). Some of the advantages of eDelivery include:

Simple enrollment

Convenient access to all your documents

Reducing filing and clutter

More environmentally-friendly

To enroll in Pacific Life's eDelivery program, please access our policy owner website, My Life Account, at <a href="https://Life.MyAccount.PacificLife.com">https://Life.MyAccount.PacificLife.com</a>.

**Please note:** In addition to accessing your prospectuses and other regulatory materials electronically, upon enrollment, eDelivery will also provide other policy-related materials such as (but not limited to) policy statements, transaction confirms, and our annual proxy, all in the same manner.

This notice is not part of the Prospectus

#### **PACIFIC PROTECTOR VUL**

#### PROSPECTUS MAY 1, 2023

Pacific Protector VUL is a *flexible premium variable universal life insurance policy* issued by Pacific Life Insurance Company ("Pacific Life") through the Pacific Select Exec Separate Account of Pacific Life.

- Flexible premium means you can vary the amount and frequency of your premium payments. You must, however, pay enough premiums to cover the ongoing costs of Policy benefits.
- Variable means the Policy's value depends on the performance of the Investment Options you choose.
- Universal life insurance means you can accumulate cash value and the Policy provides a Death Benefit to the Beneficiary you choose.

You should be aware that the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) has not approved or disapproved of the securities or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of the disclosure in this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

Additional information about certain investment products, including variable life insurance, has been prepared by the SEC's staff and is available at Investor.gov.

If you are a new investor in the Policy, you may cancel your Policy within 10 days of receiving it without paying fees or penalties. In some states, this cancellation period may be longer. Upon cancellation, you will receive either a full refund of the amount you paid with your application or your total Policy value, plus any Policy charges and fees deducted, less Policy Debt. You should review this prospectus, or consult with your life insurance producer, for additional information about the specific cancellation terms that apply.

This Policy is not available in all states. This prospectus is not an offer in any state or jurisdiction where we are not legally permitted to offer the Policy. The Policy is described in detail in this prospectus and its Statement of Additional Information (SAI). Each Fund is described in its prospectus and in its SAI. No one has the right to describe the Policy or any Fund any differently than they have been described in these documents.

This material is not intended to be used, nor can it be used by any taxpayer, for the purpose of avoiding U.S. federal, state or local tax penalties. Pacific Life, its distributors and their respective representatives do not provide tax, accounting or legal advice. Any taxpayer should seek advice based on the taxpayer's particular circumstances from an independent tax advisor.

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#### **SPECIAL TERMS**

In this prospectus, *you* or *your* mean the policyholder or Owner. *Pacific Life, we, us* or *our* refer to Pacific Life Insurance Company. *Policy* means a Pacific Protector VUL variable life insurance policy, unless we state otherwise.

If you have any questions, please ask your life insurance producer or call us at (800) 347-7787.

**Accounts** – consist of the Fixed Accounts, the Variable Accounts, and the Loan Account, each of which may be referred to as an Account.

**Account Additions** – will increase the Fixed Account Value and/or the Variable Account Value based on your Allocation Instructions. Account Additions may consist of Premium payments, loan repayments, and any applicable Additional Credits.

**Account Deductions** – treated as a proportionate deduction from the Fixed and Variable Account Value until each have been reduced to zero. In lieu of the above and at our sole discretion, we may make available the option for the Owner(s) to select the Fixed and Variable Accounts and amounts where the Account Deductions are taken from. Call us to confirm that this option is available.

**Accumulated Value** – the total amount of your Policy's Variable Account Value, Fixed Account Value, and Loan Account Value, on any Business Day.

Age – the Insured's age on his/her birthday nearest the Policy Date. We add one year to this Age on each Policy Anniversary.

**Allocation Instructions** – your instruction to us that identifies the Investment Option(s) to which Net Premium and other Account Additions will be allocated. You may elect to change your Allocation Instructions for future premiums at any time by Written Request. A change will be effective as of the end of the Business Day on which we receive such Written Request.

**Basic Face Amount** – is the sum of the Face Amounts of all Basic Life Coverage Layers on the Insured. The Face Amount of the initial Basic Life Coverage is shown in the Policy Specifications.

**Basic Life Coverage** – is insurance Coverage on the Insured provided by this Policy as shown in the Policy Specifications and any related Supplemental Schedule of Coverage. Certain Riders may provide life insurance Coverage, but such amounts are not included in the Basic Life Coverage.

**Basic Life Coverage Layer** – is a layer of insurance coverage on the Insured. There may be one or more Basic Life Coverage Layers created at issue. In addition, each increase in Basic Face Amount will create a new Basic Life Coverage Layer. Each Basic Life Coverage Layer has its own Face Amount, Risk Class, Coverage Layer Date, and set of charges. Initial amounts will be shown in the Policy Specifications and any additional coverage layers added after issue will be shown in the Supplemental Schedule of Coverage.

**Beneficiary** – the person, people, entity or entities you name to receive the Death Benefit Proceeds.

**Business Day** – any day that the New York Stock Exchange and our Life Insurance Division are open. It usually ends at 4:00 p.m. Eastern time. A Business Day is also called a *valuation day* in your Policy.

Cash Surrender Value – the Policy's Accumulated Value less any surrender charge.

**Cash Value Accumulation Test** – one of two Death Benefit Qualification Tests available under the Policy, and defined in Section 7702(b) of the Tax Code.

Class – is used in determining Policy charges, interest credited, and certain limitations on Policy features and benefits and depends on a number of factors, including but not limited to the Death Benefit, Basic Face Amount and Face Amount, Coverage Layer, Policy Date, Policy duration, premiums paid, source of premium, Policy ownership structure, underwriting type, reinsurance, the Age and Risk Class of the Insured, requested or scheduled additions or increases of Coverage Layers, and the presence of optional Riders and benefits.

Code or Tax Code – is the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

**Coverage** – insurance coverage on the Insured as provided by the Policy or other attached Riders.

**Coverage Layer** – is insurance coverage on the Insureds provided by this Policy. Generally, increases in the Basic Face Amount under the Policy are referred to as a "Coverage Layer".

**Coverage Layer Date** – is the effective date of a particular Coverage Layer and is the date used to determine Coverage Layer months, years and anniversaries. The Coverage Layer Date for the initial Coverage Layer is the Policy Date as shown in the Policy Specifications.

**Death Benefit** – the amount which is payable on the date of the Insured's death.

**Death Benefit Proceeds** – the amount which is payable to the Beneficiary on the date of the Insured's death, adjusted as provided in the Policy.

**Death Benefit Qualification Test** – either the Cash Value Accumulation Test or the Guideline Premium Test. This test determines what the lowest Minimum Death Benefit should be in relation to a Policy's Accumulated Value. Each test available under the Policy is defined in Section 7702 of the Tax Code.

**Evidence of Insurability** – is information, including medical information, satisfactory to us that is used to determine insurability and the Insured's Risk Class, subject to our approval and issue limits.

**Face Amount** – the amount of insurance Coverage on the Insured provided by the Policy Coverage, as shown in the Policy Specifications and any related Supplemental Schedule of Coverage. The Face Amount is subject to increase or decrease as provided elsewhere in the Policy.

**Fixed Account** – an account that is part of our General Account to which all or a portion of Net Premium payments may be allocated for accumulation at a fixed rate of interest declared by us. This account may earn a lower declared interest rate and has more flexible allocation rules than the Fixed LT Account.

Fixed Account Value – the total amount of your Policy's value allocated to the Fixed Accounts.

**Fixed LT Account** – an account that is part of our General Account to which all or a portion of Net Premium payments may be allocated for accumulation at a fixed rate of interest declared by us. This account may earn a higher declared interest rate but has stricter allocation rules than the Fixed Account.

**Fixed Options** – Investment Options that are part of our General Account and that consist of one or more Fixed Accounts available under this Policy. The Fixed Accounts available as of the Policy Date are the Fixed Account and the Fixed LT Account. Net Premiums and Accumulated Value under the Policy may be allocated to one or more Fixed Accounts.

Free Look Right – your right to cancel (or refuse) your Policy and return it for a refund.

**Free Look Transfer Date** – the day we transfer Accumulated Value from the Fidelity<sup>®</sup> VIP Government Money Market Variable Account to the Investment Options you chose.

Fund – one of the funds providing underlying portfolios for the Variable Investment Options offered under the Policy.

General Account – includes all of our assets, except for those held in the Separate Account, or any of our other separate accounts.

**Grace Period** – a 61-day period, beginning on the date we send you, and anyone to whom you have assigned your Policy, notice that your Policy's Accumulated Value less Policy Debt is insufficient to pay the Monthly Deduction. The Grace Period gives you 61 days in which to pay sufficient premium to keep your Policy In Force and prevent your Policy from lapsing.

**Guideline Premium Limit** – the maximum amount of premium or premiums that can be paid for any given Face Amount in order to qualify the Policy as life insurance for tax purposes as specified in the Guideline Premium Test.

**Guideline Premium Test** – one of two Death Benefit Qualification Tests available under the Policy, and defined in Section 7702(a)(2) of the Tax Code.

**Illustration** – a display of hypothetical future Policy benefits based on the assumed Age and Risk Class of an Insured, Face Amount of the Policy, Death Benefit Option, premium payments, any Rider requested, and historical or hypothetical gross rate(s) of return.

**In Force** – means a Policy is in effect and provides a Death Benefit on the Insured.

In Proper Form – is when we will process your requests once we receive all letters, forms or other necessary documents, completed to our satisfaction. In Proper Form may require, among other things, a notarized signature or some other proof of authenticity that is required for us to act on a Written Request. We do not generally require such proof, but we may ask for proof if it appears that your signature has changed, if the signature does not appear to be yours, if we have not received a properly completed application or confirmation of an application, or for other reasons to protect you and us. Call us or contact your life insurance producer if you have questions about the In Proper Form requirement for a request.

**Insured** – the person on whose life the Policy is issued.

**Investment Option** – consist of the Variable Options, any available Fixed Options, and any additional investment options that may be added.

Loan Account – an account which holds amounts transferred from the Investment Options as collateral for loans.

**Loan Account Value** – is equal to the Loan Account plus any loan interest credit.

Minimum Death Benefit – is based on the Death Benefit Qualification Test for the Policy and at any time will be no less than the minimum amount we determine to be required for this Policy to qualify as life insurance under the Code. The Minimum Death Benefit is equal to the Minimum Death Benefit Percentage multiplied by the cash surrender value as determined under applicable tax law.

**Minimum Death Benefit Percentage** – is a factor used to determine the Minimum Death Benefit. This factor will depend on the Death Benefit Qualification Test that you have chosen. The Minimum Death Benefit Percentages as of the Policy Date are shown in the Policy Specifications.

**Modified Endowment Contract** – a type of life insurance policy as described in Section 7702A of the Tax Code, which receives less favorable tax treatment on distributions of cash value than conventional life insurance policies. Classification of a Policy as a Modified Endowment Contract is generally dependent on the amount of premium paid during the first seven Policy Years, or after a material change has been made to the Policy.

Monthly Deduction – an amount that is deducted monthly from your Policy's Accumulated Value on the Monthly Payment Date until the Monthly Deduction End Date. See the YOUR POLICY'S ACCUMULATED VALUE – Monthly Deductions section in this prospectus for more information.

**Monthly Deduction End Date** – is the date when Monthly Deductions end as shown in the Policy Specifications. This date is the Policy Anniversary when the Insured attains age 121.

**Monthly Payment Date** – the day we deduct monthly charges from your Policy's Accumulated Value. The first Monthly Payment Date is your Policy Date, and it is the same day each month thereafter.

**Net Accumulated Value** – the Accumulated Value less any Policy Debt.

**Net Amount At Risk** – the difference between the Death Benefit payable if the Insured died and the Accumulated Value of your Policy. We use a Net Amount At Risk to calculate the Cost of Insurance Charge. For Cost of Insurance Charge purposes, the Net Amount At Risk is equal to the Death Benefit as of the most recent Monthly Payment Date divided by 1.0008295, reduced by the Accumulated Value of your Policy.

Net Cash Surrender Value – the Cash Surrender Value less any Policy Debt.

**Net Premium** – premium paid less any premium load deducted.

**Owner** – the person named on the application who makes the decisions about the Policy and its benefits while it is In Force. Two or more Owners are called *Joint Owners*. See the **POLICY BASICS** – **Owners, the Insured, and Beneficiaries** section in this prospectus for more information.

**Policy Anniversary** – the same day as your Policy Date every year after we issue your Policy.

**Policy Date** – the date upon which life insurance coverage under the Policy becomes effective. The Policy date is used to determine the Monthly Payment Date, Policy months, Policy Years, and Policy monthly, quarterly, semi-annual and annual anniversaries.

Policy Debt – the amount necessary to repay any loan in full. It is equal to the Loan Account plus any accrued loan interest charge.

**Policy Specifications** – summarizes information specific to your Policy at the time the Policy is issued. We will send you updated Policy Specification pages or supplemental schedules if you change your Policy's Face Amount or any of the Policy's other benefits.

Policy Year – starts on your Policy Date and each Policy Anniversary and ends on the day before the next Policy Anniversary.

**Premium Band** – the amount used to determine any surplus premium load that may apply for premium paid that is greater than the Premium Band amount.

**Riders** – may provide extra benefits, some at additional cost. Any optional Rider which offers additional life insurance Coverage on the Insured will have an initial Face Amount and increase is also referred to as a "Coverage Layer".

Risk Class – is determined during the underwriting process and is used to determine certain Policy charges.

**Separate Account** – the Pacific Select Exec Separate Account, a separate account of ours registered as a unit investment trust under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

**Supplemental Schedule of Coverage** – is the written notice we will provide you reflecting certain changes made to your Policy after the Policy Date.

**Surrender Charge** – a charge that will apply for the first 14 Policy years for the initial Basic Coverage Layer that reduces the Policy's Accumulated Value if you surrender your Policy. Each subsequent increase in coverage will result in an additional Basic Coverage Layer that have their own surrender charges that apply for 14 Policy years.

**Systematic Distribution Program** – a program of periodic distribution that we designate, which includes periodic distribution of the Policy's Accumulated Value through Policy loans and withdrawals while the Insured is alive and the Policy is In Force.

**Total Face Amount** – the sum of all Basic Face Amounts. The Total Face Amount is used in determining the Death Benefit under this Policy and the initial Total Face Amount is shown on the cover of your Policy or subsequent Supplemental Schedule of Coverage.

Variable Account – a subaccount of the Separate Account which invests in shares of a corresponding underlying Fund.

Variable Account Value – the total amount of your Policy's Accumulated Value allocated to the Variable Accounts.

**Variable Investment Option ("Variable Option")** – a Variable Account available under this Policy that is part of the Separate Account.

When the Policy is In Force – this Policy is In Force as of the Policy Date, subject to your acceptance of the delivered Policy and payment of the initial premium.

**Written Request** – your signed request in writing, which may be required on a form we provide, and received by us at our Administrative Office In Proper Form, containing information we need to act on the request. Written Request includes an electronic request provided in a form acceptable to us.

# IMPORTANT INFORMATION YOU SHOULD CONSIDER ABOUT THE POLICY

	FEES AND E	XPENSES		LOCATION IN PROSPECTUS
Charges for Early Withdrawals	If you surrender your Policy within the first 14 years of any Basic Life Coverage Layer added to the Policy (each Basic Life Coverage Layer will have its own 14-year period from the date it went into effect) you will be assessed a surrender charge of up to a maximum of 4.404% (\$44.04) per \$1,000 of Basic Face Amount. This charge will vary based on upon the individual characteristics of the Insured and other options chosen.  For example, if you surrender your Policy within the first 14 years of Policy issue, you could pay a surrender charge up to \$4,404 on a \$100,000 of Basic Face Amount.			Fee Tables Surrendering Your Policy
Transaction Charges	In addition to surrender charges, you may also be charged for other transactions. These other charges may include charges for each premium paid, withdrawal charge for partial withdrawals, transfer fees for transfers among the Investment Options, and Illustration request fees.		Fee Tables  Deductions From Your Premiums  Making Withdrawals	
Ongoing Fees and Expenses (annual charges)	In addition to surrender charges and transaction charges, an investment in the Policy is subject to certain ongoing fees and expenses, including fees and expenses covering the cost of insurance under the Policy and the cost of optional benefits available under the Policy, including charges on any Policy loan and such fees and expenses (excluding Policy loan charges) are set based on characteristics of the Insured (e.g. age, sex, and rating classification). Please review the Policy Specifications page of your Policy for rates applicable to your Policy.  You will also bear expenses associated with the Funds you choose under the Policy, as shown in the following table:  ANNUAL FEE  MINIMUM  MAXIMUM  Investment Options (Fund fees and 0.08% <sup>1</sup> 0.93% <sup>1</sup> expenses)		Fee Tables  Monthly Deductions  Appendix: Funds Available Under the Policy	

As a percentage of Fund assets.

	LOCATION IN PROSPECTUS		
Risk of Loss	You can lose money by investing in the Policy, including loss of principal.	Principal Risks of Investing in the Policy	
Not a Short- Term Investment	This Policy is not a short-term investment and is not appropriate for an investor who needs ready access to cash. The Policy is designed to provide a death benefit. No withdrawals may be made during the first year of the Policy. This Policy may not be the right kind of policy if you plan to withdraw money or surrender your Policy for short-term needs.  Surrender charges apply for up to 14 years for each Basic Life Coverage Layer added to the Policy and any withdrawals may be subject to income tax. If there is a	Principal Risks of Investing in the Policy Surrendering Your Policy	
	reduction in the Face Amount of a Basic Life Coverage Layer, including decreases for withdrawals if applicable, the surrender charge for the effected Basic Life Coverage Layer will not change.		
Risks Associated with Investment	An investment in this Policy is subject to the risk of poor investment performance and can vary depending on the performance of the Investment Options available under the Policy (e.g. Funds).  Each Investment Option (including any Fixed Option) will have its own unique	Principal Risks of Investing in the Policy Investment Options –	
Option	risks.  You should review, working with your life insurance producer, the Investment Options before making an investment decision.	Fixed Options  Appendix: Funds  Available Under the  Policy	
Insurance Company Risks	Investment in the Policy is subject to the risks related to us, and any obligations (including any Fixed Option), guarantees, or benefits are subject to our claims-paying ability. If we experience financial distress, we may not be able to meet our obligations to you. More information about us, including our financial strength ratings, is available upon request by calling us at (800) 347-7787 or visiting our website at www.PacificLife.com.	Principal Risks of Investing in the Policy About Pacific Life	
Contract Lapse	Your Policy remains In Force as long as you have sufficient Net Accumulated Value to cover your Policy's monthly deductions of Policy charges. Insufficient premium payments, poor investment performance, withdrawals, and unpaid loans or loan interest may cause your Policy to lapse. If the Policy lapses, that means no death benefit will be paid. There are costs associated with reinstating a lapsed Policy.	Principal Risks of Investing in the Policy Lapsing and Reinstatement	

	RESTRICTIONS	LOCATION IN PROSPECTUS
Investments	Transfers between Investment Options are limited to 25 each calendar year and any transfers to or from the Fixed Account or Fixed LT Account will be counted towards the 25 allowed each calendar year unless part of a transfer program (for example, the first year transfer service). Transfers to or from a Variable Investment Option cannot be made before the seventh calendar day following the last transfer to or from the same Variable Investment Option. Additional Fund transfer restrictions apply.	Transferring Among Investment Options and Market-Timing Restrictions Transfer Services
	Under the Fixed Options, there are frequency, amount and/or percentage limits on the amount that may be transferred into or out of the Fixed Options. These limits are significantly more restrictive than those that apply to transfers into or out of the Variable Investment Options. It may take several Policy Years to transfer your Accumulated Value out of either of the Fixed Options to the Variable Investment Options. Additional Fixed Option transfer restrictions apply. Currently, we are not imposing the amount and/or percentage limits on the Fixed Options.	Appendix: Funds Available Under the Contract
	Certain Funds may stop accepting additional investments into their Fund or may liquidate a Fund. In addition, if a Fund determines that excessive trading has occurred, they may limit your ability to continue to invest in their Fund for a certain period of time.	
	We reserve the right to add, remove, close to new investment, or substitute Funds as Investment Options.	
Optional Benefits	We offer several optional benefits in the form of a rider to the Policy. Various optional benefits are available and some have an additional charge. Not all riders are available in every state. We may stop offering an optional benefit at any time for new Policy purchases.	Optional Riders and Benefits
	Certain optional benefits limit or restrict the Investment Options that you may select under the Contract. If you purchase the Flexible Duration No-Lapse Guarantee Rider, you must allocate 100% of your Accumulated Value among the allowable Investment Options as indicated under the APPENDIX: FUNDS AVAILABLE UNDER THIS POLICY – Allowable Investment Options section in this prospectus.	Appendix: Funds Available Under the Contract

	TAXES	LOCATION IN PROSPECTUS
Tax Implications	Consult with a tax professional to determine the tax implications of an investment in and payments received under the Policy. Withdrawals will be subject to ordinary income tax and may be subject to tax penalties. There is no additional tax benefit to you if the Policy is purchased through a tax-qualified plan.	Variable Life Insurance and Your Taxes

	LOCATION IN PROSPECTUS	
Investment Professional Compensation	Some life insurance producers may receive compensation for selling this Policy to you in the form of commissions, additional cash compensation, and non-cash compensation. We may also provide additional payments in the form of cash, other special compensation or reimbursement of expenses to the life insurance producer's selling broker dealer. These life insurance producers may have a financial incentive to offer or recommend this Policy over another investment.	Distribution Arrangements
Exchanges	Some life insurance producers may have a financial incentive to offer you a new policy in place of the one you already own.  You should only exchange your policy if you determine, after comparing the features, fees, and risks of both policies, that it is preferable for you to purchase the new policy rather than continue to own the existing policy.	Policy Exchanges Distribution Arrangements

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE POLICY**

# **Purpose**

This primary purpose of the Policy is to provide life insurance protection and flexibility for premium payments, the death benefit, and investment selections to meet your specific life insurance needs. This Policy may be appropriate if you are looking to provide a death benefit for family members or others. Discuss with your life insurance producer whether this Policy, optional benefits and underlying Investment Options are appropriate for you, taking into consideration your age, income, net worth, tax status, insurance needs, financial objectives, investment goals, liquidity needs, time horizon, risk tolerance and other relevant information. Together with your life insurance producer, you can decide if this Policy is right for you. Also, before you purchase this Policy, you may request a personalized illustration of your hypothetical future Policy benefits based on your personal characteristics (e.g. age and risk class), Face Amount of your Policy, Death Benefit Options, premium payments, any Rider requested, and historical or hypothetical gross rate(s) of return.

#### **Premiums**

After you pay the first premium payment, the Policy gives you the flexibility to choose the amount and frequency of your additional premium payments within certain limits. You may schedule your premium payments, referred to as planned premiums, on an annual, semi-annual, quarterly, or monthly basis. You are not required to pay any planned premiums. However, payment of insufficient premiums may result in a lapse of the Policy. There is no guarantee that your Policy will not lapse even if you pay your planned premium. Your Policy may lapse if the Accumulated Value, less Policy Debt, is not enough to cover the Monthly Deduction due on the day the deduction is made. If this occurs, your Policy will enter its Grace Period. The Grace Period is 61 days from the date we send you a notice that explains the sufficient amount to pay to keep your Policy In Force. During the Grace Period, your Policy will remain In Force and continue to provide a death benefit. If sufficient premium has not been made within the Grace Period, your Policy will lapse. You should consider a periodic review of your Policy with your life insurance producer. This Policy also offers riders that provide no-lapse protection for a certain period if rider conditions are met. See the Short-Term No-Lapse Guarantee Rider and Flexible Duration No-Lapse Guarantee Rider in the OTHER BENEFITS AVAILABLE UNDER THE POLICY section of this prospectus. Also see the YOUR POLICY'S ACCUMULATED VALUE - Lapsing and Reinstatement section in this prospectus.

Your net premium payments may be allocated to Variable Investment Options (each of which invests in a corresponding Fund) and/or the Fixed Options which provide a guaranteed minimum interest rate.

# Additional information about the Funds is provided in the APPENDIX: FUNDS AVAILABLE UNDER THE POLICY to this Prospectus.

Federal tax law puts limits on the premium payments you can make in relation to your Policy's Death Benefit. We may refuse all or part of a premium payment you make or remove all or part of a premium from your Policy and return it to you under certain circumstances. For example, if the amount of premium you paid would result in your Policy no longer qualifying as life insurance or becoming a Modified Endowment Contract under the Tax Code.

# **Policy Features**

#### Death Benefit

While the Policy is In Force, subject to the Policy terms, we will pay death benefit proceeds to the Beneficiary upon the death of the Insured. The death benefit proceeds equal the death benefit less any outstanding loan or unpaid Policy charges. You may choose between two Death Benefit Options:

- Option A the Total Face Amount of the Policy, or
- Option B the Total Face Amount of the Policy plus the Accumulated Value.

Policy charges vary depending on which Death Benefit Option or Death Benefit Qualification Test is selected.

#### Withdrawals

You can withdraw part of the Accumulated Value starting on your Policy's first anniversary (no withdrawals may be made during the first year of the Policy). Each withdrawal must be at least \$200 and after a withdrawal, the remaining Accumulated Value less any loan amount must be at least \$500. Making a withdrawal may have tax consequences, increase the risk of the Policy lapsing, and reduce Policy values and the Death Benefit. Withdrawals may also be subject to a charge of \$25 per withdrawal, but we are not currently imposing this charge.

#### Surrender

You can surrender your Policy at any time while the Insured is alive. Any outstanding loan, loan interest, or surrender charge will be deducted and surrender proceeds will be paid in a single lump sum check. Upon surrender, you will have no life insurance coverage or benefits under this Policy. The surrender proceeds, or a portion of, may be subject to tax reporting. Please consult your tax advisor for further details.

#### Loans

You can borrow money from us any time after the Free Look Transfer Date to gain access to the Accumulated Value in the Policy. The maximum amount available to borrow is less than 100% of your Accumulated Value. The minimum amount you can borrow is \$200. Loans may have tax consequences. A loan is available based on the Accumulated Value allocated to any of the Investment Options. When you borrow money from us, we use your Policy's Accumulated Value as security. You pay interest on the amount you borrow which is due on your Policy Anniversary. The Accumulated Value set aside to secure your loan is transferred to a Loan Account which earns interest daily. Taking out a loan, whether or not you repay it, will affect the growth of your Policy's Accumulated Value since the amount used to secure the loan will not participate in the investment experience of the Investment Options, will not be available to pay any Policy charges, may increase the risk of the Policy lapsing, and could reduce the amount of the Death Benefit.

#### Optional Benefits

The Policy offers the following Investment Option transfer services at no additional cost: dollar cost averaging, portfolio rebalancing, first year transfer, and the Fixed Option interest sweep. You may only participate in one transfer service at any time. You can find additional information about the transfer services in the **OTHER BENEFITS AVAILABLE UNDER THE POLICY** section in this prospectus.

The Policy offers several riders (some for an additional charge) that provide supplemental benefits under the Policy. Your life insurance producer can help you determine if any of these riders are suitable for you. These riders may not be available in all states. Any charges associated with each rider are presented in the **FEE TABLES** section in this prospectus.

Riders available are:

Conversion Rider Flexible Duration No-Lapse Guarantee Rider Premier Chronic Illness Rider Premier Living Benefits Rider Premier Living Benefits Rider 2 Short-Term No-Lapse Guarantee Rider Terminal Illness Rider

You can find additional information about the riders in the OTHER BENEFITS AVAILABLE UNDER THE POLICY and OPTIONAL RIDERS AND BENEFITS sections in this prospectus.

#### **FEE TABLES**

The following tables describe the fees and expenses that you will pay when buying, owning, and surrendering or making withdrawals from the Policy. Please refer to your Policy specifications page for information about the specific fees you will pay each year based on the options you have elected.

The first table describes the fees and expenses that you will pay at the time you buy the Policy, surrender or make withdrawals from the Policy, or transfer Accumulated Value between Investment Options.

TRANSACTION FEES				
CHARGE	WHEN CHARGE IS DEDUCTED	AMOUNT DEDUCTED		
Maximum Sales Charge Imposed on Premiums (Load)				
Basic premium load	Upon receipt of premium <sup>3</sup>	6.90% of basic premium		
Surplus premium load	Upon receipt of premium that exceeds the Premium Band amount <sup>3</sup>	20.00% of surplus premium		
Internal premium load	Upon receipt of a replacement or conversion of a policy you have with us <sup>3</sup>	6.90% of internal premium		
Maximum surrender charge <sup>1</sup>	Upon full surrender of the Policy if any Basic Coverage Layer has been in effect for less than 14 years. <sup>3</sup>	\$44.04 per \$1,000 of Basic Face Amount		
Withdrawal charge (including any withdrawals under the Automated Income Program) <sup>2</sup>	Upon partial withdrawal of Accumulated Value	\$25 per withdrawal		
Excess Transfer Charge <sup>2</sup>	Upon transfer of Accumulated Value between Investment Options	\$25 per transfer in excess of 12 per Policy Year		
Evaluation of Insurability <sup>2</sup>	Upon a non-scheduled request to increase the Basic Face Amount	\$100 per request		
Illustration request <sup>2</sup>	Upon request of Policy illustration in excess of 1 per year	\$25 per request		
Face Amount Increase <sup>2</sup>	Upon effective date	\$100 per request		
Terminal Illness Rider Processing Charge <sup>2</sup>	Upon approval of specific request	\$100 per request		

The surrender charge is based on the Age and Risk Class of the Insured, the Face Amount of the effected Coverage Layer(s), as well as the Death Benefit Option you choose. If there is a reduction in the Face Amount of a Basic Coverage Layer, including decreases due to withdrawals, the surrender charge for the effected Basic Coverage Layer will not change. The surrender charge reduces to \$0 after 14 years from the effective date of each Coverage Layer. The surrender charge shown in the table may not be typical of the surrender charge you will pay. Ask your life insurance producer for information on this charge for your Policy. The surrender charge for your Policy will be stated in the Policy Specifications.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> We currently do not impose this charge.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> If an internal transfer occurs between two variable universal life policies you have with us in connection with a transfer or exchange offer by Pacific Life or Pacific Select Distributors, LLC (our distributor), including pursuant to a conversion or split option rider, the amount transferred will not incur any Premium Load (which includes basic, surplus, and internal premium loads). Premium loads will apply (basic and surplus, if applicable) on the new Policy for additional premium added at issue or after the initial premium is paid. In addition, the internal transfer will not incur a surrender charge on any amount transferred from the old to purchase the new policy. Any surrender charge applicable to the new policy will continue to apply under the terms of the new policy.

The next table describes the fees and expenses that you will pay periodically during the time you own the Policy, not including Fund fees and expenses.

PERIODIC CHARGES OTHER THAN FUND OPERATING EXPENSES				
CHARGE WHEN CHARGE IS DEDUCTED AMOUNT DEDUCTED				
Base Policy Charges:				
Cost of Insurance <sup>1,2</sup>				
Minimum and Maximum guaranteed charge	Monthly Payment Date	\$0.01-\$83.34 per \$1,000 of Net Amount At Risk		
Charge for a representative Insured		Maximum guaranteed charge during Policy Year 1 is \$0.34 per \$1,000 of Net Amount At Risk for a male standard non-smoker who is Age 55 at Policy issue <sup>3</sup>		
Minimum and Maximum current charge		\$0.01-\$83.34 per \$1,000 of Net Amount At Risk		
Charge for a representative Insured		Current charge during Policy Year 1 is \$0.1636 per \$1,000 of Net Amount At Risk for a male standard non-smoker who is Ago 55 at Policy issue <sup>3</sup>		
Administrative charge <sup>1</sup>				
Maximum guaranteed and current charge	Monthly Payment Date	\$10.00		
Asset charge <sup>1</sup>				
Maximum guaranteed charge	Monthly Payment Date	Maximum guaranteed charge is 0.60% annually (0.05% monthly) of unloaned Accumulated Value		
Current charge		Current charge is 0.25% annually (0.0208% monthly) of unloaned Accumulated Value for Policy Years 1 through 20 and 0.15% annually (0.0125% monthly) of unloaned Accumulated Value for Policy Years 21 and each Policy Year thereafter.		
Coverage charge <sup>1,4,</sup>				
Minimum and Maximum guaranteed charge	Monthly Payment Date, beginning on effective date of each Basic Life Coverage Layer	\$24.50 per Policy plus \$0.1246–\$4.8278 per \$1,000 of Basic Life Coverage Layer		
Charge for a representative Insured		Maximum guaranteed charge during Policy Year 1 is \$24.50 pe Policy plus \$1.499 per \$1,000 of Basic Life Coverage Layer for a male standard non-smoker who is Age 55 at Policy issue, with Death Benefit Option A <sup>3</sup> .		
Minimum and Maximum current charge		\$24.50 per Policy plus \$0.0870–\$4.8278 per \$1,000 of Basic Life Coverage Layer, multiplied by a Coverage charge factor of 0% to 100%		
Charge for a representative Insured		Current charge during Policy Year 1 is \$24.50 per Policy plus \$0.8758 per \$1,000 of Basic Life Coverage Layer for a male standard non-smoker who is Age 55 at Policy issue, with Death Benefit Option A <sup>3</sup>		
<b>Optional Benefit Charges</b> <sup>6</sup> :				
Loan interest charge				
Maximum guaranteed and current charge	Policy Anniversary	2.25% of Policy's Loan Account balance annually <sup>5</sup>		
Flexible Duration No-Lapse Guarantee Rider				
Minimum and Maximum guaranteed charge	Monthly Payment Date	\$0.0218–\$6.3074 per \$1,000 of Net Amount of Risk		
Charge for a representative Insured		Maximum guaranteed charge is \$0.7882 per \$1,000 of Net Amount At Risk at the end of Policy Year I for a male standard non-smoker who is Age 55 at Policy issue <sup>3</sup>		
Minimum and Maximum current charge		\$0.0049–\$0.3264 per \$1,000 of Net Amount of Risk		
Charge for a representative Insured		Current charge is \$0.0520 per \$1,000 of Net Amount At Risk at the end of Policy Year 1 for a male standard non-smoker who is Age 55 at Policy issue <sup>3</sup>		

PERIODIC CHARGES OTHER THAN FUND OPERATING EXPENSES				
CHARGE	WHEN CHARGE IS DEDUCTED	AMOUNT DEDUCTED		
Premier Chronic Illness Rider				
Minimum and Maximum guaranteed charge	Monthly Payment Date	\$0.0906–\$1.6976 per \$1,000 of Rider Net Amount at Risk		
Charge for a representative Insured		Maximum guaranteed charge is \$0.4647 per \$1,000 of Rider Net Amount at Risk for a single male, who is Age 55 at Policy Issue with a 2.0% benefit <sup>3</sup>		
Minimum and Maximum current charge		\$0.0604-\$1.5278 per \$1,000 of Rider Net Amount at Risk		
Charge for a representative Insured		Current charge is \$0.2703 per \$1,000 of Rider Net Amount at Risk for a single male, who is Age 55 at Policy issue with a 2.0% benefit <sup>3</sup>		

The guaranteed charge is not deducted on and after your Policy's Monthly Deduction End Date.

The next item shows the minimum and maximum total operating expenses charged by the Funds that you pay periodically during the time that you own the Policy. A complete list of Funds available under the Policy, including their annual expenses, may be found at the back of this document in the APPENDIX: FUNDS AVAILABLE UNDER THE POLICY.

#### **Annual Fund Expenses**

	Millimin	Maximum
Expenses that are deducted from Fund assets, including management fees,		
distribution and/or service (12b-1) fees, and other expenses.	0.08%	0.93%

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE POLICY

# **Risk of Loss**

You can lose money by investing in this Policy, including loss of principal. The Policy is not a deposit or obligation of, or guaranteed or endorsed by any bank. It is not federally insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), the Federal Reserve Board, or any other government agency.

# **Unsuitable as Short-Term Savings Vehicle**

This Policy is not a short-term investment and is not appropriate for an investor who needs ready access to cash. The Policy is designed to provide a death benefit. This Policy may not be the right kind of policy if you plan to withdraw money or surrender your Policy for short-term needs. No withdrawals may be made during the first year of the Policy. Surrender charges apply for up to 14 years for each Basic Life Coverage Layer added to the Policy and any withdrawals may be subject to income tax. If there is a reduction in the Face Amount of a Basic Life Coverage Layer, including decreases for withdrawals if applicable, the surrender charge for the effected Basic Life Coverage Layer will not change. Please discuss your insurance needs and financial objectives with your life insurance producer. Together you can decide if the Policy is right for you. We are a variable life insurance policy provider. We are not a fiduciary and therefore do not give advice or make recommendations regarding insurance or investment products.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Cost of insurance rates apply uniformly to all members of the same Class and vary based on Age, sex, and Risk Class of the Insured. The cost of insurance charges shown in the table may not be typical of the charges you will pay. Your Policy Specifications will indicate the guaranteed cost of insurance charge applicable to your Policy, and more detailed information concerning your cost of insurance charges is available on request from your life insurance producer or us. Also, before you purchase the Policy, you may request personalized Illustrations. Cost of insurance rates for your Policy will be stated in the Policy Specifications and calculated using the Net Amount At Risk.

<sup>3</sup> Charges shown for the representative insured may not be typical of the charges you will pay.

The Coverage charge rate is based on the Age, sex, and Risk Class of the Insured on the Policy Date or date Rider is effective. It also varies with the Death Benefit Option you choose. Each Coverage Layer will have a corresponding Coverage charge related to the amount of the increase, based on the Age and Risk Class of the Insured at the time of the increase. For the current Coverage charge, we use a Coverage charge factor which may reduce the amount charged and varies by Policy duration. Ask your life insurance producer for information regarding this charge for your Policy. The Coverage charge for your Policy will be stated in the Policy Specifications.

In addition to the loan interest charge, the Loan Account Value that is used to secure Policy Debt will be credited interest at a minimum of 2.00% to help offset the loan interest charge of 2.25%. Loan interest on the Loan Account and Policy Debt accrues daily and any loan interest that has accrued is due on each Policy Anniversary. Any unpaid loan interest on each Policy Anniversary will be added to the Loan Account. On each Policy Anniversary, we transfer the excess of the Policy Debt over Loan Account Value from the Investment Options to the Loan Account. If the Loan Account Value is greater than Policy Debt, then such excess is transferred from the Loan Account to the Variable Options or the Fixed Options on a proportionate basis according to your most recent Allocation Instructions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Riders are described under the **POLICY BENEFITS – Optional Riders and Benefits** section in this prospectus. Rider charges are based on the Age and Risk Class of the person insured under the Rider on the effective date of the Rider. Ask your life insurance producer for information on optional Rider charges for your Policy. The charges for any optional benefit Riders you add to your Policy will be stated in the Policy Specifications.

#### **Policy Lapse**

Your Policy remains In Force as long as your Accumulated Value less any Policy Debt is greater than your Policy's monthly deductions of Policy charges. Insufficient premium payments, poor investment performance, withdrawals, and unpaid loans or loan interest may cause your Policy to lapse – which means no death benefit or other benefits will be paid. There are costs associated with reinstating a lapsed Policy. There is no guarantee that your Policy will not lapse even if you pay your planned premium. You should consider a periodic review of your Policy with your life insurance producer.

Before your Policy lapses, there is a Grace Period. The Grace Period gives you 61 days to pay enough premium to keep your Policy In Force and to prevent your Policy from lapsing. The 61-day period begins on the date we send notice that your Policy's Accumulated Value less Policy Debt is less than the Monthly Deduction.

The Policy may be eligible for the Short-Term No-Lapse Guarantee Rider that may help prevent the Policy from Lapsing. See the Short-Term No-Lapse Guarantee Rider in the **OTHER BENEFITS AVAILABLE UNDER THE POLICY** section in this prospectus.

If the Policy lapses, you have three years from the end of the Grace Period to apply for reinstatement. There is no guarantee that reinstatement will be approved and there are costs associated with reinstating a lapsed Policy. If the Policy is reinstated, the same Risk Class in use at the time of lapse will apply to the reinstated Policy.

#### Limitations on Access to Accumulated Value through Withdrawals

Withdrawals under the Policy are available starting on the first Policy Anniversary. Each withdrawal must be at least \$200. We will not accept a withdrawal request if the withdrawal will cause the Policy to become a Modified Endowment Contract (MEC), unless you have told us in writing that you desire to have your Policy become a MEC. See **Tax Implications** below for additional information on MECs.

# **Risks Associated with Variable Investment Options**

You should consider the Policy's investment as well as its costs. Your investment is subject to the risk of poor investment performance and can vary depending on the performance of the Variable Investment Options you have chosen. Each Variable Investment Option will have its own unique risks. The value of each Variable Investment Option will fluctuate with the value of the investments it holds, and returns are not guaranteed. You can lose money by investing in the Policy, including loss of principal. You bear the risk of any Variable Investment Options you choose. You should read each Fund prospectus carefully before investing. You can obtain a Fund prospectus by contacting your life insurance producer or by visiting

https://www.pacificlife.com/home/products/life-insurance/variable-universal-life-insurance/prospectuses-and-other-reports.html. No assurance can be given that a Fund will achieve its investment objectives.

#### **Risks Associated with Fixed Options**

Under the Fixed Options, there are frequency, amount and/or percentage limits on how much may be transferred from the Fixed Options. These limits are significantly more restrictive than those that apply to transfers out of the Variable Investment Options and it may take several Policy Years to transfer your Accumulated Value out of the Fixed Account to Variable Investment Options. Such restrictions on transfers from the Fixed Options may prevent you from reallocating your Accumulated Value at the times and in the amounts that you desire and may result in lower investment performance than if you allocated to Variable Investment Options. See YOUR INVESTMENT OPTIONS – Transferring Among Investment Options and Market-timing Restrictions. Currently, we are not imposing the amount and/or percentage limits on the Fixed Options.

#### **Insurance Company Risks**

Investment in the Policy is subject to the risks related to us, and any obligations (including any Fixed Options), guarantees, or benefits are backed by our claims paying ability and financial strength. You must look to our strength with regard to such guarantees.

#### **Tax Implications**

We believe the Policy meets the statutory definition of life insurance for federal income tax purposes. We do not know whether the current treatment of life insurance policies under current federal income tax, estate, or gift tax laws will continue. We also do not know if the current interpretations of the laws by the IRS or the courts will remain the same. Also, future legislation may adversely change the tax treatment of life insurance policies.

Death benefits from a life insurance policy may generally be excluded from income under the Tax Code. Also, you generally are not subject to taxation on any increase in the Accumulated Value until it is withdrawn. You may be subject to income tax if you take withdrawals or surrender your Policy, or if your Policy lapses and you have not repaid any outstanding Policy Debt. If your Policy becomes a MEC, distributions you receive beginning on the date the Policy becomes a MEC may be subject to tax and a 10% penalty.

### **Cybersecurity and Business Continuity Risks**

Our business is highly dependent upon the effective operation of our computer systems and those of our business partners. As a result, our business is potentially susceptible to operational and information security risks associated with the technologies, processes and practices designed to protect networks, systems, computers, programs and data from attack, damage or unauthorized access. These

risks include, among other things, the theft, loss, misuse, corruption and destruction of data maintained online or digitally, denial of service on websites and other operational disruption, and unauthorized release of confidential customer information. Cyber-attacks affecting us, any third-party administrator, the underlying Funds, intermediaries, and other affiliated or third-party service providers may adversely affect us and your Policy Accumulated Value. For instance, cyber-attacks may interfere with Policy transaction processing, including the processing of orders from our website or with the underlying Funds; impact our ability to calculate Accumulated Unit Values, Subaccount Unit Values or an underlying Fund to calculate a net asset value; cause the release and possible destruction of confidential customer or business information; impede order processing; subject us and/or our service providers and intermediaries to regulatory fines and financial losses; and/or cause reputational damage. Cybersecurity risks may also impact the issuers of securities in which the underlying Funds invest, which may cause the Funds underlying your Policy to lose value. The constant change in technologies and increased sophistication and activities of hackers and others, continue to pose new and significant cybersecurity threats. While measures have been developed that are designed to reduce cybersecurity risks, there can be no guarantee or assurance that we, the underlying Funds, or our service providers will not suffer losses affecting your Policy due to cyber-attacks or information security breaches in the future.

We are also exposed to risks related to natural and man-made disasters or other events, including (but not limited to) earthquakes, fires, floods, storms, epidemics and pandemics (such as COVID-19), terrorist acts, civil unrest, malicious acts and/or other events that could adversely affect our ability to conduct business. The risks from such events are common to all insurers. To mitigate such risks, we have business continuity plans in place that include remote workforces, remote system and telecommunication accessibility, and other plans to ensure availability of critical resources and business continuity during an event. Such events can also have an adverse impact on financial markets, U.S. and global economies, service providers, and Fund performance for the Funds available through your Policy. There can be no assurance that we, the Funds, or our service providers will avoid such adverse impacts due to such events and some events may be beyond control and cannot be fully mitigated or foreseen.

#### **POLICY BASICS**

Pacific Protector VUL is a flexible premium variable life insurance policy that insures the life of one person and pays Death Benefit Proceeds after that person has died.

When you buy a Pacific Protector VUL life insurance Policy, you are entering into a contract with Pacific Life Insurance Company. Your contract with us is made up of your application, your Policy, applications to change or reinstate the Policy, any amendments, Riders or endorsements to your Policy, and Policy Specifications.

#### **Issuing the Policy**

Your life insurance producer will assist you in completing your application for the Policy. Your life insurance producer's broker-dealer firm has up to 7 business days to review the application before it is sent to us. If we approve your application, we will issue your Policy. If your application does not meet our underwriting and administrative requirements, we can reject it or ask you for more information. When your Policy is sent to you, you will be asked to sign a *policy delivery receipt*. For Policy delivery status, check with your life insurance producer.

Our obligations to you under the Policy begin when the Policy is In Force.

If there are any outstanding contractual or administrative requirements that prevent your Policy from being placed In Force, your life insurance producer will review them with you no later than when the Policy is delivered. See the **HOW PREMIUMS WORK** – **Your Initial Premium** section in this prospectus for more information.

Your Policy will be In Force until one of the following happens:

- The Insured dies,
- The Grace Period expires and your Policy lapses, or
- You surrender your Policy.

If your Policy is not In Force when the Insured dies, we are not obligated to pay the Death Benefit Proceeds to your Beneficiary.

#### Owners, the Insured, and Beneficiaries

#### **Owners**

You can own a Policy by yourself or with someone else. You need the signatures of all Owners for all Policy transactions.

If one of the Joint Owners dies, the surviving Owner will hold all rights under the Policy. If the Owner or the last Joint Owner dies, his or her estate will own the Policy unless you have given us other instructions.

You can change the Owner of your Policy by completing a Change of Owner Form. Please contact us or your life insurance producer for a Change of Owner Form. Once we receive and record your request, the change will be effective as of the day you signed the Change of Owner Form. You should consult your life insurance producer or legal counsel about designating ownership interests.

# The Insured

This Policy insures the life of one person who is Age 90 or younger at the time you apply for your Policy, and who has given us satisfactory evidence of insurability. The Policy pays Death Benefit Proceeds after the Insured has died.

The Insured is assigned an underwriting or insurance Risk Class which we use to calculate cost of insurance and other charges. Most insurance companies use similar risk classification criteria. We use the medical or paramedical underwriting method to assign underwriting or insurance Risk Classes, which may require a medical examination. We may, however, use other forms of underwriting if we think it is appropriate.

When we use a person's Age in Policy calculations, we generally use his or her Age as of the nearest Policy Date, and we add one year to this Age on each Policy Anniversary. For example, when we talk about someone "reaching Age 100", we are referring to the Policy Anniversary closest to that person's 100<sup>th</sup> birthday, not to the day when he or she actually turns 100.

# Beneficiaries

Here are some things you need to know about naming Beneficiaries:

- You can name one or more *primary* Beneficiaries who each receive an equal share of the Death Benefit Proceeds unless you tell us otherwise. If one Beneficiary dies, his or her share will pass to the surviving primary Beneficiaries in proportion to the share of the Death Benefit Proceeds they're entitled to receive, unless you tell us otherwise.
- You can also name one or more *contingent* Beneficiaries. If no primary Beneficiaries survive the Insured, then the Death Benefit Proceeds will be distributed to each contingent Beneficiary equally, unless you tell us otherwise.
- You can choose to make your Beneficiary *permanent* (sometimes called *irrevocable*). You cannot change a permanent Beneficiary's rights under the Policy without his or her permission.

If no Beneficiary (primary or contingent) is living when the Death Benefit Proceeds are payable, you, as the Policy Owner, will receive the Death Benefit Proceeds. If you are no longer living, the Death Benefit Proceeds will go to your estate.

You can change your Beneficiary at any time while the Insured is alive, and while the Policy is In Force. If you would like to change your Policy's Beneficiary, please contact us or your life insurance producer for a Change of Beneficiary Form. Once we receive and record your request, the change will be effective as of the day you signed the Change of Beneficiary Form.

# **Policy Date**

#### Your Policy Date

This is the date upon which life insurance coverage under the Policy becomes effective. It is also the beginning of your first Policy Year. Your Policy's monthly, quarterly, semi-annual and annual anniversary dates are based on your Policy Date.

The Policy Date is set so that it never falls on the 29<sup>th</sup>, 30<sup>th</sup> or 31<sup>st</sup> of any month.

You or your life insurance producer may request that multiple applications have the same Policy Date and be placed In Force on a common date. For multilife or employer sponsored cases, please contact your life insurance producer for additional details.

#### **Backdating your Policy**

You can have your Policy backdated up to 6 months, as long as we approve it.

Backdating in some cases may lower your cost of insurance rates since these rates are based on the Age of the Insured. Your first premium payment must cover the premium load and monthly charges for the period between the backdated Policy Date and the day your Policy is issued.

#### Re-dating your Policy

Once your Policy is issued, you may request us to re-date your Policy. This means your Policy will have a new Policy Date. Re-dating will only be allowed back to the date money is received on your Policy, and can be the earlier of:

- The date your Policy is delivered to you and you paid initial premium, or
- The date we received the initial premium, if earlier than the delivery date.

If your delivery date is the 29<sup>th</sup>, 30<sup>th</sup> or 31<sup>st</sup> of any month, the Policy will be dated the 28<sup>th</sup> of that month.

If the Policy is re-dated, no Policy charges will be deducted for any period during which Coverage was not provided under the terms of the Policy and all Policy charges will be calculated from the new Policy Date. There will be no Coverage before the new Policy Date.

It may be disadvantageous to request that the Policy be re-dated. A new Policy Date may cause an Insured's Age for insurance purposes to change and the cost of insurance rates to increase. It will also affect events based on time elapsed since Policy Date, such as suicide and contestable clauses and surrender charge periods.

We will not re-date Policies that are issued with a temporary insurance premium. Policies with the Policy Date pre-determined under an employer or corporate sponsored plan may not be eligible to re-date.

## **Illustrations**

We will provide you with Illustrations based on different sets of assumptions upon your request.

- Illustrations based on information you give us about the Age of the person to be insured by the Policy, their Risk Class, the Face Amount of all Coverage Layers, the Death Benefit Option, planned premium payments, and any Rider requested. In addition, illustrations may also be requested that show the effect of withdrawals on the death benefit and benefits provided under any Rider requested.
- Illustrations that show the allocation of premium payments to specified Variable Accounts. These will reflect the expenses of the Fund in which the Variable Account invests.
- Illustrations used for Policy Issue that use a hypothetical gross rate of return up to 12% are available.
- Illustration used after your Policy is In Force use both historical and hypothetical rates.

You can request such Illustrations at any time. Such Illustrations reflect assumptions about the Policy's non-guaranteed elements and about how you will use the Policy's options. Over time the Policy's actual non-guaranteed elements, and your actual use of the Policy's options, are likely to vary from the assumptions used in such Illustrations. For these reasons, actual Policy values will likely be more or less favorable than shown in such Illustrations. You can get one Policy Illustration free of charge per Policy Year. We reserve the right to charge \$25 for each additional Illustration.

# Your Free Look Right

Your Policy provides a *free look period* once the Policy is delivered to you and you sign the Policy delivery receipt. During the free look period, you have the Free Look Right to cancel (or refuse) your Policy and return it with instructions to us or your life insurance

producer for a refund. The amount refunded may be more or less than the premium payments you have made and the length of the free look period may vary, depending on the state where you signed your application and the type of policy you purchased.

You will find a complete description of the free look period that applies to your Policy on the Policy's cover sheet or on a notice that accompanies it. Generally, the free look period ends 10 days after you receive your Policy, but in some states, the free look is different. See the **APPENDIX**: **STATE LAW VARIATIONS** section in this prospectus for a list of state variations to the free look period. Some states may also have a different free look period if you are replacing another life insurance policy. Please call us or your life insurance producer if you have questions about your Free Look Right.

We will allocate any premium payments we receive during the free look period in accordance with the requirements of the state in which your Policy was issued. In states that require us to return all premiums paid, your initial Net Premium will be allocated to the Fidelity VIP Government Money Market Variable Account and will remain there during the entire free look period. At the end of the free look period, your premiums will be allocated to the Investment Options you selected. In states that do not require us to return all premiums paid, your initial Net Premium will be applied to the Investment Options you selected.

If your Policy was issued in a state that requires us to refund your premium, the amount of the refund is the greater of premium payments received during the Free-Look Period or the Policy's Accumulated Value, plus any Policy charges and fees deducted, less Policy Debt. If your Policy was issued in a state that does not require us to refund your premium, the amount we return to you will include:

- Any charges or taxes we have deducted from your premiums;
- The Net Premiums allocated to the Fixed Options;
- The Accumulated Value allocated to the Variable Investment Options; and
- Any monthly fees and charges we have deducted from your Policy's Accumulated Value in the Variable Investment Options.

The amount of your refund may be more or less than the premium payments you have made, depending on the state in which your Policy was issued. See the **APPENDIX: STATE LAW VARIATIONS** section in this prospectus for information on which states do or do not require refund of premiums paid.

# California Policies

For Policies issued in the state of California, the Policy's free look period is 30 days from date of delivery as of the Policy effective date if:

- An individual Policyowner is Age 60 or older; or
- The Policyowner is either a Guardian, a Custodian or an Individual Trust, and the Insured is age 60 and over.

During the 30-day free look period, we will hold the Net Premiums in the Fidelity® VIP Government Money Market Variable Account. On the day following the end of the 30-day free look period, we will automatically transfer the Accumulated Value in the Fidelity® VIP Government Money Market Variable Account to the Investment Options you chose. This automatic transfer to your Investment Option allocation choices is excluded from the transfer limitations described later in this prospectus. If you exercise your Free Look Right during the 30-day free look period, we will refund the greater of premium payments received during the Free-Look period or the Policy's Accumulated Value, plus any Policy charges and fees deducted, less any Policy Debt. You may specifically direct that, during the 30-day free look period, all Net Premiums received by us be immediately allocated to the Investment Options according to your most recent Allocation Instructions. You may do this:

- On your application
- In writing any time prior to the end of the 30-day free look period.

If you specifically request your Net Premiums be immediately allocated to the Investment Options, and you exercise your Free Look Right during the 30-day free look period, the amount of your refund may be more or less than the premium payments you have made. Your refund will be calculated as of the day we or your life insurance producer receive your request and the Policy. The refund will be:

- Any charges or taxes we have deducted from your premiums
- The Net Premiums allocated to the Fixed Options
- The Accumulated Value allocated to the Variable Investment Options
- Any monthly charges and fees we have deducted from your Policy's Accumulated Value in the Variable Investment Options.

# Timing of Payments, Forms and Requests

#### Effective date

Once your Policy is In Force, the effective date of payments, forms and requests you send us is usually determined by the day and time we receive the item In Proper Form.

You may reach our service representatives on any Business Day at (800) 347-7787 between the hours of 5 a.m. through 5 p.m. Pacific time.

Please send your forms and written requests or questions to:

Pacific Life Insurance Company P.O. Box 2030 Omaha, NE 68103

Unless you receive premium notices via list bill, send premiums (other than initial premium) to:

Pacific Life Insurance Company P.O. Box 100957 Pasadena, California 91189-0957

We accept faxes for variable transaction requests (transfers, allocation changes, rebalancing and loans) at: (866) 398-0467

You may also submit variable transaction requests electronically at: Transactions@pacificlife.com

Sending any application, premium payment, form, request or other correspondence to any other address will not be considered In Proper Form and will result in a processing delay.

Premium payments, loan requests, transfer requests, loan payments or withdrawal or surrender requests that we receive In Proper Form on a Business Day will be effective as of the end of that day, unless the transaction is scheduled to occur on another Business Day. If we receive your payment or request at or after the time of the close of the New York Stock Exchange on a Business Day, your payment or request will be effective as of the end of the next Business Day. If a scheduled transaction falls on a day that is not a Business Day, we will process it as of the end of the next Business Day.

Other forms, notices and requests are normally effective as of the next Business Day after we receive them In Proper Form, unless the transaction is scheduled to occur on another Business Day. Change of Owner and Beneficiary Forms are effective as of the day you sign the change form, once we receive them In Proper Form.

#### **Electronic Information Consent**

Subject to availability, you may authorize us to provide prospectuses, prospectus supplements, reports, annual statements, statements and immediate confirmations, tax forms, proxy solicitations, privacy notice and other notices and documentation in electronic format when available instead of receiving paper copies of these documents by U.S. mail. You may enroll in this service by accessing the Policy Owner website, My Life Insurance Account, at <a href="https://Life.MyAccount.PacificLife.com">https://Life.MyAccount.PacificLife.com</a>. Not all Policy documentation and notifications may be currently available in electronic format. You will continue to receive paper copies of any documents and notifications not available in electronic format by U.S. mail. In addition, you will continue to receive paper copies of annual statements if required by state or federal law. Documents will be available on our Internet website. As documents become available, we will notify you of this by sending you an e-mail message that will include instructions on how to retrieve the document. You must have ready access to a computer with Internet access, an active e-mail account to receive this information electronically, and the ability to read and retain it. You may access and print all documents provided through this service.

If you plan on enrolling in this service, or are currently enrolled, please note that:

- There is no charge for electronic delivery, although your Internet provider may charge for Internet access.
- You should provide a current e-mail address and notify us promptly when your e-mail address changes.
- You should update any e-mail filters that may prevent you from receiving e-mail notifications from us.
- You may request a paper copy of the information at any time for no charge, even though you consented to electronic delivery, or if you decide to revoke your consent.
- Electronic delivery will be cancelled if e-mails are returned undeliverable.
- This consent will remain in effect until you revoke it.

If you are currently enrolled in this service, please access the Policy Owner website, My Life Insurance Account, at <a href="https://Life.MyAccount.PacificLife.com">https://Life.MyAccount.PacificLife.com</a>, or call (800) 347-7787 if you would like to revoke your consent, wish to receive a paper copy of the information above, or need to update your e-mail address. You may opt out of electronic delivery at any time.

#### When we make payments and transfers

We will normally send the proceeds of withdrawals, loans, surrenders, exchanges and Death Benefit payments, and process transfer requests, within seven days after the effective date of the request In Proper Form. We may delay payments and transfers, or the calculation of payments and transfers based on the value in the Variable Investment Options under unusual circumstances, for example, if:

• The New York Stock Exchange closes on a day other than a regular holiday or weekend

- Trading on the New York Stock Exchange is restricted
- An emergency exists as determined by the SEC, as a result of which the sale of securities is not practicable, or it is not practicable to determine the value of a Variable Account's assets, or
- The SEC permits a delay for the protection of Policy Owners.

We may delay transfers and payments from the Fixed Options, including the proceeds from withdrawals, surrenders and loans, for up to six months. If we defer payment of surrenders, withdrawals or loans for more than 10 days after we receive your request, we will pay interest at the rate required by the state in which the Policy is delivered, but not less than an annual rate equal to the guaranteed rate payable on the Fixed Options.

Death Benefit Proceeds paid are subject to the conditions and adjustments as described in this section, in the **GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR POLICY** section, and the **WITHDRAWALS**, **SURRENDERS AND LOANS** section in this Prospectus. Death Benefit Proceeds are paid as a lump sum check. We may make other options available in addition to the single check option. If required by state law, we will pay interest on the Death Benefit Proceeds from the date of death to the date the claim is paid at a rate not less than the rate payable for funds left on deposit that is in effect on the date of death, which will vary by state. If payment of any lump sum Death Benefit Proceeds is delayed more than 31 calendar days after we receive the requirements to pay the claim In Proper Form, we will pay additional interest, if required by state law, at a rate of 10% annually beginning with the 31<sup>st</sup> calendar day or a lessor percentage as required by applicable state law. Contact us, your life insurance producer, or refer to your Policy or Rider to determine if state specific differences apply. Also see the **APPENDIX: STATE LAW VARIATIONS** – TIMING OF PAYMENTS, FORMS AND REQUESTS section in this prospectus for states that require different rates.

# Statements and Reports We Will Send You

We send the following statements and reports to policy owners:

- A confirmation for certain financial transactions, usually including premium payments and transfers, loans, loan repayments, withdrawals and surrenders. Monthly deductions and scheduled transactions made under the dollar cost averaging, portfolio rebalancing and first year transfer services are reported on your quarterly Policy statement.
- A quarterly Policy statement. The statement will tell you the Accumulated Value of your Policy by Investment Options, Cash Surrender Value, the amount of the Death Benefit, the Policy's Face Amount, and any Policy Debt. It will also include a summary of all transactions that have taken place since the last quarterly statement, as well as any other information required by law.
- An annual Policy statement. The report will provide the same information as the quarterly Policy statement (e.g. Accumulated Value, Cash Surrender Value, etc.) but will include a summary of all transactions that have taken place since the last annual Policy statement.
- Supplemental schedules of benefits and planned premiums. We will send these to you if you change your Policy's Face Amount or change any of the Policy's other benefits.
- Financial statements and related notifications, as required by law, regarding the availability of underlying Fund annual reports, semi-annual reports, and Fund holdings information.

If you identify an error on a confirmation, quarterly or annual statement, you must notify us in writing as soon as possible, preferably within 90 days from the date of the confirmation or statement, to ensure proper accounting to your Policy. When you write us, include your name, Policy number and description of the identified error.

Mail will be sent to you at the mailing address you have provided. If mail is returned to us as undeliverable multiple times, we will discontinue mailing to your last known address. We will, however, regularly attempt to locate your new mailing address, and will resume mailing your policy related materials to you upon confirmation of your new address. You can access the statements referenced above through the Policy Owner website, My Life Insurance Account, at https://Life.MyAccount.PacificLife.com, or receive copies of documents from us upon request.

# Prospectus and Fund Report Format Authorization

Subject to availability, you may request us to deliver prospectuses, statements, and other information ("Documents") electronically. If you wish to receive Documents electronically, you may enroll in this service by accessing the Policy Owner website, My Life Insurance Account, at https://Life.MyAccount.PacificLife.com. We do not charge for this service.

For electronic delivery, you must provide us with a current and active e-mail address and have Internet access to use this service. While we impose no additional charge for this service, there may be potential costs associated with electronic delivery, such as on-line charges. Documents will be available on our Internet website. You may access and print all Documents provided through this service. As Documents become available, we will notify you of this by sending you an e-mail message that will include instructions on how to retrieve the Document. You are responsible for any e-mail filters that may prevent you from receiving e-mail notifications and for notifying us promptly in the event that your e-mail address changes. You may revoke your consent for electronic delivery at any time, provided that we are properly notified, and we will then start providing you with a paper copy of all required Documents. We will

provide you with paper copies at any time upon request. Such a request will not constitute revocation of your consent to receive required Documents electronically.

# **Telephone and Electronic Transactions**

By electing this option on the application, you authorize us to accept telephone and electronic instructions for the following transactions:

- Transfers between Investment Options
- Initiate the dollar cost averaging
- Rebalance Variable Investment Options
- Change future premium Allocation Instructions
- Initiate loans.

If you do not authorize us to accept telephone or electronic instructions on your application, you can later instruct us to accept telephone or electronic instructions as long as you complete and submit a Transaction Authorization Form with us.

Certain life insurance producers are able to give us instructions electronically if authorized by you. You may appoint anyone to give us instructions on your behalf by completing and submitting a Transaction Authorization Form with us.

Here are some things you need to know about telephone and electronic transactions:

- If your Policy is jointly owned, all Joint Owners must sign the Transaction Authorization Form. We will take instructions from any Owner or anyone you appoint.
- We may use any reasonable method to confirm that your telephone or electronic instructions are genuine. For example, we may ask you to provide personal identification or we may record all or part of the telephone conversation. We may refuse any transaction request made by telephone or electronically.
- A new Transaction Authorization Form will be required when a registered representative changes to a new Broker-Dealer.

We will send you a written confirmation of each telephone and electronic transaction.

Sometimes, you may not be able to make loans or transfers by telephone or electronically, for example, if our telephone lines or our website are busy because of unusual market activity or a significant economic or market change, or our telephone lines or the Internet are out of service during severe storms or other emergencies. In these cases, you can send your request to us in writing, or call us the next Business Day or when service has resumed.

When you authorize us to accept your telephone and electronic instructions, you agree that:

- We can accept and act upon instructions you or anyone you appoint give us over the telephone or electronically
- Neither we, any of our affiliates, the Pacific Select Fund, or any director, trustee, officer, employee or agent of ours or theirs will be liable for any loss, damages, cost or expenses that result from transactions processed because of a request by telephone or submitted electronically that we believe to be genuine, as long as we have followed our own procedures
- You bear the risk of any loss that arises from your right to make loans or transfers over the telephone or electronically.

#### **DEATH BENEFITS**

#### The Death Benefit

We will pay Death Benefit Proceeds to your Beneficiary after the Insured dies while the Policy is still In Force. Your Beneficiary generally will not have to pay federal income tax on the portion of any Death Benefit Proceeds that are payable as a lump sum at death. Some Riders and settlement options may affect how the Death Benefit Proceeds are paid, see the **OPTIONAL RIDERS AND BENEFITS** section in this prospectus for more details.

Your Policy's Death Benefit depends on three choices you must make:

- The Total Face Amount
- The Death Benefit Option
- Death Benefit Qualification Test

The Policy's Death Benefit is the higher of:

- The Death Benefit calculated under the Death Benefit Option in effect; or
- The Minimum Death Benefit which is calculated based on the Death Benefit Qualification Test selected. Please see the **DEATH BENEFIT QUALIFICATION TEST** section in the prospectus for more details.

Certain Riders may impact the Policy's Death Benefit, see the Optional Riders and Benefits section in this prospectus for more details.

Withdrawals and Policy Loans may impact the Policy's Death Benefit, see the WITHDRAWALS, SURRENDERS AND LOANS section in this prospectus for more details.

# The Total Face Amount

The Total Face Amount of your Policy is used to determine the Death Benefit as well as certain Policy charges, including the cost of insurance, Coverage charge and surrender charges. Your Policy's initial amount of insurance Coverage, which you select in your application, is its initial Basic Face Amount. The Policy's Total Face Amount is the sum of the Basic Face Amounts of all Coverage Layers. The Coverage Layers you select in your application are effective on the Policy Date. You will find your Policy's Total Face Amount, which includes any increases or decreases, in the Policy Specifications in your Policy.

If you request an increase in Face Amount, a new Coverage Layer will be created, with its own Coverage Layer Date and Policy charges. A decrease in Face Amount will not decrease the associated Coverage charge.

#### **Changing the Face Amount**

You can increase or decrease your Policy's Face Amount as long as we approve it. If you change the Face Amount, we will send you a Supplemental Schedule of Coverage for benefits and premiums.

- You can change the Face Amount as long as the Insured is alive.
- You must send us your Written Request while your Policy is In Force.
- Unless you request otherwise, the change will become effective on the first Monthly Payment Date on or after we receive and approve your request.
- Changing the Total Face Amount can affect the Net Amount At Risk, which affects the cost of insurance charge. An increase in the Face Amount may increase the cost of insurance charge, while a decrease may decrease the charge.
- If your Policy's Death Benefit is equal to the Minimum Death Benefit, and the Net Amount At Risk is more than three times the Death Benefit on the Policy Date, we may reduce the Death Benefit by requiring you to make a withdrawal from your Policy. If we require you to make a withdrawal, the withdrawal may be taxable. Please turn to the WITHDRAWALS, SURRENDERS AND LOANS section in this prospectus for information about making withdrawals.
- We will refuse your request to reduce the Face Amount if, after the reduction, there are no Basic Life Coverage Layers equal to or greater than \$1,000.

#### Requesting an Increase in Face Amount

You may request an increase in the Face Amount under the Policy. Each requested increase once approved will create a new Coverage Layer.

Here are some additional things you should know about requesting an increase in the Face Amount under the Policy:

- The Insured must be Age 90 or younger at the time of the increase.
- You must give us satisfactory Evidence of Insurability. There is a \$100 fee per request to evaluate insurability. The \$100 fee is currently waived.

- Each increase you make to the Face Amount must be a minimum of \$25,000.
- Each increase in Face Amount may have an associated cost of insurance rate, Coverage charge and surrender charge. Any cost or charge changes will take effect on the Monthly Payment Date the Face Amount increase is applied to the Policy.
- We reserve the right to limit Face Amount increases to one per Policy Year.
- A requested increase in Face Amount will terminate the Flexible Duration No-Lapse Guarantee Rider. See the **OPTIONAL RIDERS AND BENEFITS Flexible Duration No-Lapse Guarantee Rider** section in this prospectus.

#### Other Increases in Face Amount

The Policy's Face Amount may increase under the Policy when you request a change in Death Benefit Option. In this case, we will increase the Face Amount of the most recently issued Coverage Layer.

#### Requesting a Decrease in Total Face Amount

You may request a decrease in the Policy's Total Face Amount. A decrease in the Total Face Amount is subject to the following limits:

- We do not allow decreases during the first Policy Year
- You may only request one decrease per Policy Year
- At least one Basic Life Coverage Layer must be equal or greater than \$1,000 following a decrease. We can refuse your request if the change in Face Amount would mean that your Policy no longer qualifies as Life Insurance under the Code
- Unless you have told us otherwise in writing, any request for a decrease will not take effect if the Policy would be classified as a Modified Endowment Contract under the Code.

Decreasing the Total Face Amount may affect your Policy's tax status. To ensure your Policy continues to qualify as life insurance, we might be required:

- To return part of your premium payments to you if you have chosen the Guideline Premium Test, or
- To make distributions from the Accumulated Value, which may be taxable. For more information, please see the VARIABLE LIFE INSURANCE AND YOUR TAXES section in this prospectus.

We can refuse your request if the amount of any distributions would exceed the Net Cash Surrender Value under the Policy.

#### **Processing of Decreases**

Any reduction in the Total Face Amount, whether as a result of your request, as a result of a withdrawal, change in the Death Benefit Option, or an accelerated death benefit payment, will reduce the Face Amount of the Coverage Layers.

We will apply any decrease in the Face Amount to eligible Coverage Layers to the most recent eligible increases you made to the Face Amount first and then to the initial Face Amount. If you elected an accelerated death benefit rider, any accelerated Death Benefit payments made under a rider will decrease the Total Face Amount. You can find specific information about this decrease in the applicable rider description which can be found in the **OPTIONAL RIDERS AND BENEFITS** section in this prospectus.

#### **Death Benefit Options**

The Policy offers two Death Benefit Options, Options A and B. The Death Benefit Option you choose will generally depend on which is more important to you: a larger Death Benefit or building the Accumulated Value of your Policy.

Death Benefit Option A provides a death benefit equal to the Total Face Amount of the Policy. Additional premiums and Investment Option performance do not change the Total Face Amount, except in limited circumstances to ensure that the Policy qualifies as life insurance under the Code. However, additional premiums and positive Investment Option performance will increase the Accumulated Value and decrease the Net Amount At Risk which may, in turn, reduce Policy charges. Withdrawals may reduce the Total Face Amount depending on the timing, withdrawal amount and withdrawal frequency during a Policy year.

Death Benefit Option B provides a death benefit equal to the Total Face Amount of the Policy plus the Accumulated Value. Additional premiums and positive Investment Option performance will increase the death benefit. However, since the death benefit under this option is based, in part, on the Accumulated Value, Policy charges and negative Investment Option performance may decrease the death benefit. Withdrawals do not reduce the Total Face Amount.

See the WITHDRAWALS, SURRENDERS AND LOANS – Making Withdrawals - *How withdrawals affect your Policy's Face Amount* section in this prospectus for additional information on the impact of withdrawals on the Death Benefit Options.

Work with your life insurance producer to determine which Death Benefit Option you should select.

Here are some things you need to know about the Death Benefit:

- You choose your Death Benefit Option on your Policy application.
- If you do not choose a Death Benefit Option, we will assume you have chosen Option A.

- The Death Benefit will never be lower than the Total Face Amount of your Policy.
- You may change your Death Benefit Option subject to certain limits.

The Death Benefit Options are:

# Option A – the Total Face Amount of your Policy.



The Death Benefit is designed to remain level.

# Option B – the Total Face Amount of your Policy plus its Accumulated Value.



The Death Benefit changes as your Policy's Accumulated Value changes. The better your Investment Options perform, the larger the Death Benefit will be.

The graphs are intended to show how the Death Benefit Options work and are not predictive of investment performance in your Policy. The Death Benefit Option selected by an investor impacts the dollar value of the Death Benefit, the charges paid, and the resulting Accumulated Value.

# **Changing Your Death Benefit Option**

You can change your Death Benefit Option while your Policy is In Force, subject to the following:

- You must send us your Written Request.
- You can change from one Death Benefit Option to the other (*e.g.* from Option A to Option B) and a change can only occur once in a Policy Year. If you have the Premier Chronic Illness Rider, during a Benefit Year (as defined in the Premier Chronic Illness Rider section) you can only change to Option A.
- The change will become effective on the first Monthly Payment Date after we receive your request. If we receive your request on a Monthly Payment Date, we will process it that day.
- We will not let you change the Death Benefit Option if doing so means that, after the change, there are no Basic Life Coverage Layers equal to or greater than \$1,000.
- Changing the Death Benefit Option can also affect the monthly cost of insurance charge since this charge varies with the Net Amount At Risk.
- The new Death Benefit Option will be used in all future calculations.

We will not change your Death Benefit Option if it means your Policy will be treated as a Modified Endowment Contract, unless you have told us in writing that this would be acceptable to you. Modified Endowment Contracts are discussed in the VARIABLE LIFE INSURANCE AND YOUR TAXES section in this prospectus.

Changing your Death Benefit Option will increase or decrease your Total Face Amount under the Policy. The Total Face Amount of your Policy will change by the amount needed to make the Death Benefit under the new Death Benefit Option equal the Death Benefit under the old Death Benefit Option just before the change.

If the change is an increase in the Total Face Amount, we will process the increase as described in the **DEATH BENEFITS** – **Changing the Face Amount** – *Other Increases in Face Amount* section in this prospectus. If the change is a decrease in the Total Face Amount, we will process the decrease as described in the **DEATH BENEFITS** – **Changing the Face Amount** – *Processing of Decreases* section in this prospectus.

#### **Death Benefit Qualification Test**

In order for your Policy to be qualified as life insurance under the Code, it must qualify under one of two Tests, the Cash Value Accumulation Test (CVAT) or the Guideline Premium Test (GPT).

You choose one of these Death Benefit Qualification Tests on your application. If you do not make a choice on your application, the default test applied to your Policy will be the Guideline Premium Test. Once the Policy is issued, the Death Benefit Qualification Test cannot be changed. Your Death Benefit Qualification Test determines the following:

- Premium limitations
- Amount of Minimum Death Benefit

Each test determines what the Minimum Death Benefit should be in relation to your Policy's Accumulated Value. The Death Benefit determined under either test will be at least equal to the amount required for the Policy to qualify as life insurance under the Tax Code.

# Comparing the Death Benefit Qualification Tests

The table below shows a general comparison of how features of your Policy may be affected by your choice of Death Benefit Qualification Test. When choosing between the tests, you should consider:

	Cash Value Accumulation Test	Guideline Premium Test
Premium payments <sup>1</sup>	Allows flexibility to pay more premium	Premium payments are limited under the Tax Code
Death Benefit	Generally higher than Guideline Premium Test	Generally lower than CVAT
Monthly cost of insurance charges	May be higher, if the Death Benefit under the Cash Value Accumulation Test is higher than under the Guideline Premium Test	May be lower, except in early Policy years
Face Amount decreases	Will not require return of premium or distribution of Accumulated Value	May require return of premium or distribution of Accumulated Value to continue Policy as life insurance

If you want to pay a premium that increases the Net Amount At Risk, you will need to provide us with satisfactory evidence of insurability before we can increase the Death Benefit. In this event, your cost of insurance charges will also increase. Cost of insurance charges are based, among other things, upon your Policy's Net Amount At Risk. See the YOUR POLICY'S ACCUMULATED VALUE section in this prospectus for more information on how cost of insurance charges are calculated.

#### **Examples of Death Benefit Calculations**

The tables below compare the Death Benefits provided by the Policy's available Death Benefit Options. The examples are intended only to show differences in Death Benefits and Net Amounts at Risk. Accumulated Value assumptions may not be realistic.

These examples show that each Death Benefit Option provides a different level of protection. Keep in mind that generally, cost of insurance charges, which affect your Policy's Accumulated Value, increase over time. The cost of insurance is charged at a rate based on the Net Amount At Risk. As the Net Amount At Risk increases, your cost of insurance increases. Accumulated Value also varies depending on the performance of the Investment Options in your Policy.

The example below assumes the following:

- The Insured is Age 45 at the time the Policy was issued and dies at the beginning of the sixth Policy Year
- Face Amount is \$100,000
- Accumulated Value at the date of death is \$25,000
- Total premium paid into the Policy is \$30,000
- The Minimum Death Benefit under the Guideline Premium Test is \$46,250 (assuming a Guideline Minimum Death Benefit Percentage of 185% of the Accumulated Value)
- The Minimum Death Benefit under the Cash Value Accumulation Test is \$50,000 (assuming a Cash Value Accumulation Test Minimum Death Benefit Percentage of 200% of the Accumulated Value).

		If you select the Premium Test, Benefit is the larger of below and the Death Bene	Test, the Death ter of the two amounts a Benefit Option in effect    Minimum   Net Amount At Risk			
Death Benefit Option	How it's calculated	under the Minimum used for cost of				
Option A	Total Face Amount	\$100,000	\$46,250	\$74,835.11		
Option B	Total Face Amount plus Accumulated Value	\$125,000	\$46,250	\$99,793.89		

		If you select the Cash Value Accumulation Test, the Death Benefit is the larger of the two amounts below and the Death Benefit Option in effect		
Death Benefit Option	How it's calculated	Death Benefit Net Amount A under the Minimum used for cost o Death Benefit Option Death Benefit insurance char		
Option A	Total Face Amount	\$100,000	\$50,000	\$74,917.12

If the Death Benefit equals the Minimum Death Benefit, any increase in Accumulated Value will cause an automatic increase in the Death Benefit.

Here's the same example, but with an Accumulated Value of \$75,000. Because Accumulated Value has increased, the Minimum Death Benefit is now:

- \$138,750 for the Guideline Premium Test
- \$150,000 for the Cash Value Accumulation Test.

		If you select the Guideline Premium Test, the Death Benefit is the larger of the two amounts below and the Death Benefit Option in effect		
Death Benefit Option	How it's calculated	Death Benefit under the Death Benefit Option	Minimum Death Benefit	Net Amount At Risk used for cost of insurance charge
Option A	Total Face Amount	\$100,000	\$138,750	\$63,521.22
Option B	Total Face Amount plus Accumulated Value	\$175,000	\$138,750	\$99,711.45

		Cash Value Accumulation Test The Death Benefit is the larger of the two amounts below and the Death Benefit Option in effect		
Death Benefit Option	How it's calculated	Death Benefit under the Death Benefit Option	Minimum Death Benefit	Net Amount At Risk used for cost of insurance charge
Option A	Total Face Amount	\$100,000	\$150,000	\$74,875.68
Option B	Total Face Amount plus Accumulated Value	\$175,000	\$150,000	\$99,854.96

#### When We Pay the Death Benefit

We calculate the amount of the Death Benefit Proceeds effective the end of the day the Insured dies. If the Insured dies on a day that is not a Business Day, any portion of the Death Benefit Proceeds attributed to the Variable Accumulated Value is determined as of the next Business Day.

We will pay the Death Benefit Proceeds after receiving proof that the Insured died while the Policy was In Force, along with payment instructions. Your Beneficiary can choose to receive the Death Benefit Proceeds in a lump sum or we may make other options available in addition to the single check option.

Death Benefit Proceeds equal the total of the Death Benefits provided by your Policy and any Riders you have added, minus any Policy Debt, minus any overdue Monthly Deductions.

If required by state law, we will pay interest on the Death Benefit Proceeds from the date of death to the date the claim is paid at a rate not less than the rate payable for funds left on deposit that is in effect on the date of death which, will vary by state. See the **APPENDIX: STATE LAW VARIATIONS** – TIMING OF PAYMENTS, FORMS AND REQUESTS section in this prospectus.

It is important that we have a current address, social security number, telephone number and email address for each designated Beneficiary so that we can pay Death Benefit Proceeds promptly. If we cannot pay the Death Benefit Proceeds to the designated Beneficiary within the dormancy period defined by a state's Unclaimed Property laws or regulations, we will be required to pay the Death Benefit Proceeds to the applicable state. Once the Death Benefit Proceeds are paid to a state, any subsequent claim by a designated Beneficiary must be made with the applicable state. For more information, check with the state to whom the Death Benefit Proceeds were paid.

# **OTHER BENEFITS AVAILABLE UNDER THE POLICY**

In addition to the standard death benefits associated with your Policy, other standard and/or optional benefits may also be available to you. The following table summarizes information about those benefits. Information about the fees associated with each benefit included in the table may be found in the FEE TABLE section.

Name of Benefit	Purpose	Is Benefit Standard or Optional?	Brief Description of Restriction/Limitations
Dollar Cost Averaging	Allows you to make scheduled transfers between Variable Investment Options.	Standard	<ul> <li>Each transfer must be for \$50 or more.</li> <li>Transfers can be scheduled monthly, quarterly, semi-annually or annually.</li> <li>The Variable Investment Option must have at least \$5,000 to start.</li> <li>May not use this service and the Portfolio Rebalancing, First Year Transfer, or Fixed Option Interest Sweep at the same time.</li> </ul>
First Year Transfer	Allows you to make monthly transfers from the Fixed Account to the Variable Investment Options during the Policy's first year.	Standard	<ul> <li>Must enroll when you apply for the Policy.</li> <li>May not use this service and the Dollar Cost Averaging, Portfolio Rebalancing, or Fixed Option Interest Sweep at the same time.</li> </ul>
Fixed Option Interest Sweep	Allows you to make scheduled transfers of the accumulated earnings from the Fixed Account or Fixed LT Account to the Variable Investment Options.	Standard	<ul> <li>Each transfer must be at least \$50. If the earnings are not \$50 at the time of transfer, the transfer will be held until the next scheduled transfer date when the interest earnings are at least \$50.</li> <li>May not use this service and the Dollar Cost Averaging, Portfolio Rebalancing, or First Year Transfer at the same time.</li> </ul>
Portfolio Rebalancing	Allows you to make automatic transfers among the Variable Investment Options according to your allocation instructions.	Standard	<ul> <li>Transfers can be scheduled monthly, quarterly, semi-annually, or annually.</li> <li>If you make transfers out of the Variable Investment Options you selected under the service, the service will end. You will have to wait 30 days before you can reenroll with new allocation instructions.</li> <li>May not use this service and the Dollar Cost Averaging, First Year Transfer, or Fixed Option Interest Sweep at the same time.</li> </ul>

Automated Income Option	Allows you to make scheduled withdrawals or loans from the Policy.	Standard	<ul> <li>This option is available for use after the 7<sup>th</sup> Policy Anniversary.</li> <li>The Policy must have a minimum Net Cash Surrender Value of \$50,000 to start withdrawals or loans under this option and cannot be a Modified Endowment Contract.</li> <li>Withdrawals or loans can be scheduled monthly or annually.</li> <li>Each withdrawal or loan must be at least \$500 for monthly or \$1,000 for annual.</li> <li>Withdrawals or loans will be taken from each Investment Option in proportion to the Accumulated Value in each Investment Option.</li> <li>Any additional withdrawal or loan made that is not part of this option will cause this option to cancel and delay in restarting a new schedule under this option.</li> </ul>
Flexible Duration No-Lapse Guarantee Rider	Provides that the Policy and any optional benefits you have selected will remain In Force even if the Policy's Net Accumulated Value is insufficient to cover the total monthly deduction, provided that the No Lapse Guarantee Value less any Policy Debt is greater than zero.	Optional	<ul> <li>Must be elected at Policy issue</li> <li>Additional cost applies.</li> <li>Available if Insured is at least 18 and no older than age 85 at Policy issue.</li> <li>At initial purchase and during the entire time that you own this Rider, you must allocate 100% of your Accumulated Value among the allowable Investment Options for the Rider listed under APPENDIX:         FUNDS AVAILABLE UNDER THE POLICY – Allowable Investment Options or the Rider will terminate.</li> <li>The no-lapse guarantee applies as long as the Net No-Lapse Guarantee Value (No-Lapse Guarantee Value less any Policy Debt) is greater than zero.</li> <li>The No-Lapse Guarantee Value depends on a number of factors including amount and timing of premium paid and hypothetical values under the rider which are affected by Policy loans, withdrawals, interest rates, Policy changes, and other factors.</li> <li>Benefit will terminate upon electing an increase in Face Amount under the Policy.</li> </ul>

Short-Term No-Lapse Guarantee Rider	Protects the Policy from lapsing for a specified guaranteed period of time due to poor Policy performance.		<ul> <li>Automatically issued on your Policy if Insured is Age 79 and younger at Policy Issue.</li> <li>Guarantee period ranges from 5 to 15 years based on Insured's age at Policy issue.</li> <li>Benefit will be provided if a certain amount of premium is paid each Policy month.</li> <li>The no-lapse guarantee is in effect as long as the No-Lapse Credit less Policy Debt is equal to or greater than zero.</li> <li>Benefit will terminate if any rider added to the Policy after issue has</li> </ul>
Conversion Rider	Allows you to convert eligible coverages into a new Policy.	Standard	<ul> <li>charges.</li> <li>Automatically added at Policy issue.</li> <li>If the Policy's Face Amount has been increased and that resulted in insurance coverage with Risk Classes that differ from the Policy's original insurance coverage, the new Policy will be issued with the Risk Class of the most recent insurance coverage added.</li> <li>If exercised, a new Policy will be issued and any insurance coverage under this Policy will terminate.</li> </ul>

Premier Chronic Illness Rider	Provides access to a portion of the	Optional	Must be elected at Policy issue.
	Policy death benefit proceeds if the Insured has been certified as		Additional cost applies.
	chronically ill.		• Available if Insured is at least age 18 and no older than age 75 at Policy issue.
			Subject to the eligibility and other conditions described in the Rider such as certification of having a chronic illness, making a written request for benefits, and not exceeding the maximum amount of the Death Benefit that may be utilized for chronic illness benefits.
			When benefits are paid, certain     Policy values (the Total Face     Amount, Accumulated Value, Policy     loans, Policy Debt, Loan Account,     Loan Account Value and any     surrender charges) will be reduced     by the Acceleration Percentage.
			Chronic illness benefits may be requested once every 12-month period.
			Chronic illness must be certified by a licensed health care practitioner (not the Insured, Owner, or Immediate Family Member).
			During a Benefit year (as defined in the Premier Chronic Illness Rider section), a Policy Owner can only change from Death Benefit Option B to Option A.
			During a Benefit Year, transfers from the Fixed Account or the Fixed LT Account to the Variable Investment Options are not permitted.

Premier Living Benefits Rider	Provides access to a portion of the	Optional	Must be elected at Policy issue.
2	Policy death benefit proceeds if the	•	• Not available for Policies issued in
	Insured has been certified as a		California.
	chronically ill individual or a		• Cannot be issued with the Terminal
	terminally ill individual.		Illness Rider.
			<ul> <li>Illness Rider.</li> <li>Subject to the eligibility and other conditions described in the Rider such as certification of having a chronic or terminal illness, making a written request for benefits, and not exceeding the maximum amount of the Death Benefit that may be utilized for chronic or terminal illness benefits.</li> <li>Chronic illness benefits may be requested once every 12-month period.</li> <li>Chronic illness must be certified by a licensed health care practitioner (not the Insured, Owner, or Immediate Family Member).</li> <li>Once the Rider is exercised, we will not allow any requested increases in benefits under the Policy or any Riders</li> <li>When benefits are paid, certain</li> </ul>
			Policy values (the Total Face Amount, Accumulated Value, Policy
			loans, Policy Debt, Loan Account,
			Loan Account Value and any
			surrender charges) will be reduced
			by the Acceleration Percentage. In
			addition, any Automated Income
			Option or other systematic
			distribution program will be discontinued.
	<u> </u>	1	discontinued.

Premier Living Benefits Rider	Provides access to a portion of the Policy death benefit proceeds if the Insured has been certified as a chronically ill individual.	Optional	<ul> <li>Must be elected at Policy issue.</li> <li>Only available for Policies issued in California.</li> <li>Subject to the eligibility and other conditions described in the Rider such as certification of having a chronic illness, making a written request for benefits, and not exceeding the maximum amount of the Death Benefit that may be utilized for chronic illness benefits.</li> <li>Chronic illness benefits may be requested once every 12-month period.</li> <li>Chronic illness must be certified by a licensed health care practitioner (not the Insured, Owner, or Immediate Family Member).</li> <li>When benefits are paid, certain Policy values (the Total Face Amount, Accumulated Value, Policy Debt, Loan Account, Loan Account Value and any surrender charges) will be reduced by the Acceleration Percentage. In addition, any Automated Income option or other systematic distribution program will be discontinued.</li> </ul>
Terminal Illness Rider	Provides access to a portion of the Policy death benefit proceeds if the Insured has been certified as a terminally ill individual.	Optional	<ul> <li>Must be elected at Policy issue.</li> <li>Not available for Policies issued with the Premier Living Benefits Rider 2.</li> <li>Subject to the eligibility and other conditions described in the Rider such as certification of having a terminal illness, making a written request for benefits, and not exceeding the maximum amount of the Death Benefit that may be utilized for terminal illness benefits.</li> <li>Terminal illness must be certified by a licensed physician (not the Insured, Owner, or Immediate Family Member).</li> <li>When benefits are paid, certain Policy values (the Total Face Amount, Accumulated Value, Policy Debt, Loan Account, Loan Account Value, and any surrender charges) will be reduced by the Acceleration Percentage. In addition, any Automated Income option or other systematic distribution program will be discontinued.</li> </ul>

# **OPTIONAL RIDERS AND BENEFITS**

There are optional riders that provide extra benefits, some at additional cost. Not all riders are available in every state, and some riders may only be added when you apply for your Policy. Ask your life insurance producer for more information about the riders available with the Policy, or about other kinds of life insurance policies offered.

Some broker/dealers may limit their clients from purchasing some optional benefits based on the client's age or other factors. You should work with your life insurance producer to decide whether an optional benefit is appropriate for you.

Certain restrictions may apply and are described in the rider or benefit. We will add any rider charges to the monthly charge we deduct from your Policy's Accumulated Value.

There are various Riders available under this Policy and some provide similar benefits. See the table in the **OTHER BENEFITS AVAILABLE UNDER THE POLICY** section above. The following provides brief information about the no-lapse guarantee Riders and accelerated death benefit Riders available under this Policy since there are more than one of the same type.

No-Lapse Guarantee Riders

This Policy currently offers two no-lapse guarantee riders. The Riders are the Flexible Duration No-Lapse Guarantee Rider and the Short-Term No-Lapse Guarantee Rider.

**Flexible Duration No-Lapse Guarantee Rider**. The no lapse guarantee under this Rider can cover the lifetime of the Insured and is designed to provide no-lapse protection for a period longer than the Short-Term No-Lapse Guarantee Rider. This Rider provides that the Policy and any optional benefits you have elected will remain In Force even if the Policy's Net Accumulated Value is insufficient to cover the total monthly deduction, provided that the No Lapse Guarantee Value less any Policy Debt is greater than zero.

**Short Term No-Lapse Guarantee Rider**. The no lapse guarantee under this Rider is designed to last for a certain guarantee period as long as certain minimum premiums are paid. This Rider provides that the Policy and any optional benefits you have elected will remain In Force during the guarantee period as long as the No-Lapse Credit less Policy Debt is equal to or greater than zero.

Complete information about each Rider is below.

Accelerated Death Benefit Riders

This Policy currently offers four accelerated death benefit Riders. The Riders are the Premier Chronic Illness Rider, Premier Living Benefits Rider 2, Premier Living Benefits Rider, and the Terminal Illness Rider.

**Premier Chronic Illness Rider**. This Rider provides protection from the financial impacts of becoming chronically ill by providing acceleration of a portion of the Death Benefit. This Rider does not provide benefits for someone who is terminally ill. The benefit payments can be made monthly or as an annual payment.

**Premier Living Benefits Rider 2**. This Rider provides protection from the financial impacts of becoming chronically ill or terminally ill by providing acceleration of a portion of the Death Benefit. Benefit payments for a chronic illness can be made monthly or as an annual payment. Benefit payments for a terminal illness will be paid in one lump sum. This Rider is not available for Policies issued in California and is not available for a Policy issued with the Terminal Illness Rider.

**Premier Living Benefits Rider**. This Rider provides protection from the financial impacts of becoming chronically ill by providing acceleration of a portion of the Death Benefit. This Rider does not provide benefits for someone who is terminally ill. The benefit payments can be made monthly or in an annual lump sum. This Rider is only available for a Policy issued in California.

**Terminal Illness Rider**. This Rider provides protection from the financial impacts of becoming terminally ill by providing acceleration of a portion of the Death Benefit. This Rider does not provide benefits for someone who is chronically ill. The benefit payments will be paid in one lump sum. This Rider is not available if your Policy was issued with the Premier Living Benefits Rider 2.

Complete information about each Rider is below.

## Flexible Duration No-Lapse Guarantee Rider (FDNLG)

This Rider provides a no-lapse guarantee that the Policy and any optional benefits you have selected will remain In Force as long as the Net No-Lapse Guarantee Value (No-Lapse Guarantee Values less Policy Debt) under the Rider is greater than zero, even if the

Policy's Net Accumulated Value (Accumulated Value less any Policy Debt) is less than the Monthly Deductions due on a Monthly Payment Date. As long as the No-Lapse Guarantee under this Rider is in effect, the Policy will not enter the Grace Period and lapse. **This Rider must be elected at Policy issue. We assess a monthly charge for this Rider.** 

If you elect this Rider, it will be in effect when we issue the Policy. The Rider cannot be added after Policy issue.

Rider Eligibility

You are eligible to elect the Rider if:

- The Insured is age 85 or younger at Policy issue and is not a juvenile (Insured's age at Policy issue is at least 18).
- At initial purchase and during the entire time that you own this Rider, you must allocate 100% of your Accumulated Value
  among the allowable Investment Options. See the APPENDIX: FUNDS AVAILABLE UNDER THIS POLICY Allowable
  Investment Options section in this prospectus. You may contact us at any time for information on the allowable Investment
  Options.

We may add or remove an allowable Investment Option at any time. Following a change, your current allocation of Accumulated Value may not comply with our revised allocation requirements for this Rider. As a result, you will be required to reallocate your Policy Accumulated Value to the revised allowable Investment Options in order to maintain the Rider benefits. We have the right to significantly reduce the number of allowable Investment Options even to a single conservative Investment Option. Our right to add or remove allowable Investment Options may limit the number of Investment Options that are available to you under your Policy in the future. Please discuss with your life insurance producer if this Policy and Rider are appropriate for you given our right to make changes to the allowable Investment Options.

We may make a change due to a fund reorganization, fund substitution, fund liquidation, or to help protect our ability to provide the guarantees under the Rider (for example, changes in an underlying Fund's investment objective and principal investment strategies, or changes in general market conditions). If such a change is required, we will provide you with reasonable notice (generally 90 calendar days) prior to the effective date of such change to allow you to reallocate your Accumulated Value to maintain your Rider benefits. If you do not reallocate your Accumulated Value to comply with the new allocation requirements, your Rider will terminate.

We will send you written notice in the event any transaction made by you will cause the Rider to terminate for failure to invest according to the investment allocation requirements. However, you will have at least 20 calendar days starting from the date of our written notice, to instruct us to take appropriate corrective action to continue the Rider. If you take appropriate corrective action and continue the Rider, the Rider benefits and features available immediately before the terminating event will remain in effect.

Rider Terms:

Net Basic Premium –equals the Basic Premium reduced by applicable fees and charges.

Basic Fund -receives Net Basic Premium, less any withdrawals or accelerated death benefit payments.

Excess Fund –receives Net Excess Premium, less any withdrawals or accelerated death benefit payments.

Excess Premium –equals the portion of each Premium Payment received in a Policy year in excess of the Basic Premium.

Excess Premium Load-an amount equal to the Excess Premium multiplied by the Excess Premium Load rate which is 25% in years 1-10 and 15% in later years. This load is not deducted from any premium made under the Policy and is used only as a factor for determining benefits under this Rider.

No-Lapse Guarantee Value – is equal to the sum of the Basic Fund, Excess Fund, and the No-Lapse Guarantee Loan Account Value.

Net No-Lapse Guarantee Value – is equal to the No-Lapse Guarantee Value less any Policy Debt.

No-Lapse Guarantee Loan Account Value – is equal to the Loan Account Value under the Policy.

**No-Lapse Premium Load** – an amount equal to the Premium Payment multiplied by the No-Lapse Premium Load rate which is 4.5% in years 1-5, 7.0% in years 6-10, 20% in years 11-30, and 30% in later years. *This load is not deducted from any premium made under the Policy and is used only as a factor for determining benefits under this Rider.* 

**Optional Benefit Charges** – are equal to the sum of the charges, if any, for each optional benefit attached to the Policy. The charges incurred for those optional benefits are used in the calculation to determine the No-Lapse Guarantee Value for this Rider. See the *No-Lapse Deduction* subsection below. This is only used to determine benefits under this Rider is not a charge deducted from the Accumulated Value.

Rider Charge Effect on Policy Values

There is a monthly charge for the Rider. The charge is deducted from your Policy's Accumulated Value as a Monthly Deduction. This charge does not reduce your No-Lapse Guarantee Value. The Rider Charge is shown in the Policy Specifications and equals a

monthly rate per dollar of Policy Net Amount at Risk (Rider Charge). Currently, the charge range is \$0.0049-\$0.3264 per \$1,000 of Net Amount of Risk.

### **Example:**

### Assumptions:

- Policy's Net Amount at Risk is \$80,000
- Rider Charge Deduction is 0.0001

Then the Rider Charge associated with the Rider is \$8 (\$80,000  $\times$  0.0001).

No Lapse Guarantee Value

The duration of the No-Lapse Guarantee (the "guarantee") under this Rider can cover the lifetime of the Insured. The duration of the Rider is determined by the No Lapse Guarantee Value. The guarantee is in effect as long as the Net No-Lapse Guarantee Value (No Lapse Guarantee Value less any Policy Debt) is greater than zero. While the guarantee under the Rider is in effect, the Policy and any attached optional benefits that are currently In Force will remain In Force, even if the Policy would otherwise enter a grace period.

The No-Lapse Guarantee Value is equal to the sum of the Basic Fund, the Excess Fund, and the No-Lapse Guarantee Loan Account Value. The Basic Fund contains the Net Basic Premium and is credited with an Accumulation Amount based upon a 3.3% annual rate. The Excess Fund contains the Net Excess Premium and is credited with an Accumulation Amount based upon a 3.3% annual rate. The No-Lapse Guarantee Loan Account Value is equal to the Loan Account Value on your Policy.

Note: The No-Lapse Guarantee Value is tracked only for the purpose of determining if the No Lapse Guarantee is in effect. The value, including any Accumulation Amounts added to the No-Lapse Guarantee Value, is not added to the Policy's Accumulated Value, and as such cannot be withdrawn or loaned against, and is not used in the determination of the Death Benefit or to any other benefit under the Policy.

## **Example:**

# Assumptions:

- Policy 1 elected FDNLG Rider at issue
  - o Basic Fund is \$11,000 before no-lapse deductions
  - o Excess Fund is \$0 before no-lapse deductions
  - No-Lapse Guarantee Loan Account Value is \$9,000
  - Upcoming monthly no-lapse deduction of \$1,000
- Policy 2 did not elect FDNLG Rider at issue
- For both policies:
  - o Accumulated Value of \$10,000 before monthly deductions
  - o Policy Debt of \$9,000
  - o Surrender charge of \$500
  - o Upcoming monthly deduction of \$1,000
  - o Withdrawal of \$200

### Result:

- Both policies have a Net Accumulated Value of -\$700 (\$10,000 \$9,000 \$500 \$1,000-\$200) after the monthly deduction
- Policy 1 remains in force because Net No-Lapse Guarantee Value is greater than \$0 even though Net Accumulated Value is less than \$0.
- Policy 1 has a Net No-Lapse Guarantee Value of \$300 (\$11,000 \$9,000 \$500 \$1,000-\$200) after the monthly deduction
- Policy 2 enters the Grace Period since Net Accumulated Value is less than \$0.

Basic and Excess Fund under the Rider

The Basic and Excess Fund are an accumulation of policy premiums, withdrawals, and loans. While the Basic Fund may become negative, the Excess Fund will never be less than zero. Both the Basic Fund and the Excess Fund are increased and reduced as described below:

1. Net Basic Premiums are added to the Basic Fund; Net Excess Premiums are added to the Excess Fund,

- 2. No Lapse Deductions reduce the Excess Fund, and then the Basic Fund,
- 3. Accumulation Amounts are added to the Basic Fund and Excess Fund,
- 4. Any withdrawal of Accumulated Value from the Policy will first reduce the Excess Fund until it is zero and then the Basic Fund, including any Policy fees and charges, and
- 5. Loans will reduce the Excess Fund and then the Basic Fund, and
- 6. Loan repayments will first increase the Basic Fund to zero if the Basic Fund is negative, otherwise loan repayments will increase the Excess Fund.

Net Premium is allocated to the Basic Fund and Excess Fund as follows:

- Net Basic Premium is the higher of the premium up to the Annual Premium Threshold for the Policy Year, as described in the Policy Specifications, or the amount needed to bring any negative Basic Fund back to zero. This amount is reduced by the No-Lapse Premium Load and added to the Basic Fund.
- Net Excess Premium is any premium in excess of the Basic Premium. Excess Premium is reduced by the No-Lapse Premium Load and the Excess Premium Load and added to the Excess Fund. Please note, the No-Lapse Premium Load and the Excess Premium Load are only used to determine the benefits provided by this Rider they are not assessed against any premium made under the Policy or against the Policy's Accumulated Value.

# **Example:**

# Assumptions:

- Annual Premium Threshold for the current year is \$10,000
- Premium Received is \$15,000
- Basic fund is positive
- No Lapse Premium Load is 4.5%
- Excess Premium Load is 25%

The Net Basic Premium and Net Excess Premium are calculated as follows.

- Basic Premium is \$10,000 (lesser of \$10,000 and \$15,000). Net Basic Premium of \$9,550 [ $$10,000 \times (1-4.5\%)$ ] will be added to the Basic Fund.
- Excess Premium is \$5,000. Net Excess Premium of 3,525 [ $5,000 \times (1-4.5\% 25\%)$ ] will be added to the Excess Fund

### **Example:**

## Assumptions:

- Annual Premium Threshold for the current year is \$10,000
- Premium Received is \$15,000
- Basic Fund is -\$12,415.
- No Lapse Premium Load is 4.5%
- Excess Premium Load is 25%

The Net Basic Premium and Net Excess Premium are calculated as follows.

- Basic Premium is \$13,000. The Net Basic Premium is \$12,415 [\$13,000 × (1- 4.5%)], which, when added to the Basic Fund, brings the Basic Fund to zero.
- Excess Premium is \$2,000. Net Excess Premium of \$1,410 [\$2,000 × (1 4.5% 25%)] will be added to the Excess Fund

# No-Lapse Deduction

The No-Lapse Deduction amount is the sum of the No-Lapse Monthly Deduction, any withdrawals, and any Policy fees and charges that reduces the No-Lapse Guarantee Value. The No-Lapse Deduction amount is deducted first from the Excess Fund until the Excess Fund is reduced to zero and then from the Basic Fund. If the No-Lapse Deduction reduces the No-Lapse Guarantee Value to an amount less than zero, then the Basic Fund will be negative.

**No-Lapse Monthly Charge Deduction.** The No-Lapse Monthly Charge Deduction is described in the Policy Specifications and includes the following:

• The No-Lapse Coverage Charge

- The No-Lapse Administrative Charge
- Optional Benefit Charges, if any (applies to the Premier Chronic Illness Rider, Premier Living Benefits 2 Rider, Premier Living Benefits Rider, and/or the Terminal Illness Rider as applicable)
- Transactional Policy fees and charges, if any
- The No-Lapse Cost of Insurance Charge.

## **Example:**

### Assumptions:

- Basic Fund before No-Lapse Deduction is \$9,000
- Excess Fund is \$3,500
- No-Lapse Monthly Charge Deduction is \$4,000

Then the Basic and Excess Funds are reduced as follows:

- The No-Lapse Deduction is \$4,000
- Excess Fund will be reduced to \$0 (\$3,500 of the \$4,000 No-Lapse Deduction was deducted)
- Basic Fund to \$8,500 (\$500 of the remaining No-Lapse Deduction was deducted)

No-Lapse Accumulation Amount

The No-Lapse Accumulation Amount is an amount, which may be negative, that is added to the Basic Fund and the Excess Fund and is the sum of the Basic Fund Accumulation Amount and the Excess Fund Accumulation Amount as follows:

- The Basic Fund Accumulation Amount is added to the Basic Fund. It is equal to the Basic Fund at the beginning of the month, adjusted for premium payments, No-Lapse Deductions, withdrawals, loans, loan repayments, and other Policy distributions; multiplied by the Basic Fund Accumulation Factor as shown in the Policy Specifications. If your Basic Fund is negative, the accumulation will further reduce your Basic Fund. The Basic Fund Accumulation Factor varies by Policy duration and age.
- The Excess Fund Accumulation Amount is added to the Excess Fund. It is equal to the Excess Fund at the beginning of the month, adjusted for premium payments, No-Lapse Deductions, withdrawals, loans, loan repayments, and other Policy distributions; multiplied by the Excess Accumulation Factor as shown in the Policy Specifications.

# **Example:**

### Assumptions:

- Basic Fund is \$8,500, after premiums and no-lapse deductions.
- Excess Fund is \$2,500, after premiums and no-lapse deductions
- Basic Fund Accumulation Factor is 0.002709263 (equivalent to an annual rate of 3.3%)
- Excess Fund Accumulation Factor is 0.002709263 (equivalent to an annual rate of 3.3%)

Then the Basic and Excess Funds after the Accumulation Amounts are added are:

- Basic Fund Accumulation Amount is \$23.03, and the Basic Fund is \$8,523.03
- Excess Fund Accumulation Amount is \$6.77, and the Excess Fund is \$2,506.77.

### **Example:**

# Assumptions:

- Basic Fund is -\$5,000, after premiums and no-lapse deductions.
- Excess Fund is \$0, after premiums and no-lapse deductions
- Basic Fund Accumulation Factor is 0.002709263
- Excess Fund Accumulation Factor is 0.002709263

Then the Basic and Excess Funds after the Accumulation Amounts are added are:

- Basic Fund Accumulation Amount is -\$13.55, and the Basic Fund is -\$5,013.55.
- Excess Fund Accumulation Amount is \$0, and the Excess Fund is \$0.

Loan Effects on Rider

Loans have an effect on the No Lapse Guarantee Value

- Any new loan, including any loan interest that is added to the loan on an anniversary, will be added to the No-Lapse Guarantee Loan Account Value and will first reduce the Excess Fund until the Excess Fund is zero, and then reduce the Basic Fund. If the loan amount is greater than the Basic Fund plus the Excess Fund, then the Basic Fund will be negative as a result of the loan.
- Any loan repayment will reduce the No-Lapse Guarantee Loan Account Value. If the Basic Fund is negative, the loan repayment will first be applied to the Basic Fund to return the Basic Fund to zero, and any remainder will be added to the Excess Fund. Otherwise, the entire loan repayment will be added to the Excess Fund.

### Important considerations

The growth of your No-Lapse Guarantee Value depends on a number of factors including, but not limited to, the amount of premium you pay, the timing of your premium payments and any Policy changes. Any modification you make to the originally planned timing of or amount of premium paid and any Policy changes will affect the duration of the No-Lapse Guarantee provided by the Rider. Before making any change to the Policy, please request and review a current Illustration.

This Rider will terminate if an increase in Face Amount under the Policy is elected. Please work with your life insurance producer before making any requests to increase the Face Amount under the Policy.

If your Net No-Lapse Guarantee Value is equal to or less than zero, the benefits under this Rider will not be in effect. However, you can restore the no-lapse guarantee benefit by making a premium payment or a loan repayment in an amount sufficient to make your Net No-Lapse Guarantee Value positive. If your Policy is in the grace period, you may pay the lesser of the amount required to restore the Net No-Lapse Guarantee Value or the amount due to move the Policy out of the grace period. See the **YOUR ACCUMULATED VALUE – Lapsing and Reinstatement** section in this prospectus for more information on the Policy grace period.

Some examples of things you should consider:

- 1. If you defer a payment, you will not receive the Accumulation Amount associated with that premium in the Basic and Excess Fund. If such a deferral would cause your No Lapse Guarantee Value to be negative, you will have to make a payment sufficient to bring the Basic Fund to positive, including any negative Accumulation Amounts.
- 2. If you defer payments and then try to "catch up" with a single large payment, that payment may be split into a Basic and Excess Premium based on the Annual Premium Threshold. Any premium allocated to the Excess Fund may have lower Accumulation Amounts associated with it.
- 3. If you take a loan, your Basic Fund may be reduced. A loan repayment may not recover the value deducted from the Basic Fund, but instead could be added to the Excess Fund.
- 4. Any withdrawal will reduce the Excess and Basic Fund. However, a subsequent premium payment will be affected both by the Annual Premium Threshold and the Basic and Excess fund accumulation amounts, plus associated No-Lapse and Excess Premium Loads.
- 5. You have the ability to increase the duration of your Rider by paying higher premiums, subject to the Annual Premium Threshold.
- 6. An increase in Face Amount under the Policy is not allowed while this Rider is in effect.

#### Rider Termination

The Rider will terminate on the earliest of:

- Your Written Request;
- Policy Surrender;
- The date the Policy is no longer In Force;
- Allocation into any Investment Option that is not an allowable Investment Option and no corrective action was taken, after written notice was provided, to comply with the requirements to continue the Rider;
- On the Monthly Payment Date on or immediately following the date an unscheduled increase in Face Amount is requested and approved;
- The end of the Maximum No-Lapse Guarantee Period, as shown in the Policy Specifications; or
- The date when both the Net No-Lapse Guarantee Value is less than or equal to zero and the Policy lapses (see the YOUR POLICY'S ACCUMULATED VALUE Lapsing and Reinstatement section in this prospectus).

### Reinstatement

This Rider may not be reinstated if it was terminated before the date the Policy was no longer In Force. Otherwise, this Rider will reinstate on the date that the Policy is reinstated under the terms of the Rider.

### **Short-Term No-Lapse Guarantee Rider**

This Rider provides for the continuation of death benefit coverage for a specified guarantee period, if certain minimum premiums under the Rider are paid, even if the Policy's Net Accumulated Value is less than the Monthly Deduction due on a Monthly Payment Date. There is no additional fee for this Rider.

Rider Eligibility

The Rider is available at Policy issue for Insureds Age 79 and younger when applying for your Policy. **This Rider is automatically added to the Policy if eligibility conditions are met.** 

Rider Terms

**No-Lapse Guarantee Period** – the time during which we guarantee the death benefit will remain In Force as long as the guarantee under this Rider is in effect. This period is shown in the Policy Specifications. This period begins on the Policy Date and will not restart if insurance Coverage is added or increased. This period end date ranges from 5 to 15 years based on the Insured's age at Policy issue.

**No-Lapse Guarantee Premium** – is an annual amount used during the No-Lapse Guarantee Period to determine the No-Lapse Credit (defined in the *How the Rider Works* section below). The No-Lapse Credit is used to determine if the guarantee under this Rider is in effect. The No-Lapse Guarantee Premium in effect as of the Policy Date is shown in the Policy Specifications and is expressed as an annual amount. The No-Lapse Guarantee Premium is calculated such that it covers sufficient future Monthly Deductions under the Policy. The No-Lapse Guarantee Premium may change. Any increase in Face Amount, scheduled or not, or addition or increase in insurance Coverage will cause an increase in the No-Lapse Guarantee Premium. A decrease in Face Amount or in other insurance Coverage will not cause a decrease in the No-Lapse Guarantee Premium. If the No-Lapse Guarantee Premium changes as a result of such a change, we will inform you of the amount of the changed No-Lapse Guarantee Premium.

How the Rider Works

This Rider guarantees that the Policy will continue in effect until the end of the No-Lapse Guarantee Period (which ranges from 5 to 15 years based on the Insured's age at Policy issue) shown in the Policy Specifications if you pay a premium by the beginning of each Policy month at least equal to one twelfth of the No-Lapse Guarantee Premium.

The Policy will also continue in effect under this Rider if flexible premium payments are made as long as the No-Lapse Credit less Policy Debt is equal to or greater than zero.

The No-Lapse Credit is used to determine if the guarantee under this Rider is in effect. It is calculated at the beginning of each Policy month during the No-Lapse Guarantee Period. The No-Lapse Credit as of the Policy Date, which is also the first Monthly Payment Date, is equal to the premium paid less one-twelfth of the No-Lapse Guarantee Premium. On any other Monthly Payment Date, the No-Lapse Credit is equal to:

- The No-Lapse Credit as of the prior Monthly Payment Date multiplied by (i), where:
  - -i = no greater than 1.00270926 if the No-Lapse Credit is negative; otherwise,
  - -i = 1.00000;
- Plus premiums received since the prior Monthly Payment Date;
- Less withdrawals taken since the prior Monthly Payment Date; and
- Less one-twelfth of the then current No-Lapse Guarantee Premium.

## **Example:**

Assumptions

- No Lapse Premium is \$838.61
- No Lapse Credit on the prior Monthly Payment Date is \$1,000
- Withdrawal Amount taken since prior Monthly Payment Date is \$500
- Premium Payment made on the current Monthly Payment Date is \$100

Since the No Lapse Credit is positive,

the No Lapse Credit is \$530.12 (\$1,000 \* (1.00000) + \$100 - \$500 - \$838.61/12).

For the guarantee under this Rider to be in effect, the No-Lapse Credit less Policy Debt must be equal to or greater than zero.

If the No-Lapse Credit less Policy Debt is less than zero, the guarantee under this Rider is not in effect. The guarantee under this Rider may be brought back into effect by paying additional premium equal to the amount of premium necessary after deduction of the

premium load so that the No-Lapse Credit less Policy Debt is equal to or greater than zero (the "Catch-Up" premium). If your Policy is in the grace period, you may pay the lesser of the Catch-Up premium (if this Rider is in effect) or the amount due to move the Policy out of the grace period. See the **YOUR ACCUMULATED VALUE – Lapsing and Reinstatement** section in this prospectus for more information on the Policy grace period.

If the guarantee under this Rider is in effect, the Policy and any attached optional benefits that are currently In Force, will remain In Force, will not enter the grace period and will not lapse during the specified guarantee period. Instead, the Policy will continue under the guarantee provided by this Rider and it will stay In Force as long as the No-Lapse Credit less Policy Debt is equal to or greater than zero.

If the Policy is continued under the guarantee provided by this Rider, the Net Accumulated Value can be less than or equal to zero. If the Policy does not have enough Net Accumulated Value from which Monthly Deductions can be collected any uncollected amounts are accumulated without interest and the result is called the Accumulated Value Deficit. Any net premium or loan repayment received, when the Policy is continued under the guarantee provided by this Rider will first be used to repay the Accumulated Value Deficit until it is zero. After the Accumulated Value Deficit is reduced to zero, any excess will be applied to any Policy Debt unless you instructed otherwise. If you want to keep your Policy In Force at the end of the Guarantee Period, you must make a payment sufficient to reduce the Accumulated Value Deficit to zero. In such case, any excess will then be applied to any Policy Debt unless you instructed otherwise.

# **Example:**

### Assumptions:

- Policy is within No-Lapse Guarantee Period
- Accumulated Value of \$11,000 before monthly deductions
- Policy Debt of \$9,500
- Policyholder has paid a premium at the beginning of each Policy month at least equal to one twelfth of the No-Lapse Guarantee Premium
- Upcoming Monthly deduction = \$2,000

### Result:

- Policy Net Accumulated Value after monthly deductions will fall below \$0 to -\$500 (\$11,000 \$9,500 \$2,000).
- Policy does not enter the Grace Period since policyholder has paid sufficient premium to meet the minimum No-Lapse Guarantee premium requirement.

### Effect on Other Riders

If the Policy is continued under the guarantee provided by this Rider, any attached Riders will continue or end according to their respective terms.

## Rider Termination

This Rider will end on the earliest of:

- If you add any Rider that has separate charges after the Policy Date;
- The date when the No-Lapse Credit less Policy Debt is less than or equal to zero and the Net Accumulated Value is less than the Monthly Deduction due on the Monthly Payment Date, unless a Catch-Up premium is made; or
- At the end of the Guarantee Period.

# Rider Reinstatement

If the Policy has lapsed and you later wish to reinstate it, you will need to satisfy the reinstatement conditions described in the Policy. Upon Policy reinstatement we will bring forward any Catch-Up Amount and any Accumulated Value Deficit, without interest. Any Catch-Up Amount existing at the time of lapse will need to be paid upon Policy reinstatement if you wish the Short-Term No Lapse Guarantee Benefit provided under this Rider to be in effect. See **YOUR POLICY'S ACCUMULATED VALUE - Lapsing and Reinstatement - Reinstating a lapsed Policy** section in this prospectus.

### **Conversion Rider**

Allows you to convert certain Eligible Coverages into a new Policy at any time during the conversion Policy year, as shown in the Policy Specifications. **This Rider is automatically added to the Policy.** Some life insurance producers may have a financial incentive to offer you a new policy in place of the one you already own. You should only convert your policy if you determine, after comparing the features, fees (including surrender charges and premium loads), and risks of both policies, that it is preferable for you to

purchase a new policy rather than own the existing policy. Call (800) 347-7787 if you have any questions about this Rider. **There is no additional fee for this Rider.** 

Rider Term:

Eligible Coverage - is Coverage under the Policy that qualifies for conversion, as shown in the Policy Specifications.

How the Rider Works:

You may request to have your new policy issued on any other permanent life insurance policy that we make available for conversions at the time of your conversion request. We will issue your new policy at the same or similar Risk Class as this Policy and the face Amount of the new policy will be equal to the current amount of Eligible Coverage for this policy, subject to any minimum requirements for the new policy. However, if you have increased your Policy's Face Amount, resulting in your Policy having one or more Coverage Layers with Risk Classes that differ from the Risk Class for the Policy's original Face Amount, the new policy will be issued at the same or similar Risk Class of the Policy's most recent Coverage Layer.

If you exercise the Rider, we will not require any evidence of insurability for the conversion. However, if you elect riders on the new policy that you do not currently have, you may have to provide evidence of insurability as needed for those riders. Working with your life insurance producer, please read the new policy prospectus for complete information prior to requesting a conversion.

If you exercise the Rider, we will issue the new policy you selected and Coverage under this Policy will terminate. Surrender charges are waived on any amount of Accumulated Value less Policy Debt transferred from this Policy to purchase the new policy. If the new policy is a variable universal life policy, the value transferred to the new policy will not be subject to any premium load. Premium loads will apply on the new policy for additional premium added at issue or after the initial premium paid from this Policy's Accumulated Value less Policy Debt. Any surrender charges applicable to the new policy will continue to apply under the terms of the new policy.

Rider Termination

The Rider will terminate on the earliest of:

- Your Written Request,
- The death of the Insured, or
- The date the Policy is no longer In Force.

# Example

This example assumes that, during Policy Year 8, the Owner elects to convert this Policy and purchase another variable universal life policy issued by us. The existing Policy has a Face Amount of \$500,000, premium payments subject to a surrender charge, an Accumulated Value of \$150,000, and a \$20,000 loan outstanding (Policy Debt). The new policy has a premium load and offers the same or similar Risk Class as the existing Policy.

When the transfer occurs, the new policy will be issued with a Face Amount of \$500,000, and the Accumulated Value less Policy Debt (\$130,000; (\$150,000 less \$20,000)) will be transferred to the new policy. We will waive the surrender charge that would be incurred on the amount transferred from the old policy. The new policy will not assess a premium load on the amount transferred (\$130,000) from the old policy and the new policy will also be issued without the owner providing evidence of insurability. Once the new policy is issued, the old policy will terminate and no longer provide any insurance coverage.

# **Premier Chronic Illness Rider**

(This Rider is called "Accelerated Death Benefit Rider for Chronic Conditions" in your Policy)

If you purchase this Rider, you cannot elect the Premier Living Benefits Rider 2 or the Premier Living Benefits Rider.

The Premier Chronic Illness Rider is a chronic illness rider that provides protection from the financial impacts of becoming chronically ill by providing acceleration of a portion of the Death Benefit. **You can only elect the Premier Chronic Illness Rider at Policy issue.** This Rider is available for purchase if the Insured is age 75 or younger and is not a juvenile (Insured's age at Policy issue is at least 18). **We assess a monthly charge for the Rider.** 

If you choose to exercise the Rider, at the time we pay any Benefit Payment, we will reduce certain Policy values. The Total Face Amount, Accumulated Value, Policy loans, Policy Debt, Loan Account, loan interest charged, Loan Account Value, and any surrender charge for each Coverage Layer will be reduced by the Acceleration Percentage as calculated under this Rider. The Death Benefit will indirectly be adjusted as well as certain Policy values above are reduced – Death Benefit Option A (Total Face Amount) and Death Benefit Option B (Total Face Amount plus Accumulated Value). See the Rider Effects on Your Policy Values subsection below for additional information.

Rider Charge

We assess the Rider charge on each Monthly Payment Date and deduct it from the Policy's Accumulated Value. Currently, the charge range is 0.0604-1.5278 per 1.000 of Rider Net Amount at Risk. The maximum monthly charge for this Rider is equal to (a  $\times$  b), where:

- (a) Is the Maximum Monthly Rider Charge Rate as shown in the Policy Specifications adjusted for one dollar of Rider Net Amount at Risk; and
- (b) Is the Rider Net Amount at Risk.

See the Lapse Protection subsection below for information on when the Rider charge is not assessed.

Rider Net Amount at Risk (NAR). The Rider NAR is calculated on each Monthly Payment Date as  $(c \times d) = e$ , where:

- (c) Is the Remaining Lifetime Benefit Amount,
- (d) Is the Net Amount at Risk of the Policy, and
- (e) Is the Death Benefit of the Policy.

## **Example:**

Assumptions:

- Policy Death Benefit is \$1,000,000
- Remaining Lifetime Benefit Amount is \$750,000
- Policy Net Amount at Risk (NAR) is \$948,351
- Maximum Monthly Rider Charge rate per \$1000 of Rider NAR is 0.8234

Then:

Rider NAR =  $[\$750,000 \times \$948,351] \div \$1,000,000 = \$711,263.25$ 

And:

Rider Charge =  $[0.8234 \div 1000] \times \$711,263.25 = \$585.65$ 

**Optional Benefit Charge for any No-Lapse Guarantees Using a No-Lapse Guarantee Value.** If your Policy has the Flexible Duration No-Lapse Guarantee Rider, the rate used to determine the Optional Benefit Charge under the Flexible Duration No-Lapse Guarantee Rider is shown in the Policy Specifications. The charge is calculated monthly and is equal to (f x g), where

- (f) Is the Optional Benefit Charge Maximum Monthly Rider Charge Rate shown in the Policy Specifications adjusted for one dollar of No-Lapse Rider Net Amount at Risk, and
- (g) Is the No-Lapse Rider Net Amount at Risk.

The No-Lapse Rider Net Amount at Risk ((g) above), is calculated on each Monthly Payment Date as (h x i) ÷(j), where:

- (h) Is the Remaining Lifetime Benefit Amount,
- (i) Is the Death Benefit (calculated according to the Policy provision but using the No-Lapse Guarantee Value instead of the Policy's Accumulated Value), divided by the Net Amount at Risk Factor in your Policy, less the No-Lapse Guarantee Value, and
- (j) Is the Death Benefit (calculated according to the Policy provision but using the No-Lapse Guarantee Value instead of the Policy's Accumulated Value).

Rider Terms

**Accelerated Death Benefit** – a portion of the Death benefit that is paid if we receive a Written Certification that the Insured is chronically ill and all of the eligibility conditions under this Rider have been met. See the *Eligibility Conditions* subsection below.

**Acceleration Percentage** – an amount used to calculate Policy and Rider values after each benefit payment and after the corresponding reduction to the Policy's Total Face Amount. It is calculated as (a) divided by (b), where:

(a) Is the Benefit Payment prior to any reductions or discounts, and

(b) Is the Death Benefit of the Policy prior to the Benefit Payment.

**Activities of Daily Living** – generally include the following self-care functions:

- · Bathing oneself
- Continence
- Dressing oneself
- · Feeding oneself
- Getting oneself to and from the toilet
- Transferring oneself into or out of a bed, chair or wheelchair.

The Rider attached to your Policy contains more detailed information about these self-care functions.

**Benefit Payment** – is the Maximum Monthly Benefit Payment. If the Maximum Annual Lump Sun Benefit Payment is elected, Benefit Payment is 12 times the Maximum Monthly Benefit Payment. The final Benefit Payment will be adjusted to ensure the total of all Benefit Payments do not exceed the Lifetime Benefit Amount.

**Benefit Proceeds** - Is the Benefit Payment received by the Owner of all eligibility conditions have been satisfied, subject to the following reductions:

- If there is an outstanding loan balance under the Policy, a portion of each Benefit Payment is used to reduce the Policy Debt. The amount of this reduction is the Policy Debt prior to the Benefit Payment multiplied by the Acceleration Percentage,
- If the Policy is in a Grace Period, an amount needed to bring the Policy out of the Grace Period, and
- If the Maximum Annual Lump Sum Benefit Payment is elected, an amount to reflect the discounted sum of the Maximum Monthly Benefit Payments.

**Benefit Year** – a period of 12 months that begins on the Monthly Payment date on or following the date all eligibility conditions are satisfied and as long as the eligibility conditions continue to be satisfied and this rider has not terminated (see the *Rider Termination* section below). Subsequent Benefit Years will begin no earlier than the end of the current Benefit Year.

Chronically III – an Insured who has been certified in writing by a Licensed Health Care Practitioner as:

- Being unable to perform, without substantial assistance from another individual, at least two Activities of Daily Living for a an expected period of at least 90 days due to a loss of functional capacity; or
- Requiring substantial supervision by another person for protection from threats to the Insured's health or safety due to a Severe Cognitive Impairment.

Elimination Period – the total number of consecutive days, after which the Owner is eligible to receive Benefit Proceeds, if all other eligibility conditions have been met. This period begins upon the first day that the Insured is Chronically III and expires at the end of 90 days. Benefit Proceeds are not paid retroactively after this period has been met. A new Elimination Period does not need to be met for a continuing diagnoses of the same chronic illness.

**Immediate Family Member** – includes the spouse, parents, brothers, sisters, and children by blood, adoption, or marriage of the Owner and the Insured, and of the spouse of the Owner and Insured.

**Internal Revenue Service Per Diem Limitation** - is periodically declared by the IRS and is used in the calculation of the Maximum Monthly Benefit Payment.

**Licensed Health Care Practitioner** – a physician, a registered professional nurse, licensed social worker or other individual who meets such requirements as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States. A Licensed Health Care Practitioner must reside in the United States and cannot be the Owner, the Insured or an Immediate Family Member.

**Lifetime Benefit Amount** – the maximum amount of Death Benefit that can be accelerated under this Rider during the Insured's lifetime. The initial Lifetime Benefit Amount is shown in the Policy Specifications and may not be the amount used in calculating a Benefit Payment since the Lifetime Benefit Amount is determined at the time the eligibility conditions are met for purposes of the Benefit Payment.

**Lifetime Benefit Percentage** – a factor used to calculate the initial Lifetime Benefit Amount for the Rider and the percentage is shown in the Policy Specifications at time of issue and will not change. This percentage is also used as a factor to calculate the adjusted Lifetime Benefit Amount after a Policy change to reduce the Death Benefit.

**Maximum Monthly Benefit Percentage** – this percentage is elected at Policy issue and can be used to calculate the Maximum Monthly Benefit Payment. This percentage cannot be changed once elected and is shown in the Policy Specifications.

Maximum Per Diem Limitation Percentage - this percentage may be used in the Maximum Monthly Benefit Payment and is shown in the Policy Specifications. See *Benefit Payment* - Maximum Monthly Benefit Payment below to see how this percentage is used.

Severe Cognitive Impairment – means a deficiency or deterioration in the Insured's intellectual capacity that is:

- Comparable to and includes Alzheimer's disease and similar forms of dementia, and
- Measured by clinical evidence and standardized tests that reliably measure impairment in the Insured's short or long-term memory, orientation as to person, place and time, deductive or abstract reasoning, and judgment as it relates to safety awareness.

Remaining Lifetime Benefit Amount – the Lifetime Benefit Amount reduced by any Benefit Proceeds.

Written Certification – a signed written statement completed by a Licensed Health Care Practitioner certifying that the Insured is Chronically III that includes proof of the Insured's chronic illness and must be satisfactory to us. Such certification must be provided before the start of each Benefit Year and will be effective as of the first day of each Benefit Year. We reserve the right to obtain, at any time, an additional opinion of the Insured's condition which can include a physical examination from a Licensed Health Care Practitioner, at our expense. Should this opinion differ from that of the Written Certification provided by the Insured, eligibility for benefits will be determined by a third Licensed Health Care Practitioner who is mutually acceptable to the Owner and us.

## Eligibility Conditions

Benefit Proceeds are payable under this Rider when we verify that all of the following conditions are met:

- The Owner must provide a Request for Benefits and a benefit Form, or the equivalent as required by us,
- We must receive Written Certification that they Insured is Chronically Ill,
- We must receive authorization from the Insured to obtain copies of any relevant medical records required,
- The Owner must provide us with the written consent of any assignee(s) of record named under the Policy, or the irrevocable beneficiary(ies) named under the Policy, if any, and
- The Elimination Period has been satisfied.

Benefit Proceeds may not be available if the law requires the benefit to meet the claims of creditors, whether in bankruptcy, child support or maintenance or otherwise, or a government agency requires the benefit in order to apply for, obtain, or keep a government benefit or entitlement.

Subject to the above, Benefit Proceeds are payable immediately upon the satisfaction of the eligibility conditions listed above. Benefit Proceeds begin on the Monthly Payment Date on or following the date the eligibility conditions are met. The first payment upon meeting eligibility conditions includes any Benefit Proceeds that are retroactive to the Monthly Payment Date on or following the date all eligibility conditions are met. If any Benefit Proceeds payment is delayed 31 calendar days, we will pay additional interest beginning on the 31<sup>st</sup> calendar day to the date the Benefit Proceeds are paid.

### Request for Benefits

A request for benefits under this Rider occurs when the eligibility conditions have been met and a written notice requesting an Accelerated Death Benefit has been submitted. Any request given by or on behalf of the Owner to us with information sufficient to identify the Insured, will be deemed an appropriate request to us. Only one request can be approved during any 12-month period. Request should include the desired dollar amount of the Accelerated Death Benefit and your preferred payment option. If the Insured recovers and a subsequent request is submitted, that request is considered to be a new request. We must approve the request before any Benefit Proceeds will be paid.

Within 15 days of our receipt of a request, a benefit form will be provided to the Owner. If we do not provide the form to the Owner or the Owner's authorized representative within 15 days of your request, it will be considered that you complied with the form requirements. However, you must still submit written proof that the eligibility conditions (see the *Eligibility Conditions* section above) have been met along with the nature and extend of the chronic illness. Any information provided can be used to determine proof of eligibility.

Within 90 days prior to the end of the current Benefit Year, we will send you a request for Written Certification to recertify that the Insured remains Chronically Ill. Payment of Benefit Proceeds will not automatically continue under this Rider unless Written Certification is provided at least once every Benefit Year. In order for payment to continue, we must receive Written Certification 60 days before the end of the current Benefit Year. If the Written Certification is received on time, the next benefit Year will begin following the end of the current Benefit Year.

If Written Certification is not received 60 days before the end of the current Benefit Year, a new Benefit Year will not automatically begin upon the end of the preceding Benefit Year. In such an event, the following conditions will apply:

- If the Written Certification is received from 59 days prior to the end of the Benefit Year to within 90 days after the end of the preceding Benefit Year, the new Benefit Year will begin on the Monthly Payment Date on or following the date we receive the Written Certification. If monthly Benefit Payments still remain under the current Benefit Year, the monthly Benefit Payments for the new Benefit Year will start when the last payment for the current Benefit Year is made.
- If the Written Certification is received beyond 90 days after the end of the preceding Benefit Year, your request will be treated as a new request and the new Benefit Year will begin on the Monthly Payment Date on or following the date all eligible conditions are met, including the new Elimination Period if required.

You must notify us if the Insured is no longer Chronically Ill. You can cancel payment of Benefit Proceeds under the monthly payment option at any time by written notification to us and any remaining Benefit Proceed payments will cease upon our receipt of the notification. Any subsequent request for payments must satisfy the eligibility conditions.

### Lifetime Benefit Amount

The Lifetime Benefit Amount is determined at the time the eligibility conditions are met for purposes of the Benefit Payment. Any Policy changes that reduce the Death Benefit also reduce the Remaining Lifetime Benefit Amount proportionately. The Lifetime Benefit Amount is equal to the Remaining Lifetime Benefit Amount plus the sum of all prior Benefit Payments. Any Policy changes that increase the Death Benefit do not impact or change the Remaining Lifetime Benefit Amount.

If payment of Benefit Proceeds is not in effect and a request for benefits has not been submitted, you can request a decrease in the Lifetime Benefit Amount after the first Policy year. The effective date of such decrease will be the Monthly Payment Date after we approve your request. Increases to the Lifetime Benefit Amount are not allowed.

# **Example:**

Assume the following:

- Remaining Lifetime Benefit Amount at issue is \$750,000
- Total Face Amount is \$1,000,000
- Benefit Payment processed is \$10,000

Then:

Total Face Amount = \$1,000,000 - \$10,000 = \$990,000

Remaining Lifetime Benefit Amount = \$750,000 - \$10,000 = \$740,000

Lifetime Benefit Amount = \$750,000 (benefit payment does not reduce the Lifetime Benefit Amount)

End of Example

After any Policy change, the Lifetime Benefit Amount will be adjusted to ensure that:

• The Lifetime Benefit Amount will never exceed the Policy's Face Amount, and

- The Lifetime Benefit Amount will be at least equal to the greater of:
  - The Lifetime Benefit Amount Percentage of the Policy's Face Amount, and
  - The Minimum Lifetime Benefit Amount which is the greater of \$50,000 or 50% of the Policy's Total Face Amount.

## **Example:**

Assume the following:

- Remaining Lifetime Benefit Amount is \$740,000
- Lifetime Benefit Amount is \$750,000
- Total Face Amount is \$1,000,000
- Accumulated Value is \$50,000
- Death Benefit is \$1,050,000
- Withdrawal processed for \$25,000

#### Then:

Remaining Lifetime Benefit Amount after Withdrawal = Remaining Lifetime Benefit Amount before Withdrawal  $x (1 - Withdrawal \div Death Benefit) = $722,380.95$ 

This is a reduction of 17,619.05 = (740,000 - 722,380.95). The same dollar amount reduces the Lifetime Benefit Amount.

Lifetime Benefit Amount = \$732,380.95

## Example:

Assume the following:

- Remaining Lifetime Benefit Amount is \$722,380.95
- Lifetime Benefit Amount is \$732,380.95
- Total Face Amount is \$1,000,000

If there is a policy transaction that reduces the Total Face Amount to \$800,000 there is no reduction to the Remaining Lifetime Benefit Amount or the Lifetime Benefit Amount. This is because the Remaining Lifetime Benefit Amount of \$722,380.95 is still less than the Total Face Amount after reduction to \$800,000.

If there is a policy transaction that reduces the Total Face Amount to \$600,000, then the Remaining Lifetime Benefit Amount is reduced to \$600,000 so that the Remaining Lifetime Benefit Amount does not exceed the Total Face Amount. This is a reduction of \$122,380.95 and this same dollar amount will reduce the Lifetime Benefit Amount. The Lifetime Benefit Amount after this reduction is \$610,000.

End of Example

If no Benefit Payments have been paid, the Remaining Lifetime Benefit Amount is equal to the Lifetime Benefit Amount. Subsequent Benefit Payments paid under this Rider reduce the Remaining Lifetime Benefit Amount as follows:

- If the Maximum Monthly Benefit Payment option is selected, the Remaining Lifetime Benefit is reduced by the Maximum Monthly Benefit Payment.
- If the Maximum Annual Lump Sum Benefit Payment option is selected, the Remaining Lifetime Benefit Amount is reduced by 12 times the Maximum Monthly Benefit Payment.

# Benefit Payment

You can elect to receive Benefit Payments monthly (12 payments over a Benefit Year) or elect to receive one annual payment. If no election is made, the default will be monthly Benefit Payments.

**Maximum Monthly Benefit Payment.** Under a monthly benefit option, you can elect receipt of Benefit Proceeds in 12 monthly payments over a Benefit Year, or until you cancel your request. The Maximum Monthly Benefit Payment is the minimum of these three amounts:

- The Lifetime Benefit Amount multiplied by the Maximum Monthly Benefit Percentage,
- The IRS Per Diem Limitation multiplied by the day in the month factor as shown in the Policy Specifications, multiplied by the Maximum Per Diem Limitation Percentage shown in the Policy Specification, or

• The amount requested by you.

The Maximum Monthly Benefit Payment will not be less than the Minimum Monthly Benefit Payment shown in the Policy Specifications and will not be more than the Remaining Lifetime Benefit Amount.

Maximum Annual Lump Sum Benefit Payment. Under a lump sum benefit option, you can elect receipt of Benefit Proceeds in one annual payment in a Benefit Year. The Maximum Annual Lump Sum Benefit Payment is a discounted sum of the Maximum Monthly Benefit Payments in a Benefit Year. The Maximum Annual Lump Sum Benefit Payment will not exceed the Remaining Lifetime Benefit Amount. If the Maximum Annual Lump Sum Benefit Payment is elected, the Benefit Proceeds will be at least as great as the Acceleration Percentage times the Policy's Net Cash Surrender Value.

**Discount Rate.** The discount rate is used to determine the Maximum Annual Lump Sum Benefit Payment and will not exceed the greater of these two amounts:

- The current yield on 90-day Treasury bills, or
- The current maximum statutory adjustable policy loan interest rate based on Moody's Corporate Bond Yield Average Monthly Average Corporates published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., for the calendar month ending two months before the request for an accelerated payment.

In the event that either of the above amounts are discontinued, an appropriate substitute index will be used subject to approval of any state regulatory agencies.

## **Example:**

Assume the following:

- Total Face Amount is \$500,000
- Remaining Lifetime Benefit Amount is \$500,000
- Maximum Monthly Benefit is 4%
- IRS Per Diem Limitation is \$390
- Month Factor is 30
- Maximum Per Diem Limitation Percentage is 100%
- Discount Rate is 8.00%
- Policy Debt = \$0
- Policy is not in Grace Period
- Lump Sum Annual Benefit Payment is selected

#### And:

- Lifetime Benefit Amount x Maximum Monthly Benefit Percentage = \$20,000
- IRS Per Diem Limitation x 30 x 100% = \$11,700
- Requested Amount = \$10,000

### Then:

Maximum Monthly Benefit is \$10,000 (minimum of the above three amounts)

Maximum Lump Sum Annual Benefit Payment (Discounted value at 8.00%) is \$115,870 (calculated from each monthly benefit)

Benefit Payment is \$120,000 (12 x Maximum Monthly Benefit)

Benefit Proceeds is \$115,870 (Benefit Payment adjusted for Discounting, Debt, and Grace)

Remaining Lifetime Benefit Amount = Lifetime Benefit Amount - Benefit Payment = \$380,000

End of Example

Who Benefit Proceeds Are Paid To. Unless otherwise assigned or designated by the Owner, all Benefit Proceeds will be payable to the Owner or the Owner's estate while the Insured is still living, subject to any required acknowledgement from any assignee(s) of record named under the Policy, or the irrevocable beneficiary(ies) named under the Policy, if applicable. Upon the death of the Owner,

we will pay any Benefit Proceeds requested prior to the Owner's death, to his or her estate. Any payment of Benefit Proceeds that is made in good faith by us is deemed irrevocable.

**Death of the Insured.** If written notice of the Insured's death is received by us prior to a payment of Benefit Proceeds, then such proceeds will not be paid. However, any Benefit Proceeds paid by us after the date of death but prior to our receipt of written notice of the Insured's death, will reduce the Death Benefit Proceeds payable under the Policy.

# **Example where the Policy is not in the Grace Period:**

### Assumptions:

- Remaining Lifetime Benefit Amount is \$750,000
- Benefit Payment is \$20,000
- Policy Debt before the Benefit Payment is \$5,000
- Policy Death Benefit before the Benefit Payment is \$1,000,000

Acceleration Percentage =  $$20,000 \div $1,000,000 = 2\%$ 

Benefit Proceeds =  $$20,000 - ($5,000 \times 2\%) = $19,900$ 

# **Example where the Policy is in the Grace Period:**

# Assumptions:

- Remaining Lifetime Benefit Amount is \$750,000
- Benefit Payment is \$20,000
- Policy Accumulated Value is \$15,000
- Policy Debt before the Benefit Payment is \$15,200
- Unpaid Grace Amount is \$1,200
- Policy Death Benefit before the Benefit Payment is \$1,000,000

Acceleration Percentage =  $$20,000 \div $1,000,000 = 2\%$ 

Benefit Proceeds =  $20,000 - (2\% \times 15,200) - 1,200 = 18,496$ 

End of Example

Rider Effects on Your Policy Values

When we pay a Benefit Payment, we will reduce the following Policy values (if applicable) by their current value multiplied by the Acceleration Percentage:

- The Total Face Amount,
- The Accumulated Value,
- Any Policy loans, Policy Debt, Loan interest charged, Loan Account, and the Loan Account Value, and
- Any surrender charge for each Coverage Layer.

## For example, if the Acceleration Percentage is 2%, each of the above values is reduced by 2% as shown below:

Policy Value	<b>Before Benefit Payment</b>	Reduction (2% x Value)	After Benefit Payment
Total Face Amount	\$1,000,000	\$20,000	\$980,000
Accumulated Value	\$15,000	\$300	\$14,700
Policy Debt	\$15,200	\$304	\$14,896
Surrender Charge	\$1,000	\$20	\$980

End of Example

Other Rider Effects on Your Policy

After we make a Benefit Payment under the Rider:

- We will not allow any increase or decrease to the Total Face Amount during a Benefit Year,
- Policy loans may not be requested during a Benefit Year However, when a Benefit Year ends, Policy loans may be requested,
- Death Benefit Option changes are allowed during a Benefit Year, but only from Death Benefit Option B into Death Benefit Option A while this Rider is in force,

- Policy withdrawals may not be requested during a Benefit Year,
- Any systematic distribution program in effect will be discontinued,
- During a Benefit Year, transfers from the Fixed Options to the Variable Investment Options are not permitted,
- If your Policy has the Flexible Duration No-Lapse Guarantee Rider, the no-lapse guarantee value is reduced on the date of each Benefit Payment by an amount equal to the no-lapse guarantee value prior to the Benefit Payment, multiplied by the Acceleration Percentage. The amount of reduction will be processed against the no-lapse guarantee value according to the terms of the no-lapse guarantee,
- If your Policy has the Short-Term No-Lapse Guarantee Rider, the no-lapse guarantee premium is reduced on the date of each Benefit Payment by an amount equal to the no-lapse guarantee premium prior to the Benefit Payment, multiplied by the Acceleration Percentage. The no-lapse credit is reduced on the date of each Benefit Payment by an amount equal to the No-Lapse Credit prior to the Benefit Payment multiplied by the Acceleration Percentage.

Accelerated Death Benefits may affect your eligibility for, or amount of, other benefits provided by federal, state or local government. Payments of Accelerated Death Benefits provided by the Rider are intended to qualify as Death Benefits under section 101(g) of the Tax Code. The federal, state, or local tax consequences resulting from payment of Accelerated Death Benefit proceeds will depend on your specific facts and circumstances. You should consult with your personal tax advisor before requesting any Accelerated Death Benefit payments.

Payment of an Accelerated Death Benefit under this Rider will reduce the Policy's Death Benefit and other values under the Policy. In most circumstances, the cost of insurance charges will also be reduced. In addition, premium limitations and Death Benefits required in order for the Policy to qualify as a life insurance policy or avoid being classified as a Modified Endowment Contract under the Tax Code will also be affected. See the VARIABLE LIFE INSURANCE AND YOUR TAXES-Modified Endowment Contracts and HOW PREMIUMS WORK - Limits on the Premium Payments You Can Make sections in this prospectus for more information on the relation of the Policy's Death Benefit to premium payments and Modified Endowment Contract status.

Premier Chronic Illness Rider Effects on Other Riders

Generally, optional rider benefits under the Policy will continue to remain In Force subject to the terms and conditions of the Policy and riders, unless otherwise stated. We will calculate charges for optional riders in accordance with the terms of each applicable Rider. The charges may be affected by the reduction in benefits and Policy values.

### Lapse Protection

During any Benefit Year, the Policy and any rider will not lapse. Currently, this benefit is administered such that the Monthly Deduction under the Policy, any rider, and any No-Lapse Monthly Deduction will not be assessed during a Benefit Year. Policy loans will continue to be processed according to Policy terms and can result in a negative Net Cash Surrender Value.

When Benefit Payments are no longer being made for a Benefit Year, additional premium or a loan repayment may be required to keep the Policy In Force when Monthly Deduction and any No-Lapse Monthly Deductions resume.

### Rider Termination

This Rider will terminate upon the occurrence of any of the following:

- Your Written Request,
- The acceleration of any part of the Death Benefit of the Policy for reason of terminal illness while the Insured is still living,
- The date the Remaining Lifetime Benefit Amount is zero,
- The date the Policy terminates, or
- The date we receive, at our office, written notice of the death of the Insured.

#### Rider Reinstatement

If the Policy is reinstated, this Rider may also be reinstated according to the reinstatement provision of the Policy.

## **Premier Living Benefits Rider 2**

(This Rider is called "Accelerated Death Benefit Rider for Chronic Illness and Terminal Illness" in your Policy.)

This Rider is only available at Policy issue and is not available for Policy's issued in California. See Premier Living Benefits Rider below for Policy's issued in California. This Rider is not available if the Premier Chronic Illness Rider was purchased. In addition, this Rider is not available for Policy's issued with the Terminal Illness Rider.

The Premier Living Benefits Rider is a chronic illness and terminal illness Rider that provides protection from the financial impacts of becoming chronically ill or terminally ill by providing acceleration of a portion of the Death Benefit.

There is no additional cost for the rider. However, if you choose to exercise the Rider, at the time we pay any Benefit Payment, we will reduce certain Policy values. The Total Face Amount, Accumulated Value, Policy Debt, and any surrender charge for each Coverage Layer will be reduced by the Acceleration Percentage (Chronic Illness or Terminal Illness, as applicable) as calculated under this Rider. The Death Benefit will indirectly be adjusted as certain Policy values above are reduced – Death Benefit Option A (Total Face Amount) and Death Benefit Option B (Total Face Amount plus Accumulated Value). See the Rider Effects on Your Policy Values subsection below for additional information.

There is no separate premium requirement for this Rider. However, this Rider does not eliminate the need to pay premiums to keep the Policy in force. Even when receiving payment benefits under this Rider, the Owner must continue to pay any necessary premiums to avoid policy lapse.

You may opt out of the Rider at any time after the Policy is issued. There is no charge for opting out of the Rider.

## Rider Terms

Accelerated Death Benefit – the adjusted death benefit or portion of death benefit that is paid to a Chronically or Terminally III Individual.

**Activities of Daily Living** – generally include the following self-care functions:

- · Bathing oneself
- Continence
- Dressing oneself
- · Feeding oneself
- Getting oneself to and from the toilet
- Transferring oneself into or out of a bed, chair or wheelchair.

The Rider attached to your Policy contains more detailed information about these self-care functions.

Benefit Payment – the periodic or lump sum payment of the Accelerated Death Benefit proceeds.

**Benefit Payment Date** – the date or dates that a Benefit Payment is paid. Benefits will be paid when we confirm that the Insured has met the required conditions. See the *Eligibility Conditions* subsection below.

**Certification of Illness** – is either of the following:

- A written certification from a Licensed Health Care Practitioner that the insured is a Chronically Ill Individual who meets the conditions of this Rider. Each certification is valid for a 12-month period and must state that the Chronic Illness is expected to be permanent; or
- A written certification from a Licensed Physician that the insured is a Terminally III Individual who meets the conditions of this Rider. The certification must include the clinical, radiological or laboratory evidence of the condition that supports the certification.

We reserve the right to obtain an additional opinion of the Insured's conditions at our expense. If this opinion differs from that of the Insured's Licensed Health Care Practitioner or Licensed Physician, eligibility for Benefits will be determined by a third party Licensed Health Care Practitioner or Licensed Physician who is mutually acceptable to you and to us.

Chronic Illness - a medical condition where the Chronically Ill Individual has received a certification of illness that states:

- They are permanently unable to perform at least two Activities of Daily Living without hands-on or stand-by assistance from another individual: or
- They require permanent continual supervision by another person for protection from threats to the Insured's health or safety due to severe cognitive impairment (deficiency in short or long-term memory, orientation as to person, place, and time, deductive or abstract reasoning, or judgment as it related to safety awareness.

Chronically Ill Individual – an Insured who has been certified as having a Chronic Illness. See the APPENDIX: STATE LAW VARIATIONS – OPTIONAL RIDERS AND BENEFITS section in this prospectus.

**Immediate Family Member** – includes the spouse, parents, brothers, sisters, and children by blood, adoption, or marriage of the Owner and the Insured, and of the spouse of the Owner and Insured.

**Initial Eligible Amount** – the lesser of the Maximum Lifetime Chronic Illness Benefit or the Death Benefit, when the first Benefit Payment under this Rider is made.

**Licensed Health Care Practitioner** – a physician, registered nurse, licensed social worker or other individual whom the United States Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe by regulation, and resides in the United States. A Licensed Health Care Practitioner

may not be the Insured, the Owner, or an Immediate Family Member. The Licensed Health Care Practitioner must be independent of us, meaning he or she may not be our employee or be compensated in a manner that is linked to the outcome of the certification.

**Licensed Physician** – a physician who is licensed and residing in the United States and the physician is not the Owner, the Insured, or Immediate Family Member. The Licensed Physician must be independent of us, meaning he or she may not be our employee or be compensated in a manner that is linked to the outcome of the certification.

Maximum Lifetime Chronic Illness Benefit – the maximum amount of Death Benefit that you can accelerate as a Chronic Illness Benefit during the Insured's lifetime, as shown in your Policy Specifications. The Chronic Illness Benefit will not exceed the actual death benefit at the time this Rider is exercised.

**Per Diem Limitation** – used in the calculation of the Chronic Illness Benefit. Either annual or monthly Benefit Payments may be elected and they are determined as follows:

- **Annual Per Diem Limitation** the Per Diem Limitation as declared by the Internal Revenue Service on each Benefit Payment Date multiplied by the Maximum Per Diem Limit Percentage, then multiplied by 365.
- **Monthly Per Diem Limitation** the Per Diem Limitation as declared by the Internal Revenue Service on each Benefit Payment Date multiplied by the Maximum Per Diem Limit Percentage, then multiplied by 30.

**Terminal Illness** – A medical condition where the Terminally Ill Individual has been certified to have a life expectancy that is reasonably expected to be 12-months or less from the Benefit Date.

**Terminally Ill Individual** – an Insured who has been certified as having a Terminal Illness.

# Eligibility Conditions – Chronic Illness or Terminal Illness

Eligibility Conditions – To receive an Accelerated Death Benefit, all the following conditions must be satisfied:

- The Policy Owner must provide a written Request for Benefits. If we need additional information, within 15 days of our receipt of the written Request for Benefits, a Benefit Form will be provided to the Insured. You must submit written proof that the Insured is either a Chronically Ill or Terminally Ill Individual.
- The Insured must provide Certification of Illness that they are either a Chronically Ill Individual or a Terminally Ill Individual, whichever applies.
- The Owner must provide us with the written consent of the assignee of record named under the Policy, if any, or the irrevocable beneficiary named under the Policy, if any.
- There is no legal requirement that the benefit be used to meet the claims of creditors, whether in bankruptcy or otherwise, and there shall be no government agency that requires the benefit to apply for, obtain, or keep a government benefit or entitlement.
- The Chronic or Terminal Illness shall not be the result of attempted suicide, or intentionally self-inflicted injury.

**Request for Benefits** – A written request for benefits may be for either one of the following:

- Chronic Illness Benefits may be made at any time after the date the Insured develops a Chronic Illness as defined in this Rider. Only one request for Chronic Illness Benefits may be submitted during any 12-month period and each request must include a new Certification of Illness. Requests should also include the desired dollar amount and your election of annual or monthly benefit proceeds.
- Terminal Illness Benefits may be made at any time after the date the Insured develops a Terminal Illness as defined in this Rider. A request should include the desired dollar amount which is paid in one lump sum.

## Accelerated Death Benefit Payments and Values - Chronic Illness Benefit

The **Chronic Illness Benefit** is the Accelerated Death Benefit payable when the Insured is a Chronically Ill Individual who has met the *Eligibility Conditions* subsection referenced above.

Chronic Illness Benefit Proceeds - the amount of Chronic Illness Benefits that is payable on each Benefit Payment Date.

The Chronic Illness Benefit Proceeds are equal to  $a - (b \times c) - (d \times c)$ , where:

- a = The Chronic Illness Benefit;
- b = The Policy Debt prior to the payment of the Chronic Illness Benefit;
- c = The Chronic Illness Acceleration Percentage; and
- d = The sum of any Monthly Deductions that are due and unpaid prior to the payment of the Chronic Illness Benefit, if the Policy is in the Grace Period.

The Chronic Illness Acceleration Percentage is equal to  $(a \div b)$ , where:

- a = The Chronic Illness Benefit; and
- b = The Chronic Illness Reduction Factor multiplied by the Death Benefit on the Benefit Payment Date.

The Chronic Illness Reduction Factor is equal to  $(c + d) \div e$ , where:

- c = 100% of the Cash Surrender Value immediately prior to the benefit payment;
- d = The Chronic Illness Risk Factor (which varies based on the Insured's attained Age, sec and Risk Class, the Accelerated Death Benefit Interest Rate, and a mortality table for disabled lives declared by us) times the result of the Death Benefit less the greater of zero or the Accumulated Value immediately prior to the benefit payment; and
- e = The Death Benefit.

**Election of Proceeds** - The Chronic Illness Benefit Proceeds may be paid in one annual payment or in 12-monthly payments. Proceeds will be paid as an annual benefit unless you elect to receive monthly payments.

<u>Annual Benefit Proceeds</u> – Under this option, you may elect to receive one annual payment that will not exceed the Maximum Annual Chronic Illness Benefit Amount. A new Certification of Illness is required before each election date, which is the start of a new 12-month period. The following stipulations apply:

- The amount of Chronic Illness Benefits requested may not be less than the Minimum Annual Chronic Illness Benefit Amount shown in the Policy Specifications; and
- The amount of Chronic Illness Benefits paid will never be greater than the Maximum Annual Chronic Illness Benefit Amount.

Monthly Benefit Proceeds – Under this option, you may elect to receive proceeds in 12-monthly payments that will result in payment of the Chronic Illness Benefit Proceeds over a 12-month election period or until you cancel your request. The amount of Monthly Benefit Proceeds may vary from month to month, but will not exceed the Maximum Monthly Chronic Illness Benefit Amount (shown in the Policy Specifications) each Benefit Payment Date. A new Certification of Illness is required before each election date, which is the start of each new 12-month period however a new Request for Benefits will not be required. The following stipulations apply:

- The amount of the Chronic Illness Benefits requested may not be less than the Minimum Monthly Chronic Illness Benefit Amount shown in the Policy Specifications;
- The Chronic Illness Benefit will never be greater than the Maximum Monthly Chronic Illness Benefit Amount on that Benefit Payment Date; and
- You may not change the dollar amount of the Chronic Illness Benefits you requested.

You may cancel an election of Monthly Benefit Proceeds at any time during the 12-month period that the Monthly Benefit Proceeds are being paid. However, a new Request for Chronic Illness Benefits may not be made until 12-months after the date the prior Request for Benefits was processed. Upon canceling your election, you will not receive any remaining monthly payments due and unpaid for the current 12-month election period.

Proceeds (annual or monthly) will be paid to you (or your designee) or your estate while the Insured is still living, subject to any required acknowledgment of concurrence for payout. Upon the death of the Owner we will pay the benefit, provided the benefit is requested prior to the Owner's death, to his or her estate. Any payment of proceeds that is made in good faith by us is deemed irrevocable. Accelerated Death Benefits are paid as described in this Rider.

The **Total Accelerated Chronic Illness Benefit** is equal to the amount that the Death Benefit has been reduced as a result of paying an Accelerated Death Benefit under this Rider. The Total Accelerated Chronic Illness Benefit is equal to zero at the date of issue of this Rider.

## **Example:**

Assumptions

- Accumulated Value is \$150,000
- Chronic Illness Benefit is \$65,000
- Death Benefit is \$600,000
- Cash Surrender Value is \$100.000
- Chronic Illness Factor is 48.57734%
- Policy Debt is \$20,000

The Reduction Factor is  $0.5309967 = [\$100,000 + 0.4857734 \times (\$600,000 - \$150,000)] \div \$600,000$ .

The Acceleration Percentage is  $20.40188\% = \$65,000 \div (0.5309967 \times \$600,000)$ 

The Chronic Illness Benefit Proceeds is  $$60,919.62 = $65,000 - ($20,000 \times 0.2040188)$ 

End of Example

# Accelerated Death Benefit Payment and Values - Terminal Illness Benefit

**Terminal Illness Benefit Proceeds** – Terminal Illness Benefit Proceeds is the amount of Terminal Illness Benefit that is payable on the Benefit Payment Date. Terminal Illness Benefit Proceeds will be paid in one lump sum and are at least equal to the Acceleration Percentage multiplied by the difference between the current Cash Surrender Value and any outstanding Policy Debt. More details about the calculation are in the Policy Specifications. **We will pay the Terminal Illness Benefit Proceeds only once per Policy.** 

# The **Terminal Illness Acceleration Percentage** is equal to $(a \div b)$ , where:

a = The Terminal Illness Benefit; and

b = The Terminal Illness Eligible Coverage on the Benefit Payment Date.

The **Terminal Illness Benefit** is the Accelerated Death Benefit payable when the Insured is a Terminally Ill Individual who has met the *Eligibility Conditions* subsection referenced above.

The **Terminal Illness Eligible Coverage** is the portion of the Policy Death Benefit that will qualify for determining the Terminal Illness Benefit under this Rider. The Terminal Illness Eligible Coverage is listed in the Policy Specifications. The Terminal Illness Eligible Coverage does not include:

- Any insurance under the Policy on the life of someone other than the Eligible Insured; or
- Any rider, on the Insured, that is not explicitly listed as being Terminal Illness Eligible Coverage.

#### Example:

### Assumptions:

- Eligible Coverage is \$100,000
- Terminal Illness Benefit is \$75,000
- Accelerated Death Benefit Interest Rate is 8%
- Cash Surrender Value is \$25,000
- Policy Debt is \$10,000
- Processing Charge is \$0

The Acceleration Percentage is  $75\% = (\$75,000 \div \$100,000)$ 

The Terminal Illness Reduction Factor is  $0.92592593 = 1 \div (1 + 0.08)$ 

The Terminal Illness Benefit Proceeds is  $\$63,333.33 = [(\$100,000 - \$25,000) \times 0.92592593 + \$25,000] \times 0.75 - (\$10,000 \times 0.75) - 0$ 

End of Example

# Request for Benefits

**Processing the Request for Benefits** – Depending on whether a Chronic Illness Benefit or a Terminal Illness Benefit is requested, we will do one of the following on each Benefit Payment Date.

Upon request for Chronic Illness Benefits, we will:

- Calculate the Chronic Illness Benefit Proceeds:
- Verify that the Policy is not in the Grace Period. If it is, the Chronic Illness Benefit will be reduced by the amount needed to pay any portion of the Monthly Deduction due;
- Limit the Chronic Illness Benefit Proceeds to the Maximum Annual Chronic Illness Benefit Amount or Maximum Monthly Chronic Illness Benefit Amount, each shown in the Policy Specifications, as applicable; and
- Reduce Policy and Rider values as described herein.

Upon request for Terminal Illness Benefits, we will:

- Calculate the Terminal Illness Benefit Proceeds:
- Limit the Terminal Illness Benefit as shown in Terminal Illness Benefit Limitation shown in the Policy Specifications;
- Reduce Policy and Rider values as described herein; and

• Terminate any Chronic Illness Benefits.

Accelerated Death Benefits are payable immediately beginning on the Benefit Date. If payment of Accelerated Death Benefit proceeds is delayed thirty-one (31) calendar days after the Benefit Date, we will pay Death Benefit Proceeds Additional Interest as described in the Death Benefit Proceeds section of the Policy. Such additional interest rate will be applied to the Accelerated Death Benefit proceeds beginning on the 31st calendar day referenced above, to each Benefit Payment Date.

# Rider Effects on Your Policy

When you exercise the Rider and we pay Benefit Proceeds, the following values will be reduced by an amount equal to the value below multiplied by the applicable Chronic or Terminal Illness Acceleration Percentage. On each Benefit Payment Date, the following values will be reduced:

- The Total Face Amount;
- The Accumulated Value;
- The surrender charge for each Coverage Layer;
- Any Policy Debt;

# Other Rider Effects on the Policy

After we make the initial Benefit Payment under the Rider:

- You can change your Death Benefit Option, but only to Death Benefit Option A;
- We will not allow any requested increases in benefits under the Policy or any Riders;
- Policy loan availability will continue according to Policy terms; and
- We may discontinue any systematic distribution program in effect.

## Premier Living Benefits Rider 2 Effects on Other Riders

Generally, optional rider benefits under the Policy will remain In Force subject to their terms and conditions, unless otherwise stated. We will calculate charges for optional riders in accordance with the terms of each applicable rider. The charges may be affected by the reduction in benefits and policy values. In addition:

- If your Policy has the Short-Term No-Lapse Guarantee Rider, the no-lapse premium and any no-lapse credit will be reduced on the date of each Benefit Payment by an amount equal to the applicable no-lapse guarantee premium or no-lapse credit prior to the payment of Benefit Proceeds, multiplied by the Acceleration Percentage;
- If your Policy has the Flexible Duration No-Lapse Guarantee Rider, the no-lapse guarantee value will be reduced on each Benefit Payment Date by an amount equal to the no-lapse guarantee value prior to payment of Benefit Proceeds, multiplied by the Acceleration Percentage;

Accelerated Death Benefits may affect your eligibility for, or amount of, other benefits provided by federal, state or local government. Payments of Accelerated Death Benefits provided by the Rider are intended to qualify as Death Benefits under section 101(g) of the Tax Code. You should consult with your personal tax advisor before requesting any accelerated Death Benefit payments.

Payment of an Accelerated Death Benefit under this rider will reduce the Policy's Death Benefit and other Policy values referenced in the *Rider Effects on Your Policy* subsection above. In most circumstances, the cost of insurance charges will also be reduced. In addition, premium limitations and Death Benefits required in order for the Policy to qualify as a life insurance policy or avoid being classified as a Modified Endowment Contract under the Tax Code will also be affected. See the VARIABLE LIFE INSURANCE AND YOUR TAXES - Modified Endowment Contracts and HOW PREMIUMS WORK-Limits on the Premium Payments You Can Make sections in this prospectus for more information on the relation of the Policy's Death Benefit to premium payments and Modified Endowment Contract status.

# Rider Termination

The Rider is effective on the Policy Date unless otherwise stated. It will terminate on the earlier of:

- Your Written Request;
- Acceleration of any part of the Policy's Death Benefit because of the Insured's terminal illness while the Insured is still living;
- The date Rider benefits equal to the total Death Benefit have been accelerated;
- When the Rider or the Policy terminate; or
- When you notify us of the Insured's death.

If your Policy lapses and is reinstated, you may reinstate the Rider.

## **Premier Living Benefits Rider**

(This Rider is called "Accelerated Death Benefit Rider for Chronic Illness" in your Policy.)

This Rider is only available at Policy issue and is only available for Policy's issued in California. Also, this Rider is not available if the Premier Chronic Illness Rider was purchased.

The Premier Living Benefits Rider is a chronic illness Rider that provides protection from the financial impacts of becoming chronically ill by providing acceleration of a portion of the Death Benefit in the event that you become chronically ill.

There is no additional cost for the Rider. However, if you choose to exercise the Rider, at the time we pay any Benefit Payment, we will reduce certain Policy values. The Total Face Amount, Accumulated Value, Policy Debt, Loan Account, Loan Account Value, and any surrender charge for each Coverage Layer will be reduced by the Acceleration Percentage as calculated under this Rider. The Death Benefit will indirectly be adjusted as certain Policy values above are reduced – Death Benefit Option A (Total Face Amount) and Death Benefit Option B (Total Face Amount plus Accumulated Value). See the Rider Effects on Your Policy Values subsection below for additional information.

You may opt out of the Rider at any time after the Policy is issued. There is no charge for opting out of the Rider.

Rider Terms

**Activities of Daily Living** – generally include the following self-care functions:

- · Bathing oneself
- Continence
- · Dressing oneself
- · Feeding oneself
- Getting oneself to and from the toilet
- Transferring oneself into or out of a bed, chair or wheelchair.

The Rider attached to your Policy contains more detailed information about these self-care functions.

**Annual Per Diem Limitation** – the Per Diem Limitation declared by the Internal Revenue Service on the date the Chronic Illness Benefit Proceeds are effective, multiplied by the Maximum Per Diem Limit Percentage, then multiplied by 365.

**Chronically Ill Individual** – as defined under the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act, an Insured who has been certified in writing as:

- Being permanently unable to perform at least two Activities of Daily Living without hands-on or standby assistance from another individual; or
- Requiring continual supervision by another person for protection from threats to the Insured's health or safety as described in the Rider.

**Immediate Family Member** – includes the spouse, parents, brothers, sisters, and children by blood, adoption, or marriage of the Owner and the Insured, and of the spouse of the Owner and Insured.

**Initial Eligible Amount** – the lesser of the Maximum Lifetime Accelerated Death Benefit or the Death Benefit on the effective date of the initial request for the Chronic Illness Benefit.

**Licensed Health Care Practitioner** – a physician, registered nurse, licensed social worker or other individual whom the United States Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe by regulation. A Licensed Health Care Practitioner may not be the Insured, the Owner, or the Immediate Family Member. The Licensed Health Care Practitioner must be independent of us, meaning he or she may not be our employee or be compensated in a manner that is linked to the outcome of the certification.

**Maximum Lifetime Accelerated Death Benefit** – the maximum amount of Death Benefit that you can accelerate under the Premier Living Benefits Rider during the Insured's lifetime, as shown in the Policy Specifications.

**Monthly Per Diem Limitation** - the Per Diem Limitation declared by the Internal Revenue Service on the date the Chronic Illness Benefit Proceeds are effective, multiplied by the Maximum Per Diem Limit Percentage, then multiplied by 30.

**Severe Cognitive Impairment** – loss or deterioration in intellectual capacity that is comparable to (and includes) Alzheimer's disease and similar forms of irreversible dementia, and measured by clinical evidence and standardized tests that reliably measure impairment in the individual's short-term or long-term memory, orientation as to people, places, or time, and deductive or abstract reasoning.

Eligibility Conditions

This Rider may be attached to only one policy per insured. If you have existing Pacific Life Policies with a chronic illness rider, you may choose to either:

- Terminate the chronic illness rider on your existing policy, and obtain a new chronic illness rider with a newly-issued policy, if you qualify; or
- Maintain the chronic illness rider on your existing policy, and accept any applied for life insurance, if issued, without the chronic illness rider.

You should not terminate any existing Pacific Life chronic illness rider until the new application with a chronic illness rider has been approved by Pacific Life. If an insured's chronic illness has generated benefits under any existing Pacific Life policy, that insured does not qualify for a new chronic illness rider. Please understand that chronic illness benefits may be higher or lower based upon the policy to which it is attached. Request sample Illustrations from your life insurance producer to help determine the policy configuration is appropriate for you.

To receive the Rider Benefit, you must satisfy the following conditions:

- You must submit a Written Request while the Policy is In Force; we will provide you with a claim form within 15 days of your Written Request. Your completed claim form must contain proof that the Insured is a Chronically Ill Individual;
- Any assignee or any irrevocable Beneficiary under the Policy must provide written consent;
- The Chronically Ill Individual's illness must not be the result of attempted suicide or intentionally self-inflicted injury.

We will pay the Benefits immediately after we receive written certification from a Licensed Health Care Practitioner that the Insured is a Chronically Ill Individual and meets the conditions described in the Rider. We reserve the right to obtain an additional opinion of the Insured's conditions at our expense. If this opinion differs from that of the Insured's Licensed Health Care Practitioner, eligibility for Benefits will be determined by a third Licensed Physician who is mutually acceptable to you and to us.

We pay the Benefits to you (or your designee) or to your estate while the Insured is still living, unless the Policy has been otherwise assigned.

The Rider at Exercise

You may request the Rider Benefits once per twelve-month period. Your Written Request should include:

- The Benefit amount requested; and
- Your selection of an annual payment, monthly payments, or a lump sum payment. If your request does not specify a payment option, we will pay the Benefit as an annual payment.

If you elect to receive an annual payment, we will provide you with one lump-sum payment. Your request for an annual payment cannot be less than \$5,000, and can never be greater than the Maximum Annual Benefit Amount. The Maximum Annual Benefit Amount is the lesser of:

- The Annual Per Diem Limitation; or
- The Reduction Factor times the Eligible Accelerated Annual Death Benefit. The Reduction Factor is equal to [a + b] ÷ c where
- (a) Is 100% of the Policy's Cash Surrender Value;
- (b) Is the Chronic Illness Risk Factor times the result of the Death Benefit minus the greater of zero or the Policy's Accumulated Value; and
- (c) Is the Death Benefit.

The Eligible Accelerated Annual Death Benefit is the lesser of:

- 24% of the Initial Eligible Amount; or
- The excess of the Maximum Lifetime Accelerated Death Benefit over the Total Accelerated Death Benefit; or
- The Death Benefit.

The Chronic Illness Risk Factor is based on the Insured's attained Age, sex and Risk Class, and the Accelerated Death Benefit Interest Rate and a mortality table for disabled lives we declare.

#### **Example:**

Assumptions

- Accumulated Value is \$150,000
- Death Benefit is \$600,000
- Cash Surrender Value is \$100,000
- Chronic Illness Factor is 47.63776%

• Annual Per Diem Limitation is \$177,937.50

The Reduction Factor is  $0.5239499 = [\$100,000 + 0.4763776 \times (\$600,000 - \$150,000)] \div \$600,000$ 

The Maximum Annual Benefit Amount is \$177,937.50 (the lesser of \$177,937.50 and 0.5239499 x \$600,000)

End of Example

If you elect to receive monthly payments, we will pay up to the Maximum Monthly Benefit over a 12-month period. Your request:

- May not be less than \$500;
- Only one request may be made in a 12-month period;
- The benefit will never be greater than the Maximum Monthly Benefit;
- You may not change the amount of the requested benefit payment; and
- You may choose to suspend payments for the remainder of the year.

The Maximum Monthly Benefit Amount is the lesser of:

- The Monthly Per Diem Limitation; or
- The Reduction Factor multiplied by the Eligible Accelerated Monthly Death Benefit.

The Eligible Accelerated Monthly Death Benefit is the lesser of:

- 2% of the Initial Eligible Amount; or
- The excess of the Maximum Lifetime Accelerated Death Benefit over the Total Accelerated Death Benefit; or
- The Death Benefit

If you elect to receive a one-time lump sum benefit, we will pay up to the Maximum Lump Sum Benefit Amount. This benefit can only be paid one time. If you request a lump sum benefit, the rider will terminate after the benefit payment is made. Your request:

- May not be less than \$5,000;
- The benefit will never be greater than the Maximum Lump Sum Benefit Amount;

The Maximum Lump Sum Benefit Amount is the Reduction Factor multiplied by the Eligible Accelerated Lump Sum Death Benefit.

The Eligible Accelerated Lump Sum Death Benefit is the lesser of:

- 50% of the Initial Eligible Amount; or
- The Death Benefit

The Total Accelerated Death Benefit is the sum of all Death Benefit amounts that have been accelerated under this Rider; the Total Accelerated Death Benefit is equal to zero the date this Rider is issued.

The Accelerated Death Benefit Interest Rate will not exceed the greater of:

- The current yield on the 90-day Treasury bill; or
- The maximum fixed annual rate of 8% in arrears or a variable rate determined in accordance with the National Association of Insurance Commissioners Policy Loan Interest Rate Model.

When you exercise the Rider, we will send you a statement demonstrating the effect of exercising the Rider on the Policy's Accumulated Value, Death Benefit, Premium, Cost of Insurance Charges and Policy loans.

At the time of each Benefit payment, we will:

- Verify that the Policy is not in the Grace Period. If it is in the Grace Period, we will reduce the Benefit payment by the amount needed to pay any Monthly Deduction required to keep the Policy In Force;
- Limit the Benefit to the Maximum Annual Benefit Amount or Maximum Monthly Benefit Amount, as applicable;
- Calculate the amount payable upon request under this Rider (the "Chronic Illness Benefit Proceeds");
- Reduce the Policy and Rider values as described in the Rider; and
- Send you an endorsement to the Policy, which will include a statement of the effect of the Benefit payment on the Policy's Accumulated Value, Death Benefit, Premium, Cost of Insurance Charges and Policy loans.

Your Policy After Exercising the Rider

When you exercise the Rider and we make a Benefit payment, the following values will be reduced by an amount equal to the value below multiplied by the Acceleration Percentage:

- The Total Face Amount;
- The Accumulated Value;
- The surrender charge for each Coverage Layer;

The Acceleration Percentage equals  $(a \div b)$  where:

- a = The Chronic Illness Benefit; and
- b = The Reduction Factor multiplied by the Death Benefit on the date of each benefit payment.

Your Policy's Total Face Amount will be reduced by an amount equal to the Acceleration Percentage multiplied by the Total Face Amount prior to the benefit payment. The Face Amount of each Coverage Layer of the Policy will be reduced according to the terms of the Policy and Rider.

The Policy's Investment Options values are reduced on the date of each benefit payment by an amount equal to the Acceleration Percentage multiplied by the Investment Option values prior to the benefit payment. The reduction to the values in each of the Investment Options will be treated as an Account Deduction.

We will reduce your Policy Debt, Loan Account and Loan Account Value on the date of a Benefit payment by an amount equal to their respective values prior to the Benefit payment multiplied by the Acceleration Percentage.

Your Policy's Cost of Insurance charges will be calculated according to the terms of the Policy, but will be based on the reduced Policy values following a Benefit payment.

Your Policy's Cash Surrender Value and Net Cash Surrender Value following a Benefit payment will be calculated according to the terms of the Policy.

Other Effects on the Policy

After we make the initial Benefit payment under the Rider:

- You can change your Death Benefit Option, but only to Death Benefit Option A;
- We will not allow any requested increases in benefits under the Policy or any Riders; and
- We will discontinue the Automated Income Option or any other systematic distribution program in effect.

The Riders After Exercising the Premier Living Benefits Rider

Generally, optional rider benefits under the Policy will remain In Force subject to their terms and conditions, unless otherwise stated. We will calculate charges for optional riders in accordance with the terms of each applicable rider. The charges may be affected by the reduction in benefits and policy values. In addition:

- If your Policy has the Short-Term No-Lapse Guarantee Rider, the no-lapse premium and the no-lapse credit will each be reduced on the date of each benefit payment;
- The sum of the Policy's Fixed and Variable Account Values will be reduced on the date of the claim for Benefits.

Accelerated Death Benefits may affect your eligibility for, or amount of, other benefits provided by federal, state or local government. Payments of Accelerated Death Benefits provided by the Rider are intended to qualify as Death Benefits under section 101(g) of the Tax Code. You should consult with your personal tax advisor before requesting any accelerated Death Benefit payments.

The Rider is effective on the Policy Date unless otherwise stated. It will terminate on the earlier of:

- Your Written Request;
- Acceleration of any part of the Policy's Death Benefit because of the Insured's terminal illness;
- When you have accelerated the maximum amount of Death Benefit that can be accelerated under the Rider, as shown in the Policy Specifications;
- When a lump sum payment is elected;
- When the Rider or the Policy terminate; or
- When you notify us of the Insured's death.

If your Policy lapses and is reinstated, you may reinstate the Rider.

Payment of an Accelerated Death Benefit under this rider will reduce the Policy's Death Benefit and other Policy values referenced in the *Rider Effects on Your Policy* subsection above. In most circumstances, the cost of insurance charges will also be reduced. In addition, premium limitations and Death Benefits required in order for the Policy to qualify as a life insurance policy or avoid being classified as a Modified Endowment Contract under the Tax Code will also be affected. See the VARIABLE LIFE INSURANCE AND YOUR TAXES - Modified Endowment Contracts and HOW PREMIUMS WORK-Limits on the Premium Payments You Can Make sections in this prospectus for more information on the relation of the Policy's Death Benefit to premium payments and Modified Endowment Contract status.

### **Terminal Illness Rider**

(This Rider is called "Accelerated Death Benefit Rider for Terminal Illness" in your Policy.)

Not available for Policy's issued with the Premier Living Benefits Rider 2. If you purchased the Premier Chronic Illness Rider, this Rider is still available on the Policy.

The Terminal Illness Rider provides protection from the financial impacts of having a medical condition that is reasonably expected to result in a life expectancy of 12 months or less by providing acceleration of a portion of the Death Benefit. For more information, please see **APPENDIX: STATE LAW VARIATIONS**. **This Rider must be elected at Policy Issue.** 

There is no additional cost for the Rider. However, if you choose to exercise the Rider, at the time we pay any Terminal Illness Benefit, we will reduce certain Policy values. The Total Face Amount, Accumulated Value, Policy Debt, Loan Account, Loan Account Value, and any surrender charge for each Coverage Layer will be reduced by the Acceleration Percentage as calculated under this Rider. The Death Benefit will indirectly be adjusted as certain Policy values above are reduced – Death Benefit Option A (Total Face Amount) and Death Benefit Option B (Total Face Amount plus Accumulated Value). See the *Rider Effects on Your Policy Values* subsection below for additional information.

You may opt out of the Rider at any time after the Policy is issued. There is no charge for opting out of the Rider.

Rider Terms

**Eligible Coverage** – the portion of the Policy Face Amount that will qualify for determining the Terminal Illness Benefit under the Terminal Illness Benefit Rider. Your Policy's Eligible Coverage is listed in the Policy Specifications under the Terminal Illness Rider. It does not include any insurance on the life of anyone other than the Insured and any other rider on the Insured.

**Immediate Family Member** – includes the spouse, parents, brothers, sisters, and children by blood, adoption, or marriage of the Owner and the Insured, and of the spouse of the Owner and Insured.

**Licensed Physician** – a physician licensed and residing in the United States. The Licensed Physician cannot be you or an Immediate Family Member.

**Terminally Ill Individual** – an Insured who has been certified in writing by a Licensed Physician as having a medical condition that is reasonably expected to result in a life expectancy of 12 months or less from the date of the Written Request.

Eligibility Conditions

To receive the Rider Benefits, you must satisfy the following conditions:

- You must submit a Written Request while the Policy is In Force; we will provide you with a claim form within 15 days of your Written Request. Your completed claim form must contain proof that the Insured is a Terminally Ill Individual;
- Any assignee or any irrevocable Beneficiary under the Policy must provide written consent;
- The Terminally Ill Individual's illness must not be the result of attempted suicide or intentionally self-inflicted injury.

The Terminal Illness Benefit will be payable when we receive written certification (which includes clinical, radiological or laboratory evidence of the condition) from a Licensed Physician that the Insured is a Terminally Ill Individual and meets the conditions described in the Rider. We reserve the right to obtain an additional opinion of the Insured's conditions at our expense. If this opinion differs from that of the Insured's Licensed Physician, eligibility for Benefits will be determined by a third Licensed Physician who is mutually acceptable to you and to us.

The Terminal Illness Benefit will not be payable if the law requires the Benefit to meet creditor claims or a government agency requires the Benefit for application or maintenance of a government benefit or entitlement.

The Premier Living Benefits Rider will terminate when we receive a Written Request for the Terminal Illness Benefit under this Rider.

The Rider at Exercise

You may submit your Written Request for benefits under the Rider, including the amount of Terminal Illness Benefit requested, when the Insured qualifies as a Terminally Ill Individual and meets the eligibility conditions.

When we make the benefit payment we will:

- Limit the benefit to the lesser of 75% of the Eligible Coverage or \$250,000;
- Calculate the Terminal Illness Benefit Proceeds, as described below; and
- Reduce Policy and Rider values.

Calculating the Benefit Under the Rider

The Terminal Illness Benefit Proceeds is the amount payable under the Rider. It is a one-time payment equal to the Terminal Illness Benefit multiplied by (a) and reduced by (b) and (c) where:

- (a) The Terminal Illness Reduction Factor;
- (b) Policy Debt multiplied by the Acceleration Percentage; and
- (c) A processing charge, guaranteed not to exceed \$100.

If the Insured dies within 30 days of payment of the Terminal Illness Benefit Proceeds, we will refund the amounts defined in (a) and (c) above.

The Terminal Illness Reduction Factor is equal to (a)  $\div$  (b) where:

- (a) Equals 1; and
- (b) Equals 1 plus the Accelerated Death Benefit Interest Rate.

The Accelerated Death Benefit Interest Rate will not exceed the greater of:

- The current yield on the 90-day Treasury Bill; or
- The maximum fixed annual rate of 8% in arrears or a variable rate determined in accordance with the National Association of Insurance Commissioners Policy Loan Interest Rate Model.

### **Example:**

Assumptions:

- Eligible Coverage is \$100,000
- Terminal Illness Benefit is \$75,000
- Accelerated Death Benefit Interest Rate is 8%
- Policy Debt is \$10,000
- Processing Charge is \$100

The Acceleration Percentage is  $75\% = \$75,000 \div \$100,000$ 

The Terminal Illness Reduction Factor is  $0.92592593 = 1 \div (1 + 0.08)$ 

The Terminal Illness Benefit Proceeds is  $$61,844.44 = ($75,000 \times 0.92592593) - ($10,000 \times 0.75) - $100$ 

End of Example

We pay the Terminal Illness Benefit as a lump sum. It is guaranteed never to be less than \$500 or 25% of your Policy's Face Amount. We will pay the Terminal Illness Proceeds once per Policy.

If you send us Written Notice that the Insured has died before we have paid the Terminal Illness Benefit, we will not make the payment. However, if we pay the Terminal Illness Benefit before we receive Written Notice of the Insured's death, the payment will be effective and we will reduce the Death Benefit Proceeds payable under the Policy.

We pay the Benefits to you (or your designee) or to your estate while the Insured is still living, unless the Policy has been otherwise assigned.

When you exercise the Rider, we will send you a statement demonstrating the effect of exercising the Rider on the Policy's Accumulated Value, Death Benefit, Premium, Cost of Insurance Charges and Policy loans.

At the time of each Benefit payment, we will:

- Calculate the amount payable upon request under this Rider (the "Terminal Illness Benefit Proceeds");
- Reduce the Policy and Rider values as described in the Rider; and
- Send you an endorsement to the Policy, which will include a statement of the effect of the Benefit payment on the Policy's Accumulated Value, Death Benefit, Premium, cost of insurance Charges and Policy loans.

If you request another transaction on the same day as a Terminal Illness Benefit is paid, we will process the Terminal Illness Benefit Proceeds after we have processed the other requested transactions.

Your Policy After Exercising the Terminal Illness Rider

When you exercise the Rider and we make a Benefit payment, Policy values will be reduced by an amount equal to the value below multiplied by the Acceleration Percentage:

- The Total Face Amount; and
- The Accumulated Value;

The Acceleration Percentage equals  $(a \div b)$  where:

- a = The Terminal Illness Benefit; and
- b = The Eligible Coverage on the date of each Benefit payment.

Your Policy's Total Face Amount will be reduced by an amount equal to the Acceleration Percentage multiplied by the Total Face Amount prior to the benefit payment. The Face Amount of each Coverage Layer of the Policy will be reduced according to the terms of the Policy and Rider.

The Policy's Death Benefit and Accumulated Value will continue to be calculated in accordance with the terms of the Policy.

The Policy's Investment Option values are reduced on the date of each benefit payment by an amount equal to the Acceleration Percentage multiplied by the Investment Option values prior to the benefit payment. The reduction to the values in each of the Investment Options will be treated as an Account Deduction.

We will reduce your Policy Debt, Loan Account and Loan Account Value on the date of a Benefit payment by an amount equal to their respective values prior to the Benefit payment multiplied by the Acceleration Percentage.

Your Policy's Cost of Insurance charges will be calculated according to the terms of the Policy, but will be based on the reduced Policy values following the Benefit payment.

Your Policy's Cash Surrender Value and Net Cash Surrender Value following the Benefit payment will be calculated according to the terms of the Policy.

The Riders After Exercising the Terminal Illness Rider

Generally, optional rider benefits under the Policy will remain In Force subject to their terms and conditions, unless otherwise stated. We will calculate charges for optional riders in accordance with the terms of each applicable rider. The charges may be affected by the reduction in benefits and policy values. In addition:

- If your Policy has the Short-Term No-Lapse Guarantee Rider, the no-lapse premium and the no-lapse credit will each be reduced on the date of each Benefit payment;
- If your Policy has the Flexible Duration No-Lapse Guarantee Rider, the no-lapse guarantee value will be reduced on the date of each Benefit payment.

Terminal Illness Benefit Accelerated Death Benefits may affect your eligibility for, or amount of, other benefits provided by federal, state or local government. Payments of Accelerated Death Benefits provided by the Rider are intended to qualify as Death Benefits under section 101(g) of the Tax Code.

You should consult with your personal tax advisor before requesting any accelerated Death Benefit payments.

Rider Termination

The Rider is effective on the Policy Date unless otherwise stated. It will terminate on the earlier of:

- Your Written Request;
- The date the Benefit under the Rider are paid;
- When the Rider or the Policy terminate; or
- When you notify us of Insured's death.

If your Policy lapses and is reinstated, you may reinstate the Rider.

Payment of an Accelerated Death Benefit under this rider will reduce the Policy's Death Benefit and other Policy values referenced in the *Rider Effects on Your Policy* subsection above. In most circumstances, the cost of insurance charges will also be reduced. In addition, premium limitations and Death Benefits required in order for the Policy to qualify as a life insurance policy or avoid being classified as a Modified Endowment Contract under the Tax Code will also be affected. See the VARIABLE LIFE INSURANCE AND YOUR TAXES - Modified Endowment Contracts and HOW PREMIUMS WORK-

**Limits on the Premium Payments You Can Make** sections in this prospectus for more information on the relation of the Policy's Death Benefit to premium payments and Modified Endowment Contract status.

# Things to Keep in Mind

## Other Variable Life Insurance Policies

We offer other variable life insurance policies which provide insurance protection on the life of the Insured. We also offer riders on other variable life insurance policies that provide additional insurance protection on the Insured. Many life insurance policies and riders have some flexibility in structuring the amount of insurance protection, the amount that is payable upon death, and premium payments in targeting cash values based on your particular needs.

## This Policy

If you add a Rider or Riders to your Policy, and if we apply maximum guaranteed charges, you may increase your risk of lapse even if all planned premiums are paid. Adding a Rider or Riders may also affect the amount of premium you can pay on your Policy and still have it qualify as life insurance.

Accelerated death benefit payments received for a chronic illness may be taxable in certain situations, such as when benefit payments are made from multiple policies or when benefit amounts exceed certain IRS limitations (referred to as "per diem" limitations). Pacific Life cannot determine the taxability of benefit payments. Tax treatment of long-term care benefits is complex, and will depend on the amount of benefits taken, the amount of qualified expenses incurred and possibly other factors. Receipt of accelerated death benefits may affect eligibility for public assistance programs such as Medicaid. Consult your qualified and independent legal and tax advisors about the tax implications of these benefits.

We also offer the ability to have increases in Coverage. A requested increase in Coverage can provide for a larger increase, but would be subject to full underwriting and could result in a different Risk Class than that originally underwritten. Policy charges will vary based on the amount and timing of increases, and on whether the increase was scheduled or requested.

Ultimately, individual needs and objectives vary, and they may change through time. It is important that you consider your goals and options carefully. You should discuss your insurance needs and financial objectives with your life insurance producer before purchasing any life insurance product or purchasing additional insurance benefits. You should also consider a periodic review of your Coverage with your life insurance producer.

### **HOW PREMIUMS WORK**

Your Policy gives you the flexibility to choose the amount and frequency of your premium payments within certain limits. Each premium payment must be at least \$50 unless a lower premium payment is required to keep the Policy In Force.

The amount, frequency, and period of time over which you make premium payments may affect whether your Policy will be classified as a Modified Endowment Contract, or no longer qualifies as life insurance for tax purposes. See the **VARIABLE LIFE**INSURANCE AND YOUR TAXES section in this prospectus for more information.

We deduct a premium load from each premium payment, and then allocate your Net Premium to the Investment Options you have chosen. Depending on the performance of your Investment Options, and on how many withdrawals, loans or other Policy features you have taken advantage of you may need to make additional premium payments to cover monthly deductions for Policy charges to keep your Policy In Force.

### **Your Initial Premium**

We apply your first premium payment to the Policy on the later of the day we receive it or the day we receive all contractual and administrative requirements necessary for your Policy to be In Force. See the **HOW PREMIUMS WORK – Allocating Your Premiums** section in this prospectus for more information on when your first Net Premium is allocated to the Investment Options.

If you have outstanding contractual and administrative requirements, your life insurance producer will notify you of a *delivery date* when any outstanding requirements are due to us, not to exceed 45 days from the date we issue your Policy. If we do not receive your first premium payment and all contractual and administrative requirements on or before the delivery date, we can cancel the Policy and refund any premium payment you have made. We may extend the delivery date in some cases. There is no required minimum initial premium amount.

# **Planned Premium Payments**

You can schedule the amount and frequency of your premium payments. We refer to scheduled premium payments as your *planned premium*. Here's how it works:

- You indicate whether you want to make premium payments annually, semi-annually, or quarterly. You can also choose monthly payments using our monthly Electronic Funds Transfer Plan, which is described below. If you want to change the scheduled premium payment amount or frequency, contact us in writing.
- We send you a notice to remind you of your scheduled premium payment (except for monthly Electronic Funds Transfer Plan payments, which are paid automatically). If you own more than one Policy, you can request us to send one notice called a *list bill* that reminds you of your payments for all of your Policies. We require at least three participants for a list bill. You can choose to receive the list bill every month.
- If you have any Policy Debt, we will treat any payment you make during the life of your Policy as a loan repayment, not as a premium payment, unless you tell us otherwise in writing. When a payment, or any portion of it, exceeds your Policy Debt, we will treat it as a premium payment.

You do not have to make the premium payments you have scheduled. However, not making a premium payment may have an impact on any financial objectives you may have set for your Policy's Accumulated Value and Death Benefit, and could cause your Policy to lapse. Even if you pay all your premiums when they're scheduled, your Policy could lapse if the Cash Surrender Value, less any Policy Debt, is less than your monthly charges on the day we make the deduction. Turn to the **YOUR POLICY'S ACCUMULATED VALUE** section in this prospectus for more information.

## **Paying Your Premium**

Premium payments must be made in a form acceptable to us before we can process it. You may pay your premium:

- By personal check, drawn on a U.S. bank
- By cashier's check, if it originates in a U.S. bank
- By money order in a single denomination of more than \$10,000 for in force payments, if it originates in a U.S. bank
- By third party payments, when there is a clear relationship between the payor (individual, corporation, trust, etc.) and the Insured(s) and/or Owner
- By temporary check with the ABA routing number and account number pre-printed on the check
- Wire transfers that originate in U.S. banks.

We will not accept premium payments in the following forms:

- Cash
- Credit card or check drawn against a credit card account

- · Traveler's checks
- Cashier's check or money order drawn on a non-U.S. bank, even if the payment may be effected through a U.S. bank
- Money order in a single denomination of \$10,000 or less
- Third party payments, if there is not a clear relationship between the payor (individual, corporation, trust, etc.) and the Insured(s) and/or Owner
- Wire transfers that originate from foreign bank accounts.

If your Policy is subject to the Minimum Death Benefit, and you want to pay a premium that increases the Net Amount At Risk, you will need to provide us with satisfactory evidence of insurability before we can increase the Death Benefit regardless of which Death Benefit Option you have selected. In this event, your cost of insurance charges will also increase. Cost of insurance charges are based, among other things, upon your Policy's Net Amount At Risk. For more information, see the **YOUR POLICY'S ACCUMULATED VALUE** section in this prospectus on how cost of insurance charges are calculated.

All unacceptable forms of premium payments will be returned to the payor along with a letter of explanation. We reserve the right to reject or accept any form of payment. If you make premium payments or loan repayments by Electronic Funds Transfer or by check other than a cashier's check, your payment of any withdrawal proceeds and any refund during the free look period may be delayed until we receive confirmation in our administrative office that your payment has cleared.

# Monthly Electronic Funds Transfer Plan

You can make monthly premium payments or loan payments using our Electronic Funds Transfer Plan. Here's how it works:

- You authorize us to withdraw a specified amount from your checking account, savings account or money market account each month.
- If you do not specify a day for us to make the withdrawal, we will withdraw the payment on your Policy's monthly anniversary.
- If you make monthly payments by the Electronic Funds Transfer Plan, we will apply the payments as loan repayment unless you have requested that payments be applied as premium payments. Loan payments made by the Electronic Funds Transfer Plan must be at least \$50.

### **Deductions From Your Premiums**

There are different premium types for this Policy. The premium type is used to determine the applicable premium load for each premium payment. The three premium load types are basic premium load, internal premium load, and surplus premium load.

We deduct a maximum *basic premium load* of 6.90% from each premium payment you make excluding any internal premiums. Internal premiums are premiums made by a replacement or conversion of an existing policy you have with us. We deduct a maximum *internal premium load* of 6.90% from each internal premium. If the existing policy you have with us is a variable universal life policy and a conversion or split option rider was used or the transfer was made in connection with a transfer or exchange offer by us or Pacific Select Distributors, LLC (our distributor), the value transferred from the old policy will not incur any premium load, including any internal premium load. Premium loads will apply on the new policy for additional premium added at issue or after the initial premium paid.

The surplus premium load is deducted from premiums paid (excluding internal premiums) that are greater than a certain amount (called the Premium Band in your Policy Specifications). The surplus premium load is the surplus premium load rate multiplied by total premiums made in excess of the Premium Band. The maximum surplus premium load rate on a guaranteed basis is 20% of the premiums made in excess of the Premium Band. The Premium Band and the current surplus premium load rate will vary by Policy, however, once the Policy is issued the applicable Premium Band and the current surplus premium load rate will never change. Work with your life insurance producer prior to purchase to determine what Premium Band and surplus premium load applies to you. You may also contact us or your life insurance producer for total premiums made, in relation to the Premium Band, over the life of the Policy.

Premium loads help pay for the cost of distributing our Policies, and is also used to pay state and local premium taxes, any other taxes that may be imposed, and to compensate us for certain costs or lost investment opportunities resulting from our amortization and delayed recognition of certain policy acquisition expenses for federal income tax purposes. These consequences are referred to as the deferred acquisition cost ("DAC tax").

Like other Policy charges, we may profit from premium loads and may use these profits for any lawful purpose, such as the payment of distribution and administrative expenses. We will notify you in advance if we change our current load rate.

# Limits on the Premium Payments You Can Make

We will not accept premium payments after your Policy's Monthly Deduction End Date.

Federal tax law puts limits on the amount of premium payments you can make in relation to your Policy's Death Benefit. These limits apply in the following situations:

- If you have chosen the Guideline Premium Test as your Death Benefit Qualification Test and accepting the premium means your Policy will no longer qualify as life insurance federal income tax purposes.
- If applying the premium in that Policy Year means your Policy will become a Modified Endowment Contract. You may direct us to accept premium payments or other instructions that will cause your Policy to be treated as a Modified Endowment Contract by signing a Modified Endowment Contract Election Form. You will find a detailed discussion of Modified Endowment Contracts in the VARIABLE LIFE INSURANCE AND YOUR TAXES section in this prospectus. You should speak to a qualified tax advisor for complete information regarding Modified Endowment Contracts.
- If applying the premium payment to your Policy will increase the Net Amount At Risk. This will happen if your Policy's Death Benefit is equal to the Minimum Death Benefit or would be equal to it once we applied your premium payment.

You will find more detailed information regarding these situations in the SAI.

# **Allocating Your Premiums**

We generally allocate your Net Premiums to the Investment Options you have chosen on your application on the day we receive them. Please turn to the **YOUR INVESTMENT OPTIONS** section in this prospectus for more information about the Investment Options. If we do not have Allocation Instructions, we will contact you to obtain updated Allocation Instructions. If you purchased the Flexible Duration No-Lapse Guarantee Rider, at initial purchase and during the entire time that you own this Rider, you must allocate 100% of the Accumulated Value among the allowable Investment Options as indicated under the **APPENDIX: FUNDS AVAILABLE UNDER THIS POLICY** – Allowable Investment Options section in this prospectus.

Where we allocate your first premium depends on the state and replacement status. For policies that require us to return the premiums you have paid if you exercise your Free Look Right, we will hold your Net Premiums in the Fidelity® VIP Government Money Market Variable Account until the end of the applicable state free look period, and then transfer them to the Investment Options you have chosen.

If your Policy requires refunds to be based on Accumulated Value if you exercise your Free Look Right, we allocate Net Premiums to the Investment Options you have chosen on the day we receive them or your Policy Date, if later. If your Policy has outstanding contractual and/or administrative requirements necessary before it can be placed In Force, we will allocate any Net Premiums received to the Fidelity® VIP Government Money Market Variable Account until the requirements are satisfied and your Policy is placed In Force.

### YOUR POLICY'S ACCUMULATED VALUE

Accumulated Value is the value of your Policy on any Business Day. It is used as the basis for determining Policy benefits and charges.

We use it to calculate how much money is available to you for loans and withdrawals, and how much you will receive if you surrender your Policy. It also affects the amount of the Death Benefit if you choose a Death Benefit Option that's calculated using Accumulated Value.

The Accumulated Value of your Policy is not guaranteed – it depends on the performance of the Investment Options you have chosen, the premium payments you have made, Policy charges and how much you have borrowed or withdrawn from the Policy.

If your Accumulated Value less Policy Debt is less than the Monthly Deduction, your Policy will enter its Grace Period. We will send you a notice telling you the amount of sufficient premium to pay to keep your Policy In Force. The 61-day Grace Period starts on the notice date and the notice will include the date in which sufficient payment must be submitted. If you do not pay sufficient premium during the Grace Period as outlined in the notice, your Policy will lapse. This Policy offers riders that provide no-lapse protection for a certain period if rider conditions are met. See the Short-Term No-Lapse Guarantee Rider and the Flexible Duration No-Lapse Guarantee Rider in the OTHER BENEFITS AVAILABLE UNDER THE POLICY section in this prospectus. Also see the Lapsing and Reinstatement section below.

# Calculating Your Policy's Accumulated Value

Your Policy's Accumulated Value is the sum of the following:

- Variable Account Value the sum of the Accumulated Value in each Variable Account.
- Fixed Account Value the value allocated to the Fixed Options.
- Loan Account Value is equal to the Loan Account plus any interest credited which will accrue daily.

The Accumulated Value in the Fixed and Variable Options is made up of the following:

- Net Premiums that you allocate
- · Policy Charges that we deduct
- Withdrawals that you request
- Loans that you request and that become part of the Loan Account
- Earnings on the Accounts.

Your Policy's Accumulated Value is the total amount allocated to the Variable Investment Options and the Fixed Options, plus the amount in the Loan Account. Please see the **WITHDRAWALS**, **SURRENDERS AND LOANS – Taking Out a Loan** section in this prospectus for information about loans and the Loan Account.

The Variable Account Value is the sum of the value allocated to each of the Variable Accounts. For each Variable Account, we determine the value allocated to the Variable Investment Options on any Business Day by multiplying the number of accumulation units for each Variable Investment Option credited to your Policy on that day, by the Variable Investment Option's unit value at the end of that day. The process we use to calculate unit values for the Variable Investment Options is described in the **YOUR INVESTMENT OPTIONS** section in this prospectus.

The Fixed Account Value is the sum of the value in the Fixed Account and Fixed LT Account. We credit interest to these Accounts on a daily basis, at a rate not less than the guaranteed minimum of 2.00%. Please see the **YOUR INVESTMENT OPTIONS – Fixed Options** section in this prospectus for further details.

When you request a Policy Loan, an equivalent amount of money is processed as an Account Deduction and added to the Loan Account. Please see the WITHDRAWALS, SURRENDERS AND LOANS – Taking Out a Loan section in this prospectus for information about loans and the Loan Account.

# **Policy Charges**

We take various charges from your Policy's Accumulated Value to compensate us for the cost of the Policy benefits and for maintaining your Policy:

- 1. Monthly Deductions
- 2. Transaction Fees
- 3. Loan Interest Charged against the Loan Account

Guaranteed maximum fees are shown in the FEE TABLES section in this prospectus.

All Policy charges assessed under the policy will reduce the Accumulated Value as an Account Deduction.

We offer different underwriting methods such as guaranteed issue, simplified issue, or regular issue. If guaranteed issue or simplified issue is used, the cost of insurance rates are generally higher than if the Policy were issued through regular underwriting. As a result, a healthy individual who uses guaranteed or simplified issue may pay higher cost of insurance rates than if the healthy individual used regular issue for the Policy. See the **MORE ON POLICY CHARGES – Underwriting Methods and Nonstandard Ratings** section in the Statement of Additional Information for additional information on underwriting.

### **Monthly Deductions**

We deduct a monthly charge from your Policy's Accumulated Value on each Monthly Payment Date until the Monthly Deduction End Date. If there is not enough Accumulated Value less Policy Debt to pay the monthly charge, your Policy could lapse. For more information, see the *Lapsing and Reinstatement* section below.

The Monthly Deduction is made up of five charges:

- 1. Cost of insurance charge
- 2. Administrative charge
- 3. Coverage charge
- 4. Charges for optional Riders and benefits
- 5. asset charge

Your Policy and any Riders will provide a list of all guaranteed Policy charges as shown in the **FEE TABLES** section in this prospectus. For any given charge, we may charge less than these amounts, but we will never charge more than these guaranteed amounts. Any lesser charge will apply uniformly to all members of the same Class.

We may profit from Policy charges and may use these profits for any lawful purpose such as the payment of distribution and administrative expenses.

There are no Monthly Deductions after the Monthly Deduction End Date.

### Cost of Insurance Charge

This Cost of Insurance Charge is for providing you with life insurance protection. It is based upon the *cost of insurance rates* of each Coverage Layer and a Net Amount At Risk. The current charge range is \$0.01-\$83.34 per \$1,000 of Net Amount At Risk.

The Net Amount At Risk used for calculating cost of insurance charges is determined on the Monthly Payment Date as:

- The Death Benefit under the policy divided by the Net Amount At Risk Factor of 1.0008295
- Less the Accumulated Value

If your policy has multiple Coverage Layers, the Net Amount at Risk is proportional to each Coverage Layer based upon the Face Amount of the Coverage Layer.

There are maximum or guaranteed cost of insurance rates associated with each Coverage Layer. These rates are shown in your Policy Specifications or in any Supplemental Schedule of Coverage that we provide.

The guaranteed rates include the insurance risks associated with insuring one person. They are calculated using 2017 Commissioners Standard Ordinary Mortality Tables. The cost of insurance rates take into consideration the Age and sex of the Insured unless unisex rates are required. Unisex rates are used when required by the state in which the Policy is issued and when the Policy is owned by an employer in connection with employment-related or benefit programs.

#### How we calculate cost of insurance

We calculate cost of insurance by multiplying the current cost of insurance rate by a Net Amount At Risk at the beginning of each Policy month.

The Net Amount At Risk used in the cost of insurance calculation is the difference between a discounted Death Benefit that would be payable if the Insured died and the Accumulated Value of your Policy at the beginning of the Policy month before the monthly charge is due.

First, we calculate the total Net Amount At Risk for your Policy in two steps:

- Step 1: we divide the Death Benefit that would be payable at the beginning of the Policy month by 1.0008295.
- Step 2: we subtract your Policy's Accumulated Value at the beginning of the Policy month from the amount we calculated in Step 1.

Next, we allocate the Net Amount At Risk in proportion to the Face Amount of all Coverage Layers, and each increase that's In Force as of your Monthly Payment Date.

We then multiply the amount of each allocated Net Amount At Risk by the cost of insurance rate for each Coverage Layer. The sum of these amounts is your cost of insurance charge.

Premiums, Net Premiums, Policy fees and charges, withdrawals, investment performance and fees and expenses of the underlying Funds may affect your Net Amount At Risk, depending on the Death Benefit Option you choose or if your Death Benefit under the Policy is the Minimum Death

Benefit.

#### Administrative charge

Currently, we deduct a charge not to exceed \$10 a month to help cover the costs of administering and maintaining our Policies. We guarantee that this charge will not increase.

#### Coverage charge

We deduct a Coverage charge every month to help cover the costs of distributing our Policies.

Each Coverage Layer on the Insured in the Policy has its own Coverage charge. The total amount of Coverage charges deducted monthly is the sum of the Coverage charges calculated for each Coverage Layer in effect.

The Coverage charge for each Coverage Layer is calculated based on the Face Amount, Insured's Age and Risk Class, and Death Benefit Option on the Coverage Layer effective date.

Your Policy Specifications and any Supplemental Schedule of Coverage provide the Policy's guaranteed Coverage charges. We may charge less than our guaranteed rate. The current Coverage Charge is \$24.50 per Policy plus \$0.0870-\$4.8278 per \$1,000 of Basic Life Coverage Layer, multiplied by a Coverage Charge factor of 0% to 100%.

### A hypothetical example:

For a policy that has a Policy Face Amount of \$350,000, a Death Benefit Option A Coverage charge rate of 0.8813, a Death Benefit Option B Coverage Charge rate of 2.1618, and a per Policy Charge Coverage charge of \$24.50:

The guaranteed monthly Coverage charge in year one is:

- Under Death Benefit Option A, is  $$332.96 ((\$350,000 \div 1,000) \times 0.8813) + 24.50$
- Under Death Benefit Option B, is \$781.13 ((\$350,000 ÷ 1,000) x 2.1618) + 24.50

Here is an example of the current monthly charge using the numbers above and using a Coverage Charge factor of 90% (0.90):

- Under Death Benefit Option A, is \$299.66 [(( $\$350,000 \div 1,000$ ) x 0.8813) + 24.50] x 0.90
- Under Death Benefit Option B, is \$703.02 [((\$350,000 ÷ 1,000) x 2.1618) + 24.50] x 0.90

### Charges for optional riders

If you add any Riders to your Policy, we add any charges for them to your monthly charge. The current charges are discussed for each Rider, where applicable, in the **OPTIONAL RIDERS AND BENEFITS** section in this prospectus

#### Asset charge

The asset charge is deducted monthly and is assessed against the Policy's unloaned Accumulated Value. The current charge is 0.25% annually (0.0208% monthly) of unloaned Accumulated Value in years 1-20 and 0.15% annually (0.0125% monthly) in years 21+. The charge is guaranteed not to exceed 0.60% annually (0.05% monthly) of unloaned Accumulated Value.

### An example

Assume a Policy with an Accumulated Value of \$250,000, a Loan Account of \$25,000, and thus an unloaned Accumulated Value of \$225,000. The maximum monthly asset charge is: \$225,000 x 0.05% = \$112.50

#### **Transaction Fees**

#### Withdrawal Charge

Under the Policy, there is a \$25 withdrawal charge for each partial withdrawal of Accumulated Value (including any withdrawal under the Automated Income Program). Currently, we are not imposing this charge.

#### Excess Transfer Charge

Under the Policy, there is a \$25 transfer charge for each transfer in excess of 12 transfers per Policy year. Currently, we are not imposing this charge.

#### Evaluation of Insurability

Under the Policy, there is a \$100 fee upon each non-scheduled request to increase the Basic Face Amount. Currently, we are not imposing this charge.

#### Illustration Request

Under the Policy, you can request one Policy Illustration each Policy year free of charge. After that there is a \$25 per request fee for each Illustration. Currently, we are not imposing this charge.

### Face Amount Increase

Under the Policy, there is a \$100 fee upon effective date of requested Face Amount increase. Currently, we are not imposing this charge.

#### Premium Load

Current fee information about premium loads (basic, surplus, internal) can be found in the HOW PREMIUMS WORK - Deductions From Your Premiums section in this prospectus and for surrender charges, see the WITHDRAWALS, SURRENDERS AND LOANS - Surrendering Your Policy section in this prospectus.

### Terminal Illness Rider (Processing Charge)

Under the Rider, there is a \$100 processing fee to determine and distribute the benefit payment. Currently, we are not imposing this charge.

### **Loan Interest**

Currently, there is a loan interest charge of 2.25% for the amount you borrow. In addition to the loan interest charge, the amount used to secure the loan will be credited interest at a minimum amount of 2.00% to help offset the loan interest charge of 2.25%. Loan interest on the Loan Account and Policy Debt accrues daily and any loan interest on each Policy Anniversary will be added to the Loan Account. On each Policy Anniversary, we transfer the excess of the Policy Debt over Loan Account Value from the Investment Options to the Loan Account. If the Loan Account Value from the Investment Options to the Loan Account. If the Loan Account Value is greater than Policy Debt, then such excess is transferred from the Loan Account to the Variable Options or the Fixed Account on a proportionate basis according to your most recent Allocation Instructions.

### Fund Charges and Expenses

Each Fund pays advisory fees, any service and distribution (12b-1) fees, and other expenses. These fees and expenses are deducted from the assets of the Fund(s) and may vary from year to year. They are not fixed and are not part of the terms of your Policy. You will find more about Fund fees and expenses in each Fund's prospectus. If you choose a Variable Investment Option, these fees and expenses affect you indirectly because they reduce Fund returns. Each Fund is governed by its own Board of Trustees or Board of Directors.

#### **Lapsing and Reinstatement**

There is no guarantee that your Policy will not lapse even if you pay your planned premium. Your Policy will lapse if there is not enough Accumulated Value, after subtracting any Policy Debt, to cover the Monthly Deduction due on the day we make the deduction. This Policy offers riders that provide no-lapse protection for a certain period if rider conditions are met. See the Short-Term No-Lapse Guarantee Rider and the Flexible Duration No-Lapse Guarantee Rider in the **OTHER BENEFITS AVAILABLE UNDER THE POLICY** section in this prospectus.

Your Policy's Accumulated Value is affected by the following:

- Loans or withdrawals you make from your Policy
- Certain Rider benefits paid from your Policy
- Not making planned premium payments
- The performance of your Investment Options

• Charges under the Policy.

If your Policy's Accumulated Value less Policy Debt is less than the Monthly Deduction, your policy will enter its Grace Period. We deduct the amount available and send you, and anyone you have assigned your Policy to, a notice telling you the sufficient amount to pay to keep your Policy In Force. The minimum amount required to bring the Policy out of the Grace Period is equal to the Monthly Deduction due plus three times the Monthly Deduction that was due on the Monthly Payment Date when there was not enough Accumulated Value to pay the charge, plus any premium load. For more information regarding payment due to keep your Policy In Force, please contact our Life Insurance Division.

We will give you a *Grace Period* of 61 days from the date we send the notice to pay sufficient premium to keep your Policy In Force. Your Policy will remain In Force during the Grace Period. We may accept an amount that is less than the amount provided in the notice to keep the Policy In Force. If you receive a notice, speak with your life insurance producer or contact us directly if you have any questions.

If we do not receive your payment within the Grace Period, your Policy will lapse with no value. This means we will end your life insurance Coverage.

If we receive your payment within the Grace Period, we will allocate your Net Premium on the day it is received to the Investment Options you have chosen and deduct the monthly charge from your Investment Options as an Account Deduction at the next policy monthly payment date. A minimum of the Monthly Deduction due plus three times the Monthly Deduction due when the insufficiency occurred, plus any applicable premium load, must be paid.

If your Policy is in danger of lapsing and you have Policy Debt, you may find that making the minimum payment would cause the total premiums paid to exceed the maximum amount for your Policy's Face Amount under tax laws. In that situation, we will not accept the portion of your payment that would exceed the maximum amount. To stop your Policy from lapsing, you will have to repay a portion of your Policy Debt.

Remember to tell us if your payment is a premium payment. Otherwise, we will treat it as a loan repayment.

### How to avoid future lapsing

To stop your Policy from lapsing in the future, you may want to make larger or more frequent premium payments if tax laws permit it. Or if you have a Policy loan, you may want to repay a portion of it.

# Paying Death Benefit Proceeds during the Grace Period

If the Insured dies during the Grace Period, we will pay Death Benefit Proceeds to your Beneficiary. We will reduce the payment by any unpaid monthly charges and any Policy Debt.

#### Reinstating a lapsed Policy

If your Policy lapses, you have three years from the end of the Grace Period to apply for a reinstatement. We will consider your reinstatement request if you send us the following:

- A written application
- Evidence satisfactory to us that the Insured is still insurable in the same or similar Risk Class as when the Policy was issued
- A premium payment sufficient, after reduction by any premium load, to:
- Cover all unpaid Monthly Deductions and Policy loan interest that were due and unpaid during the Grace Period,
- Keep your Policy In Force for three months after the day your Policy is reinstated, and
- Cover any negative Accumulated Value if there was a Policy loan or other outstanding Policy Debt at the time of lapse.

We will reinstate your Policy as of the first Monthly Payment Date on or after the day we approve the reinstatement. We will allocate the Accumulated Value according to your most recent premium Allocation Instructions.

#### At reinstatement:

- The Accumulated Value upon reinstatement will equal the Accumulated Value at the date of lapse less the Policy Debt at the time of lapse. Any negative Accumulated Value will be due in addition to sufficient premium at the time of reinstatement.
- Surrender charges and Policy charges other than Cost of Insurance charges for Basic Life Coverage under this Policy will resume on their schedule as of the Monthly Payment Date when lapse occurred. For example, if you had an 8 year surrender charge period remaining for a coverage layer when the Policy lapsed, you will still have an 8 year surrender charge period for that coverage layer when your Policy is reinstated.
- Cost of Insurance Charges will be calculated using Cost of Insurance Rates that resume their original schedule as if lapse had never occurred, reflecting the Insured's Age at reinstatement and Policy duration measured from the original Policy Date.
- If there was a Policy loan at the time of lapse, we will not reinstate the loan.

After the reinstatement premium has been applied, regular Policy processing will occur for the period of time when coverage was provided during the Grace Period. There will be no Monthly Deduction and no interest credits between the time of lapse and reinstatement.

#### YOUR INVESTMENT OPTIONS

You can find a complete list of the Variable Investment Options available under this Policy in the **APPENDIX: FUNDS AVAILABLE UNDER THE POLICY** section in this prospectus

We put your Net Premium in our General Account and Separate Account. We own the assets in our accounts and allocate your Net Premiums, less any charges, to the Investment Options you have chosen. Amounts allocated to the Fixed Options are held in our General Account. Amounts allocated to the Variable Investment Options are held in our Separate Account. You will find information about when we allocate Net Premiums to your Investment Options in the **HOW PREMIUMS WORK** section in this prospectus.

You choose your initial Investment Options on your application. If you choose more than one Investment Option, you must tell us the dollar amount or percentage you want to allocate to each Investment Option. You can change your premium Allocation Instructions at any time.

You can change your premium Allocation Instructions by writing or sending a fax. If we have your completed telephone and electronic authorization on file, you can call us at (800) 347-7787 or submit a request electronically. Or you can ask your life insurance producer to contact us. You will find more information regarding telephone and electronic instructions in the **POLICY BASICS** section in this prospectus.

The Investment Options you choose, and how they perform, will affect your Policy's Accumulated Value and may affect the Death Benefit. Please review the Investment Options carefully. You may ask your life insurance producer to help you choose the right ones for your goals and tolerance for risk. Any financial firm or representative you engage to provide advice and/or make transfers for you is not acting on our behalf. We are not responsible for any investment decisions or allocations you make, recommendations such financial representatives make or any allocations or specific transfers they choose to make on your behalf. Some broker-dealers may not allow or may limit the amount you may allocate to certain Investment Options. Work with your life insurance producer to help you choose the right Investment Options for your investment goals and risk tolerance. Make sure you understand any costs you may pay directly and indirectly on your Investment Options because they will affect the value of your Policy.

Certain of the asset allocation Fund(s), including the Pacific Select Fund asset allocation portfolios, may use futures and options to reduce the Fund(s) equity exposure during periods when market indicators suggest high market volatility. This strategy is designed to reduce the risk of market losses from investing in equity securities. However, this strategy may result in periods of underperformance, including periods when specified benchmark indexes are appreciating but market volatility is high. As a result, your Accumulated Value may increase less than it would have without these defensive actions.

We are not responsible for the operation of the underlying Funds or any of their portfolios. We also are not responsible for ensuring that the underlying Funds and their portfolios comply with any laws that apply.

#### Calculating unit values

When you choose a Variable Investment Option, we credit your Policy with *accumulation units*. The number of units we credit equals the amount we have allocated divided by the unit value of the Variable Account. Similarly, the number of accumulation units in your Policy will be reduced when you make a transfer, withdrawal or loan from a Variable Investment Option, and when your monthly charges are deducted.

#### An example

You ask us to allocate \$6,000 to the Equity Index Investment Option on a Business Day. At the end of that day, the unit value of the Variable Account is \$15. We will credit your Policy with 400 units (\$6,000 divided by \$15).

The value of an accumulation unit is the basis for all financial transactions relating to the Variable Investment Options. The value of an accumulation unit is not the same as the value of a share in the underlying Fund. We calculate the unit value for each Variable Account once every Business Day, usually at or about 4:00 p.m. Eastern time.

Generally, for any transaction, we will use the next unit value calculated after we receive your Written Request. If we receive your Written Request before the time of the close of the New York Stock Exchange, which is usually 4:00 p.m. Eastern time, on a Business Day, we will use the unit value calculated as of the end of that Business Day. If we receive your request at or after the time of the close of the New York Stock Exchange on a Business Day, we will use the unit value calculated as of the end of the next Business Day. Unit values will not be calculated on days that the New York Stock Exchange, our Life Insurance Division, or an underlying Fund are closed which include weekends, New Year's Day, Martin Luther King Jr. Day, President's Day, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Juneteenth, Independence Day (July 4<sup>th</sup>), Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, and Christmas Day. An underlying fund may be closed when other federal holidays are observed such as Columbus Day and Veterans Day.

If a scheduled transaction falls on a day that is not a Business Day, we will process it as of the end of the next Business Day. For your monthly charge, we will use the unit value calculated on your Monthly Payment Date. If your Monthly Payment Date does not fall on a Business Day, we will use the unit value calculated as of the end of the next Business Day. For information about timing of transactions, see the **POLICY BASICS** section in this prospectus.

The unit value calculation is based on the following:

- The investment performance of the underlying Fund
- Any dividends or distributions paid by the underlying Fund
- Any charges for any taxes that are, or may become, associated with the operation of the Variable Account.

The unit value of a Variable Account will change with the value of its corresponding Fund. Changes in the unit value of a Variable Account will not change the number of accumulation units credited to your Policy. For unit values please go to <a href="https://www.pacificlife.com">www.pacificlife.com</a>.

### **Fixed Options**

You can also choose from two Fixed Options: the Fixed Account and the Fixed LT Account. The Fixed Account may earn a lower declared interest rate and has more flexible allocation rules than the Fixed LT Account. The Fixed LT Account may earn a higher declared interest rate but has stricter allocation rules than the Fixed Account. See the **YOUR INVESTMENT OPTIONS** – **Transferring Among Investment Options and Market-timing Restrictions** section in this prospectus for information on the allocation rules.

The Fixed Options provide a guaranteed minimum annual rate of interest. The amounts allocated to the Fixed Options are held in our General Account. For more information about the General Account, see the **ABOUT PACIFIC LIFE** section in this prospectus.

Here are some things you need to know about the Fixed Options:

- Accumulated Value allocated to the Fixed Options earns interest on a daily basis using a 365-day year. Our minimum annual interest rate is 1.00%.
- We may offer a higher annual interest rate on the Fixed Options. If we do, we will guarantee the higher rate until your next Policy Anniversary.
- There are no direct charges. Policy charges still apply. Although the Fixed Options provide a guaranteed minimum interest rate, as a General Account asset, any guarantee is backed by our claims paying ability.
- There are limitations on when and how much you can transfer from the Fixed Options. These limitations are described below, in the **YOUR INVESTMENT OPTIONS Transferring Among Investment Options** section of this prospectus. It may take several Policy Years to transfer your Accumulated Value out of the Fixed Options.
- We reserve the right to limit aggregate allocations to the Fixed Options during the most recent 12 months for all Pacific Life policies in which you have an ownership interest or to which payments are made by a single payor, to \$1,000,000. Any allocations in excess of these limits will be allocated to your other Investment Options according to your most recent Allocation Instructions. If we do not have Allocation Instructions that include other available Investment Options, we will contact you to obtain updated Allocation Instructions. We may increase the limits at any time at our sole discretion. To find out if higher limits are in effect, ask your life insurance producer or contact us. Also see the APPENDIX: STATE LAW VARIATIONS section of this prospectus.
- We have not registered the Fixed Options with the SEC. Disclosures regarding the Fixed Options, however, are subject to certain generally applicable provisions of the federal securities laws relating to the accuracy and completeness of statements made in the prospectus.

We may add, terminate, or suspend one or more of the Fixed Options at any time. We will notify you before any such changes occur

### **Transferring Among Investment Options and Market-timing Restrictions**

#### **Transfers**

You can transfer among your Investment Options any time during the life of your Policy without triggering any current income tax. If your state requires us to refund your premiums when you exercise your Free Look Right, you can make transfers and use transfer programs only after the Free Look Transfer Date. Your transfer of Accumulated Value on the Free Look Transfer Date does not count as a transfer for purpose of applying the limitations described in this section. You can make transfers by writing to us, by making a telephone or electronic transfer, or by signing up for one of our automatic transfer services. You will find more information about making telephone and electronic transfers in the **POLICY BASICS** section of this prospectus.

Transfers will normally be effective as of the end of the Business Day we receive your written, telephone or electronic request.

Here are some things you need to know about making transfers:

- Transfers are limited to 25 for each calendar year. Transfers to or from the Fixed Options will be counted towards the 25 allowed during each calendar year unless part of a transfer program (for example, the first year transfer service).
- Currently, we are not imposing the Excess Transfer Charge of \$25 per transfer in excess of 12 per Policy Year. We reserve the right to impose an Excess Transfer Charge in the future. We will provide prior notice to you before we begin assessing any fees for additional transfers.

- If you have used all 25 transfers available to you in a calendar year, you may no longer make transfers between the Investment Options until the start of the next calendar year. However, you may make 1 transfer of all or a portion of your Policy's Accumulated Value remaining in the Variable Investment Options into the Fidelity® VIP Government Money Market Variable Account prior to the start of the next calendar year.
- You may only make 2 transfers in any calendar month to or from each of the following Investment Options:

Fidelity® VIP Bond Index
Portfolio Initial Class

Fidelity® VIP International Index
Portfolio Initial Class

Fidelity® VIP Total Market
Index Portfolio Initial Class

For example, if you transfer from the Fidelity VIP Bond Index Portfolio Initial Class to the Fidelity VIP Total Market Index Portfolio Initial Class, that counts as one transfer for each Investment Option. Only one more transfer involving those two Investment Options can occur during the calendar month. If you later transfer from the Fidelity VIP Bond Index Portfolio Initial Class to the Pacific Select Fund ESG Diversified Portfolio Class P, that would be the second transfer in the calendar month involving the Fidelity VIP Bond Index Portfolio and that Investment Option is no longer available for the remainder of the calendar month. All other Investment Options listed above would still be available to transfer into or out of for the remainder of the calendar month.

• Additionally, only 2 transfers in any calendar month may involve the following Investment Option:

DFA VA International Small Vanguard VIF Bond Index

Portfolio Portolio

For example, if you transfer from the DFA VA International Small Portfolio to the Pacific Select Fund Hedged Equity Portfolio Class P, that counts as one transfer for the calendar month. If you later transfer from the DFA VA International Small Portfolio to the Vanguard VIF Mid-Cap Index Portfolio, that would be the second transfer for the calendar month and no more transfers will be allowed for any of the Investment Options listed above for the remainder of the calendar month.

- For the purpose of applying the limitations, multiple transfers that occur on the same day are considered 1 transfer. Transfers into the Loan Account, a transfer of Accumulated Value from the Loan Account into your Investment Options following a loan payment, transfers that occur as a result of the dollar cost averaging service, the portfolio rebalancing service, Fixed Option interest sweep service, approved corporate owned life insurance policy rebalancing programs, the first year transfer service or an approved asset allocation service are excluded from the transfer limitations. Also, allocations of premium payments are not subject to these limitations.
- Transfers to or from a Variable Investment Option cannot be made before the seventh calendar day following the last transfer to or from the same Variable Investment Option. If the seventh calendar day is not a Business Day, then a transfer may not occur until the next Business Day. The day of the last transfer is not considered a calendar day for purposes of meeting this requirement. For example, if you make a transfer into the Equity Index Variable Investment Option on Monday, you may not make any transfers to or from that Variable Investment Option before the following Monday. Transfers to or from the Fidelity® VIP Government Money Market Variable Account are excluded from this limitation.
- If you purchased the Premier Chronic Illness Rider, during a Benefit Year (as defined in the Premier Chronic Illness Rider section), transfers from the Fixed Options to the Variable Investment Options are not permitted.
- Can transfer 100% from the Fixed Account to the Fixed LT Account.
- Only one transfer into the Fixed LT Account is allowed during any 12-month period. There is no limit on the number of
  transfers into the Fixed Account other than the restriction that the total number of transfers cannot exceed 25 in a Calendar
  Year. Transfers to the Fixed Options may be limited based on aggregate allocation limits for how many policies you have an
  ownership interest in or are made by a single payor (see the YOUR INVESTMENT OPTIONS Fixed Options section in
  this prospectus).
- Currently, we are not imposing the following Fixed Account and Fixed LT Account transfer amount restrictions. We will amend this Prospectus if we impose this restriction in the future.
  - You may transfer from the Fixed Account to the Variable Investment Options the lesser of:
    - 100% of the value in the Fixed Account, or
    - The greater of:
      - \$5,000,
      - 25% of your Policy's Accumulated Value in the Fixed Account, or
      - The total amount transferred from the Fixed Account to the Variable Investment Options in the prior Policy year.

- You may transfer from the Fixed LT Account to the Variable Investment Options and/or the Fixed Account the greater of:
  - \$5,000,
  - 10% of the Accumulated Value in the Fixed LT Account, or
  - The total amount transferred from the Fixed LT Account to either the Fixed Account or the Variable Investment Options in the prior Policy year.
- We reserve the right, in our sole discretion, to waive the transfer restrictions on the Fixed Options. Please contact us or your life insurance producer to find out if a waiver is currently in effect.
- There is no minimum required value for the Investment Option you are transferring to or from.
- There is no minimum amount required if you are making transfers between Variable Investment Options.
- You cannot make a transfer if your Policy is in the Grace Period and is in danger of lapsing.
- We can restrict or suspend transfers.
- We will notify you or your representative if we refuse or delay your transfer request.
- We have the right to impose limits on transfer amounts, the value of the Investment Options you are transferring to or from, or impose further limits on the number and frequency of transfers you can make. Any policy we establish with regard to the exercise of any of these rights will be applied uniformly to all Policy Owners.

There are no exceptions to the above transfer limitations in the absence of an error by us, a substitution of Investment Options, reorganization of underlying Funds, or other extraordinary circumstances.

#### Market-timing restrictions

The Policy is not designed to serve as a vehicle for frequent trading in response to short-term fluctuations in the market. Accordingly, organizations or individuals that use market-timing investment strategies and make frequent transfers should not purchase the Policy. Such frequent trading can disrupt management of the underlying Funds and raise expenses. The transfer limitations set forth above are intended to reduce frequent trading. As required by SEC regulation (Rule 22c-2 of the 1940 Act), we entered into written agreements with each Fund or its principal underwriter that require us to provide to a Fund, upon Fund request, certain information about the trading activity of individual Contract Owners. The agreement requires us to execute any Fund instructions we receive that restrict or prohibit further purchases or transfers by specific Contract Owners who violate the frequent trading or market timing policies established by a Fund. The policies of a Fund may be more restrictive than our policies or the policies of other Funds. See the Fund prospectuses for additional information.

In addition, we monitor certain large transaction activity in an attempt to detect trading that may be disruptive to the Funds. In the event transfer activity is found to be disruptive, certain future subsequent transfers by such Policy Owners, or by a life insurance producer or other party acting on behalf of one or more Policy Owners, will require preclearance. Frequent trading and large transactions that are disruptive to Fund management can have an adverse effect on Fund performance and therefore your Policy's performance. Such trading may also cause dilution in the value of the Investment Options held by long-term Policy Owners. While these issues can occur in connection with any of the underlying Funds, Funds holding securities that are subject to market pricing inefficiencies are more susceptible to abuse. For example, Funds holding international securities may be more susceptible to time-zone arbitrage which seeks to take advantage of pricing discrepancies occurring between the time of the closing of the market on which the security is traded and the time of pricing of the Fund.

Our policies and procedures which limit the number and frequency of transfers and which may impose preclearance requirements on certain large transactions are applied uniformly to all Policy Owners, subject to the transfer restrictions outlined above. However, there is a risk that these policies and procedures will not detect all potentially disruptive activity or will otherwise prove ineffective in whole or in part. Further, we and our affiliates make available to our variable life insurance policy owners and variable annuity contract owners underlying Funds not affiliated with us. We are unable to monitor or restrict the trading activity with respect to shares of such Funds not sold in connection with our contracts. In the event the Board of Trustees/Directors of any underlying Fund imposes a redemption fee or trading (transfers) limitations, we will pass them on to you.

We reserve the right to restrict, in our sole discretion and without prior notice, transfers initiated by a market timing organization or individual or other party authorized to give transfer instructions on behalf of multiple Policy Owners. Such restrictions could include:

- Not accepting transfer instructions from a representative acting on behalf of more than one Policy Owner, and
- Not accepting preauthorized transfer forms from market timers or other entities acting on behalf of more than one Policy Owner at a time.

We further reserve the right to impose, without prior notice, restrictions on transfers that we determine, in our sole discretion, will disadvantage or potentially hurt the rights or interests of other policy owners.

#### **Transfer Services**

We may offer several services that allow you to make transfers of Accumulated Value or interest earnings from one Investment Option to another. Under the dollar cost averaging and portfolio rebalancing services, you can transfer among the Variable Investment Options. Under the first year transfer service, you can make transfers from the Fixed Account to the Fixed LT Account and the Variable Investment Options. Under the Fixed Option interest sweep service, you can transfer interest earnings from the Fixed Account or the Fixed LT Account to the Variable Investment Options.

We may restrict the number of transfer services in which you can participate at any time. We have the right to discontinue, modify or suspend any of these transfer services at any time.

Detailed information regarding each transfer service appears in the SAI.

### Dollar cost averaging

Our dollar cost averaging service allows you to make scheduled transfers of \$50 or more between Variable Investment Options. It does not allow you to make transfers to or from either of the Fixed Options. We process transfers as of the end of the Business Day on your Policy's monthly, quarterly, semi-annual or annual anniversary, depending on the interval you choose. You must have at least \$5,000 in a Variable Investment Option to start the service.

Since the value of accumulation units can change, more units are credited for a scheduled transfer when unit values are lower, and fewer units when unit values are higher. This allows you to average the cost of investments over time. By making allocations on a regularly scheduled basis, instead of on a lump sum basis, you may reduce exposure to market volatility. Investing this way does not guarantee profits or prevent losses.

We will not charge you for the dollar cost averaging service or for transfers made under this service, even if we decide to charge you in the future for transfers outside of the service, except if we have to by law.

#### Example

You instruct us to transfer \$12,000 of Accumulated Value from one Variable Investment Option to another Variable Investment Option that you select over a 12-month period. Each month, we will transfer \$1,000 based on the instructions provided.

### Portfolio rebalancing

As the value of the underlying portfolios changes, the value of the allocations to the Variable Investment Options will also change. The portfolio rebalancing service automatically transfers your Policy's Accumulated Value among the Variable Investment Options according to your original percentage allocations. We process transfers as of the end of the Business Day on your Policy's next quarterly, semi-annual or annual anniversary, depending on the interval you choose, unless you specify a different start date.

Because the portfolio rebalancing service matches your original percentage allocations, we may transfer money from an Investment Option with relatively higher returns to one with relatively lower returns.

We do not charge for the portfolio rebalancing service and we do not currently charge for transfers made under this service. If imposed, transfer fees could be substantial if total transfers scheduled under this service plus any unscheduled transfers you request exceed any applicable minimum guarantee of free transfers per Policy Year.

If at any time you move all or any portion of your Policy's Accumulated Value out of the Investment Options you selected at the time you enrolled in the portfolio rebalancing service, your enrollment will be cancelled. Once the portfolio rebalancing service is cancelled, you must wait 30 days before you can re-enroll.

#### Example

You allocate 25% of your Accumulated Value to four different Variable Investment Options (e.g. Variable Investment Option A, B, C and D) and instruct us to maintain that allocation every three months. You elect to have your Variable Investment Options rebalanced quarterly measured from the date your Policy was issued. Over the three-month period, the Accumulated Value in each of your Variable Investment Options will change due to market fluctuations. At the end of the three-month period, we will rebalance your values (buy and sell accumulation units) so that the Accumulated Value in each Variable Investment Option is back to 25% of the Accumulated Value.

#### First year transfer

Our first year transfer service allows you to make transfers from the Fixed Account to the Variable Investment Options or the Fixed LT Account during the Policy's first year. It does not allow you to transfer among Variable Investment Options. You enroll in the service when you apply for your Policy using the New Business Variable Life Optional Services form.

This service allows you to average the cost of investments over the first 12 months from the date your initial premium is applied to your Policy. Investing this way does not guarantee profits or prevent losses.

We do not charge for the first year transfer service and we do not currently charge for transfers made under this service. If imposed, transfer fees could be substantial if total transfers scheduled under this service plus any unscheduled transfers you request exceed any applicable minimum guarantee of free transfers per Policy Year.

#### Example

A Policy is issued and Accumulated Value is allocated to the Fixed Account with a request to use the first year transfer service. You choose the amount you want transferred each month for the first 12 months of the Policy. If you allocated \$20,000 to the Fixed Account and instructed us to transfer \$1,000 per month, we will transfer \$1,000 for 12 consecutive months. After the 12 months, the service will terminate.

#### Fixed Option interest sweep

The Fixed Option interest sweep service allows you to make scheduled transfers of the accumulated interest earnings from your Fixed Account or Fixed LT Account to the Variable Investment Options. At the time you complete the election form for the Fixed Option interest sweep service, you will select either the Fixed Account or the Fixed LT Account as the account from which you want to transfer interest earnings. You will also select the Variable Investment Options to which you wish to transfer the interest earnings. Interest earnings subject to transfer under the Fixed Option interest sweep service will begin to accrue on the Policy's first monthly anniversary following your enrollment in the service. Each transfer must be at least \$50. If the fixed account option you selected on the election form does not have interest earnings of at least \$50, the transfer will be held until the next scheduled transfer date when the interest earnings are at least \$50. Amounts transferred under the Fixed Option interest sweep service do not count against the Fixed Option transfer limitations or Investment Option transfer restrictions.

We do not charge for the Fixed Option interest sweep service and we do not currently charge for transfers made under this service. If imposed, transfer fees could be substantial if total transfers scheduled under this service plus any unscheduled transfers you request exceed any applicable minimum guarantee of free transfers per Policy Year.

#### WITHDRAWALS, SURRENDERS AND LOANS

You can take out all or part of your Policy's Accumulated Value while your Policy is In Force by making withdrawals or surrendering your Policy. You can take out a loan using your Policy as security. You can also use your Policy's loan and withdrawal features to supplement your income, for example, during retirement.

Making a withdrawal, taking out a loan or surrendering your Policy can change your Policy's tax status, generate taxable income, or make your Policy more susceptible to lapsing. Withdrawals and surrenders may have tax consequences, including a possible tax penalty if withdrawn before age 59½. Be sure to plan carefully before using these Policy benefits.

If you withdraw a larger amount than your investment in your Policy, or if your Policy is classified as a Modified Endowment Contract, your withdrawal may be considered taxable income.

For more information on the tax treatment of withdrawals or loans, or in the event you surrender your Policy, see the VARIABLE LIFE INSURANCE AND YOUR TAXES section in this prospectus.

### **Making Withdrawals**

You can withdraw part of your Policy's Accumulated Value starting on your Policy's first anniversary and until the Monthly Deduction End Date. Here's how it works:

- You must send us a Written Request that's signed by all owners.
- Each withdrawal must be at least \$200, and the Net Cash Surrender Value of your Policy after the withdrawal must be at least \$500.
- We will not accept your request to make a withdrawal if it will cause your Policy to become a Modified Endowment Contract, unless you have told us in writing that you want your Policy to become a Modified Endowment Contract.
- We may charge you \$25 for each withdrawal you make. (There is no charge currently imposed upon a withdrawal.)
- The Accumulated Value, Cash Surrender Value and Net Cash Surrender Value of your Policy will be reduced by the amount of each withdrawal. The withdrawal will be processed as an Account Deduction.
- If the Insured dies after you have sent a withdrawal request to us, but before we have made the withdrawal, we will deduct the amount of the withdrawal from any Death Benefit Proceeds owing.

#### How withdrawals affect your Policy's Death Benefit

Making a withdrawal will affect your Policy's Death Benefit in the following ways:

- If your Policy's Death Benefit does not equal the Minimum Death Benefit, the Death Benefit may decrease by the amount of your withdrawal.
- If your Policy's Death Benefit equals the Minimum Death Benefit, the Death Benefit may decrease by more than the amount of your withdrawal.

#### How withdrawals affect your Policy's Face Amount

If you have chosen Death Benefit Option B, making a withdrawal does not reduce your Policy's Total Face Amount.

If you have chosen Death Benefit Option A, then a withdrawal may reduce your Policy's Total Face Amount depending on the timing and withdrawal amount. During the first 15 Policy years, the first withdrawal of each Policy year will not reduce the Total Face Amount if the lesser of \$10,000 or 10% of the Net Cash Surrender Value was withdrawn. If you withdraw a larger amount, make additional withdrawals during the first 15 Policy years, or make any withdrawal beyond Policy year 15, the Total Face Amount will usually be reduced by the amount, if any, by which the Total Face Amount exceeds the result of the Death Benefit immediately before the withdrawal minus the amount of the withdrawal.

We reserve the right to refuse any withdrawal request that would reduce the Policy's Total Face Amount to less than \$1,000 after the withdrawal.

#### An example of a withdrawal in the first 15 Policy Years

For a Policy with a Total Face Amount of \$250,000 and a Net Cash Surrender Value of \$80,000, the Owner may withdraw the lesser of \$10,000 or  $88,000 (10\% \times \$80,000)$  without any reduction in Total Face Amount.

Example 1: Owner requests a withdrawal of \$6,000. There will be no reduction in Total Face Amount.

Example 2: Owner requests a withdrawal of \$10,000. The Total Face Amount reduction is the amount of the withdrawal, less the allowable withdrawal amount, or \$2,000 (\$10,000 - \$8,000 = \$2,000). The Total Face Amount following the withdrawal is \$248,000 (\$250,000 - \$2,000 = \$248,000).

#### **Taking Out a Loan**

You can borrow money from your Policy any time after the Free Look Transfer Date. The maximum amount available to borrow will be less than 100% of your Accumulated Value. The minimum amount you can borrow is \$200. See the **APPENDIX: STATE LAW VARIATIONS** section in this prospectus.

A loan is available based on the Accumulated Value allocated to any of the Investment Options. Taking out a loan will affect the growth of your Policy's Accumulated Value, and may affect the Death Benefit. When you borrow money from your Policy, we use your Policy's Accumulated Value as security. You pay interest on the amount you borrow and the Accumulated Value set aside to secure your loan also earns interest.

You may request a loan either by sending us a request in writing, over the telephone or electronically. You will find more information about requesting a loan by telephone or electronically in the **POLICY BASICS** section in this prospectus.

How it works when you take out a loan

- To secure the loan, we transfer an amount equal to the amount you are borrowing from your Accumulated Value in the Investment Options to the Loan Account. Unless instructed otherwise, we will make such transfers from the Fixed Options and the Variable Investment Options on a proportionate basis. We will transfer the loan from the Investment Options that make up your Policy's Accumulated Value to the Loan Account. The loan amount will be processed as an Account Deduction.
- Interest owing on the amount you have borrowed accrues daily at an annual rate of 2.25%. Interest that has accrued during the Policy Year is due on your Policy Anniversary.
- The amount in the Loan Account earns interest daily at an annual rate of at least 2.00%. On each Policy Anniversary, if the Policy Debt exceeds the Loan Account Value, then the excess is transferred from your Policy's Investment Options to the Loan Account on a proportionate basis to the Loan Account. If the Loan Account Value exceeds Policy Debt, then the excess will be transferred from the Loan Account to the Investment Options according to your most recent premium allocation instructions.
- We currently intend to credit interest on the amount in the Loan Account at an annual rate of 2.25% in Policy Year 6 and thereafter. We can decrease the rate credited if we believe the change is needed to ensure that your Policy loan is not treated as a taxable distribution under federal income tax laws, or under any applicable ruling, regulation, or court decision. We will not decrease the annual rate to less than 2.00% on the amount in the Loan Account.

### How much you can borrow

The maximum amount you may borrow on any date is equal to the Accumulated Value less:

- Three times the most recent Monthly Deduction that reduces the Accumulated Value under the Policy;
- Any surrender charge; and
- Any existing Policy Debt.

## An example of how much you can borrow

For a Policy in Policy Year 5 with:

- Accumulated Value of \$100,000
- Policy Debt of \$60,000
- A most recent monthly deduction of \$225
- A surrender charge of \$5,000 if the Policy was surrendered on the day the loan is taken.

The maximum amount you can borrow is 34,325.  $(100,000 - (3 \times 225) - 5,000 - 60,000)$ 

# Paying off your loan

You can pay off all or part of a loan any time while your Policy is In Force. Any payment received while there is a loan outstanding is first considered a loan repayment unless you instruct us that it is a premium payment. When a loan repayment is made within 21 days of a Policy Anniversary, the payment is first applied to reduce any interest outstanding and any remaining repayment balance is applied to principal. If a loan repayment is made outside of this 21 day period, the payment is allocated first to principal and then any additional amount is applied to loan interest. We reserve the right to first transfer repayments from the Loan Account to each Fixed Option up to the amount that was originally borrowed. Any excess over this amount will be transferred to the Variable Accounts relative to your most recent instructions. However, we will generally transfer any loan payments you make to your Investment Options according to your most recent Allocation Instructions, unless you instruct us otherwise.

You can make monthly loan payments using our Electronic Funds Transfer Plan. Please see the **HOW YOUR PREMIUMS WORK-Paying Your Premium-***Monthly Electronic Funds Transfer Plan* section in this prospectus for details.

#### What happens if you do not pay off your loan

If you do not pay off your loan, we will deduct the Policy Debt from one of the following:

• The Death Benefit Proceeds before we pay them to your Beneficiary

• The Cash Surrender Value if you surrender your Policy.

Taking out a loan, whether or not you repay it, will have a permanent effect on the value of your Policy. For example, while your Policy's Accumulated Value is held in the Loan Account, it will miss out on all earnings available in the Investment Options. The amount of interest you earn on the Loan Account may also be less than the amount of interest you would have earned from the Fixed Options. These could lower your Policy's Accumulated Value, which could reduce the amount of the Death Benefit.

When a loan is outstanding, the amount in the Loan Account is not available to help pay for any Policy charges. If, after deducting your Policy Debt, there is not enough Accumulated Value in your Policy to cover the Policy charges, your Policy could lapse. You may need to make additional premium payments or loan repayments to prevent your Policy from lapsing.

Your Policy Debt could result in taxable income if you surrender your Policy, if your Policy lapses, or if your Policy is a Modified Endowment Contract. You should talk to your tax advisor before taking out a loan under your Policy. See the **VARIABLE LIFE INSURANCE AND YOUR TAXES – Taxation of Distributions** section in this prospectus.

# Ways to Use Your Policy's Loan and Withdrawal Features

You can use your Policy's loan and withdrawal features to supplement your income, for example, during retirement. If you are interested in using your life insurance Policy to supplement your retirement income, please contact us for more information.

Setting up an income stream may not be suitable for all Policy Owners.

Here are some things you should consider when setting up an income stream:

- The rate of return you expect to earn on your Investment Options
- How long you would like to receive regular income
- The loan interest rate that you pay on the debt
- The amount of Accumulated Value you want to maintain in your Policy.

You can ask your life insurance producer for Illustrations showing how Policy charges may affect existing Accumulated Value and how future withdrawals and loans may affect the Accumulated Value and Death Benefit. You can also ask for accompanying charts and graphs that compare results from various retirement strategies.

#### Understanding the risks

Using your Policy to supplement your income does not change your rights or our obligations under the Policy. The terms for loans and withdrawals described in this prospectus remain the same. It is important to understand the risks that are involved in using your Policy's loan and withdrawal features. Use of these features may increase the chance of your Policy lapsing.

You should consult with your financial adviser and carefully consider how much you can withdraw and borrow from your Policy each year to set up your income stream.

### **Automated Income Option**

Our automated income option ("AIO") program allows you to make scheduled withdrawals or loans. Your Policy is eligible after the 7<sup>th</sup> Policy Anniversary. To begin the program, you must have a minimum Net Cash Surrender Value of \$50,000, and your Policy must not qualify as a Modified Endowment Contract. While the AIO program is in effect, no unscheduled loans or withdrawals are allowed.

You request participation in the AIO program and specify your AIO preferences by sending us an AIO Request Form. If you wish to do so, contact your life insurance producer for an AIO Request Form.

There is no fee to participate in the AIO program. The \$25 fee for withdrawals under the AIO program is currently waived.

Withdrawals and loans may reduce Policy values and benefits. They may also increase your risk of lapse.

Withdrawals and loans under the AIO program may result in tax liability. Please consult your tax advisor. For more information, see the VARIABLE LIFE INSURANCE AND YOUR TAXES section in this prospectus.

You may discontinue participation in the AIO program at any time by sending a Written Request to us.

Detailed information appears in the SAI.

# **Surrendering Your Policy**

You can surrender or cash in your Policy at any time it is In Force.

Here are some things you need to know about surrendering your Policy:

• You must send us your Policy and a Written Request.

- If a premium payment of over \$1,000 was received within 10 business days of the surrender request, the premium amount received may be withheld from the surrender proceeds until we obtain verification the payment cleared the bank. The amount withheld will be noted on our surrender confirmation letter and a separate letter will be provided when the remainder of the proceeds are disbursed.
- We will send you the Policy's Net Cash Surrender Value. Surrender proceeds will be paid in a single lump sum check. We may make other options available in addition to the single check option.
- Each Basic Coverage Layer has a 14-year surrender charge period.
- If you have a Basic Coverage layer on your Policy that's been In Force for less than 14 years, a surrender charge will apply if you surrender your Policy.
- The surrender charge for each Basic Coverage layer is based on the Face Amount of that Coverage Layer and the Age and Risk Class of the Insured, and the Death Benefit Option, on the date the Coverage Layer is effective. The Maximum Surrender Charge is the sum of the surrender charge on each Coverage Layer that has an associated surrender charge. If you increase your Policy's Face Amount, through a Basic Coverage increase, we will send you a Supplemental Schedule of Coverage that shows the surrender charge factors associated with the increase.

Your Policy has an initial Surrender Charge. The surrender charge decreases on each Monthly Payment Date by  $^1/_{12}$  of the Reduction Factor until the charge becomes \$0 after the End Year. The Initial Amount (the amount of the initial Surrender Charge), the Surrender Charge at the end of each Policy Year, the Reduction Factor (the amount by which the Surrender Charge is reduced) and the End Year (the last year in which a Surrender Charge is assessed) are shown in the Table of Surrender Charge Factors in your Policy Specifications.

#### Example

For a Policy that insures a male non-smoker, Age 55 at Policy issue, with a Policy Face Amount of \$100,000

Initial Amount = \$4,164.00

Reduction Factor = 0 (the surrender charge has a one-year level period)

End Year = 14

In Policy month 1, the Surrender Charge is: \$4,164.00 (\$4,164.00 – (0)

If there have been decreases in the Basic Coverage Layer Face Amount, including decreases due to withdrawals, the applicable Surrender Charge rate will not change for that Coverage Layer as a result of the decrease. The highest Surrender Charge rate described is the guaranteed maximum charge. We may charge less than such guaranteed maximum charge. Any lesser charge will apply uniformly to all members of the same Class.

In addition, any Coverage Layer representing an increase in Basic Life Coverage will have associated Surrender Charge rates and Reduction Factor which will be provided in a Supplemental Schedule of Coverage. The Surrender Charge rates for any such Coverage Layer will be effective as of the Coverage Layer Date and as of the beginning of each Coverage Year thereafter, and will decrease in the same manner as the initial Coverage Layer.

- There is no surrender charge on any Coverage Layer after 14 Policy years from the date the Coverage Layer is effective.
- We guarantee the Surrender Charge rates for any Coverage Layer will not increase.
- If you decrease the Face Amount, the decrease will not affect your Policy's Maximum Surrender Charge.

#### **Example:**

A male non-smoker, Age 55 is issued a policy with an initial Policy Face Amount of \$100,000. In month 70, there is an increase in basic life coverage of \$250,000, for a total policy face amount of \$350,000. The initial \$100,000 is Coverage Layer 1, and the \$250,000 is Coverage Layer 2.

In Policy month 1, the Surrender Charge is: \$4,164 (\$100,000 \* 0.041640 – (0))

Coverage Layer 1 Reduction Factor = 0 (the surrender charge has a one-year level period)

In Policy month 12, the Surrender Charge is: \$4,164 (\$100,000 \* 0.041640 – (0))

Coverage Layer 1 Reduction Factor = 0 (the surrender charge has a one-year level period)

In Policy month 70, the Surrender Charge is: \$13,220.10 ((\$100,000 \* 0.031224 - (9/12) \* (416.4) + \$250,000 \* 0.041640 - (0))

Coverage Layer 1 Reduction Factor = 416.4 (\$100,000 \* 0.031224 - \$100,000 \* 0.027060)

Coverage Layer 2 Reduction Factor = 0 (the surrender charge has a one-year level period)

The maximum guaranteed coverage charge on this policy is in month 70 and is \$13,220.10.

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR POLICY**

This section tells you some additional things you should know about your Policy.

### Paying the Death Benefit in the Case of Suicide

If the Insured, whether sane or insane, commits suicide within two years of the Policy Date, Death Benefit Proceeds will be the total of all premiums you have paid, less any Policy Debt, withdrawals, and any benefits paid under this Policy or any riders attached to this Policy. Also see the **APPENDIX: STATE LAW VARIATIONS** – PAYING THE DEATH BENEFIT IN THE CASE OF SUICIDE section in this prospectus.

If you reinstate your Policy and the Insured commits suicide, while sane or insane, within two years of the latest reinstatement date, the Death Benefit Proceeds will be the sum of the premiums paid, less any benefits paid under this Policy or Riders attached to this Policy, and less the sum of any Policy loans and withdrawals taken, since the latest reinstatement date.

If the Insured commits suicide, while sane or insane, after two years from the Policy Date but within two years of any increase in Total Face Amount or, if applicable, the latest reinstatement date after any such increase, the Death Benefit Proceeds will be limited by the following adjustments:

- 1) Any such increase in Total Face Amount will be excluded;
- 2) Refund of the portion of Monthly Deductions associated with any such increase will be included; and
- 3) Premium load associated with the portion of Monthly Deductions referred to in 2) above will be included.

#### Replacement of Life Insurance or Annuities

The term *replacement* has a special meaning in the life insurance industry. Before you make a decision to buy, we want you to understand what impact a replacement may have on your existing insurance policy.

A replacement occurs when you buy a new life insurance policy or annuity contract, and a policy or contract you already own has been or will be:

- Lapsed, forfeited, surrendered or partially surrendered, assigned to the replacing insurer, or otherwise terminated
- Converted to reduced paid-up insurance, continued as extended term insurance, or otherwise reduced in value by the use of nonforfeiture benefits or other policy values
- Amended to effect either a reduction in benefits or in the term for which coverage would otherwise remain in force or for which benefits would be paid
- Reissued with any reduction in cash value, or
- Pledged as collateral or subject to borrowing, whether in a single loan or under a schedule of borrowing over a period of time.

There are circumstances when replacing your existing life insurance policy or annuity contract can benefit you. As a general rule, however, replacement is not in your best interest. A replacement may affect your plan of insurance in the following ways:

- You will pay new acquisition costs;
- You may have to submit to new medical examinations;
- You may pay increased premiums because of the increased age or changed health of the Insured;
- Claims made in the early policy years may be contested;
- You may have to pay surrender charges and/or income taxes on your current policy or contract values;
- Your new policy or contract values may be subject to surrender charges; and
- If part of a financed purchase, your existing policy or contract values or Death Benefit may be reduced.

You should carefully compare the costs and benefits of your existing policy or contract with those of the new policy or contract to determine whether replacement is in your best interest.

#### **Errors on Your Application**

If the sex (does not apply if Policy issued as unisex) or birth date of the Insured is stated incorrectly on your application and it is discovered on or after the death of the Insured, the Death Benefit under your Policy will be the greater of the following:

- The Death Benefit based on a Net Amount At Risk adjusted by the ratio of the incorrect cost of insurance rate to the correct cost of insurance rate for the Insured's sex and Age, or
- The Minimum Death Benefit for the correct sex and birth date.

In addition, when a misstatement is discovered on a Policy that is In Force we will not recalculate the Accumulated Value, but we will use the correct sex and birth date of the Insured in calculating future Monthly Deductions.

## **Contesting the Validity of Your Policy**

We have the right to contest the validity of your Policy for two years from the Policy Date. Once your Policy has been In Force for two years from the Policy Date during the lifetime of the Insured, we generally lose the right to contest its validity.

We also have the right to contest the validity of a Policy that you reinstate for two years from the day that it was reinstated. Once your reinstated Policy has been In Force for two years from the reinstatement date during the lifetime of the Insured, we generally lose the right to contest its validity. During this period, we may contest your Policy only if there is a material misrepresentation on your application for reinstatement.

We have the right to contest the validity of an increase in the Face Amount of a Policy for two years from the day the increase becomes effective. Once the increased Face Amount has been In Force for two years during the lifetime of the Insured, we generally lose the right to contest its validity.

Regardless of the above, we can contest the validity of your Policy for failure to pay premiums at any time or if the Policy was procured by fraud. The Policy will terminate upon successful contest with respect to the Insured.

# **Assigning Your Policy as Collateral**

You may assign your Policy as collateral to secure a loan, mortgage, or other kind of debt. An assignment will take place only when we receive and record your signed Collateral Assignment Form. When recorded, the assignment will take effect as of the date the form was signed. Any rights created by the assignment will be subject to any payments made or actions taken by us before we record the change. We will not be responsible for the validity of any assignment. Please contact us for a Collateral Assignment Form if you would like to assign your Policy.

### Non-participating

This Policy will not share in any of our surplus earnings.

### **Policy Changes**

We reserve the right to make any change to the provisions of this Policy to comply with, or give you the benefit of, any federal or state statute, rule, or regulation, including but not limited to requirements for life insurance contracts under the Tax Code or of any state. We will provide you with a copy of any such change, and file such a change with the insurance supervisory official of the state in which this Policy is delivered, and any other applicable regulatory authority. You have the right to refuse any such change.

#### **Lost Policy**

If you lose your Policy, you may request a Certificate of Coverage free of charge. To request a Certificate of Coverage or a duplicate Policy, please contact us for a Certificate of Insurance/ Duplicate Policy Request Form.

#### **Audits of Premiums/Loans**

You may request us to run a report of premium payments you have made or loan transactions under your Policy.

#### **Risk Class Change**

If you have a change in Risk Class, such as a change in smoking status or health, you can request us to review your Risk Class. Changing your Risk Class may change the rates used for cost of insurance and may also change the rates on any Riders on your Policy which base charges on Risk Class.

#### **VARIABLE LIFE INSURANCE AND YOUR TAXES**

The tax consequences of owning a Policy or receiving proceeds from it may vary by jurisdiction and according to the circumstances of each Owner or Beneficiary.

The following is based on our understanding of the present federal income tax laws as they are currently interpreted by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). It is based on the Internal Revenue Code (the Tax Code) and does not cover any state or local tax laws. More detailed information appears in the SAI.

We do not know whether the current treatment of life insurance policies under current federal income tax or estate or gift tax laws will continue. We also do not know whether the current interpretations of the laws by the IRS or the courts will remain the same. Future legislation may adversely change the tax treatment of life insurance policies. This may affect the performance and underlying tax assumptions of this Policy, including any Riders. In some cases, these changes could result in a decrease in Policy values or lapse.

We do not make any guarantees about the tax status of your Policy, and you should not consider the discussion that follows to be tax advice. This is not a complete discussion of all federal income tax questions that may arise under a Policy. There are special rules that we do not include here that may apply in certain situations. Speak to a qualified tax advisor for complete information about federal, state and local taxes that may apply to you.

# The Policy as Life Insurance

Death benefits from a life insurance policy may generally be excluded from income under Section 101(a) of the Tax Code unless an interest in the policy was transferred for valuable consideration, including in a reportable policy sale, as defined in Section 101(a)(3)(B).

We believe that the Policy meets the statutory definition of life insurance for federal income tax purposes. That means it will receive the same tax advantages as a conventional fixed life insurance policy. The two main tax advantages are:

- In general, your Policy's Beneficiary will not be subject to federal income taxes when he or she receives the Death Benefit Proceeds unless the Policy was acquired through a sale by a previous Owner, or if the Death Benefit Proceeds are received in a series of installments.
- You will generally not be taxed on your Policy's Accumulated Value unless you receive a cash distribution by making a
  withdrawal, surrendering your Policy, or in some instances, taking a loan from your Policy or collaterally assigning the
  Accumulated Value.

### **Policy Features and Charges**

The tax laws defining life insurance do not cover all policy features. Your Policy may have features that could prevent it from qualifying as life insurance. For example, the tax laws have yet to fully address:

- Substandard risk policies
- Life insurance policies that continue coverage beyond Age 100, or other advanced ages.
- Certain features available to you, either in the policy or in an attached rider.

We intend to follow the safe harbor guidance provided by the IRS in Revenue Procedure 2010-28, 2010-10 I.R.B. 270 on the statutory definition of life insurance contracts that continue beyond age 100, however, the guidance did not address all issues that may impact a contract at these later ages. You should consult your tax advisor, as there may be tax consequences.

The Tax Code and tax regulations impose limitations on unreasonable mortality and expense charges for purposes of determining whether a policy qualifies as life insurance for federal tax purposes. We can change our mortality charges if we believe the changes are needed to ensure that your Policy qualifies as a life insurance contract.

### **Diversification Rules and Ownership of the Separate Account**

Your Policy will not qualify for the tax benefit of a life insurance contract unless, among other requirements, the Separate Account follows certain rules requiring diversification of investments underlying the Policy. Section 817(h) of the Tax Code and related Treasury Regulations describe the diversification rules.

For a variable life insurance policy to qualify for tax deferral, assets in the separate accounts supporting the policy must be considered to be owned by the insurance company and not by the policy owner. If a policy owner is treated as having control over the underlying assets, the policy owner will be taxed currently on income and gains from the account and in such a case of "investor control" the policy owner would not derive the tax benefits normally associated with variable life insurance.

For more information about diversification rules, please refer to the Pacific Select Fund prospectus. For more information regarding investor control, please refer to the policy SAI.

#### **Policy Exchanges**

If you exchange your Policy for another one that insures the same person, it generally will be treated as a tax-free exchange under Section 1035 of the Code and, if so, will not result in the recognition of gain or loss unless you no longer have a substantial family, business, or financial relationship with the insured. In that case, the exchange of the policy is considered a reportable policy sale that may result in current taxation of any gain in the policy at the time of the sale and also subject a portion of the death benefit to taxation. If the policy owner or the person insured by the policy is changed, the exchange will be treated as a taxable exchange.

### **Change of Ownership**

You may have taxable income if you transfer ownership of your Policy, sell your Policy, or change the ownership of it in any way. This may include the transfer or sale of any entity or business that owns a Policy. The determination of taxation upon a change of Ownership cannot be determined by Pacific Life. Please consult your tax advisor for advice on your specific situation.

### **Corporate or Employer Owners**

There are special tax issues for employer Owners:

- Section 101(j) of the Tax Code generally provides that Death Benefits paid in connection with certain life insurance policies involving an employer will be taxable income. Employer-involved policies issued or materially modified on or after August 18, 2006 may be subject to income tax liability on the Policy's Death Benefit unless certain requirements and conditions of Section 101(j) are met.
- Using your Policy to informally fund a promised deferred compensation benefit for executives may have special tax consequences.
- Corporate ownership of a Policy may affect your liability under the alternative minimum tax (Section 56 of the Tax Code) and the environmental tax (Section 59A of the Tax Code).
- Where a business is the Owner of the Policy, Section 264(f) of the Tax Code may disallow a portion of the entity's interest expense unless, at the time the Policy is issued, the Insured is an officer, director, employee, or 20% owner of the business. If the Policy is later exchanged for a new life insurance Policy, the Insured must meet this exception at the time the new Policy is issued.

Please consult your tax advisor for these and other special rules for employer-involved Policies.

#### Loans and corporate-owned policies

If you borrow money to buy or carry certain life insurance policies, tax law provisions may limit the deduction of interest. If the taxpayer is an entity that's a direct or indirect beneficiary of certain life insurance, endowment or annuity contracts, a portion of the entity's deductions for loan interest may be disallowed, even though this interest may relate to debt that's completely unrelated to the contract.

#### **Modified Endowment Contracts**

Section 7702A of the Tax Code defines a class of life insurance policies known as "Modified Endowment Contracts". If your Policy is a Modified Endowment Contract, any distributions you receive during the life of the Policy are treated less favorably than under non-MEC life insurance policies. Withdrawals, loans, pledges, assignments and the surrender of your Policy are all considered distributions and may be subject to tax on an income-first basis and a 10% penalty.

### When a Policy becomes a Modified Endowment Contract

A life insurance policy becomes a Modified Endowment Contract if, at any time during the first seven policy years, the sum of actual premiums paid exceeds the seven-pay limit. The seven-pay limit is the cumulative total of the level annual premiums (or seven-pay premiums) required to pay for the policy's future death and endowment benefits.

#### An Example

For a policy with seven-pay premiums of \$1,000 a year, the maximum premiums you could pay during the first seven years to avoid modified endowment treatment would be:

- \$1,000 in the first year
- \$2,000 through the first two years
- \$3,000 through the first three years, etc.

If there is a material change to your Policy, like a change in the Death Benefit, we may have to retest your Policy and restart the seven-pay premium period to determine whether the change has caused the Policy to become a Modified Endowment Contract.

#### **Taxation of Distributions**

Tax treatment of distributions from your Policy's Accumulated Value may be treated differently, depending upon whether your Policy is a Modified Endowment Contract.

# LIFE INSURANCE POLICY (non-Modified Endowment Contract)

#### MODIFIED ENDOWMENT CONTRACT

#### **Surrendering your Policy**

Proceeds are taxed to the extent they exceed the investment in the contract<sup>1</sup>.

Proceeds are taxed to the extent they exceed the investment in the contract. <sup>3</sup>

#### Making a withdrawal

If you make a withdrawal after your Policy has been In Force for 15 years, you will only be taxed on the amount you withdraw that exceeds the investment in the contract.

You will be taxed on the amount of the withdrawal that's considered income (i.e. gain)<sup>2</sup>.

Special rules apply if you make a withdrawal within the first 15 Policy Years. If there is a reduction in benefits and an applicable distribution of policy value in the prior two years, a portion of the distribution may be taxable.

#### Taking out a loan

You will not pay tax on the loan amount unless your Policy is surrendered, lapses or matures and you have not repaid your Policy Debt.

You will be taxed on the amount of the loan that's considered income, including all previously non-taxed gains.

All Modified Endowment Contracts issued to you in a calendar year by us or our affiliates are treated as a single contract when we calculate whether a distribution amount is subject to tax. In addition, an assignment of policy cash value may be treated as a distribution under the contract.

### 10% penalty tax on Modified Endowment Contracts

If any amount you receive from a Modified Endowment Contract is taxable, you may also have to pay a penalty tax equal to 10% of the taxable amount. A taxpayer will not have to pay the penalty tax if any of the following exceptions apply:

- You are at least 59½ years old
- You are receiving an amount because you have become disabled
- You are receiving an amount that's part of a series of substantially equal periodic payments, paid out at least annually. These payments may be made for your life or life expectancy or for the joint lives or joint life expectancies of you and your Beneficiaries.

### Distributions before a Policy becomes a Modified Endowment Contract

If your Policy fails the seven-pay test and becomes a Modified Endowment Contract, any amount you receive or are deemed to have received during the two years before it became a Modified Endowment Contract may be taxable. The distribution would be treated as having been made in anticipation of the Policy's failing to meet the seven-pay test.

#### **Federal Estate Taxes**

According to the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017, the federal estate tax exemption amount has been temporarily increased to \$10,000,000 per person (indexed for inflation effective for tax years after 2011); the maximum estate tax rate is 40%. For 2021, the indexed exemption amount is \$11,700,000. In 2026, the federal estate tax exemption amount is scheduled to revert to \$5,000,000 per person (indexed for inflation for years after 2011).

### **Optional Policy Benefits and Riders**

### Riders providing Accelerated Death Benefits

If you exercise a Rider that accelerates the Death Benefit under the Policy in connection with certain chronic or terminal illnesses, the amounts received under the Rider may qualify for favorable tax treatment under Section 101(g) of the Tax Code.

However, benefits under the Rider that are paid to someone other than a person insured by the Policy will be taxed if either Insured:

- Is a director, officer or employee of the person receiving the benefit, or
- Has a financial interest in a business of the person receiving the benefit.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The investment in the contract is generally the premiums you have paid plus any taxable distributions less any withdrawals or premiums previously recovered that were taxable.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Income (i.e. gain) is the difference between the Accumulated Value and the investment in the contract.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Distributions under Modified Endowment Contracts may be subject to an additional 10% penalty tax.

Payment of an accelerated death benefit will reduce the death benefit, associated cost of insurance charges, and other values under the Policy. Further, the premium limitations and death benefits required for the Policy to qualify as a life insurance policy or avoid being classified as a Modified Endowment Contract under the Tax Code will also be affected.

Benefits paid by accelerating the policy's death benefit may qualify for favorable tax treatment under Section 101(g) of the Tax Code. Tax treatment of an accelerated death benefit due to terminal illness depends on your life expectancy at the time benefits are accelerated.

Accelerated death benefit payments received due to a chronic illness may be taxable in certain situations, such as when benefit payments are made from multiple policies or when benefit amounts exceed certain IRS limitations (referred to as "per diem" limitations).

Pacific Life cannot determine the taxability of benefit payments. Tax laws relating to accelerated death benefits are complex. Receipt of accelerated death benefits may affect eligibility for public assistance programs such as Medicaid. Clients are advised to consult with qualified and independent legal and tax advisors for more information prior to receiving benefits.

#### Income payments from Net Cash Value or Death Benefit Proceeds

Your policy contains provisions that allow for all or a portion of the Net Cash Surrender Value or Death Benefit to be paid in a series of installments. In addition, certain policies may have Optional Riders that provide for installment benefits. These installments may be for a certain period of time, or may be payable based upon the life of one or more individuals.

Under the rules of Section 72 of the Tax Code, each payment made will be comprised of two portions: A portion representing a return of the investment in the contract, and the remainder representing interest. The Exclusion Ratio as defined in Section 72(b) is used to determine what amount of each payment is excluded from tax reporting.

The calculation of the Exclusion ratio is based upon these two policy values as of the date the amount of the installment payment is being determined:

- The portion of the Net Cash Surrender Value or Death Benefit Proceeds being applied to the installment benefit
- The investment in the contract

The portion of each payment that is treated as a return of the investment in the contract is equal to the Exclusion Ratio multiplied by the Payment Amount. For installments payments that are based upon the life of one or more individuals, once the investment in the contract has been depleted any subsequent payment(s) would be treated as a return of interest and thus fully taxable.

#### **ABOUT PACIFIC LIFE**

Pacific Life Insurance Company is a life insurance company domiciled in Nebraska. Along with our subsidiaries and affiliates, our operations include life insurance, annuity, institutional products, mutual funds, broker-dealer operations, and investment and advisory services.

Our executive office is at 700 Newport Center Drive, Newport Beach, California 92660.

#### **How Our Accounts Work**

We own the assets in our General Account and our Separate Account. We allocate your Net Premiums to these accounts according to the Investment Options you have chosen.

#### General Account

Our General Account includes all of our assets, except for those held in our separate accounts. We guarantee you an interest rate for up to one year on any amount allocated to the Fixed Options. The rate is reset annually. The Fixed Options are part of our General Account, which we may invest as we wish, according to any laws that apply. We will credit at least the guaranteed rate even if the investments we make earn less. Unlike the Separate Account, the General Account is subject to liabilities arising from any of our other business. Our obligations under the Policy which include the death benefit and other benefits provided under any rider, are paid from the General Account. Our ability to pay these guarantees is backed by our financial strength and claims paying ability as a company. You must look to the company's strength with regard to policy guarantees. We can provide you with reports of our ratings as an insurance company and our ability to pay claims with respect to our General Account assets.

The Fixed Options are not securities, so they do not fall under any securities act. However, other federal securities laws will apply to the accuracy and completeness of the disclosure about the Fixed Options.

#### Separate Account

Amounts allocated to the Variable Investment Options are held in our Separate Account. The assets in this account are kept separate from the assets in our General Account and our other separate accounts, and are protected from our general creditors. The assets of the Separate Account may not be used to pay any liabilities of the Company other than those arising from the Policies.

The Separate Account is divided into Variable Accounts. Each Variable Account invests in shares of a corresponding Fund. Information regarding the Funds available through the Separate Account, including the Fund name, investment objective, the investment adviser and any sub-adviser, current expenses, and performance is available in an appendix to this Prospectus. See the **APPENDIX: FUNDS AVAILABLE UNDER THE POLICY** section in this prospectus. Each Fund has issued a prospectus that contains more detailed information about each Fund, and may be found at www.PacificLife.com. We may add Variable Accounts that invest in other portfolios of these Funds or in other securities.

We are the legal owner of the assets in the Separate Account, and pay its operating expenses. We do not hold ourselves out to be trustees of the Separate Account assets. The Separate Account is operated only for our variable life insurance policies. Pacific Life is obligated to pay all amounts promised to Policy Owners under the terms of the Policy. We must keep assets in the Separate Account equal to the reserves and policy liabilities (i.e. amounts at least equal to the aggregate variable account value) sufficient to pay obligations under the insurance policies funded by the Separate Account and may only transfer to the General Account assets of the Separate Account which exceed such reserves and Policy liabilities. Some of the money in the Separate Account may include charges we collect from the account and any investment results on those charges.

Income, gains, and losses credited to, or charged against, the Separate Account reflect the Separate Account's own investment experience and not the investment experience of our other assets.

Similarly, the income, gains or losses, realized or unrealized, of the assets of any Variable Account belong to that Variable Account and are credited to or charged against the assets held in that Variable Account without regard to our other income, gains or losses.

### Making changes to the Separate Account

We can add, change or remove any Fund that the Separate Account or any Variable Account holds or buys.

We can substitute shares of one Fund with shares of another Fund if:

- Any Fund is no longer available for investment; or
- Our management believes that a Fund is no longer appropriate in view of the purposes of the Policy.

We will give you any required notice or receive any required approval from Policy Owners or the SEC before we substitute any shares. We will comply with the filing or other procedures established by insurance regulators as required by law.

We can add new Variable Accounts, which may include additional subaccounts of the Separate Account, to serve as Investment Options under the Policies. These may be managed separate accounts or they may invest in a new Fund, or in shares of another investment company or one of its portfolios, or in a suitable investment vehicle with a specified investment objective.

We can add new Variable Accounts when we believe that it is warranted by marketing needs or investment conditions. We will decide on what basis we will make new Variable Accounts available to existing Policy Owners.

We can also cease offering any of our Variable Accounts if we believe marketing, tax, or investment conditions warrant it. If we cease offering any Variable Account, we will provide any required notice or receive any required approval from Policy Owners or the SEC, as applicable.

If we make any changes to Variable Accounts or substitution of Funds, we can make appropriate changes to this Policy or any of our other policies, by appropriate endorsement, to reflect the change or substitution.

If we believe it is in the best interests of people holding voting rights under the Policies and we meet any required regulatory approvals we can do the following:

- Operate the Separate Account as a management investment company, unit investment trust, or any other form permitted under securities or other laws
- Register or deregister the Separate Account under securities law
- Combine the Separate Account with one of our other separate accounts or our affiliates' separate accounts
- Combine one or more Variable Accounts
- Create a committee, board or other group to manage the Separate Account
- Change the classification of any Variable Account.

#### Taxes we pay

We may be charged for state and local taxes. Currently, we pay these taxes because they are small amounts with respect to the Policy. If these taxes increase significantly, we may deduct them from the Separate Account.

We may charge the Separate Account for any federal, state and local taxes that apply to the Separate Account or to our operations. This could happen if our tax status or the tax treatment of variable life insurance changes.

#### **Voting Rights**

We are the legal owner of the shares of the Funds that are held by the Variable Accounts. We may vote on any matter at shareholder meetings of the Funds. However, we are required by law to vote as you instruct on the shares relating to your allocation in a Variable Investment Option. This is called your *voting interest*.

Your voting interest is calculated as of a day set by the Board of Trustees or Board of Directors of a Fund, called the *record date*. Your voting interest equals the Accumulated Value in a Variable Investment Option divided by the net asset value of a share of the corresponding Fund. Fractional shares are included. If allowed by law, we may change how we calculate your voting interest.

We will send you documents from the Fund called *proxy materials*. They include information about the items you will be voting on and forms for you to give us your instructions. We will vote shares held in the Separate Account for which we do not receive voting instructions in the same proportion as all other shares in the Fund held by the Separate Account for which we have received timely instructions. If we do not receive any voting instructions for the shares in a separate account, we will vote the shares in the same proportion as the total votes for all of our separate accounts for which we have received timely instructions. As a result of proportional voting, the votes cast by a small number of policy owners may determine the outcome of a vote.

We will vote shares of any Fund we hold in our General Account in the same proportion as the total votes for all of our separate accounts, including this Separate Account. We will vote shares of any Fund held by any of our non-insurance affiliates in the same proportion as the total votes for all of our separate accounts and those of our insurance affiliates.

If the law changes to allow it, we can vote as we wish on shares of the Fund(s) held in the Separate Account.

When required by state insurance regulatory authorities, we may disregard voting instructions that:

- Would change a Fund's investment objective or subclassification
- Would approve or disapprove an investment advisory contract.

We may disregard voting instructions on a change initiated by Policy Owners that would change a Fund's investment policy, investment adviser or Fund manager if:

- Our disapproval is reasonable
- We determine in good faith that the change would be against state law or otherwise be inappropriate, considering the Fund's objectives and purpose, and considering what effect the change would have on us.

If we disregard any voting instructions, we will include a summary of the action we took and our reasons for it in the next report to Policy Owners.

#### **Distribution Arrangements**

Pacific Select Distributors, LLC ("PSD"), a broker-dealer and our subsidiary, pays various forms of sales compensation to broker-dealers (including other affiliates) that solicit applications for the Policies. PSD also may reimburse other expenses associated with the promotion and solicitation of applications for the Policies.

We offer the Policies for sale through broker-dealers that have entered into selling agreements with PSD. Broker-dealers sell the Policies through their life insurance producers who have been appointed by us to sell our products. PSD pays compensation to broker-dealers for the promotion and sale of the Policies. The individual life insurance producer who sells you a Policy typically will receive a portion of the compensation, under the representative's own arrangement with his or her broker-dealer.

Commissions are based on "target" premiums we determine. The commissions we pay vary with the agreement, but the most common schedule of commissions we pay is:

- 100% of premiums paid up to the first target premium
- 2% of premiums paid thereafter

A target premium is a hypothetical premium that is used only to calculate commissions. It varies with the Death Benefit Option you choose, the Age of the Insured on the Policy Date, and the sex (unless unisex rates are required) and Risk Class of the Insured. A Policy's target premium is generally derived relative to the seven-pay premium at issue. Before you buy a Policy, you can ask us or your life insurance producer for a personalized Illustration that shows you the seven-pay premium.

Your life insurance producer typically receives a portion of the compensation that is payable to his or her broker-dealer in connection with the Policy, depending on the agreement between your life insurance producer and his or her firm. Pacific Life is not involved in determining that compensation arrangement, which may present its own incentives or conflicts. You may ask your life insurance producer how he/she will personally be compensated for the transaction.

PSD or an affiliate may pay broker-dealers an annual renewal commission of up to 0.10% of a Policy's Accumulated Value less any Policy Debt, or starting on the 7th Policy Anniversary, an annual target premium renewal commission of up to 2%. We calculate the renewal amount monthly and it becomes payable on each Policy Anniversary.

In addition to the commissions described above, we and/or an affiliate may pay additional cash compensation from their own resources in connection with the promotion and solicitation of applications for the Policies by some, but not all, broker-dealers. The range of additional cash compensation based on premium payments usually ranges from 0% to 45% of premiums paid up to the first target premium, but generally does not exceed 1.50% of commissions paid on premium thereafter. Such additional compensation may give Pacific Life greater access to life insurance producers of the broker-dealers that receive such compensation. While this greater access provides the opportunity for training and other educational programs so that your life insurance producer may serve you better, this additional compensation also may afford Pacific Life a "preferred" status at the recipient broker-dealer and provide some other marketing benefit such as website placement, access to life insurance producer lists, extra marketing assistance, or other heightened visibility and access to the broker-dealer's sales force that otherwise influences the way that the broker-dealer and the life insurance producer market the Policies.

We may also provide compensation to broker-dealers for providing ongoing service in relation to Policies that have already been purchased.

### Additional Compensation and Revenue Sharing

To the extent permitted by SEC and FINRA rules and other applicable laws and regulations, selling broker dealers may receive additional payments in the form of cash, other special compensation or reimbursement of expenses, sometimes called "revenue sharing". These additional compensation or reimbursement arrangements may include, for example, payments in connection with the firm's "due diligence" examination of the Policies, payments for providing conferences or seminars, sales or training programs for invited life insurance producers and other employees, payments for travel expenses, including lodging, incurred by life insurance producers and other employees for such seminars or training programs, seminars for the public, advertising and sales campaigns regarding the Policies, and payments to assist a firm in connection with its administrative systems, operations and marketing expenses and/or other events or activities sponsored by the firms. Subject to applicable FINRA rules and other applicable laws and regulations, PSD and its affiliates may contribute to, as well as sponsor, various educational programs, or promotions in which participating firms and their sales persons may receive prizes such as merchandise, cash, or other awards. Such additional compensation may give us greater access to life insurance producers of the broker-dealers that receive such compensation or may otherwise influence the way that a broker-dealer and life insurance producer market the Policies.

These arrangements may not be applicable to all firms, and the terms of such arrangements may differ between firms. We provide additional information on special compensation or reimbursement arrangements involving selling firms and other financial institutions in the SAI, which is available upon request. Any such compensation, which may be significant at times, will not result in any additional direct charge to you by us.

The compensation and other benefits provided by PSD or its affiliates, may be more or less than the overall compensation on similar or other products. This may influence your life insurance producer or broker-dealer to present this Policy over other investment

vehicles available in the marketplace. You may ask your life insurance producer about these differing and divergent interests, how he/she is personally compensated and how his/her broker-dealer is compensated for soliciting applications for the Policy.

We may agree to waive or reduce some or all of such charges and/or credit additional amounts under our Policies, for those Policies sold to persons who meet criteria established by us, who may include current and retired officers, directors and employees of us and our affiliates, trustees of the Pacific Select Fund, life insurance producers and employees of broker/dealers with a current selling agreement with us and their affiliates, and immediate family members of such persons ("Eligible Persons"). We will credit additional amounts to Policies owned by Eligible Persons. If such Policies are purchased directly through Pacific Select Distributors, LLC (PSD), Eligible Persons will not be afforded the benefit of services of any other broker/dealer and will bear the responsibility of determining whether a variable life insurance Policy, optional benefits and underlying Investment Options are appropriate, taking into consideration age, income, net worth, tax status, insurance needs, financial objectives, investment goals, liquidity needs, time horizon, risk tolerance and other relevant information. In addition, Eligible Persons who purchased their Policy through PSD, must contact us directly with servicing questions, Policy changes and other matters relating to their Policies.

The amount credited to Policies owned by Eligible Persons will equal the reduction in expenses we enjoy by not incurring brokerage commissions in selling such Policies, with the determination of the expense reduction and of such crediting being made in accordance with our administrative procedures. These credits will be added to an eligible persons Policy after the Free Look Transfer Date has occurred, or, if premiums are paid using the monthly Electronic Funds Transfer plan, on the first Policy Anniversary.

Fund managers of the underlying Funds available under this Policy may help pay for conferences or meetings sponsored by us or PSD relating to management of the Funds and our variable life insurance products.

Please refer to the SAI for additional information on distribution arrangements and the conflicts of interest that they may present.

### **State Regulation**

On September 1, 2005, Pacific Life redomesticated to Nebraska. We are subject to the laws of the state of Nebraska governing insurance companies and to regulations issued by the Commissioner of Insurance of Nebraska. In addition, we are subject to the insurance laws and regulations of the other states and jurisdictions in which we are licensed or may become licensed to operate.

An annual statement in a prescribed form must be filed with the Commissioner of Insurance of Nebraska and with regulatory authorities of other states on or before March 1<sup>st</sup> in each year. This statement covers our operations for the preceding year and our financial condition as of December 31<sup>st</sup> of that year. Our affairs are subject to review and examination at any time by the Commissioner of Insurance or his agents, and subject to full examination of our operations at periodic intervals.

### **Legal Proceedings and Legal Matters**

In the ordinary course of business, we, like other insurance companies, are subject to various legal proceedings (including class actions). It is not possible to predict with certainty the ultimate outcome of any pending legal proceeding, however, at the present time, we believe that we, the Separate Account, and PSD are not involved in any legal proceeding that would have a material adverse effect on the Separate Account, the ability of PSD to perform its duties as distributor, or on our ability to meet our obligations under the Policy.

### **Financial Statements**

Pacific Life's financial statements and the financial statements of Pacific Select Exec Separate Account are contained in the Statement of Additional Information.

#### **APPENDIX: FUNDS AVAILABLE UNDER THE POLICY**

The following is a list of Funds available under the Policy. More information about the Funds is available in the prospectuses for the Funds, which may be amended from time to time. You can also request this information at no cost by calling (800) 347-7787 or by sending an email request to PolicyService@PacificLife.com. Depending on the optional benefits you choose, you may not be able to invest in certain Funds. See the **Allowable Investment Options** section after the Fund table below.

The current expenses and performance information below reflects fee and expenses of the Funds, but do not reflect the other fees and expenses that your Policy may charge. Expenses would be higher and performance would lower if these other charges were included. Each Fund's past performance is not necessarily an indication of future performance.

Investment Objective	Fund; Advisor (Subadvisor)	Current	8		Returns
		Expenses			)
			1 Year	5 Year	10 Year
Seeks to achieve long-term capital appreciation.	<b>DFA VA International Small Portfolio</b> ; Dimensional Fund Advisors LP	0.40%	-17.64%	0.52%	6.02%
Seeks to achieve a stable real return in excess of the rate of inflation with a minimum of risk.	DFA VA Short-Term Fixed Portfolio; Dimensional Fund Advisors LP	0.12%	-1.16%	0.70%	0.58%
Seeks to provide investment results that correspond to the aggregate price and interest performance of the debt securities in the Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index.	Fidelity® VIP Bond Index Portfolio Initial Class; Fidelity Management & Research Company LLC	0.14%	-13.19%	N/A	N/A
Seeks as high a level of current income as is consistent with preservation of capital and liquidity.	Fidelity® VIP Government Money Market Portfolio Service Class; Fidelity Management & Research Company LLC	0.34%	1.36%	1.02%	0.58%
Seeks to provide investment results that correspond to the total return of foreign developed and emerging stock markets.	Fidelity® VIP International Index Portfolio Initial Class; Fidelity Management & Research Company LLC	0.17%	-16.02%	N/A	N/A
Seeks to provide investment results that correspond to the total return of a broad range of U.S. stocks.	Fidelity® VIP Total Market Index Initial Class; Fidelity Management & Research Company LLC	0.12%	-19.22%	N/A%	N/A%
Seeks long-term growth of capital by investing primarily in securities of companies that meet the Fund's environmental, social and governance (ESG) criteria.	Neuberger Berman Sustainable Equity Portfolio Class I; Neuberger Berman Investment Advisers LLC	0.93%	-18.45%	7.40%	10.89%

Investment Objective	Fund; Advisor (Subadvisor)	Current Expenses	Average Annual Total Returns (as of 12/31/22)			
			1 Year	5 Year	10 Year	
Seeks investment results that correspond to the total return of common stocks that are publicly traded in the U.S.	Pacific Select Fund Equity Index Portfolio Class P; Pacific Life Fund Advisors LLC (BlackRock Investment Management, LLC)	0.08%	-18.15%	9.34%	12.46%	
Seeks long-term growth of capital and low to moderate income, while giving consideration to certain environmental, social, and governance ("ESG") criteria.	Pacific Select Fund ESG Diversified Portfolio Class P; Pacific Life Fund Advisors LLC	0.63%1	-16.43%	N/A	N/A	
Seeks long-term growth of capital and low to moderate income, while giving consideration to certain environmental, social, and governance ("ESG") criteria.	Pacific Select Fund ESG Diversified Growth Portfolio Class P; Pacific Life Fund Advisors LLC	0.60%1	-17.97	N/A	N/A	
Seeks a high level of current income.	Pacific Select Fund Floating Rate Income Portfolio Class P; Pacific Life Fund Advisors LLC (Aristotle Pacific Capital LLC)	0.72%	-1.35%	3.32%	3.42%	
Seeks to provide capital appreciation.	Pacific Select Fund Hedged Equity Portfolio Class P; Pacific Life Fund Advisors LLC (J. P. Morgan Investment Management Inc.)	0.70%1	-7.76%	N/A	N/A	
Seeks to maximize total return consistent with prudent investment management.	Pacific Select Fund Inflation Managed Portfolio Class P; Pacific Life Fund Advisors LLC (Pacific Investment Management Company LLC)	0.53%	-11.70%	2.19%	1.11%	
Seeks current income and moderate growth of capital.	Pacific Select Fund Pacific  Dynamix – Conservative  Growth Portfolio Class P;  Pacific Life Fund Advisors  LLC	0.39%1	-14.20%	N/A	N/A	
Seeks moderately high, long-term growth of capital with low, current income.	Pacific Select Fund Pacific  Dynamix – Growth Portfolio  Class P; Pacific Life Fund  Advisors LLC	0.39%1	-16.52%	N/A	N/A	

Investment Objective	Fund; Advisor (Subadvisor)	Current Expenses	Average Annual Total Returns (as of 12/31/22)		
			1 Year	5 Year	10 Year
Seeks long-term growth of capital and low to moderate income.	Pacific Select Fund Pacific Dynamix – Moderate Growth Portfolio Class P; Pacific Life Fund Advisors LLC	0.39%1	-15.52%	N/A	N/A
Seeks investment results that correspond to the total return of an index of small-capitalization companies.	Pacific Select Fund Small- Cap Index Portfolio Class P; Pacific Life Fund Advisors LLC (BlackRock Investment Management, LLC)	0.37%	-20.70%	3.73%	8.64%
Seeks to track the performance of a benchmark index that measures the investment return of the global, investment grade, fixed income market.	Vanguard® VIF Global Bond Index Portfolio; The Vanguard Group, Inc.	0.13%	-13.13%	-0.12%	N/A
Seeks to provide a high level of current income.	Vanguard® VIF High Yield Bond Portfolio; Wellington Management Company, LLP	0.25%	-9.23%	2.27%	3.64%
Seeks to track the performance of a benchmark index that measures the investment return of midcapitalization stocks.	Vanguard® VIF Mid-Cap Index Portfolio; The Vanguard Group, Inc.	0.17%	-18.82%	7.18%	10.95%
Seeks to provide a high level of income and moderate long-term capital appreciation by tracking the performance of a benchmark index that measures the performance of publicly traded equity REITs and other real estate-related investments.	Vanguard® VIF Real Estate Index Portfolio; The Vanguard Group, Inc.	0.26%	-26.30%	3.69%	6.36%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> To help limit Fund expenses, Fund advisers have contractually agreed to reduce investment advisory fees or otherwise reimburse certain Funds which reflect temporary fee reductions. There can be no assurance that Fund expense waivers or reimbursements will be extended beyond their current terms as outlined in each Fund prospectus, and they may not cover certain expenses such as extraordinary expenses. See each Fund prospectus for complete information regarding these arrangements.

#### ALLOWABLE INVESTMENT OPTIONS

At initial purchase and during the entire time that you own the Flexible Duration No-Lapse Guarantee Rider, you must allocate 100% of your Accumulated Value among the allowable Investment Options. If you do not allocate your entire Accumulated Value among the allowable Investment Options, your rider will terminate.

Currently, the allowable Investment Options are as follows:

# **Allowable Investment Options**

DFA VA Short-Term Fixed Portfolio Pacific Select Fund Hedged Equity Portfolio Fidelity VIP Bond Index Portfolio Pacific Select Fund Pacific Dynamix – Conservative

Growth Portfolio

Fidelity VIP Government Money Market Pacific Select Fund Pacific Dynamix – Growth Portfolio Fidelity VIP International Index Portfolio Pacific Select Fund Pacific Dynamix – Moderate Growth

Portfolio

Fidelity VIP Total Market Index
Pacific Select Fund Small-Cap Index Portfolio
Neuberger Berman Sustainable Equity Portfolio
Vanguard VIF High Yield Bond Portfolio
Pacific Select Fund Equity Index Portfolio
Vanguard VIF Mid-Cap Index Portfolio
Vanguard VIF Real Estate Index Portfolio

You may transfer your Accumulated Value between allowable Investment Options subject to certain transfer limitations and availability. See the YOUR INVESTMENT OPTIONS – Transferring Among Investment Options and Market-timing Restrictions section in this prospectus.

By adding the Flexible Duration No-Lapse Guarantee Rider to your Policy, you agree to the above referenced requirements for the entire period that you own the Rider. These requirements may limit the number of Investment Options that are otherwise available to you under your Policy.

We may add or remove an allowable Investment Option at any time. Following a change, your current allocation of Accumulated Value may not comply with our revised allocation requirements for this Rider. As a result, you will be required to reallocate your Policy Accumulated Value to the revised allowable Investment Options in order to maintain the Rider benefits. We have the right to significantly reduce the number of allowable Investment Options even to a single conservative Investment Option. Our right to add or remove allowable Investment Options may limit the number of Investment Options that are otherwise available to you under your Policy. Please discuss with your life insurance producer if this Policy and Rider are appropriate for you given our right to make changes to the allowable Investment Options.

We may make a change due to a fund reorganization, fund substitution, fund liquidation, or to help protect our ability to provide the guarantees under the Rider (for example, changes in an underlying Fund's investment objective and principal investment strategies, or changes in general market conditions). If such a change is required, we will provide you with reasonable notice (generally 90 calendar days) prior to the effective date of such change to allow you to reallocate your Accumulated Value to maintain your Rider benefits. If you do not reallocate your Accumulated Value to comply with the new allocation requirements, your Rider will terminate.

We will send you written notice in the event any transaction made by you will cause the Rider to terminate for failure to invest according to the investment allocation requirements. However, you will have at least 20 calendar days starting from the date of our written notice, to instruct us to take appropriate corrective action to continue the Rider. If you take appropriate corrective action and continue the Rider, the Rider benefits and features available immediately before the terminating event will remain in effect.

Our right to add or remove allowable Investment Options may limit the number of Investment Options that are available to you under your Policy in the future. We have the right to significantly reduce the number of allowable Investment Options even to a single conservative Investment Option. Please discuss with your life insurance producer if this Policy is appropriate for you given our right to make changes to the allowable Investment Options.

The allowable Investment Options seek to minimize risk and may reduce overall volatility in investment performance, which may reduce investment returns, and may reduce the likelihood that we will be required to make provide benefits under the optional benefit Rider. The reduction in volatility permits us to more effectively provide the guarantees under the Policy.

#### **APPENDIX: STATE LAW VARIATIONS**

Certain Policy features described in this Prospectus may vary or may not be available in your state. The state in which your Policy is issued governs whether or not certain features, Riders, charges or fees are available or will vary under your Policy. These variations are reflected in your Policy and in Riders or Endorsements to your Policy. See your life insurance producer or contact us for specific information that may be applicable to your state.

#### YOUR FREE LOOK RIGHT

#### Free Look Right

For policies issued in California, you may return this policy within 10 days of policy delivery. For Insureds age 60 or older, you may return this policy within 30 days of policy delivery.

For policies issued as an internal replacement in Michigan or Pennsylvania, you may return this policy within 45 days of policy delivery.

For policies issued in Florida, you may return this policy within 14 days of policy delivery.

For policies issued in North Dakota, you may return this policy within 20 days of policy delivery.

The table below shows which states do or do not require refund of premiums paid.

Return of Premium	Return of Accumulated Value + Loads + Charges <sup>1</sup>
FL; ND; SD	AK; AL; AR; AZ; CA; CO; CT; DC; DE; GA; HI; IA; ID; IL;
	IN; KS; KY; LA; MA; MD; ME; MI; MN; MO; MS; MT; NC;
	NE; NH; NJ; NM; NV; OH; OK; OR; PA; RI; SC; TN; TX; UT;
	VA; VT; WA; WI; WV; WY

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In California, for ages 60+ and if we've not received a written request for immediate investment in variable options, premium is returned for a free look surrender.

#### TIMING OF PAYMENTS, FORMS AND REQUESTS

For Policies issued in California, Florida, North Dakota, and South Dakota, the additional annual interest rate for Death Benefit Proceeds delayed for more than 31 calendar days is the following:

California: 1%

Florida: The Moody's Corporate Bond Yield Average – Monthly Average Corporate rate which may vary.

North Dakota: 1% South Dakota: 4%

# YOUR INVESTMENT OPTIONS

#### **Fixed Options**

For policies issued in Florida, we reserve the right to limit the amount allocated to the General Account (which includes the Fixed Account and the Fixed LT Account) to \$100,000 per policy.

#### OPTIONAL RIDERS AND BENEFITS

### **Premier Living Benefits Rider 2**

Rider Terms

For policies issued in Florida, the following applies:

All references to the term "Chronically Ill Individual" are referred to as "an Individual with Chronic Illness".

#### HOW MUCH YOU CAN BORROW

#### Loan Amount Available

For policies issued in Arizona, your loan amount available equals the Net Cash Surrender Value.

# PAYING THE DEATH BENEFIT IN THE CASE OF SUICIDE

# **Suicide Exclusion**

For policies issued in Colorado, Missouri, or North Dakota, the suicide exclusion period is one year.

#### WHERE TO GO FOR MORE INFORMATION

You will find additional information about the Policy and Pacific Select Exec Separate Account in the Statement of Additional Information ("SAI") dated May 1, 2023. The SAI has been filed with the SEC and is considered to be part of this prospectus because it is incorporated by reference.

You can get a copy of the SAI without charge, upon request, by calling (800)347-7787, or you can view it online at <a href="https://www.pacificlife.com/home/products/life-insurance/variable-universal-life-insurance/prospectuses-and-other-reports.html">https://www.pacificlife.com/home/products/life-insurance/variable-universal-life-insurance/prospectuses-and-other-reports.html</a>. Reports and other information about Pacific Select Exec Separate Account are available on the SEC website at <a href="https://www.sec.gov">https://www.sec.gov</a>, and copies of this information may be obtained, upon payment of a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following email address: <a href="mailto:publicinfo@sec.gov">publicinfo@sec.gov</a>.

You may contact us at the number below to request information or make inquiries about the Policy.

If you ask us, we will provide you with one or more Illustrations. Illustrations may help you understand how your Policy's Death Benefit, Cash Surrender Value and Accumulated Value would vary over time based on different assumptions. You can get one Policy Illustration free of charge per Policy Year by calling or writing to us. We reserve the right to charge \$25 for additional Illustrations.

#### How to Contact Us

Pacific Life Insurance Company P.O. Box 2030 Omaha, Nebraska 68103-2030

(800) 347-7787 5 a.m. through 5 p.m. Pacific time www.PacificLife.com

We accept faxes or emails for Variable transaction requests (transfers, allocation changes, rebalancing) and also Policy loans at: (866) 398-0467

Transactions@pacificlife.com

#### PREMIUM PAYMENTS

Unless you receive premium notices via list bill, send premiums (other than initial premium) to:

Pacific Life Insurance Company P.O. Box 100957 Pasadena, California 91189-0957

#### FINRA Public Disclosure Program

FINRA provides investor protection education through its website and printed materials. The FINRA regulation website address is www.finra.org. An investor brochure that includes information describing the BrokerCheck program may be obtained from FINRA. The FINRA BrokerCheck hotline number is (800) 289-9999. FINRA does not charge a fee for the BrokerCheck program services.

EDGAR Contract No. C000233353

#### **Our Privacy Promise**

- We do not sell information about you.
- We do not share your information with anyone for their marketing purposes.
- We only use your personal information to help maintain and grow the relationship you have with us.

### **Privacy Notice to All**

Whether you are a customer, prospective customer, business partner, job applicant, a visitor to a Pacific Life office, or an attendee at a Pacific Life hosted or sponsored event, you have entrusted us to safeguard your personal information. We are providing this privacy notice to assist you in understanding the types of personal information we collect, where we receive it, how we use it, and how we protect the privacy of the personal information shared with us.

### Where Do We Get Personal Information, Why Do We Collect It, and What Do We Collect?

Most of the personal information we collect is obtained with your consent from you, one of our customers, an organization with whom we do business that has authority to share such information, or through other authorized sources. We primarily collect personal information to confirm your identity and manage your relationship with us. The type of information that we collect depends on our relationship with you. This includes:

- Information you or a person on your behalf provides on an application or other form (for example, name, address, social security number, or income);
- Information we get with your consent from other third party sources such as credit reporting agencies, information to verify employment or income;
- Information about your relationship and history with us;
- Medical or health information you permit us to receive from doctors or other health care providers;
- Information on your interactions with our websites

Pacific Life will provide you an updated notice if the types of personal information we collect, or use, is materially different, unrelated, or incompatible with this notice.

### **How Do We Use and Disclose Your Information?**

We use and disclose information to provide you with our products or services, to communicate with you, to provide you with customer service, to assist with the selection of products or services we offer, to develop or improve our products or services, for legal or compliance purposes, or as required or permitted by applicable law

We may share information within our corporate family to service and grow the relationship we have with you. Additionally, we may provide information to individuals and entities with whom you authorize us to share such information. If necessary, we disclose information when it is required by law, for example, a filing to the Internal Revenue Service (such as Form 1099). We may also disclose certain information to other entities to help us report or prevent fraud, including reports to regulatory or law enforcement agencies. We do not share medical or health information among our family of companies or with unrelated companies, except as needed to maintain and process your transactions.

Pacific Life may disclose your personal information to a third party for a business purpose. When we disclose personal information for a business purpose or as you authorize, we require the recipient to keep that personal information confidential and not use it for any purpose except performing the service. Categories of third parties that may be given access to your personal information will depend upon your unique relationship with us. Examples of these categories include:

- Consultants and contractors (e.g., external auditors)
- Financial services professionals
- Software service providers
- Attorneys and other legal professionals
- Cloud service providers
- Regulatory agencies
- Third party administrators

- Providers of Accommodations
- Providers of Transportation
- Event Facilitators
- Event Coordinators
- Members of Concierge Services

### How Do We Protect the Security of Your Information?

We have policies that maintain the physical, electronic, and procedural safeguards to protect the confidentiality of your personal information. Access to your personal information is limited to those who need to know it to help service our relationship with you. Should your relationship with us end, we will continue to follow the privacy policies described in this notice to the extent that we retain information about you. If we no longer need to retain that information, we will dispose of it in a secure manner.

# Do You Need to Do Anything?

It is not necessary for you to take any action. This is because we do not share your information except to service and grow the business relationship you have with us. You do not need to "opt-out" or "opt-in" as you may have done with other financial companies because we do not sell your information.

#### **How Do You Correct Your Information?**

If you'd like to correct information that you provided to us, contact the appropriate customer service department as indicated on our <u>Contact Us</u> page. Our representative will make the appropriate adjustments to our records. If you wish to correct personal information provided to us by a third party (such as a consumer reporting agency) the representative will provide you with the applicable third party's contact information.

### You May Request Your Information

You may request what information Pacific Life has collected about you and its purpose. We will provide a response once we receive and confirm your request.

All requests must provide sufficient information to allow us to reasonably verify your identity. We require a signed authorization form providing specific personal information that we should have on file for you. To verify your identity, we will compare the information provided to the information we have on file. Your name, address, and relationship with Pacific Life are mandatory data elements and will be used in combination with other information such as your policy/contract/account number, date of birth, social security number and email address. You do not need to create an account to request your information; request forms are available for download on www.pacificlife.com.

You may choose to authorize an agent to make a request on your behalf. In addition to submitting a request form, an agent must also supply one of the following documents:

- Court document showing authority to act on your behalf; or
- Copy of agreement/other document granting them authority to make requests on your behalf. (Subject to additional verification by Pacific Life Insurance Company)

For more information about submitting a request, please use one of the following methods:

- Call us at 877-722-7848, or
- Visit https://www.pacificlife.com/home/privacy-and-other-policies/your-personal-information.html

### Confidentiality Practices for Victims of Domestic Violence or Abuse

Pacific Life understands that certain personal information may require special handling. This may be especially true in instances where an individual is, or has been, a victim of domestic violence or abuse. This information may include the individual's address, telephone number, name and place of employment, and other contact or location information.

If you are a Pacific Life applicant, policyowner, insured or beneficiary, who is a victim of domestic violence or other abuse, and would like Pacific Life to take steps to further safeguard your information from others or need to remove a previously submitted request, our Customer Service Representatives are available to assist you.

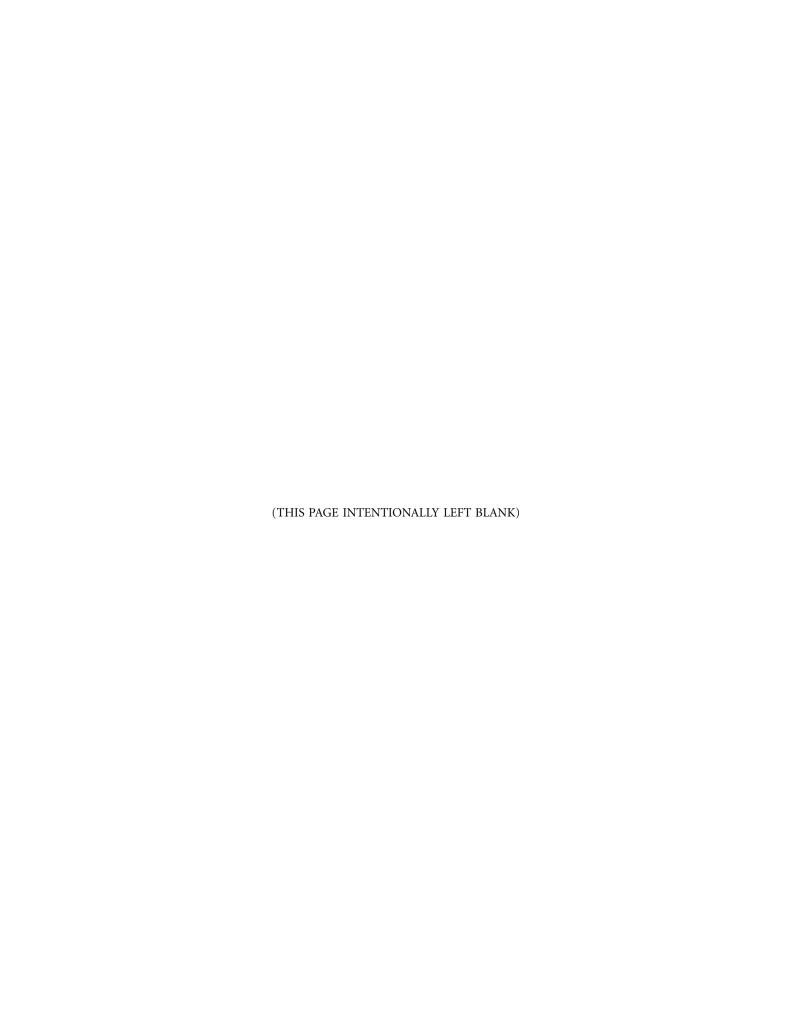
- For Life Insurance policies that have policy numbers beginning with "2L", please call 844-276-0193 from 9:00AM-8:00PM ET
- For all other Life Insurance policies, please call 800-347-7787 from 5:00AM-5:00PM PT
- For Annuity Contracts, please call 800-722-4448, from 6:00AM-5:00PM PT
- For Pensions or Institutional Clients, please call 800-800-9534 from 5:30AM-2:00PM PT

Pacific Life, as referred to in this notice, means Pacific Life Insurance Company and its affiliates and subsidiaries, including, but not limited to, Pacific Life & Annuity Company, and Pacific Select Distributors, LLC.

#### **Residents of California**

Please visit our online Privacy Promise online at www.PacificLife.com/PrivacyPromise for more information.

This privacy notice is not part of the Prospectus



Pacific Life Insurance Company Mailing address: P.O. Box 2030 Omaha, NE 68103-2030

Visit us at our website: www.PacificLife.com

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